From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 1995 12:23 AM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Subject: Re: csyn

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Is fred back yet? I have some unexpected csyn output and I was wondering if he had installed his latest version before going away. The main thing I'm worried about is it seems to be complaining about the xbmux2 cells having e qualifiers on the selects. I seem to remember we decided in the reviews something had to change there, but appears we may have a disconnect.

Fred will be back next Monday, 6 Mar.

I have some Csyn results which I ran last Monday in Fred's directory:

~/chip.bsrc/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tbr euterpe-pass1.csyn

this file is about 1.3Meg (I believe yours result was bigger?) and is based on some code/csyn tables which which is probably still testing and has not released. I have not had a chance to look at these results. Maybe we could go over them together sometime today? Or you could point me to the suspicious results in the file...

-thanks, hopper

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Wednesday, March 01, 1995 2:42 AM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc BOM 90.0 initiated by hopper completed @ Wed Mar 1
00:40:53 FST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

lock read: File exists

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 1995 3:06 AM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Subject: Re: csyn

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Which euterpe BOM were you off? Mine is 240.0 and I havd about 7MB. There was some real stuff which rich has fixed. I'm mostly concerned about the 2 input mux problem.

Also 240.0

-hopper

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 9:45 AM

To:

'B. P. Wong'

Cc:

'bpw (B. P. Wong)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'

Subject: Re: tlb csyn

B. P. Wong writes:

- > Don't panic. Mark ran it using a local set of csyn rules fred was
- > working on but has nt released yet, and the problem is gone.
- > We need to be sure as soon as fred is back, but I think my run was a
- > false alarm.
- > ____
- > Tim
- Thanks,

bpw

Hi bp,

If you're interested the results from the BOM 240.0 testcase that I ran can be found in

~fwo/chip.bsrc/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tbr euterpe-pass1.csyn

-hopper

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 10:58 AM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Subject:

Re: csyn

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Wed Mar 1):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Is fred back yet? I have some unexpected csyn output and I was wondering if he had installed his latest version before going away. The main thing I'm worried about is it seems to be complaining about the xbmux2 cells having e qualifiers on the selects. I seem to remember we decided in the reviews something had to change there, but appears we may have a disconnect.

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I have some Csyn results which I ran last Monday in Fred's directory:

~/chip.bsrc/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tbr_euterpe-pass1.csyn

this file is about 1.3Meg (I believe yours result was bigger?) and is based on some code/csyn tables which which is probably still testing and has not released. I have not had a chance to look at these results. Maybe we could go over them together sometime today? Or you could point me to the suspicious results in the file...

Which euterpe BOM were you off? Mine is 240.0 and I havd about 7MB. There was some real stuff which rich has fixed. I'm mostly concerned about the 2 input mux problem.

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 11:20 AM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Subject:

Re: csyn

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Wed Mar 1):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Is fred back yet? I have some unexpected csyn output and I was wondering if he had installed his latest version before going away. The main thing I'm worried about is it seems to be complaining about the xbmux2 cells having e qualifiers on the selects. I seem to remember we decided in the reviews something had to change there, but appears we may have a disconnect.

Fred will be back next Monday, 6 Mar.

I have some Csyn results which I ran last Monday in Fred's directory:

~/chip.bsrc/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tbr_euterpe-pass1.csyn

this file is about 1.3Meg (I believe yours result was bigger?) and is based on some code/csyn tables which which is probably still testing and has not released. I have not had a chance to look at these results. Maybe we could go over them together sometime today? Or you could point me to the suspicious results in the file...

It shows the same real errors and also reports the 2 i/p mux problem:

Reason: Two e inputs. Use diff. instead

exclusive inputs

instance path: top.xnbdbufdout47 .nb_dbuf_xsela0_ab1peh_1

cellname path: top.eam2ffdh16s11x2a.sel_a1peh_I

instance path: top.xnbdbufdout47 .nb dbuf xsela0 ab1peh 0

cellname path: top.eam2ffdh16s11x2a.sel a1peh 0

drivers

instance path: top.xnbdbufrselbuf1.nb dbuf xsela0 ab1peh 1

cellname path: top.ea1plqh3s4x2a .q_b1ph

instance path: top.xnbdbufrselbuf0.nb_dbuf_xsela0_ab1peh_0

cellname path: top.ea1plqh3s4x2a .q b1ph

exclusive topmost nets

instance path: top.nb_dbuf_xsela0_ablpeh_1 cellname path: top.nb_dbuf_xsela0_ablpeh_0 instance path: top.nb_dbuf_xsela0_ablpeh_0 cellname path: top.nb_dbuf_xsela0_ablpeh_0

For some reason there is a lot less output accociated with this.

The tlb problem is gone in fred's version.

The reported short in cc that I couldn't see is still reported but the bogus error message that I was seeing is gone.

```
Wednesday, March 01, 1995 1:14 PM
Sent:
To:
                     'Lisa Robinson'
                     'geert (Geert Rosseel)'
Cc:
Subject:
                     Re: forwarded message from "andrew"
Lisa Robinson wrote ....
>----- Start of forwarded message -----
>Status: RO
>X-VM-v5-Data: ([nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil]
      ["838" "" "28" "February" "1995" "14:32:33" "-0800" "\"andrew\""
"andrew@charybdis" nil "16" "Cerberus Stuff" "^From: " nil nil "2"])
>Return-Path: <andrew@charybdis>
>Received: from charybdis (charybdis.microunity.com) by
gaea.microunity.com (4.1/muse1.3)
     id AA29140; Tue, 28 Feb 95 14:31:07 PST
>Message-Id: <9502282231.AA29140@gaea.microunity.com>
>From: "andrew" <andrew@charvbdis>
>To: "Lisa Robinson" <lisar@gaea>
>Subject: Cerberus Stuff
>Date: 28 Feb 1995 14:32:33 -0800
>Lisa
>Do you know what controls the following calliope pads. I've gone
>through
the
>Terp doc but could find no mention of them. Also, I think the last
>one, au loop is in fact a Hermes control and not cerb as the name implies.
>Andrew
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
>t2cfq0 abm padttl
applications
>t2cfq1 abm padttl
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
applications
>t2cfg2 abm padttl
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
applications
>t2cfg3_abm padttl
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
applications
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
>t2cfg4 abm padttl
applications
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
>t2cfg5_abm padttl
applications
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
>t2cfg6 abm padttl
applications
These are controlled by bits 62:56 of cerberus octlet 13 .
                        # Spare cerberus controlled pads for future
>auloop_abm padttl
applications
```

vo (Tom Vo)

This is controlled by bit 3 of AI device register .

Page 7 of 643

tvo

From:

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 1:41 PM

To: Cc: 'Kurt Wampler'

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Subject:

Re: Re-running global route

Kurt Wampler writes:

I ended up with a corrupt dff after my global route attempt; not sure why. I started this time with an empty dff (instead of derouting the 98%-routed dff) and it's running again on medusa. Should be done before 6:30PM, so I'll check on it from home later this evening. If you want to have a look, it's in /n/godzilla/s2/wampler/gloroute/geert euterpe-iter.dff ...

Looks like it finished at 18:29. That's a pretty good call, Kurt!

Haven't had a chance to look at it yet ...

-hopper

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 1995 2:58 PM

To: 'Lisa Robinson'

10. LISE MODIFISOR

Ce: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'sysadm'

Subject: Re: vlit

Lisa Robinson writes:

Help!

I still can't run vlit

tail makerrs

 $sed -e \ 's/.ntf/'' -e \ 's@.*/@@' > vlit_cell_list \\ cat /n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/proteus/ikos/lib/ramlist >> vlit_cell_list$

INTERHDL_ELMHOST=rhea
INTERHDL_KEY_DIR=/n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/tools/vendor/ikos/vlit.2_5/vlitkeys /n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/tools/bin/vlit `cat
ikos list` -scell list -v -r0.05 -e -s vlit cell list

Checking out license...

==== interHDL vlit version 2.5 ==== (c) Copyright 1992-1994, interHDL inc

Server rhea [04]: Insufficient servers running. gmake: *** [compv] Error 1

Lisa-

please kill process 22631 on rhea and I will attempt a re-start

-hopper

doi (Derek Iverson)

Sent: To: Wednesday, March 01, 1995 3:34 PM 'guarino'; 'sandeep'; 'gmo'; 'jeffm'; 'wayne'

Cc: 'hestia'

Subject:

Software Bringup Meeting Minutes - March 1, 1995

Software Bringup Meeting
----March 1, 1995

Next Meeting:

March 8 at 10:00 am.

Attendees: guarino, gmo, sandeep, jeffm, doi

New Action Items

Item: Build a longer sync-op test with nb activity.

Who: guarino Status: New

Item: Build and run stress test (without printfs)

Who: guarino Status: New

Item: Build test that accesses and runs in a bunch or memory spaces and

states.

Who: doi

Status: New

Item: Can a single cylinder (in an exception `loop') lock out other

cylinders?
Who: jeffm
Status: New

Item: Determine what is initialized (and how) in terp

Who: guarino Status: New

Review of Action Items

Item: Terp needs to model `guaranteed forward progress for cache miss'

in the same fashion as the hardware does.

Who: lisa

Status: In progress.

03/01 Lisa has contacted mws and is implementing the same scheme used by the hardware.

Item: Tests need to be written to verify performance issues

Who: lisar

Status: In progress.

02/22 We need to flag performance problems as errors. Tests could be identified (and perhaps written) to measure and verify performance of the hardware for things like cache misses, tlb initialization, exceptions, etc. 03/01 Lisar has started writing these tests.

Item: Running Real-time Benchmark on Euterpe/Calliope HW Simulator (combined with previous `Run real-time test on the HW simulator)

Who: gregg, lisar

Status: In Progress.

- 02/08 There are problems getting the benchmark to run on the software simulator. Work continues to find out where the problems are. The compilers, simulator, kernel, and benchmark areas are 'frozen' (in terms of checking in new changes) until the problem has been identified.
- 02/15 It is estimated that by the middle of March we should have cycles available on the IKOS and a IKOS compatible calliope that can be run with the real-time benchmark.

 Lisar will be the verification resource to help with running this application.

 The benchmark is working and now the effort is focused on getting it to fit in the real-time and memory budgets.
- 03/01 The TV application has bogged down recently but work continues.

 It is believed that this won't be ready to run (from the software hand the hardware perspective) until April.

Item: Specify and Design ISA/Cerberus Card

Who: gmo, lisar, dbulfer

Status: Pending

02/22 gmo, lisar, and dbulfer own the problem of specifying the design and assigning resources.

03/01 The specification meeting happened but design (hw and sw) has yet to begin.

Item: Determine what additional terp features are required (formally Status of Euterpe/Mnemo simulation)

Who: gmo, jeffm Status: Pending.

- 02/08 Jeffm figured that in 2 3 weeks time there would be a need for terp/mnemo capability to support the verification effort. An issue was raised that this may not be enought time for the required additions to terp to be made.
- 02/15 Gmo is to create a list of requested features for terp and then he and jeffm (and others?) are to review the list and determine what will be implemented by terp.
- 02/22 Gmo is ready to circulate the list.

03/01 Nothing new.

Item: Test interleaved access

Who: guarino, lisar

Status: Pending.

- 02/08 Loretta started to look at this but requires terp support.

 Terp changes are on hold until the real-time benchmark is is running again.
- 02/22 Test has been written (interleave) but has not been run on hwterp yet. Lisar is going to run this on the hardware simulator.
- 03/01 The test has been built, but not run yet. Derek is to check to be sure the hermes channels are enabled.

Item: Build microkernel tests for IKOS

Who: doi, sandeep, iimura

Status: In progress. Expected completion 2/15

- 02/08 Create images for boot test, snapshot images for microkernel tests.
- 02/15 doi is still working on modifying the makefiles to build the _1 and _2 versions of this.

 iimura is creating a tool that modifies the ELF headers to have the proper real addresses (not just virtual) and gmo has modified mkimg to be able to understand the new headers.
- 02/22 lisar says there are still problems building this.
 iimura is generating a code segment that will run in both
 rom and cerbrom that will proberly initialize dram
 and then branch to the test (which is in dram).
- 03/01 Sandeep is going to add code to boot so it can figure out if the cerb node is zero or eight.

 Derek is to start building the kernel tests so they may be loaded and run on the hw simulators.

Item: DVT boot Who: sandeep

Status: In progress.

- 02/08 First step is to get nano-boot running on the HW simulator.
 02/15 Sandeep has completed the boot code and now we need to
 build a dvt that can be loaded by the DVT boot (i.e. it
 is loaded into the top 8K of D and I buffer).
 Jeffm commented that for most DVTs, they must be loaded at
 the beginning of D and I buffer and the beginning of ram.
 We will have to come up with an alternative for loading DVTs.
 Sandeep noted that dvts will not be started in event mode
 which is in contrast to jeffm's mail about the initial state
 for dvts (but we knew this already).
- 02/22 We want to understand if we can modify the DVTs so they do not require that they are loaded at the beginning of D&Ibuf and ram. 03/01 Sandeep is going to implement a DVT boot mechanism.

Suspended Items

Item: Unsnap code Who: sandeep, guarino Status: Suspended.

02/15 The issue of restarting the hardware from an IKOS dump was discussed and the need for an architectural snap/unsnap facility was questioned.

Since the meeting it has been re-discovered (jeffm wasn't there to remind us of an earlier decision) that we are planning on loading architectural state into an IKOS simulation and not from a total IKOS logic dump.

We also determined that when it came time to run some of the larger tests (real-time benchmark) we would need the capability to start an IKOS simulation from an architectural dump anyhow.

03/01 For the short term we are going to focus on a simpler approach for loading and running DVTs, the kernel, and kernel tests. This item will likely come back in April.

Item: Refine remote debugging environment Who: sandeep

Status: Suspended

02/08 We have to decide how control (and state) is to be returned to the debug stub after a test runs.

02/15 Sandeep is not going to have time to start on this for a while.

Item: Create performance test plan

Who: jeffm, guarino

Status: [11/30] No progress as focus is on functionality.

We continue to run tests to help us compare terp vs hardware performance.

We still need to put together the actual performance tests that need to be run on the hardware.

Completed Items

-

Item: Current hardware traces should capture the `nb full' signal Who: jeffm, lisar
Status: Done.

03/01 Jeff has introduced 4 new signals to some of the dump files (this will be propogated to others). There are two `nb full' signals, a gtlb hit, and the memory management enabled signals captured now.

Test Status and General Discussion

Jeffm reports that we have enjoyed significant test success recently.

Both jeffm and djc's sync tests pass. Jeffm is currently chasing bugs related to off-chip Ifetch.

It is estimated that test focus will shift to running boot and kernel tests during the week of March 7 - 13.

Lisar is spending time getting boot from cerberus working and simple performance tests running.

There was some discussion of how we could classify certain tests to determine if they were capable of being loaded by nanoboot (dvtnanoboot) or if they required boot.

nanoboot

can load onchip test, onchip data, and onchip
 in addition to the capabilities of nanoboot, it

boot

bss.

can

understand ELF files and preload dram.
- boot currently takes the top 8K of I and D buffer

(and may be moved to the top 4K if we need

space)

and as a result leaves 24K of I and D buffer

available for the DVT.

From: Sent: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 3:37 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'vant'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject:

Re: Global routing results

Kurt Wampler writes:

Well...I have a global routing result. Looks awfully dense in spots.

Of the

12,959 nets attempted, 174 failed to route completely in a M3/M4 linesearch pass. Among the global nets attempted, I count 95 busses of 10 or more bits which are still differential (just grepping for '_n<[0-9][0-9]').

I think it might be interesting to have a large-scale plot of this global routing. To that end, in:

/n/godzilla/s2/wampler/plot

I have converted the results to Compass format so they can be plotted.

Is

there anything special I need to do to get the "gaudy" colors, or are those now the standard defaults for rplot?

Hmmm...

I think to get the gaudy colors you need to give 1 additional argument to rplot:

-pdf /u/vanthof/compass/mobi/euterpe/plot/plot.pdf

is that correct, Dave?

-hopper

craig

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 4:55 PM

To:

'dickson doi tbr'

Cc:

'euterpe'

Subject:

Re: Cerberus Node Number available in Exception Status Register

My earlier elaboration didn't provide for desired security features of the Euterpe chip. In an earlier meeting I verbally describe a change, which may not have seen written form.

The rule should be:

if the node number is 0 or 1, boot from the flash ROM.

if the node number is 2-255, boot from Cerberus node 0.

The flash ROM needs to be accessable via Cerberus when node==0. When node==1, Euterpe should be "secure," in that the contents of the flash ROM is not accessable via the Cerberus port. For 2<=node<=255, it doesn't matter whether the flash ROM is accessable (it likely wouldn't be present anyway).

Additional security would result if other Cerberus registers are made unwritable except by Euterpe itself; this is a less direct method of potential attack, as all one can do via the Cerberus registers is set the analog levels in parts of Euterpe and Hermes to something marginal, and hope that some resulting undetected error causes a security violation. However, given the level of effort which has been used to thwart cable boxes in the past, making this impossible is probably worthwhile.

Craig

doi (Derek Iverson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 5:04 PM

To: Cc: 'tbr'; 'craig'

'euterpe'

Subject:

Cerberus Node Number available in Exception Status Register

My understanding is that bits 55..48 of the exception status register are going to contain the cerberus node number (presumably bits 63..56 are still zero).

Thus, in the current implementation, if this value is 0x08 (or if it is non-zero?)

then we are booting from cerbrom, if this value is 0x00 then we are booting from rom.

Can you confirm this?

Thanks, Derek

mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 6:47 PM

To:

'doi': 'ieffm'; 'lisar'

Subject:

Recommended PC+PL to use for IKOS/Zycad

I can't find a single vector midpipe PC, but I think I found a better endpipe PC than the WP version you are using now.

It is the next-sequential PC (including that the job is completely released) and corresponds to the R19 stage of the pipe, becoming the R14 for the next job. By using it as R14, we get a PC before the branch updates itself with its target. The net name is:

euterpe/rg/rgpc/pcPlIncWR[63:0] The driving flop instance names for bit 63 downto 0 are:

euterpe/rg/rgpc/UpcIncWP/Uinc{7,6,5,4,3,2,1}/Us/u{7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0}

euterpe/rg/rgpc/UpcIncWP/Uinc0/Us/u{5,4,3,2,1,0}

euterpe/rg/rgpc/UpcPlIncWR/u{1,0}

I can change the levellog program to match. Let me know. If you are happy with this change, I can change the verilog wrap.log strobe statements to print the same PC to make verilog and ikos/zycad compare more readily. Or maybe I should do this 1st on verilog to prove it works, although then I would like a commitment that we would follow up on ikos/zycad.

What do you think? I think this would eliminate 1 source of confusion and speed debug.

thanx,

mark

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 01, 1995 8:02 PM

To:

'geert'; 'hopper'

Subject: Re-running global route

I ended up with a corrupt dff after my global route attempt; not sure why. I started this time with an empty dff (instead of derouting the 98%-routed dff) and it's running again on medusa. Should be done before 6:30PM, so I'll check on it from home later this evening. If you want to have a look, it's in /n/godzilla/s2/wampler/gloroute/geert_euterpe-iter.dff ...

- Kurt

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 1995 10:34 PM

To: 'hopper'; 'tbr'

Cc: 'sysadm'

Subject: Re: vlit

Help!

I still can't run vlit

tail makerrs
sed -e 's/.ntf//' -e 's@,*/@@' > vlit_cell_list
cat /n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/proteus/ikos/lib/ramlist >> vlit_cell_list
INTERHDL_ELMHOST=rhea
INTERHDL_KEY_DIR=/n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/tools/vendor/ikos/vlit.2_5/vlitkeys /n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/tools/bin/vlit `cat
ikos_list` -scell_list -v -r0.05 -e -s vlit_cell_list

Checking out license...

interHDL vlit version 2.5

(c) Copyright 1992-1994, interHDL inc

Server rhea [04]: Insufficient servers running. gmake: *** [compv] Error I

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 12:04 AM

To:

'Mark Hofmann'

Cc:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'vant'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject:

Re: Global routing results

```
Mark Hofmann writes:
```

>Hmmm . . . I _think_ to get the gaudy colors you need to give 1 additional

>argument to rplot:

-pdf /u/vanthof/compass/mobi/euterpe/plot/plot.pdf

>is that correct, Dave?

>-hopper

Yes, I have not installed these or added a new switch to call them automatically yet.

Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

```
From:
```

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 12:06 AM 'hopper@hestia.microunity.com'; 'vanthof'

To: Cc:

'geert'; 'tbr'; 'vant'

Subject:

Re: Global routing results

@Mark Hofmann writes:

```
@>Hmmm...
```

@>

@> I _think_ to get the gaudy colors you need to give 1 additional @>argument to rplot:

@> @>

-pdf /u/vanthof/compass/mobi/euterpe/plot/plot.pdf

@>

@>is that correct, Dave?

@>

@>-hopper

@>

@ @

@Yes, I have not installed these or added a new switch to call them @automatically yet.

@Dave

Thanks for confirming, Dave. I've submitted a plot with this additional qualifier, so if everything works as planned, it'll be waiting for us in the morning.

- Kurt

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 12:15 AM

To:

'doi (Derek Iverson)'

Cc:

'craig'; 'dickson'; 'euterpe'

Subject:

Cerberus Node Number available in Exception Status Register

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Derek Iverson wrote (on Wed Mar 1):

My understanding is that bits 55..48 of the exception status register are going to contain the cerberus node number (presumably bits 63..56 are still zero).

That's the plan, but we haven't managed to find room to route the extra wires out of Cerberus yet . . .

Thus, in the current implementation, if this value is 0x08 (or if it is non-zero?) then we are booting from cerbrom, if this value is 0x00 then we are booting from rom

Can you confirm this?

The current rev of Heastia only brings bit 3 of the Cerberus address to the expansion connector, so 0 and 8 are the only choices there. However, the Euterpe itself should boot from Cerberus whenever the address is non zero.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 12:15 AM

To: Cc: 'doi (Derek Iverson)'

'craig'; 'dickson'; 'euterpe'

Subject:

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Derek Iverson wrote (on Wed Mar 1):

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tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 12:31 AM

To:

'craig'; 'dickson'; 'doi (Derek Iverson)'; 'euterpe'

Subject:

Cerberus Node Number available in Exception Status Register

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Wed Mar 1):

The current rev of Heastia only brings bit 3 of the Cerberus address to the expansion connector, so 0 and 8 are the only choices there. However, the Euterpe itself should boot from Cerberus whenever the address is non zero.

According to Craig's most recent posting, this behavior will have to change so 0 and 1 are equivalent for boot source selection.

thr

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 12:33 AM

To:

'vo (Tom Vo)'

Cc:

'rich (Rich McCauley)'; 'hopper'

Subject:

pl_mne in /u/chip/proteus/verilog/ged

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Tom Vo wrote (on Wed Mar 1):

I can't find $pl_mne.v$ in /u/chip/proteus anymore . It used to be under /u/chip/proteus/verilog/ged but no more .

Yes. I don't know how the last one went away, but it is related to the facts that

- 1. Rich M released a new version
- 2. I did a release in proteus/ged which probably backed out his release
- 3. My .checkoutrc failed for some reason which hopper was investigating

Still doesn't explain what removed the old version.

I'll try getting it back now, meanwhile you can point the the snapshot euterpe proteus.

Mark, did you discover what was the cause of that missing script.

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 5:04 AM

To:

'billz'; 'jeffm'; 'woody'

Cc:

'dickson'; 'mws'; 'tbr'

Subject: dcacheharder4

Dump is on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

Lisa R.

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 5:27 AM

To:

'jeffm'; 'mws'

Cc:

'tbr'

Subject: exlocktest

verify c_euterpe_wrap -group exlocktest -srl likedriverlog -resdir 1395.21364 Warning: Not logging these results. Summary file is res/1395.21364/summary

Design Name: c_euterpe_wrap Run Date: 1395

Run ID: 21364

Simulator: c_euterpe_wrap,mif,mm was built on Wed Mar 1 13:25:10 1995

Using BOM: Version BOM,v 241.0 1995/03/01 01:12:22 LT mws Warning: Local BOM is out of date ...

Log Message:

Run started on host: nosferatu at: Wed Mar 1 20:56:05 PST 1995

exlocktest_0 Processing exlocktest_0 Ran ok

Run time = 1.544e+04 seconds Performance = 16 cycles/second

No PR of 1395.21364 filed with gnats so mailing res/1395.21364/summary to you

From: vanthof (vant)

Sent: Thursday, March 02, 1995 11:05 AM

To: 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'Tim B. Robinson'; 'Geert Rosseel'

Cc: 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'tom (Thomas Laidig)'

Subject: euterpe metal drcs

The snapshot metal drc's are still clean. The only 'notch' failures left are 5 from the via twinning post processing phase. one of those is still the bizarre clock wire in front of the cr block.

The lowers are still running and should be done in a day or so.

so far so good.

Thanks, Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

From: Sent:

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Thursday, March 02, 1995 2:46 PM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

euterpe ctioi

Subject:

hi geert,

In your euterpe mail you say:

3. look at i-cache strip, starting at ctioi

What should I look for there? What things are candidates to push around?

-thanks, mark

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 3:17 PM

To:

'sysadm'

Subject: Need to run voyager

lisar@rhodan /s3/euterpe/verilog/bsrc 486 % voyager

Voyager System Software 2.00L CS/CSX Oct 17 1994

RGP: WARNING - Invalid font handle (vddQueryFontExtent)

Arithmetic exception (core dumped)

Lisa R.

From: Sent:

To: Subject: geert (Geert Rosseel) Thursday, March 02, 1995 4:23 PM 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Euterpe route

Hi,

I am going to build another top-level tomorrow evening. Here is what we've decided in today's meeting :

1. swap rgxmit and hz. Improve uu placment for wires to rgxmit

Geert, Jay

2. cerberus wires at top-right of the die .

Tom Vo

3. look at i-cache strip, starting at ctioi

Hopper

4. GT and tlb wire assignment

Tbr

If dr is ready by tomorrow evening, I'll pick that up too.

Geert

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 4:30 PM

To:

'ericm (Eric Murray)'

Cot

'sysadm'

Subject: Re: Need to run voyager

Eric Murray wrote (on Thu Mar 2):

Lisa Robinson wrote:

> >

> lisar@rhodan /s3/euterpe/verilog/bsrc 486 % voyager

>

> Voyager System Software 2.00L CS/CSX Oct 17 1994

- > RGP: WARNING Invalid font handle (vddQueryFontExtent)
- > Arithmetic exception (core dumped)

lisa, could you provide more information when you have a problem? unfortunately since we don't actually work with the software packages that you use, or even understand what they do, there's a lot of background that we lack. you tend to send very short messages which often do not explain very well what the problem is, or even include enough information to be able to make a test. in this case i have no idea where 'voyager' is, since it's not in your \$PATH. i don't know what it is either, all i can surmise is that it's an X app. but even then i'm stuck, since i have no clue what RGP is or what sort of font vddQueryFontExtent might want.

unfortunately it's a typical human tendency when given incomplete or difficult to figure out messages to say to one's self "i don't know what this is, i'll look at it later". so your requests get dropped to the end of the queue, after the ones that i have enough information to solve.

Sorry eric. I knew ken would know what to do as he fixed it for me a couple of days ago. I'm not sure I understand exactly what it wrong as I expected it to be fixed but it was related to a file (bootp?) on the auspex not having the correct address of my hds (it had the old address).

Ken then wrote a script addfont in my home directory when gives me a

temporary workaround.

Lisa R.

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Thursday, March 02, 1995 6:58 PM

To: 'billz'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'woody'

Subject: geert_euterpe-iter.dff

Hi,

I moved the dff file to verilog/bsrc/gards2.

Geert

paulb (Paul Berry)

Sent:

Thursday, March 02, 1995 8:28 PM

To:

'pandora'

Subject: ISA-Cerberus IF (Feb 24 mtg)

Summary of ISA/Cerberus Requirements (Meeting 2/24/95)

- > General read/write to Cerberus.
- > Receive Cerberus read/write to a single node, address programmed via the ISA bus.
- > Generate reset.
- > No DMA. Programmed I/O and Interrupt are good enough.
- > No local memory.
- > 20 Mbits/sec to Cerberus.
- > ISA address and IRQ selectable via DIP switch.
- > Connector on ISA like and RJ-45.
- > Hardware speaks byte-level protocol to Cerberus. Software translates to the higher-level interface.
- > Errors on Cerberus are handled via software.
- > Sideband able to generate errors.
- > Option: ability to receive Cerberus packet at any node address.

Pandora Notes

A somewhat more detailed account of the discussion is in the Pandora Notes.

To see them: from a Unix shell, execute:

central

Click: MediaComputer Specs / Pandora / Meeting notes.

That gives you the table of contents. For the latest entry, scroll to the end.

Click: February 24, 1955

(or any other heading you want).

That displays the topic you click.

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Friday, March 03, 1995 2:43 AM

To: 'hopper'; 'sysadm'

Subject: vlit down

I will restart it

lisar@nosferatu/s2/euterpe/verilog/bsrc 421 % vlit

interHDL vlit version 2.5 ==== (c) Copyright 1992-1994, interHDL inc

Checking out license...

Feature 04: License server is down.

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 03, 1995 2:56 AM

To:

'aeert'

Subject:

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

gt etc

Flag Status:

Red

Unfortunately we got a visitor this evening, so I've not had much time so far.

First I thought I'd build a gt locally then put a top level together with just that and the gtlb so I can see just the nets of interest.

gt iterated fine, but then I found myself having to hack at genpim2.pl and Makefile.tst etc to set this up with just the stuff i needed. On mnemo I have is set up so we can have multiple GARDS SUBDIRS lists just like we have multiple exclude lists, and tom, alan and myself are now all able to do our own thing without stepping on each other. It's fairly easy to do. Should we retrofit this to euterpe?

Looking at the plot kurt made of the gt area it's very clear we have a really bad placement. One thing though is that the registers on the main output of the gtlb are placed right next to it (the output latches are unbuffered) and I'd like to swap them with the snake stuff because there are more wires going to that. Although this may introduce a little extra delay (thouth I think with a good placement the wires will be no longer on these outputs), I am thinking this is probably OK, since the gtlb was designed assuming 1,29GHz and so must have some slack. What do you think? I's expect to add 150u of M3 at most.

From: Sent: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Friday, March 03, 1995 2:56 AM

To: Subject: 'geert' at etc

Unfortunately we got a visitor this evening, so I've not had much time so far.

First I thought I'd build a gt locally then put a top level together with just that and the gtlb so I can see just the nets of interest.

gt iterated fine, but then I found myself having to hack at genpim2.pl and Makefile.tst etc to set this up with just the stuff i needed. On mnemo I have is set up so we can have multiple GARDS_SUBDIRS lists just like we have multiple exclude lists, and tom, alan and myself are now all able to do our own thing without stepping on each other. It's fairly easy to do. Should we retrofit this to euterpe?

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From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Friday, March 03, 1995 10:34 AM

To: 'tbr'

Subject: Re: gt etc

> Should we retrofit this to euterpe? Yes, that's been on my list of things to do for a long time.

> What do you think?

The GTLB is quite over-designed, so we should have some margin there.

Geert

From: vo (Tom Vo)

Sent: Friday, March 03, 1995 12:55 PM

To: 'ericm (Eric Murray)'

Cc: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Subject: dead in the water

My make does not run on ghidra any more. It keeps getting the path wrong.

Sample error message:

gmake: *** No rule to make target `/n/ghidra/N/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verify/Makefile.rules'. Stop

The files are on ghidra s4 disk . I noticed that s4 is referenced differently now .

If I cd to /n/ghidra, s4 is now a link pointing to /N/ghidra/s4/.

The make would run on machines other than ghidra however.

Any suggestion?

tvo

```
Sent:
             Friday, March 03, 1995 1:10 PM
  To:
             'Eric Murray'
             'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'tom (Thomas Laidig)'
  Cc:
  Subject: Re: dead in the water
Eric Murray wrote ....
>Tom Vo wrote:
>>
>>
>> My make does not run on ghidra any more. It keeps getting
>> the path wrong .
>>
>> Sample error message :
>> gmake: *** No rule to make target '/n/ghidra/N/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verify/Makefile.rules'. Stop
>> The files are on ghidra s4 disk. I noticed that s4 is referenced differently now.
>> If I cd to /n/ghidra, s4 is now a link pointing to /N/ghidra/s4/.
>>
>> The make would run on machines other than ghidra however.
>>
>> Any suggestion ?
>
>
>huh?
>
>i get:
>ghidra:/n/auspex/s17/ericm
>ericm {105}> ls -ls /n/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verify/Makefile
                              31 Oct 4 12:50 /n/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verify
> 1 lrwxrwxrwx 1 vo
>/Makefile -> /u/chip/euterpe/verify/Makefile
>
>what's generating the target ('/n/ghidra/N/ghidra/s4/vo/eute...')
>in the first place?
>
>i rdisted new amd maps today which change the semantics of the mounts slightly.
>but if you've followed the rules (don't use /N in anything)
>and don't use relative links which cross mounted filesystems
>then there should be no problems.
>
>i did test extensively and didn't see anything like this.
>are you using something that expects there to be
>an /N/ghidra/root?
>
>
               ericm@microunity.com
```

vo (Tom Vo)

From:

ericm

I think the path came from another script, abspath, to figure out where I am

On ghidra , abspath gives : /n/ghidra/N/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

But on any other machine , the same command gives : /n/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

tvo

tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent:

Friday, March 03, 1995 1:54 PM

To:

'Eric Murray'

Cc:

'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'tau'

Subject: Re: dead in the water

Eric Murray writes:

Tom Vo wrote:

|>

> I think the path came from another script, abspath, to figure out where I am

> On ghidra, abspath gives:

> /n/ghidra/N/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

|> But on any other machine, the same command gives : |> /n/ghidra/s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

the abspath in /a/muse/bin/ is broken. luse the one in /usr/local/bin.

BTW, it's silly to have N versions of the same thing, there's 2 abspaths, plus /usr/local/bin/pwd, all of which do the same thing.

Well, the /a/muse stuff is pretty old. We were keeping it around intentionally for historical reasons, since some of our snapshots contained explicit references to /a/muse/bin. Perhaps that's sufficiently ancient history that we can blow it away; I'm not sure.

/usr/local/bin/pwd is _not_ a replacement for abspath. abspath takes an optional argument directory, and returns an absolute path to that directory. In the process, any .. in the given path is interpreted a bit specially: if there is a .parent symlink, the .. gets translated as what .parent points to; otherwise the normal interpretation is used.

· \

From: Sent: tbr

_ - - - - -

Saturday, March 04, 1995 7:31 PM

To:

'geert'

Cc:

'wampler'

Subject:

net_sort

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

What is net_sort? I see it used in Makefile.tst in euterpe but int is not parameterized and there is no definition in Makefile.defs.

Sent:

tbr (Tim B. Robinson) Saturday, March 04, 1995 7:31 PM

To: Cc: 'geert'

Subject:

'wampler' net_sort

What is net_sort? I see it used in Makefile.tst in euterpe but int is not parameterized and there is no definition in Makefile.defs.

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 04, 1995 9:10 PM

To:

'geert'

Subject:

Makefile.tst

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Makefile.ts

Flag Status:

Red

I'm checking in what I have. i have put back the stuff that appeared to be truncated from your checkin.

My top level fails with:

gmake[2]: Leaving directory 'N/auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc' gmake CYCLETIME=926 gards/tbr_euterpe-iter.rload.lis gmake[2]: Entering directory 'N/auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc' gmake[2]: *** No rule to make target 'gards/tbr_euterpe-iter.rload.lis'. Stop. gmake[2]: Leaving directory 'N/auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc' gmake[1]: *** [tbr_euterpe-iter] Error 1 rm tbr_euterpe.ower.tab.local gmake[1]: Leaving directory 'N/auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc' gmake: *** [tbr_euterpegards] Error 1

which is I assume because I do not have some sub-section stuff it's expecting now it's trying to do stuff for real.

The only thing I'm worried about is the power.tab stuff since that's different from mnemo. Please let me know if you think I broke anything.

Note, you will need to pick up genpim2.plat the same time.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Saturday, March 04, 1995 9:10 PM

To: Subject: 'aeert' Makefile.tst

I'm checking in what I have. i have put back the stuff that appeared to be truncated from your checkin.

My top level fails with:

gmake[2]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc' gmake CYCLETIME=926 gards/tbr euterpe-iter.rload.lis
gmake[2]: Entering directory \(\scrt{N}\)auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc'

omake[2]: *** No rule to make target 'gards/tbr euterpe-iter.rload.lis'.

gmake[2]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc' gmake[1]: *** [tbr_euterpe-iter] Error 1 rm tbr_euterpe.power.tab.local
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex/root/s15/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc'
gmake: *** [tbr_euterpegards] Error 1

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The only thing I'm worried about is the power.tab stuff since that's different from mnemo. Please let me know if you think I broke anything.

Note, you will need to pick up genpim2.plat the same time.

From: Sent:

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Saturday, March 04, 1995 9:59 PM 'geert'; 'tbr'

To: Subject:

Re: net sort

tbr writes:

>What is net sort? I see it used in Makefile.tst in euterpe but int is >not parameterized and there is no definition in Makefile.defs.

It's a shell script that sorts a list of netnames by:

- Subblock-internal nets (names contain a "/")
 - 2) Global nets
 - 3) Name
 - 4) Bus bit (if found)

I was using it for my Euterpe routing experiments, and hopper checked it in while I was in the hospital. It can be invoked from /u/chip/tools/bin and he put the source in /u/chip/tools/src/gears. It would be OK to make a definition for it in Makefile.defs; it expects to have /u/chip/tools/bin in its path, but other than that doesn't need special environment.

I'm not sure I would have released it in its present form, but it's there now -- so I'll try to bring it up to standards if you see anything wrong with it.

- Kurt

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 04, 1995 10:10 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

'aeert'

Subject:

Re: net_sort

Flag Status:

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Red

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Sat Mar 4):

tbr writes:

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>Makefile.defs.

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I'm not sure I would have released it in its present form, but it's there now -- so I'll try to bring it up to standards if you see anything wrong with it.

Nothing wrong with it, it was just that I was cleaning up one of the euterpe Makefiles and I found it being invoked directly rather than through the usual definitions. Looks like we should add it to the standard Makefile.defs.

From: Sent: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Saturday, March 04, 1995 10:10 PM

To: Cc: 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Ce:

'geert'

Subject:

Ře: net_sort

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Sat Mar 4):

tbr writes:

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Nothing wrong with it, it was just that I was cleaning up one of the euterpe Makefiles and I found it being invoked directly rather than through the usual definitions. Looks like we should add it to the standard Makefile.defs.

wavne (Wavne Freitas)

Sent:

To:

Monday, March 06, 1995 11:31 AM

'arya'; 'rmm'; 'yves'; 'dane'; 'rich'; 'graham'; 'tbr'; 'pmayer'; 'philip'; 'noel'; 'woody'; 'tbe'

'hestia'

Subject:

Cc:

Main board PR's

Here is a list of Problem Reports that need to be taken care of, then closed before a Engineering Change Request (ECR) can be opened so we can begin work against the main board. I have cleaned up the PR's against this re-spin by providing a valid part number and assigning the a responsible engineer in the PCB category of gnats. If your name is in the first column you are responsible for seeing the PR through and having it closed. An ECR will be open in the next day or two against the main board. This is what Patty will be using as her check list of changes to be incorporated into the re-spin. The ECR requires that a PR be CLOSED in order for it to be added into the re-spin. If you have any questions or need a hand with gnat let me know and I'll drop by.

Thanks

Wayne

1771 woody PCB a	nalyzed	serious	medium 1	Decoupling
	analyzed	non-criti	medium	Surface
1774 pmayer PCB connector pins routing does	analyzed	serious	medium	DC input
1777 woody PCB ground pin connected to wro	analyzed	serious	medium	IR receiver
1791 pcbtcm PCB channel 3/4 BTSC conversion	suspended	critical		pcba missing
1792 woody PCB qround for fan supply		critical		Separate
1799 pcbtcm PCB vias shorting to internal p	closed	critical	medium	VCO ground
1806 pmayer PCB power via too small	analyzed	serious	medium	Smart card
1809 woody PCB	analyzed	serious	medium	Need to add
	analyzed	non-criti	low	Main Bd -
dead traces on layer 1 and 1826 pmayer PCB	open	non-criti	low	Main bd -
Soldermask openings have ex 1827 pmayer PCB	open	per non-criti	low	Main bd -
Solder mask strips below 0. 1828 pmayer PCB	open	non-criti		Main bd :
PTH in the center of TAB gr 1829 pmayer PCB	open	es with no critical		side Main bd: PTH
	ers open	serious	medium	Main Bd :
Aspect ratio to high 1831 pmayer PCB	open		medium	Main Bd :
Breakaway holes too close t 1832 arya PCB	closed	serious		Pin switch
diodes should be moved onto	the main analyzed		m the daughter l medium	boards Untied
	closed	critical	high	Pinout
problem on DC - DC Module 1862 philip PCB error on the Main Board	analyzed	serious	high	Fabrication
	closed	non-criti	low	duplicate

reference designat 1876 pcbtcm	PCB	closed	non-criti	low	Large solder
pads. 1877 wayne	PCB	closed	non-criti	low	Solder pads
too small. 1878 pmayer	PCB	open	critical	medium	Solder holes
too small 1879 pmayer	PCB	analyzed	critical	medium	Missing
holes on the PCB.		-			-
1880 pmayer too large.	PCB	open	non-criti		solder holes
1881 pmayer holes.	PCB	open	critical	high	Extra solder
1882 pmayer designator number.	PCB	open	non-criti	low	Reference
1901 yves components have op	PCB	analyzed	critical	high	Discrete
1902 pmayer	PCB	analyzed	critical	high	Electrolytic
caps on -5V layed	out back	wards			
1905 pmayer	PCB	open	serious	medium	Duplicate
ref designators (r		01000			
				7.2	71 + d
1909 arya partial ground pla	PCB	open	critical	medium	Floating
1910 pmayer	PCB	open	serious	medium	Problems
with the filter in	nputs to (the conting	jency VCOs		
1911 rich	PCB	open	critical	high	Power
supplies for the	external s	ynthesizer	filters r	need shielding	and re-lavout
	PCB		critical		DC-DC module
1914 pmayer		closed		high	DC-DC IIIOdule
-sense line shorte					
1925 pmayer	PCB	analyzed	serious	medium	solder pads
too small					
1929 arya	PCB	open	critical	high	
Descrepencies betw	veen BOM a	and Schemat	cics		
1930 arya	PCB	open	critical	high	Incorrect
designator used		-		_	
1931 pmayer	PCB	analyzed	serious	high	Pads
incorrectly spaced			2022042	5	
	PCB		serious	high	Main board
1932 woody		open	SCIIOUS	mign	Marii Doard
1933 pmayer	PCB	analyzed	serious	high	DC-DC
fasteners short to		anaz j zoa	DOLLOUD	3	
			aari ana		Poforence
1934 woody	PCB	open	serious	medium	Reference
descriptor incorre				1. 11.	G
1945 arya	PCB	open	critical	high	Grounds
missing in transfo	_	_		1. 4	162 mm2 mm
1946 arya	PCB	open	critical	high	Missing
ground on C225 (E3				_	
1948 philip	PCB	closed	serious	low	Main board
has areas of possi					
1950 pmayer	PCB		critical	high	Vias
shorting the inter	rnal analo	og and digi	ital ground	i layers	
1959 pmayer	PCB	open	serious	high	Insufficient
solder pad under V	/CO's				
1960 pcbtcm	PCB	open	serious	medium	
Manufacturability					
1962 tbe	PCB		serious	high	Inadequate
spacing for TAB to				5	
				h i h	Decokores
1979 pcbtcm	PCB	open	serious	high	Breakaway
tabs too weak					02.51
1993 arya	PCB	open	critical	high	U1 QPSK amp
2001 dane	PCB	open	critical	medium	Floating
leads on A8J1 (Mir	i DIN)				
2004 pmayer	PCB	open	serious	medium	Chassis
plane extends insi					
2007 noel	PCB	open	critical	high	Excessive
		-pon	JIIJICAI	3	
noise on 3.3V power			and this and	h i ah	Excessive
2009 noel	PCB	open	critical	high	DVCCDDTAG
noise on +5V power	prane				

2010 noel	PCB	open	critical	high	Excessive	
noise on +12V p	ower plane					
2012 yves	PCB	open	serious	medium	Add EMI	
filters near au	idio/video					
2014 pmayer			non-criti	low	Traces	
running through switching supply region						
2031 woody	PCB	analyzed	critical	high	Change	
Hermes connecto	or pin out					
2035 arya	PCB	analyzed	serious	high	Baluns	
2036 arya	PCB	analyzed		high	AGC circuit	
2059 rmm	PCB	closed	critical	high	Diplexer in	
backwards						

tbr

Sent:

Monday, March 06, 1995 10:54 PM

To:

'vo'

Subject:

clockbias

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

I was updatng my euterpe baseplate with your latest stuff and I noticed an unreleased file in the clockbias section (clockbias.domains). Is this an oversight, or just something still in progress?

tbr

Sent:

Monday, March 06, 1995 11:11 PM

To:

'wampler'

Cc:

'vo'

Subject:

clockbias problem

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

I was rebuilding my local euterpe baseplate to pick up tom vo's latest stuff, and it failed in regenerating the clocks:sed -e 's/CBSOFA_MODEL/CBSOFA/g' basegen_tmp/cbsofa_model_base.pdl \

> cbsofa.pdl

/n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_bounds \

cbsofa_model.ly /n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all > cbsofa_bounds.gsub

/n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/gsub cbsofa_bounds.gsub \

</ri>
</n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofa.tdl.template > cbsofa.tdl/bin/sh; cbsofa.tdl: Permission denied

gmake: *** [cbsofa.tdl] Error 1

Seems like we either need a chmod, or an rm before attempting to create this:

tbr@gamorra ~/euterpe/clockbias 420 % ls -ls cbsofa.tdl 3-r--r-- 1 tbr 2358 Apr 26 1994 cbsofa.tdl

However, I have in the past rebuilt the clocks several times with no problem so do we understand what has changed to start causing this?

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 12:14 AM

To:

'woody'

Subject:

instance names

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

I'm looking at the euterpe module schematic, and it looks like all the instance names have gone from the main components. I think it is the case that you can call out instance names explicilty, rather than let GED make arbitrary PnP assignments (which change when you edit the schematic). This may be important when we convert to verilog and start building signal recording lists for simulation. We'd want the instance names fixed, and preferably recognisable.

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 12:28 AM

To:

'woody'; 'dbulfer'

Cc:

'pandora'

Subject:

Euterpe module Cerberus clock

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Should we be making provision on the Euterpe module PCB to be able to cut the trace, or include a zero ohm link which could be ommited, in the link between scout and sc? We would need this if we wanted to be able to reuse the euterpe module in a system which required a Cerberus clock from a different source for some reason. An example would be a system which needed two euterpe modules. While this is not an issue in Pandora itself, which will only have provision for one processor module, it may be relevant in some applications.

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 1:28 AM

To:

'pmayer' ' Cc:

Subject: PCB layout schedule

Tim,

I wanted to revisit our conversation on the PCB layout schedule.

On Hestia Main, I added 2 weeks to do the Mnemo module in parallel to Howard laying out the Euterpe module. This really isn't a great significance in my learning if we are to be seperated. Revisit?

Need to set priority in the following:

Euterpe Mnemo Herminator - need for both Pandora and Hestia, Low? PCI Bridge - higher than cronus or PCI Hermes Cronus PCI Hermes

Please clarify the priorities and I'll plug in the numbers.

Thanks -Pattie

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 9:21 AM

To: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: instance names

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Mon Mar 6):

I'm looking at the euterpe module schematic, and it looks like all the instance names have gone from the main components. I think it is the case that you can call out instance names explicitly, rather than let GED make arbitrary PnP assignments (which change when you edit the schematic). This may be important when we convert to verilog and start building signal recording lists for simulation. We'd want the instance names fixed, and preferably recognisable.

Tim

What you saw before was a 'path' property. I need to find out how to get real instance names on there.

woody

Exhibit C12

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 9:48 AM

To:

'tbr' 'vo'

Cc:

Subject: Re: clockbias problem

tbr writes:

>I was rebuilding my local euterpe baseplate to pick up tom vo's

>latest stuff, and it failed in regenerating the clocks:sed -e 's/CBSOFA_MODEL/CBSOFA/g' basegen tmp/cbsofa model base.pdl \

> > cbsofa.pdl

>/n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive bounds \

- > cbsofa_model.ly /n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all > cbsofa_bounds.gsub
- >/n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/gsub cbsofa bounds.gsub \
- > </n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofa.tdl.template > cbsofa.tdl
- >/bin/sh: cbsofa.tdl: Permission denied
- >gmake: *** [cbsofa.tdl] Error 1
- >Seems like we either need a chmod, or an rm before attempting to
- >create this:

>

>tbr@gamorra ~/euterpe/clockbias 420 % ls -ls cbsofa.tdl

> 3 -r--r-- 1 tbr

2358 Apr 26 1994 cbsofa.tdl

>However, I have in the past rebuilt the clocks several times with no >problem so do we understand what has changed to start causing this?

Observing the date on this file, I see it's nearly a year old. It used to be created by doing a "cp -p" from a template file and then a "chmod 644". Since version 1.30 (11/8/1994) of clockbias/Makefile.rules this file is created by awk instead of cp and should always be owner-write by definition. All "cp -p" commands are long gone from this makefile, and the current version will never generate owner-readonly files unless the user corrupts his/her umask.

I see a number of obsolete files in /u/tbr/euterpe/clockbias dating back to Apr 26 1994, some of which are owner-readonly. I think it would be safest to blow away this directory in its entirety and start clean. Alternatively, a "chmod o+w *" would allow the make to proceed in the current directory context.

- Kurt

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 9:48 AM

To:

'ken (Ken Hsieh)'

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Subject:

euterpe (Mike Wageman's machine) is not functioning

Hi Ken,

Mike Wageman's machine, euterpe, is not feeling very well. We tried to reboot it this morning, but the '/' filesystem is full and it won't come back up. I don't know how to get it into single user mode to try and clean up '/'. Can you help?

Thanks,

Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering,

Inc.
255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame
me, I didn't vote for him!

From: vo (Tom Vo)

Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 12:01 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Subject: Re: clockbias

Tim B. Robinson wrote

>

>I was updatng my euterpe baseplate with your latest stuff and I

>noticed an unreleased file in the clockbias section

>(clockbias.domains). Is this an oversight, or just something still in

>progress?

>

>Tim

>

It can be released . There were a lot of GARDS activity when I checked in the file so I decided to delay the release . Of course , I promptly forgot about it .

I'll need to release the latest baseplate so I'll do both at the same time .

tvo

ken (Ken Hsieh)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 12:47 PM

To:

'mikew'

Cc:

'vanthof': 'hopper': 'geert'; 'tbr'

Subject:

Re: euterpe (Mike Wageman's machine) is not functioning

David told me that euterpe back up on the second reboot. However, I found the root disk was making a big noise. I have called AVCOM to order a disk to replace it before it crash. We will the disk in the next couple of days.

Ken

```
> From vanthof Tue Mar 7 07:48:22 1995
> From: vanthof (vant)
> Subject: euterpe (Mike Wageman's machine) is not functioning
> To: ken (Ken Hsieh)
> Date: Tue, 7 Mar 95 7:48:16 PST
> Cc: vanthof (Dave Van't Hof), hopper (Mark Hofmann), geert (Geert
Rosseel)
> X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.3 PL11]
> Content-Length: 472
> Hi Ken.
     Mike Wageman's machine, euterpe, is not feeling very well. We
> tried to reboot it this morning, but the '/' filesystem is full and it
> won't come back up. I don't know how to get it into single user mode
> to try
and
> clean up '/'. Can you help?
> Thanks.
> Dave
                   vanthof@microunity.com
                                            MicroUnity Systems
> Dave Van't Hof
Engineering, Inc.
> 255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include
<std disclaim.h>
> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!
```

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 12:53 PM

To:

Cc:

'Ken Hsieh' 'mikew (Mike Wageman)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tbr (Tim B.

Robinson)'

Subject:

Re: euterpe (Mike Wageman's machine) is not functioning

Ken Hsieh writes:

>David told me that euterpe back up on the second reboot. >However, I found the root disk was making a big noise. I have called >AVCOM to order a disk to replace it before it crash. We will the disk >in the next couple of days.

>Ken

Thanks for finding this Ken.

Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering,

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 3:09 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

Subject:

Re: clockbias problem

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

tbr writes:

>I was rebuilding my local euterpe baseplate to pick up tom vo's

>latest stuff, and it failed in regenerating the clocks:sed -e 's/CBSOFA MODEL/CBSOFA/g' basegen tmp/cbsofa model base.pdl \

> > cbsofa.pdl

>/n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive bounds \

> cbsofa model.ly /n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all > cbsofa bounds.gsub

>/n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/gsub cbsofa bounds.gsub \

> </n/auspex/s15/tbr/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofa.tdl.template > cbsofa.tdl

>/bin/sh: cbsofa.tdl: Permission denied

>gmake: *** [cbsofa.tdl] Error 1

>Seems like we either need a chmod, or an rm before attempting to

>create this:

>tbr@gamorra ~/euterpe/clockbias 420 % ls -ls cbsofa.tdl

> 3 -r--r-- 1 tbr 2358 Apr 26 1994 cbsofa.tdl

>However, I have in the past rebuilt the clocks several times with no >problem so do we understand what has changed to start causing this?

Observing the date on this file, I see it's nearly a year old. It used to be created by doing a "cp-p" from a template file and then a "chmod 644". Since version 1.30 (11/8/1994) of clockbias/Makefile.rules this file is created by awk instead of cp and should always be owner-write by definition. All "cp -p" commands are long gone from this makefile, and the current version will never generate owner-readonly files unless the user corrupts his/her umask.

I see a number of obsolete files in /u/tbr/euterpe/clockbias dating back to Apr 26 1994, some of which are owner-readonly. I think it would be safest to blow away this directory in its entirety and start clean. Alternatively, a "chmod o+w *" would allow the make to proceed in the current directory context.

Thanks. After removeing the file it did complete ok.

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 3:18 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: 'mws@microunity.com'

Subject: Re: warning of avoidable veqn bug

Tim B. Robinson writes:

I think if we are specifying fields or busses they oughtta match. It's only integers where I think we should infer the width. It's safer that way.

Okay.

So...

if one side is a constant, then pad with 0's if neither side is constant and the widths mismatch, then error out?

-hopper

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 3:22 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: 'mws@microunity.com'

Subject: Re: warning of avoidable veqn bug

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

I think if we are specifying fields or busses they oughtta match. It's only integers where I think we should infer the width. It's safer that way.

Okay.

So...

if one side is a constant, then pad with 0's if neither side is constant and the widths mismatch, then error out?

Yes, and error out if the constant is too big to fit in the field width of the other side.

Right.

-hopper

From: Sent:

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 3:32 PM

[finished at Tue Mar 7 13:32:28 PST 1995 -- exit status 0]

To: 'aeert'

Subject: output of euterpe/dcell/.checkoutrc

Tue Mar 7 13:32:17 PST 1995 (geert Tue, 7 Mar 1995 13:32:03 -0800) euterpe/dcell [Release BOM (V18.0) in euterpe/dcell (Tue Mar 7 13:32:17 PST 1995)]

```
Dir
         euterpe/dcell
                                                                      BOM 18.0
1.5
          .checkoutrc
1.42
         Makefile
10.4
         auindx.dcell
1.5
         cc.dcell
3.6
         cdio.dcell
         cerberus.dcell
1.26
(1.25)
1.9
         cj.dcell
14.2
         ck fgen.dcell
1.2
         clean-request
13.2
         cp.dcell
11.4
         ctio.dcell
         dcelldefs.m4
1.2
1.5
         dr.dcell
         drio.dcell
1.2
         es.dcell
8.8
         gt.dcell
2.20
1.5
         hc.dcell
14.1
         hz.dcell
1.8
         ife.dcell
10.3
         iorate.dcell
1.7
         iq.dcell
         lt.dcell
2.13
9.4
         mc.dcell
10.6
         mst.dcell
1.8
         nb.dcell
13.4
         rq.dcell
1.15
         rgxmit.dcell
11.7
         sr.dcell
         uu.dcell
1.19
1.4
         xlu.dcell
===> running euterpe/dcell/.checkoutrc (Tue Mar 7 13:32:23 PST 1995) <=== gmake list
dcell.topt subcells
gmake[1]: Entering directory \'/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/dcell'
gmake[1]: `list' is up to date.
gmake[1]: `dcell.topt' is up to date.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/m4 cerberus.dcell > cerberus.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/dcell < cerberus.tmp mv cerberus.ly
../compass/dcell/cerberus.ly cd ../compass/dcell;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -l euterpedcell rm -f cerberus.tmp
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/dcell'
```

chip (Potatoe Chip) From: Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 3:41 PM To: 'aeert' Subject: output of euterpe/baseplate/.checkoutrc Tue Mar 7 13:34:00 PST 1995 (geert Tue, 7 Mar 1995 13:33:47 -0800) euterpe/baseplate [Release BOM (V22.0) in euterpe/baseplate (Tue Mar 7 13:34:00 PST 1995)] BOM 22.0 Dir euterpe/baseplate .checkoutrc 1.9 Makefile 1.51 clean request 1.1 clockparms.m4 1.4 3.20 custom.pif (3.19)1.8 ecl cutout.sgen.m4 3.2 floorplan.pif 1.45 floorplan.sgen.m4 (1.44)mos cutout.sqen.m4 5.10 1.28 padlist.lst 1.5 padring.sgen.m4 spacetrans.sgen.m4 1.3 ===> running euterpe/baseplate/.checkoutrc (Tue Mar 7 13:34:08 PST 1995) <=== [-d /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate] || mkdir -p /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate gmake subcells /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/padtext.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate.ly\ qmake[1]: Entering directory \Nauspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/baseplate' #cp /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/baseplate/floorplanparms.m4 floorplanparms.m4 cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/baseplate/floorplanparms.m4 > floorplanparms.m4 /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/m4 -B100000 -Dfloorplan type=rev1 floorplan.sgen.m4 \ > floorplan.sqen rm -f floorplanparms.m4 /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sofagen -v /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell < floorplan.sgen mv floorplan*.lv /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate; /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -1 euterpebase gmake[1]: `/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/padtext.ly' is up to date. echo 'POBS = flatten(POBS); CPOB = flatten(CPOB); delete subcell();' \ /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -f- -r floorplan_obstruct -v /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell floorplan > tmp.obstruct mv tmp.obstruct /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/floorplan_obstruct.ly cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate; /n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -l euterpebase /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sofagen -v /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell < baseplate.sgen mv baseplate*.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate; /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -l euterpebase gmake[1]: Nothing to be done for `labels'. gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/baseplate' grep -w mobieclium_site /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate_ecl_logic.ly \ grep "^R" \ awk '{sum=sum+\$9*\$10}END{print sum, "eclatoms"}'

480164 eclatoms grep -w mosatom site

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate mos logic.ly \
    grep "^R" \
    awk '{sum=sum+$9*$10}END{print sum, "mosatoms"}'
77980 mosatoms
[ -d /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate ] || mkdir -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate
gmake /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stpadtext.ly
qmake[1]; Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/baseplate'
qmake[1]: '/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stpadtext.ly' is up to date.
qmake[1]: Leaving directory \( \)/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/baseplate'
qmake /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/spacetrans.ly
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/baseplate'
echo 'OBS3 = flatten(OBS3); OBS4 = flatten(OBS4); delete subcell(); ' \
    /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -f- -p. -v
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell -r st vdda planes \
      baseplate apwr only > tmp1
mv tmp1 /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/st vdda planes.ly
cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -1 euterpebase
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsi stats baseplate -v
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all \
  -c sofa vdd pad \
  -c sofa_vss_pad \
  -c custom vdda pad \
  -c custom_vdde_pad \
  -c custom vss pad \
  -x padsites
Writing new Compass layout: padsites.ly
##############################
# Instance counts by cell #
#############################
sofa vdd pad (239)
custom_vdde_pad (31)
sofa_vss_pad (240)
custom vdda pad (4)
custom_vss_pad (32)
# Sed changes the layout cell name from baseplate to stintpads. nawk '{ if(\$1^/\#/\|\$1^/V/\|\$1^/G/\|\$1^/A/\|\$1^/E/)print \$0;\
      if ($6 ~ /pad/ ) print $0 }'\
padsites.ly\
    sed 's/padsites/stintpads/'\
    nawk ' BEGIN { xlate["\"sofa_vdd_pad\""]
                                                 = "stintpadvdd";
xlate["\"sofa vss pad\""]
                            = "stintpadvss";
xlate["\"custom vdda pad\""] = "stintpadvdda";
xlate["\"custom vdde pad\""] = "stintpadvdd";
xlate["\"custom_vss_pad\""]
                              = "stintpadvss"; fmt="%s %s %d %d Rot0
\"%s%s\" layout \"\"%s\n"; }; /^R/ { extra=sprintf(" %d %d %d
%d",$9,$10,$11,$12);}; /"custom_(vdd|vdda|vdde|vss)_pad"/
padprint=1; if($5=="Rot0"){
                                x=$3;
                                           v=$4;
                                                      typ="rotate"; }else
                                      typ=""; }else if($5=="Rot2"){
if($5=="Rot1"){ x=$3-1440; y=$4;}
x=$3-960; y=$4-1440; typ="rotate"; }else if($5=="Rot3"){ x=$3;}
y=$4-960; typ=""; }else if($5=="MX"){
                                             x=$3-960; y=$4;
typ="rotate"; }else if($5=="MXRot1"){x=$3-1440; y=$4-960; typ=""; }else
                               y=$4-1440;typ="rotate"; }else
if($5=="MY"){
                    x=$3;
if ($5=="MYRot1") {x=$3;
                                      typ=""; }else{
                            y=$4;
          typ=""; } printf(fmt, $1, $2, x, y, xlate[$6], typ, extra); };
y=$4;
typ="!
 "; }else if($5=="Rot1")
    > stintpads.ly
mv stintpads.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stintpads.ly
nawk '{ if($1~/#/||$1~/V/||$1~/G/||$1~/A/||$1~/E/)print $0;\
else if ($6 ~ /vdda/) print $0 }'\
  < /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stintpads.ly \</pre>
  | sed 's/stintpads/stintvddapads/' >
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stintyddapads.ly
echo 'POBS = flatten(POBS); CPOB = flatten(CPOB); delete subcell();' \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -f- -r stintvddapads obstruct -v
```

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell stintvddapads > tmp.obstruct mv
tmp.obstruct /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stintvddapads obstruct.ly
cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -1 euterpebase nawk '{ if($1~/#/|$1~/V/
||$1~/G/||$1~/A/||$1~/E/)print $0;\
      else if ($6 !~ /vdda/ ) print $0 }'\
  < /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stintpads.ly \</pre>
    sed 's/stintpads/stintnonvddapads/' >
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stintnonvddapads.ly
echo 'POBS = flatten(POBS); CPOB = flatten(CPOB); delete subcell(); \
    /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -f- -r stintnonvddapads obstruct -v
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell stintnonvddapads > tmp.obstruct mv
tmp.obstruct /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/stintnonvddapads obstruct.ly
cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -1 euterpebase echo 'VS23 =
frame(grow(nonvdda:flatten(MS3) - flatten(OBS4), -100)\
                       * nonvdda:flatten(OBS1) * nonvdda:flatten(MS2),\
                -20+); \
      delete subcell(); ' \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -x -f- -p. -v
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell -r st_vdda_connect \
      -i vdda=stoutvdda padring \
      -i nonvdda=stoutnonvdda padring \
      baseplate apwr only > tmp1
mv tmpl /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/st_vdda_connect.ly
cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -1 euterpebase #cp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/baseplate/chipparms.m4
cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/baseplate/chipparms.m4 >
chipparms.m4
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/m4
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/baseplate/sharedspacetrans.sgen.m4 > spacetrans.sgen
rm -f chipparms.m4 /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sofagen -v
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell < spacetrans.sgen mv spacetrans*.ly
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate
cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -l euterpebase gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/baseplate'
cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/spacetrans.ly | sed
'ls/spacetrans/euterpep/' > tmp1.ly ;\ nawk '{if ($1 == "E") {} else { print $0 } }'
tmp1.ly > tmp2.ly; \ cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/sttoplabel.ly >>
tmp2.ly; \ echo 'L MS1' >> tmp2.ly; \ echo 'N "VSSE" 23940 24060 ' >> tmp2.ly; \ echo
'E' >> tmp2.ly ; \ mv tmp2.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/euterpep.ly;
\ rm tmp1.ly ; cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -l euterpebase [ -d
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate ] | mkdir -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate
gmake /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/euterpetop.ly
gmake[1]: Entering directory \( \)/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/baseplate'
#cp /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/baseplate/chipparms.m4
chipparms.m4
cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/baseplate/chipparms.m4 >
chipparms.m4
echo 'include(chipparms.m4)'
                                      > tmp.sgen.m4
echo 'units udr = 1'
                                      >> tmp.sgen.m4
echo 'default units = udr'
                                     >> tmp.sgen.m4
echo 'output_cell = euterpetop'
                                     >> tmp.sgen.m4
echo 'technology = MOBIMOS1'
                                      >> tmp.sgen.m4
#echo 'instance { cell = euterpe origin = (0, 0) cell_orient = 0}'
# >> tmp.sgen.m4
# use baseplate for now
echo 'instance { cell = baseplate origin = (0, 0) cell orient = 0}'\
                         >> tmp.sgen.m4
echo 'instance { cell = euterpep origin = (0, 0) cell_orient = 0}' \
                         >> tmp.sgen.m4
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/m4 tmp.sgen.m4 > tmp mv tmp euterpetop.sgen rm -f
```

tmp.sgen.m4 chipparms.m4 /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sofagen -v

```
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell < euterpetop.sgen ; mv euterpetop.ly
tmp1.ly; nawk '{if ($1 == "E") {} else { print $0 } }' tmp1.ly > tmp2.ly; cat
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/sttoplabel.ly >> tmp2.ly; echo 'L MS1' >>
tmp2.ly; \ echo 'N "VSSE" 23940 24060 ' >> tmp2.ly; \ echo 'E' >> tmp2.ly; \ mv tmp2.ly
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/euterpetop.ly;
rm tmp1.ly;
cd /n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib -1 euterpebase
gmake [1]: Leaving directory 'N/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/baseplate'
[finished at Tue Mar 7 13:41:04 PST 1995 -- exit status 0]
```

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 4:04 PM

To: 'ericm (Eric Murray)'; 'sysadmin'

Subject: My Files on /n/ghidra/s2

Eric,

I'm having problems accessing my working files on ~billz/euterpe (this is a pointer to /n/ghidra/s2/euterpe). I get messages such as:

n/ghidra/s2/euterpe: Operation would block.

or else hanging waiting for a prompt to return. Ghidra is back up, right?

Any idea what's happening.

Thanks,

billz

From: chip (Potatoe Chip) Tuesday, March 07, 1995 4:04 PM Sent: 'aeert' To: Subject: output of euterpe/gards/.checkoutrc Tue Mar 7 13:45:40 PST 1995 (geert Tue, 7 Mar 1995 13:45:30 -0800) euterpe/gards [Release BOM (V4.0) in euterpe/gards (Tue Mar 7 13:45:40 PST 1995)] BOM 4.0 Dir euterpe/gards 1.8 .checkoutrc 1.50 Makefile 1.1 sclean-request ===> running euterpe/gards/.checkoutrc (Tue Mar 7 13:45:44 PST 1995) <=== [-d sofa/] || mkdir -p sofa/ /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/sofa exclude baseplate /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell Creating work area: /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards/sofa exclude 950307134548 Gutting mosatom site Gutting mobieclium site Gutting baseplate clock spars Building sofa exclude.ly Removing /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards/sofa_exclude 950307134548 cp sofa exclude.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate mv sofa_exclude.ly sofa/sofa_exclude.ly echo './sofa/sofa_model.cdl.abgen ./sofa/sofa.pdl: \' > Depend-cdl /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -M -p ./sofa -v /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell sofa model >> Depend-cdl echo '' >> Depend-cdl rm -rf Depend-cdl Depend-pdl gmake gards gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards' gmake[1]: fopen: Depend-pdl: No such file or directory gmake[1]: fopen: Depend-cdl: No such file or directory echo './sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen ./sofa/sofa.pdl: \' > Depend-cdl /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -M -p ./sofa -v /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell sofa model >> Depend-cdl echo '' >> Depend-cdl ### making dependencies -- Tue Mar 7 13:46:48 PST 1995 leafmold cells echo 'LEAF_CELLS = \' > Depend-pdl echo '' >> Depend-pdl for cell in `cat /dev/null `; do \ echo "/\$cell.pdl: \\" >> Depend-pdl; \ /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm -M -v /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell \$cell >> Depend-pdl; \ echo '' >> Depend-pdl; \ done sofa-based custom cells echo 'SOFA CELLS = \' >> Depend-pdl echo '' >> Depend-pdl for cell in `cat /dev/null `; do \
 echo "./sofa/\$cell.pdl: \\" >> Depend-pdl; \

/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -M -v

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell $cell >> Depend-pdl; \
    echo '' >> Depend-pdl; \
done
  full custom cells
echo 'CUSTOM_CELLS = \' >> Depend-pdl
sed 's/.*/ & \\/; $s/\\//' /dev/null >> Depend-pdl
echo '' >> Depend-pdl
for cell in `cat /dev/null `; do \
    echo "/$cell.pdl: \\" >> Depend-pdl; \
    /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsimm -M -v
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell $cell >> Depend-pdl; \
    echo '' >> Depend-pdl; \
done
#
  dummy cells
echo 'DCELL_CELLS = \' >> Depend-pdl
           & \\/; $s/\\/' /dev/null
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/dcell/list >> Depend-pdl
echo '' >> Depend-pdl
for cell in `cat /dev/null /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/dcell/list`; do \
    echo "./dcell/$cell.pdl:
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell/$cell.ly" >> Depend-pdl; \
done
### finished making dependencies -- Tue Mar 7 13:46:50 PST 1995
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards'
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards'
### making dcell/auindx.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:46:52 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -q phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim alp glob=phim_alp -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref 0ph glob=vref_0ph auindx) >
dcell/auindx.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles3226/auindx.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:46:59
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: auindx.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                       : 95/03/07 13:46:59
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                       : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:00
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
```

```
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [AUINDX]
% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
                168 Zero Length Segments.
                          : 95/03/07 13:47:00
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                                0 Secs
                                                0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c auindx -o
dcell//auindx.cutouts
mv dcell/auindx.pdl.tmp dcell/auindx.pdl
### finished with dcell/auindx.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:03 PST 1995
### making dcell/cc.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:03 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim a1p glob=phim a1p -g
phim_blp_glob=phim_blp -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph cc) > dcell/cc.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
       assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles3342/cc.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:11
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: cc.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                         : 95/03/07 13:47:11
Terminated at
                         : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                      0 Mins
                                               0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles
                   Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:12
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [CC]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
```

```
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
              532 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:47:13
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                             0 Secs
                                              1 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c cc -o dcell//cc.cutouts
my dcell/cc.pdl.tmp dcell/cc.pdl
### finished with dcell/cc.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:16 PST 1995
### making dcell/cdio.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:16 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim alp glob=phim_alp -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph cdio) >
dcell/cdio.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles3485/cdio.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:25
Only specified layers will be selected
database: cdio.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                         : 95/03/07 13:47:26
Terminated at
                           0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
                         :
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                    0 Mins
                                              1 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:27
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [CDIO]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_0PH not found.
One physical type defined.
%% WARNING: 1076 Zero Length Segments.
```

```
: 95/03/07 13:47:30
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 1 Secs
                                     0 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                               3 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c cdio -o dcell//cdio.cutouts
mv dcell/cdio.pdl.tmp dcell/cdio.pdl
### finished with dcell/cdio.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:33 PST 1995
### making dcell/cerberus.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:33 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -q vssc=vssc -q vddc=vddc -q
phi_a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref Oph glob=vref Oph cerberus) >
dcell/cerberus.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles3617/cerberus.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:40
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: cerberus.qdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 501
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 13:47:40
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
                                             0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:41
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [CERBERUS]
% WARNING: No pins defined for physical type CERBERUS
% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM BlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:47:41
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
Elapsed CPU time
                                    0 Mins
                                              0 Secs
                                     0 Mins
                                              0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c cerberus -o
```

```
dcell//cerberus.cutouts
mv dcell/cerberus.pdl.tmp dcell/cerberus.pdl
### finished with dcell/cerberus.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:43 PST 1995
### making dcell/cj.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:43 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim a1p glob=phim_a1p -g
phim blp_glob=phim_blp_g vref_Oph_glob=vref_Oph_cj) > dcell/cj.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles3741/cj.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:50
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: cj.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 573
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:47:51
Elapsed CPU time
                            0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins 0 Secs
                         :
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
                                              1 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:47:52
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [CJ]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_BlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_0PH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
              914 Zero Length Segments.
                         : 95/03/07 13:47:53
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 1 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c cj -o dcell//cj.cutouts
mv dcell/cj.pdl.tmp dcell/cj.pdl
### finished with dcell/cj.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:56 PST 1995
### making dcell/ck_fgen.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:47:56 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
```

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi_a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim a1p -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref Oph glob=vref Oph ck fgen) >
dcell/ck fgen.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles3850/ck_fgen.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles
                   Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:03
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: ck fgen.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 137
                          : 95/03/07 13:48:03
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                          : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
                                                0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                      0 Mins
                                                0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:03
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [CK FGEN]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
                 5 Zero Length Segments.
                          : 95/03/07 13:48:03
Terminated at
                          : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time :
                             0 Hrs
                                      0 Mins
                                               0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c ck_fgen -o
dcell//ck_fgen.cutouts
mv dcell/ck_fgen.pdl.tmp dcell/ck_fgen.pdl
### finished with dcell/ck_fgen.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:06 PST 1995
### making dcell/cp.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:06 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p_glob=phi a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph_cp) > dcell/cp.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
```

```
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles3958/cp.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:12
Only specified layers will be selected
database: cp.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                         : 95/03/07 13:48:12
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                              0 Secs
                                   0 Mins
                                     0 Mins
                                              0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:13
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [CP]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_BlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
               440 Zero Length Segments.
%% WARNING:
                         : 95/03/07 13:48:14
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c cp -o dcell//cp.cutouts
mv dcell/cp.pdl.tmp dcell/cp.pdl
### finished with dcell/cp.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:16 PST 1995
### making dcell/ctio.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:16 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim_blp_glob=phim_blp -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph ctio) >
dcel\overline{1}/ctio.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4066/ctio.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
```

Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:23 Only specified layers will be selected database: ctio.gdf will be overwritten laver file read UOM = 1000 METRIC UNITS ** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 746 : 95/03/07 13:48:23 Terminated at Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:24 GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994 Initializing ... Processing layout data ... Reading name list ... Start processing physical types ... Writing logical to physical mapping ... [CTIO] [CTIO]

%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.

%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.

%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.

%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.

%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.

%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.

%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found. One physical type defined. %% WARNING: 640 Zero Length Segments. : 95/03/07 13:48:25 Terminated at Elapsed CPU time Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 1 Secs CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c ctio -o dcell//ctio.cutouts mv dcell/ctio.pdl.tmp dcell/ctio.pdl ### finished with dcell/ctio.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:27 PST 1995 ### making dcell/dr.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:27 PST 1995 (cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell; HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g phi_a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph dr) > dcell/dr.pdl.tmp /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file or directory assuming all cells in current directory Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local. Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4174/dr.cif succeeded. Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.

Only specified layers will be selected database: dr.gdf will be overwritten layer file read UOM = 1000

GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion

Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:34

```
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 987
                       : 95/03/07 13:48:34
Terminated at
                       : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
                 Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:35
Design: piddles
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
              373 Zero Length Segments.
                        : 95/03/07 13:48:35
Terminated at
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
Elapsed CPU time
                                            0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c dr -o dcell//dr.cutouts
mv dcell/dr.pdl.tmp dcell/dr.pdl
### finished with dcell/dr.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:38 PST 1995
### making dcell/drio.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:38 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_alp_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim_blp_glob=phim_blp -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph drio) >
dcell/drio.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
     assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4282/drio.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
                 Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:44
Design: piddles
Only specified layers will be selected
database: drio.gdf will be overwritten
laver file read
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 649
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 13:48:44
Elapsed CPU time
                       : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
```

```
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles
                    Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:44
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [DRIO]
%% WARNING: No pins defined for physical type DRIO
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
One physical type defined.
                          : 95/03/07 13:48:44
Terminated at
                          : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                      0 Mins
                                                0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c drio -o dcell//drio.cutouts
mv dcell/drio.pdl.tmp dcell/drio.pdl
### finished with dcell/drio.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:47 PST 1995
### making dcell/es.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:48:47 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi_a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph es) > dcell/es.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4390/es.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:56
Only specified layers will be selected
database: es.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
Terminated at
                          : 95/03/07 13:48:57
                         : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                                0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:48:58
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
```

```
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [ES]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_BlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_0PH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
            2568 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:49:14
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 14 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                    0 Mins 16 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c es -o dcell//es.cutouts
mv dcell/es.pdl.tmp dcell/es.pdl
### finished with dcell/es.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:17 PST 1995
### making dcell/gt.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:18 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim a1p glob=phim a1p -g
phim_blp_glob=phim_blp -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph gt) > dcell/gt.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4499/gt.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:25
Only specified layers will be selected
database: gt.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 13:49:26
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
                                             1 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:27
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
```

```
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_BlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_0PH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING: 1436 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                          : 95/03/07 13:49:29
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 2 Secs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 2 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c gt -o dcell//gt.cutouts
mv dcell/gt.pdl.tmp dcell/gt.pdl
### finished with dcell/gt.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:33 PST 1995
### making dcell/hc.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:33 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi_a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph hc) > dcell/hc.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4607/hc.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:39
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: hc.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 988
Terminated at
                          : 95/03/07 13:49:40
                          : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                       0 Mins
                                                 1 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:40
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [HC]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
One physical type defined.
%% WARNING: 240 Zero Length Segments.
```

```
: 95/03/07 13:49:41
Terminated at
                        : 0 Hrs
Elapsed CPU time
                                   0 Mins
                                           0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time :
                          0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
                                            1 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c hc -o dcell//hc.cutouts
mv dcell/hc.pdl.tmp dcell/hc.pdl
### finished with dcell/hc.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:43 PST 1995
### making dcell/hz.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:43 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref Oph glob=vref Oph hz) > dcell/hz.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4715/hz.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles
                 Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:49
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: hz.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                        : 95/03/07 13:49:49
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
                                           0 Secs
                                   0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:50
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [HZ]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
              34 Zero Length Segments.
                        : 95/03/07 13:49:50
Terminated at
                        : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c hz -o dcell//hz.cutouts
mv dcell/hz.pdl.tmp dcell/hz.pdl
```

```
### finished with dcell/hz.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:52 PST 1995
### making dcell/ife.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:49:52 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -q phi b2p glob=phi b2p -q phim a1p glob=phim a1p -q
phim blp_glob=phim_blp_g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph ife) > dcell/ife.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm; vlsi.boo; No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4823/ife.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:58
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: ife.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 781
                         : 95/03/07 13:49:58
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:49:59
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [IFE]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
              158 Zero Length Segments.
                         : 95/03/07 13:49:59
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins 0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c ife -o dcell//ife.cutouts
mv dcell/ife.pdl.tmp dcell/ife.pdl
### finished with dcell/ife.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:02 PST 1995
### making dcell/iorate.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:02 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -q vssc=vssc -q vddc=vddc -g
```

```
phi a2p glob≈phi a2p -g phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim alp glob=phim alp -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref 0ph glob=vref_0ph iorate) >
dcell/iorate.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles4931/iorate.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:08
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: iorate.gdf will be overwritten
laver file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                        : 95/03/07 13:50:08
Terminated at
                       : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                             0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                    0 Mins
                                             0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:09
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [IORATE]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_BlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
               118 Zero Length Segments.
                        : 95/03/07 13:50:09
Terminated at
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time :
                           0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c iorate -o
dcell//iorate.cutouts
mv dcell/iorate.pdl.tmp dcell/iorate.pdl
### finished with dcell/iorate.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:11 PST 1995
### making dcell/iq.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:11 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim a1p glob=phim a1p -g
phim_blp_glob=phim_blp -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph iq) > dcell/iq.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
```

```
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5039/ig.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
                  Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:18
Design: piddles
Only specified layers will be selected
database: iq.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 300
                        : 95/03/07 13:50:18
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:19
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [IQ]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found. %% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
              428 Zero Length Segments.
                        : 95/03/07 13:50:19
Terminated at
                       : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
                                             0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c iq -o dcell//iq.cutouts
mv dcell/iq.pdl.tmp dcell/iq.pdl
### finished with dcell/iq.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:22 PST 1995
### making dcell/lt.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:22 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -q vssc=vssc -q vddc=vddc -q
phi a2p glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim_blp_glob=phim_blp -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph lt) > dcell/lt.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5147/lt.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:29
```

```
Only specified layers will be selected
database: lt.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                           : 95/03/07 13:50:30
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                          : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                       0 Mins
                                                1 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:31
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [LT]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING: 1083 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                          : 95/03/07 13:50:33
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 1 Secs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 2 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c lt -o dcell//lt.cutouts
mv dcell/lt.pdl.tmp dcell/lt.pdl
### finished with dcell/lt.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:36 PST 1995
### making dcell/mc.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:36 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi_a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph mc) > dcell/mc.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5255/mc.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:44
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: mc.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
                         : 95/03/07 13:50:44
Terminated at
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                         : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
```

```
0 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:45
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [MC]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VKEF_0PH not found.
 One physical type defined.
               952 Zero Length Segments.
%% WARNING:
                           : 95/03/07 13:50:47
Terminated at
                          : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 1 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                       0 Mins
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c mc -o dcell//mc.cutouts
mv dcell/mc.pdl.tmp dcell/mc.pdl
### finished with dcell/mc.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:50 PST 1995
### making dcell/mst.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:50:50 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p_glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p_glob=phi b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_oph_glob=vref_oph_mst) > dcell/mst.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5363/mst.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:56
Only specified layers will be selected
database: mst.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 270
Terminated at
                          : 95/03/07 13:50:56
                          : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
                                       0 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:50:57
```

GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994

```
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [MST]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
             432 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 13:50:58
                       : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                          0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
                                            1 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c mst -o dcell//mst.cutouts
mv dcell/mst.pdl.tmp dcell/mst.pdl
### finished with dcell/mst.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:51:00 PST 1995
### making dcell/nb.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:51:00 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref Oph glob=vref Oph nb) > dcell/nb.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5471/nb.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:51:09
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: nb.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 954
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 13:51:09
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:51:10
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [NB]
```

```
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
               1696 Zero Length Segments.
                             : 95/03/07 13:51:14
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                         0 Mins
                                                    3 Secs
                                           0 Mins
                                                      4 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c nb -o dcell//nb.cutouts
mv dcell/nb.pdl.tmp dcell/nb.pdl
### finished with dcell/nb.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:51:18 PST 1995
### making dcell/rg.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:51:18 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p glob=phi a2p -g phi b2p glob=phi b2p -g phim_a1p glob=phim_a1p -g phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_Oph_glob=vref_Oph_rg) > dcell/rg.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
       assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5579/rg.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:51:28
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: rg.gdf will be overwritten
laver file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 189
                             : 95/03/07 13:51:29
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                            : 0 Hrs
                                           0 Mins 1 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                           0 Mins
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles
                     Started at: 95/03/07 13:51:30
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [RG]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
```

One physical type defined. %% WARNING: 2822 Zero Length Segments. CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c rg -o dcell//rg.cutouts mv dcell/rg.pdl.tmp dcell/rg.pdl ### finished with dcell/rg.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:04 PST 1995 ### making dcell/rgxmit.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:04 PST 1995 (cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell; HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g phi a2p glob=phi_a2p -g phi b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref 0ph glob=vref 0ph rgxmit) > dcell/rgxmit.pdl.tmp /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file or directory assuming all cells in current directory Cannot open vlsi.boo. Assuming all cells are local. Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5687/rgxmit.cif succeeded. Root symbol is called ROOTCELL. GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:10 Design: piddles Only specified layers will be selected database: rgxmit.gdf will be overwritten layer file read UOM = 1000 METRIC UNITS ** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 549 Terminated at : 95/03/07 13:52:10 Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:11 GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994 Initializing ... Processing layout data ... Reading name list ... Start processing physical types ... Writing logical to physical mapping ... [RGXMIT] %% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found. %% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found. %% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found. One physical type defined. %% WARNING: 490 Zero Length Segments. Terminated at : 95/03/07 13:52:12 Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs

```
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
                                             1 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c rgxmit -o
dcell//rgxmit.cutouts
mv dcell/rgxmit.pdl.tmp dcell/rgxmit.pdl
### finished with dcell/rgxmit.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:15 PST 1995
### making dcell/sr.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:15 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c via12 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi a2p_glob=phi a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim_b1p_glob=phim_b1p -g vref_0ph_glob=vref_0ph sr) > dcell/sr.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5795/sr.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:22
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: sr.qdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 706
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 13:52:22
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:23
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [SR]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM AlP not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
               728 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:52:23
                                             0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                    0 Mins
                                              0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c sr -o dcell//sr.cutouts
mv dcell/sr.pdl.tmp dcell/sr.pdl
### finished with dcell/sr.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:26 PST 1995
```

```
### making dcell/uu.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:26 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -q vssc=vssc -q vddc=vddc -q
phi a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_alp_glob=phim_alp -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref Oph glob=vref Oph uu) > dcell/uu.pdl.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles5903/uu.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:33
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: uu.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:52:33
Elapsed CPU time
                         : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
                                               0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:34
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [UU]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_A1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
              579 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:52:34
                         : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
                                               0 Secs
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c uu -o dcell//uu.cutouts
mv dcell/uu.pdl.tmp dcell/uu.pdl
### finished with dcell/uu.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:37 PST 1995
### making dcell/xlu.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:37 PST 1995
(cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell;
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/piddles -r -t mobi234 -c vial2 -x
vsse -x vdde -x vdda -x vssa -x vcca -g vssc=vssc -g vddc=vddc -g
phi_a2p_glob=phi_a2p -g phi_b2p_glob=phi_b2p -g phim_a1p_glob=phim_a1p -g
phim blp glob=phim blp -g vref 0ph glob=vref 0ph xlu) > dcell/xlu.pdl.tmp
```

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sun4/vlsimm: vlsi.boo: No such file
or directory
      assuming all cells in current directory
Cannot open visi.boo. Assuming all cells are local.
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles6011/xlu.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:45
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: xlu.qdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:52:46
Elapsed CPU time
                         : 0 Hrs 0 Mins
                                               0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 13:52:47
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ..
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [XLU]
%% WARNING: Globalnet VSSC not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet VDDC not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B1P not found.
% WARNING: Globalnet PHIM_B1P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
             1434 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                         : 95/03/07 13:52:50
Elapsed CPU time
                         : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 3 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                     0 Mins
CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive cutouts -p
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/dcell -c xlu -o dcell//xlu.cutouts
mv dcell/xlu.pdl.tmp dcell/xlu.pdl
### finished with dcell/xlu.pdl -- Tue Mar 7 13:52:54 PST 1995
[ -d sofa/ ] | mkdir -p sofa/
(echo 'CELL : E1X1;'; echo 'CELL : M1X1;'; \
       (cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/leaf; cat *.pdl); \
       (cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/sofa; cat *.pdl)) \
      grep -i 'CELL.*:.*[0-9]X[0-9]'
      sed -e 's/.*[: ]\(.*[0-9][0-9]*[Xx][0-9][0-9]*\);.*/\1/g' \
     sort -tX +0n +1n | uniq > ./sofa/profiles.txt
sort -u /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/dcell/list
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/dcell/list
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/dcell/custom-list \
     sed 's/$/
                  L I(METAL2, METAL3, METAL4) / ' > leaf.sel
[ -d sofa/ ] || mkdir -p sofa/
PATH=.:/u/chip/tools/bin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/ucb:/usr/bin:/bin:/n/auspex6/
s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/bin HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/freepos_cdls
./sofa/sofa model.ly leaf.sel
```

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell
Tue Mar 7 13:58:29 PST 1995
Initializing work area: /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards/freepos tmp
Abstracting free cell positions with abgen
**********************
Building cell tree ...
Cells read:
                    142
Instances:
                 945702
*WARNING* - Selected cell "aatop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "addnf" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "addnfds" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "afbbtop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "afdds" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "aftop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "audioadc" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "audiodac" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "bbagc" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "bgiref" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "cahalf" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "capcalib" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "cerpokgen3" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "ck_ckfgentop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "clio" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "clknob" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "clrepeat" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "cplltop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "eplltop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "iobytem" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "loquad" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "mb" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "pl mne" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "pll" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "ratop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rdactop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rfadc" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rfdac" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rfdac1" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rfdac2" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rfdac3" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rffilt" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rfmix" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rfmux" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rrfamp" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rrfmix" not in tree

*WARNING* - Selected cell "rvpplp5" not in tree

*WARNING* - Selected cell "rvpplp5" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rxiqmix4" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rxlnamx" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rxtop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "rxucmix" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "sy50load" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "sypll" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "tag" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "testbb" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "trfamp" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "ttle2ttl" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "vdactop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "voltref" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "vr0p5vpp" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "vr0p5vss" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "vr0p8vpp" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "vrlp5vss" not in tree
Exploding...
***************
*WARNING* - the following cells contain metal
           geometry but have not been abstracted!
```

Exhibit C12

```
sofa_pins
     mobieclium noxistors
     hemecl lrs
     mast shields
     qaff bias
     ecl_pc_bus
     hemecl pc bus ts
     hemecl pc bus bs
     ecl pc busm
     gaff spar bias
     hemmospar ts
     hemmos bs
     ifl
     hemifl ts
     hemifl bs
     ifr
     hemifr ts
     hemifr bs
     sofa vss pad
     sofa vdd pad
     hemmos ts
     hemmos lrs
     hemmos ul
     hemmos_plugu
     hemmos 11
     hemmos plugl
     padtl
     padtr
     padbr
     padbl
     padfatwire
     padvss
     padhib
     padvdd
     padvdda
     padttl
     padrf
mv sofa model.cdl.abgen ./sofa/sofa_model.cdl.abgen
                                          >>./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen
echo ' '
echo '(* Cell: CGCLOCKBIAS *)'
                                          >>./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen
                                          >>./sofa/sofa_model.cdl.abgen
echo 'CELLNAME: CGCLOCKBIAS;'
                                          >>./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen
echo 'SIZE:
                24000.24000;'
echo 'OFFSET:
                                          >>./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen
                0.0;'
echo 'POS: 0.0+0;'
                                          >>./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen
                                          >>./sofa/sofa_model.cdl.abgen
echo 'ENDCELL;'
sed -e 's/4772000\.264000;/4772000.192000;/' \
             -e 's/3180000\.3576000;/912000.3576000;/' \
         ./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen > ./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen.tmp
mv ./sofa/sofa_model.cdl.abgen.tmp ./sofa/sofa_model.cdl.abgen
[ -d sofa/ ] | | mkdir -p sofa/
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive_bounds
./sofa/sofa_model.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell
>./sofa/sofa bounds.gsub
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/gsub
./sofa/sofa bounds.gsub
</n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/sofacdl.c.template \</pre>
  > ./sofa/sofacdl.c
cc -g ./sofa/sofacdl.c -o ./sofa/sofacdl
./sofa/sofacdl ./sofa/profiles.txt ./sofa/sofa_exclude.ly
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/sofa | \
  sed -e '/^END_OF_FILE;/d' > sofa/sofa.cdl
cat ./sofa/sofa model.cdl.abgen >> sofa/sofa.cdl
/usr/5bin/echo '\nEND_OF_FILE;' >> sofa/sofa.cdl
[ -d sofa/ ] || mkdir -p sofa/
PATH=.:/u/chip/tools/bin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/ucb:/usr/bin:/bin:/n/auspex6/
s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/bin HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/basegen \
```

./sofa/sofa model.ly

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/flat.sel
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcell
Tue Mar 7 13:59:50 PST 1995
Initializing work area: /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards/basegen tmp
*************
Running abgen ...
*************
Building cell tree...
Cells read:
Instances:
              945702
*WARNING* - Selected cell "ifcl" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "mobieclium probe" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padmobi" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtest" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestydda" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestyddbot" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestyddleft" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestvddright" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestvddtop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestvssbot" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestvssleft" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestvssright" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "padtestvsstop" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "powerwaffle e" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "testmodcl" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "noisediff" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "hepharn" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "horm4con" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "verconm4" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "horlink" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "vrrvbus" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "avddpad m5" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "avsspad m5" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "pllwl" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "pllw2" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "som_m3" not in tree
*WARNING* - Selected cell "som m4" not in tree
****************
*WARNING* - the following cells contain metal
           geometry but have not been abstracted!
***********
    ср
    cdio
    iq
    сj
    1t
    ctio
    iorate
    nb
    gt
    cc
    1311
    hc
    dr
    hz
    ife
    sr
    auindx
    rgxmit
    mst
    xlu
    mc
    rg
    cerberus
```

cli

```
cache
     pl_euh
     pl_eus
     iobyte
     bgproca2d
     tsensa
     baknobaen
     bellybutt
     bg3stack
     cerpokgen
     ctaq
     gtlb
     cr
     ttle2teu
     ledkbdip
     ledsegdry
     bgbbcstm
     ttl3vnew
     leddigdry
     mast shields
     gaff bias
     ecl_pc_bus
     hemecl_pc_bus_ts
hemecl_pc_bus_bs
ecl_pc_busm
gaff_spar_bias
hemmospar_ts
     ifl
     hemifl ts
     hemifl bs
     ifr
     hemifr ts
     hemifr bs
     sofa_vss_pad
     sofa_vdd_pad
*********
Abstracting flat cells for chip base...
**********
Cell: hemecl_lrs
Cell: hemmos bs
Cell: hemmos 11
Cell: hemmos lrs
Cell: hemmos plug1
Cell: hemmos plugu
Cell: hemmos_ts
Cell: hemmos_ul
Cell: mobieclium noxistors
Cell: sofa pins
Cell: padhib
Cell: padfatwire
Cell: padvdd
Cell: padvss
Cell: padvdda
Cell: padrf
Cell: padttl
Cell: padbl
Cell: padbr
Cell: padtl
Cell: padtr
Compiling base cell: sofa_model
 Protecting targets
  Simplifying metal layers
  Compiling target contexts
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles6840/sofa model targets.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion
```

```
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 14:03:11
 Only specified layers will be selected
database: sofa model targets.gdf will be overwritten
layer file read
UOM = 1000
METRIC UNITS
** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 512
                        : 95/03/07 14:03:11
Terminated at
                        : 0 Hrs
Elapsed CPU time
                                  0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
                                             0 Secs
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles
                 Started at: 95/03/07 14:03:12
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [SOFA MODEL TARGETS]
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_OPH not found.
 One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
               124 Zero Length Segments.
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 14:03:12
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
                                            0 Secs
                                   0 Mins
  Compiling routing obstructions
***********
/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards/basegen_tmp
  44 -rw-r--r-- 1 chip
                              44176 Mar 7 14:03 sofa model base.pdl
                                   0 Mar 7 14:03 sofa model leafcells.cdl
   0 -rw-r--r- 1 chip
************
Tue Mar 7 14:03:16 PST 1995
sed 's/SOFA MODEL/SOFA/' basegen tmp/sofa model base.pdl > sofa/sofa.pdl
if [ -f
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate clock spars.ly ] ;
then \
 cd ./sofa; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/sofa captiles
baseplate clock spars /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-dcel1 ;
fi
Creating work area:
/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards/sofa/sofa_captiles_950307140317
###Abstracting sofa_padtiles.ly ...
###Abstracting sofa_spartiles.ly ...
###Writing sofa_captiles.coeff ...
###Creating sofa_padtiles.obs ...
###Creating sofa pads spars.obs ...
Removing /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards/sofa/sofa_captiles_950307140317
[ -d sofa/ ] || mkdir -p sofa/
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/gsub \
  ./sofa/sofa bounds.qsub
</n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/sofa.tdl.template
>sofa/sofa.tdl
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/gards'
```

[finished at Tue Mar 7 14:03:31 PST 1995 -- exit status 0]

```
chip (Potatoe Chip)
                    Tuesday, March 07, 1995 4:28 PM
Sent:
To:
                    'aeert'
                    output of euterpe/clockbias/.checkoutrc
Subject:
Tue Mar 7 14:03:55 PST 1995 (geert Tue, 7 Mar 1995 13:47:38 -0800) euterpe/clockbias
   [Release BOM (V7.0) in euterpe/clockbias (Tue Mar 7 14:03:55 PST 1995)]
                                                               BOM 7.0
Dir
        euterpe/clockbias
1.8
        .checkoutrc
1.28
        Makefile
6.1
        clockbias.domains
                                                                   (No)
===> running euterpe/clockbias/.checkoutrc (Tue Mar 7 14:04:02 PST 1995) <===
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofa_exclude
baseplate clock spars /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all
baseplate
Creating work area:
/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/clockbias/cbsofa exclude 950307140407
/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/clockbias/cbsofa exclude 950307140407
/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/clockbias
Gutting mosatom site
Gutting mobieclium site
Gutting ifm
Gutting ifl & ifr
Masking clock tracks
Building cbsofa_exclude.ly
Gutting ecl_pc_busm
Gutting gaff_spar_bias
Building cbsofa_mask.ly
Removing /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/clockbias/cbsofa exclude 950307140407
returning context to: /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/clockbias
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofa_model
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all
Building cell tree...
Cells read:
                   23
Instances:
Exploding...
Writing .ly file ...
cp cbsofa_model.ly cbsofa_mask.ly cbsofa_exclude.ly
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM_LICENSE_FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL TOTAL DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/basegen \
  cbsofa model.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofa.sel
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all
Tue Mar 7 14:05:04 PST 1995
Initializing work area: /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/clockbias/basegen_tmp
*************
Running abgen ...
*************
Building cell tree...
Cells read:
               107586
Instances:
Exploding...
*************
Abstracting flat cells for chip base...
***********
Cell: sofa_vss_pad
Cell: sofa_vdd_pad
Cell: ifl
```

Cell: ifm

From:

```
Cell: ifr
Cell: ecl_pc_bus
Cell: ecl_pc_busm
Cell: hemecl pc bus ts
Cell: hemecl pc bus bs
Cell: mast_shields
Cell: gaff_bias
Cell: gaff_spar_bias
Cell: hemecl lrs
Cell: hemmospar ts
Cell: hemmos bs
Cell: hemifl ts
Cell: hemifr ts
Cell: hemifl bs
Cell: hemifr bs
Cell: cbsofa mask
**********
Compiling base cell: cbsofa model
************
  Protecting targets
 Simplifying metal layers
 Compiling target contexts
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles8559/cbsofa_model_targets.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights
reserved.
Design: piddles
                  Started at: 95/03/07 14:07:04
Only specified layers will be selected
database: cbsofa model targets.gdf will be overwritten layer file read UOM = 1000 METRIC
UNITS
                       : 95/03/07 14:07:04
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                       : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 14:07:05
GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994
Initializing ...
Processing layout data ...
Reading name list ...
Start processing physical types ...
Writing logical to physical mapping ...
  [CBSOFA MODEL TARGETS]
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_A2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet PHI_B2P not found.
%% WARNING: Globalnet VREF_0PH not found.
One physical type defined.
%% WARNING:
               45 Zero Length Segments.
                       : 95/03/07 14:07:05
Terminated at
                      : O Hrs
Elapsed CPU time
                                0 Mins 0 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                  0 Mins
 Compiling routing obstructions
***********
/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/clockbias/basegen_tmp
                        56999 Mar 7 14:07 cbsofa_model_base.pdl
 56 -rw-r--r-- 1 chip
  0 -rw-r--r-- 1 chip
                                  0 Mar 7 14:07
cbsofa model leafcells.cdl
Tue Mar 7 14:07:16 PST 1995
sed -e 's/CBSOFA MODEL/CBSOFA/g' basegen_tmp/cbsofa_model_base.pdl \
```

```
> cbsofa.pdl
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/basegen/derive bounds \
 cbsofa model.ly /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all > cbsofa bounds.gsub
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/gsub cbsofa bounds.gsub \
  < /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofa.tdl.template > cbsofa.tdl
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/make cbmacros
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/gards/sofa cge
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/gsub cbsofa bounds.gsub \
  < /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cbsofacdl.c.template > cbsofacdl.c gcc -
g cbsofacdl.c -o cbsofacdl /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/get_profiles
cbmacros.pdl > profiles.txt ./cbsofacdl profiles.txt cbsofa_exclude.ly > cbsofa.cdl cat
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/cge.gsub
cbsofa bounds.gsub > autospar.gsub
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/gsub autospar.gsub
</n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/autospar.c.template \
 > autospar.c
rm autospar.gsub
gcc -g -O -I/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/include autospar.c -o autospar ./autospar
mobieclium_site mast_shields gaff_bias \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate clock spars.ly \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate ecl logic.ly n5
s6 n3
Reading arrays of mobieclium site cells in
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate clock_spars.ly:
32930 cells
Reading arrays of mast shields cells in
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate clock spars.ly:
2079 cells
Reading arrays of gaff bias cells in
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate clock spars.ly:
2079 cells
Reading arrays of mobieclium site cells in
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate/baseplate_ecl_logic.ly:
480164 cells
Building eclsofa bitmap...
MAST from (158,539) to (4692,539)
GAFF from (158,536) to (4692,536)
 north: at (350,542), length: 62 eclatoms
 south: at (350,536), length: 170 eclatoms
SPAR(1)
 north: at (862,542), length: 62 eclatoms
 south: at (862,536), length: 170 eclatoms
SPAR(2)
 north: at (1374,542), length: 62 eclatoms
 south: at (1374,536), length: 170 eclatoms
SPAR(3)
 north: at (1886,542), length: 213 eclatoms
 south: at (1886,536), length: 170 eclatoms
 north: at (2398,542), length: 62 eclatoms
 south: at (2398,536), length: 170 eclatoms
SPAR(5)
 north: at (2910,542), length: 213 eclatoms
 south: at (2910,536), length: 170 eclatoms
SPAR(6)
 north: at (3422,542), length: 62 eclatoms
 south: at (3422,536), length: 170 eclatoms
 north: at (3934,542), length: 62 eclatoms
 south: at (3934,536), length: 170 eclatoms
SPAR(8)
 north: at (4446,542), length: 62 eclatoms
 south: at (4446,536), length: 169 eclatoms
Spar: cgsparn0 Domain: 4
                          Client atoms: 20026
Spar: cgspars0
               Domain: 1
                           Client atoms: 24090
Spar: cgspars0 Domain: 2
                          Client atoms: 18980
```

Spar: cgspars0 Domain: 3 Client atoms: 17271

```
Spar: cgsparn1 Domain: 14 Client atoms: 14570
Spar: cgsparsl Domain: 11 Client atoms: 15510
Spar: cgspars1 Domain: 12 Client atoms: 12220
Spar: cgspars1 Domain: 13 Client atoms: 11985
Spar: cgsparn2 Domain: 24 Client atoms: 14570
Spar: cgspars2 Domain: 21 Client atoms: 15510
                             Domain: 22 Client atoms: 12220
Spar: cgspars2
                             Domain: 23 Client atoms: 11985
Spar: cgspars2
                             Domain: 36 Client atoms: 13095
Spar: cgsparn3
Spar: cgsparn3 Domain: 35 Client atoms: 8250
Spar: cgsparn3 Domain: 34 Client atoms: 13630
Spar: cgspars3 Domain: 31 Client atoms: 15510
Spar: cgspars3 Domain: 32 Client atoms: 12220
Spar: cgspars3 Domain: 33 Client atoms: 11985
Spar: cgsparn4 Domain: 44 Client atoms: 14570
Spar: cgspars4 Domain: 41 Client atoms: 15510
Spar: cgspars4
Spar: cgspars4
Spar: cgspars4
Spar: cgspars4
Spar: cgspars5
Domain: 43
Client atoms: 12220
Domain: 56
Client atoms: 16102
Spar: cgsparn5
Spar: cgsparn5
Domain: 55
Client atoms: 9914
Spar: cgsparn5
Domain: 54
Client atoms: 13630
Spar: cgspars5 Domain: 51 Client atoms: 15510
Spar: cgspars5 Domain: 52 Client atoms: 12220
Spar: cgspars5 Domain: 53 Client atoms: 11985
Spar: cgsparn6 Domain: 64 Client atoms: 14570
Spar: cgspars6 Domain: 61 Client atoms: 15510
Spar: cgspars6 Domain: 62 Client atoms: 12220
Spar: cgspars6
Spar: cgspars6
Spar: cgspars7
Spar: cgspars8
Spar: cgspars9
Spar: 
Spar: cgsparn8 Domain: 84 Client atoms: 6758
Spar: cgspars8 Domain: 81 Client atoms: 130
Spar: cgspars8 Domain: 82 Client atoms: 104
Spar: cgspars8 Domain: 83 Client atoms: 2429
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/spargen <clockbias.spargen > clockbias.edif
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/sofagen -v
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all <knobstraps.sofagen
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/run_emerge
###############################
#Making clockbias gards.edif#
*******************************
Running emerge compiled on Wed Mar 1 18:27:16 GMT 1995
       Consuming edif file clockbias.edif
           Found edif structure: CLOCKBIAS
       Creating status file emerge.stat
       Reading edif library clocklib.edif
       Merging libraries with input edif
       Consuming power table information file
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/clockbias gards.tab
           Performing Edif Transformations..
       Disgorging edif file clockbias gards.edif
           Writing edif structure: clockbias 95 gards 46 edif Memory usage: 3.855MB
####################################
Running emerge compiled on Wed Mar 1 18:27:16 GMT 1995
       Consuming edif file clockbias.edif
           Found edif structure: CLOCKBIAS
       Creating status file emerge.stat
       Reading edif library clocklib.edif
       Merging libraries with input edif
```

```
Disgorging edif file clockbias master.edif
      Writing edif structure: clockbias 95 master 46 edif Memory usage: 3.840MB
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockblas/clockmask <cbsofa mask.ly > clockmask.obs rm
-f *.mobi234 ln -s /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/technology/mobimos/gards/*.mobi234 .
/usr/5bin/echo \
  'readpif ./clockbias.pif\nreadobs ./clockmask.obs\nexitsave' \
  > gplace.nic
/usr/5bin/echo 'PG PHIM A1P\nPG PHIM B1P' > clockbias.spn
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM LICENSE FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL TOTAL DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/run_slnet
 ** SLNET 1.037 ** SL NET V1.000 -- Netlist Manipulator Copyright (c) 1994,1995 SILVAR-
LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: clockbias Started at: 95/03/07 14:09:41
 Loading file "clockbias gards.edif".
Library : clocklib.edif
Cell [BGVRSLV2] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [BGECKBB] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [CEDMCTRL M] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [CEDMCTRL_T] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [CEDMCTRL_B] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [CEDMCTRL C] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [CGED] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [CGEB] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [CGEB2] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [CGEBMAST] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [CGEB2MAST] View [NET VIEW]
Library : CLOCKLIB
Library : clockbias
Cell [cgsparn0] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [cgspars0] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn1] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [cgspars1] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn2] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgspars2] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn3] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgspars3] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn4] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgspars4] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn5] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [cgspars5] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn6] View [NET VIEW]
Cell [cgspars6] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn7] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgspars7] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgsparn8] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgspars8] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cgmaste0] View [NET_VIEW]
```

Saving...
[CGED]
[CGEB]
[CEDMCTRL_B]
[CGEB2]
[BGECKBB]
[CEDMCTRL_M]
[BGVRSLV2]
[CEDMCTRL_T]

Cell [cgmastw0] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cggaffe0] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [cggaffw0] View [NET_VIEW]
Cell [clockbias] View [NET_VIEW]

```
[CEDMCTRL C]
[CGEBMAST]
[CGEB2MAST]
[clockbias]
Netlist Info :
   Number of logic types
                          : 11
   Number of nets : 776
Number of components : 1922
   Number of component pins : 4744
   Number of pins/comp : 2.468262
Number of nets/comp : 0.403746
   Size estimation :
                TYPE
                          | # inst | size/inst | total
size
    CGED
                                  1193
                                                        | 1193
                                           | 1
   CGEB
                                   277
                                                        277
                                            | 1
                                                         | 8
   CEDMCTRL B
                                   8 |
   CGEB2
                                                         41
                                            | 1
   BGECKBB
                                   40
                                                         40
   | CEDMCTRL M
                                   40
                                            | 1
                                                         40
   BGVRSLV2
                                   262
                                                         262
   CEDMCTRL T
                                            | 1
   | CEDMCTRL C
    CGEBMAST
   | CGEB2MAST
                                            1
                                  | 1922 | 1 | 1922
   TOTAL
  ______
   Warning: No "SL_SIZE" attributes found on the cells!
         Default size (1) was used for all cells.
         To change this default add an attribute "SL_SIZE" to the cells.
slnet > slnet > slnet > slnet > 14:10:27 Terminating Normally on 95/03/07
        Elapsed CPU time 00:00:30
        Elapsed wall time 00:00:46
End of Program
```

Normal Termination ...

HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools

LM_LICENSE_FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat

DISPLAY=thoas:0 SL_TOTAL_DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/bin/invoke pcomp clockbias

```
Requires a minimum license of gardsfel 3 or gardsl 3 .
Applicable licenses available at your installation :
                        gardsconfig 3
Checked out one user token of a gardsconfig 3 license.
GARDS PCOMP 7.121 -- Physical Compiler
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: clockbias Started at: 95/03/07 14:10:31
PCOMP Version 7.1.21 of August 9, 1994
Processing Logic description: CLOCKBIAS
Processing Expansion level: SLNET
... Start of netlist processing.
... Circuit name: CLOCKBIAS
... Processing CDL.
... CHIPNAME: CBSOFA;
... Processing header of user PDL.
... PHYSICALLIB: PBUILD;
... Processing header of system PDL.
... PHYSICALLIB: PBUILD;
... Processing rest of user PDL.
... Processing rest of system PDL.
... Processing TDL.
... TECHNOLOGYLIB: CBSOFA;
... Computed Grid Size = 1000
... Final Processing.
... Successful physical compilation (with warnings).
>>> Loading logical netlist.
... Successful completion. GARDS design file created.
Terminated at
                        : 95/03/07 14:11:40
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 12 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   1 Mins
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM LICENSE_FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL_TOTAL_DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/gastatus -d clockbias
            CLOCKBIAS
Design:
 Nets:
            451
  Pins:
            7776
DRVs reported: 0
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM LICENSE FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL_TOTAL_DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/gadff2pif clockbias.dff > clockbias.pif Reading (12)
LOG TYPE records...
    1923 components read
    1922 placement records generated
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM LICENSE FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas:0 SL_TOTAL_DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/sl/bin/invoke gplace clockbias -inbat 1 -cmdin
gplace.nic
Requires a minimum license of xgplace1_3 or gards1_3 .
Applicable licenses available at your installation:
                        gardsconfig 3
Checked out one user token of a gardsconfig 3 license.
GARDS GPLACE 7.126 -- General Placer
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: clockbias Started at: 95/03/07 14:11:55
```

```
Loading component hierarchy...
Loading components ...
Loading nets...
Loading logical types ...
Processing physical types...
Loading cell_types...
Creating net-comp xref table ...
                        : 95/03/07 14:15:37
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 1 Mins
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 3 Mins
                                            3 Secs
                                    3 Mins 42 Secs
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM_LICENSE_FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL TOTAL DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/gastatus -p clockbias
Design:
            CLOCKBIAS
            451
  Nets:
  Pins:
            7776
Placement: complete
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM_LICENSE_FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL TOTAL DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/route clockbias
Reading LOCAL_NET (1391) records...
Reading block list (23) records...
Listing (451) nets...
GARDS Peroute 7.143 -- Power and Ground Router Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All
rights reserved.
Design: clockbias
                     Started at: 95/03/07 14:15:46
PGROUTE Version 7.1.43 of April 2, 1994
Reading signal nets...
Reading unconnected nets...
Reading supply nets...
Reading cells...
Reading chip information ...
Reading logical types...
Reading physical types...
Reading components...
Routing net: PHIM_A1P
Net is routed.
Routing net: PHIM B1P
Net is routed.
Routing statistics:
GARDS wire length:
                    1134
Total segments: 54
Total vias: 56
                        : 95/03/07 14:17:24
Terminated at
                        : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 28 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                    1 Mins 38 Secs
Design:
           CLOCKBIAS
```

451

7776

Nets:

Pins:

```
Placement: complete
Requires a minimum license of xgarout1 3 or gards1 3 .
Applicable licenses available at your installation :
                        gardsconfig 3
Checked out one user token of a gardsconfig 3 license.
** Multilayer Router 7.121
Copyright (c) 1994 Silicon Valley Research, Inc. All rights reserved.
Design: clockbias Started at: 95/03/07 14:17:27
 GAROUT Version 7.1.21 of November 28, 1994
 PARAMETERS FOR THIS ENTIRE RUN:
  DELETEOLD = FALSE
   PROTECTPINS = 1
  LBXSHORTEN =
  LBYSHORTEN =
 CIRCUIT: CLOCKBIAS
 TOLERANCE = 1 UNITS
 ONE MICRON = 1000 UNITS
HORIZONTAL SEGMENTS PREFERED ON ODD LAYERS VERTICAL SEGMENTS PREFERED ON EVEN LAYERS
ESTIMATED TOTAL WIRE LENGTH = 1007081 MICRONS
 FILES FOR THIS ENTIRE RUN:
  DESIGN FILE: clockbias.dff
  LISTING:
                 garout.lis
   CONGVAL:
                clockmask.cvp
   STRATEGY:
                clockpairs.rcf
DELAY 0 OBSTRUCTIONS WILL OBSTRUCT ROUTING LAYERS 1 THROUGH 3 WILL TRY ALL INCOMPLETE
NETS IN THE "NETLIST" FILE
 ***** STARTING LINE-SEARCH ROUTING ***** PARAMETERS FOR THIS PASS:
  NETLIST FILE = clockbias spars.nets
  THRESHOLDS = -1
  ROUTORDER = -1
  NETFLAG = -1
  OUTPUTLEVEL = -1
  TERMOUTPUT = FALSE
 DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 1 SET TO
                                     1000 DFUNITS
DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 2 SET TO
                                     1000 DFUNITS
  ENFORCE XOR = FALSE
  BESTESCAPE = 0
  NUMPINTARGS = 5
  X LS LIMIT = 30000
  Y LS LIMIT = 30000
  PIN PAIR LIMIT =
                          -3
  FIRST LAYER = 1
  LAST LAYER = 2
  SEARCH DEPTH =
ROUTING RESULTS:
 ***** 10% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE =
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 20% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 16.86%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 30% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 25.08%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 40% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 38.75%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 50% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 47.18%
```

```
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 60% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 60.34%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 70% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 69.46%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 80% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 77.51%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 90% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 85.74%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 100% OF NETS TRIED *****
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
END OF RUN STATISTICS:
            4690 SEGMENTS AND
                                 3630 VIAS ON CHIP
TOTAL OF
                                  200 VIAS IN ANY NET
              208 SEGMENTS AND
MAXIMUM OF
TOTAL ACTUAL WIRE LENGTH = 629836 MICRONS
NUMBER OF NEW DOGLEG SEGMENTS THIS RUN =
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE =
                                          88.09%
TOTAL CONNECTIONS LEFT UNROUTED =
 (MAXORD = 809, MAXLIN = 809)
NO NETS TO ROUTE IN LINE-SEARCH PASS (SEARCHDEPTH 20, LAYERS 1 TO 2) WILL TRY ALL
INCOMPLETE NETS IN THE "NETLIST" FILE
 ***** STARTING LINE-SEARCH ROUTING ***** PARAMETERS FOR THIS PASS:
  NETLIST FILE = clockbias mast.nets
  THRESHOLDS = -1
  ROUTORDER = -1
  NETFLAG = -1
  OUTPUTLEVEL = -1
  TERMOUTPUT = FALSE
                                 1000 DEUNITS
DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 2 IS
DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 3 SET TO
                                 1000 DFUNITS
  ENFORCE XOR = FALSE
  BESTESCAPE = 0
  NUMPINTARGS = 5
  X LS LIMIT = 30000
  Y LS LIMIT = 30000
  PIN PAIR LIMIT =
  FIRST LAYER = 2
  LAST LAYER = 3
  SEARCH DEPTH =
ROUTING RESULTS:
 ***** 10% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 88.22%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 20% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 88.34%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 30% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 88.57%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 **** 40% OF NETS TRIED ****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 88.80%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 50% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 89.14%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 **** 60% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 89.47%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 70% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 89.90%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
```

***** 80% OF NETS TRIED *****

```
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 90.34%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 90% OF NETS TRIED ****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 90.82%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 100% OF NETS TRIED *****
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
END OF RUN STATISTICS:
TOTAL OF
            4816 SEGMENTS AND
                                 3766 VIAS ON CHIP
MAXIMUM OF
              208 SEGMENTS AND
                                  200 VIAS IN ANY NET
TOTAL ACTUAL WIRE LENGTH = 689388 MICRONS
NUMBER OF NEW DOGLEG SEGMENTS THIS RUN =
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE =
                                          91.31%
TOTAL CONNECTIONS LEFT UNROUTED =
                                     340
 (MAXORD =
             809, MAXLIN =
                             809)
NO NETS TO ROUTE IN LINE-SEARCH PASS (SEARCHDEPTH 20, LAYERS 2 TO 3) WILL TRY ALL
INCOMPLETE NETS IN THE "NETLIST" FILE
 ***** STARTING LINE-SEARCH ROUTING ***** PARAMETERS FOR THIS PASS:
  NETLIST FILE = clockbias chain.nets
  THRESHOLDS = -1
  ROUTORDER = -1
  NETFLAG = -1
  OUTPUTLEVEL = -1
  TERMOUTPUT = FALSE
                               1000 DFUNITS
DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 2 IS
DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 3 IS
                               1000 DFUNITS
  ENFORCE XOR = FALSE
  BESTESCAPE = 0
  NUMPINTARGS = 5
  X LS LIMIT = 30000
  Y LS LIMIT = 30000
  PIN PAIR LIMIT =
                           n
  FIRST LAYER = 2
  LAST LAYER = 3
  SEARCH DEPTH =
ROUTING RESULTS:
 ***** 10% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 91.51%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 20% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 91.64%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 30% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 91.74%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 40% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 91.84%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 50% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 91.95%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 60% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 92.07%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 70% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 92.18%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 80% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 92.28%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 90% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 92.38%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
***** 100% OF NETS TRIED *****
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
END OF RUN STATISTICS:
```

```
4866 SEGMENTS AND
                                 3858 VIAS ON CHIP
 TOTAL OF
 MAXIMUM OF
             208 SEGMENTS AND
                                   200 VIAS IN ANY NET
 TOTAL ACTUAL WIRE LENGTH = 728423 MICRONS
 NUMBER OF NEW DOGLEG SEGMENTS THIS RUN =
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE =
                                             92.48%
 TOTAL CONNECTIONS LEFT UNROUTED =
                                      294
 (MAXORD = 809, MAXLIN = 809)
 NO NETS TO ROUTE IN LINE-SEARCH PASS (SEARCHDEPTH 20, LAYERS 2 TO 3)
 *** NORMAL TERMINATION ***
Terminated at : 95/03/07 14:22:38
Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 1 Mins 49 Secs
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 5 Mins 11 Secs
Requires a minimum license of xgarout1 3 or gards1 3 .
Applicable licenses available at your installation :
                         gardsconfig 3
Checked out one user token of a gardsconfig 3 license.
** Multilayer Router 7.121
Copyright (c) 1994 Silicon Valley Research, Inc. All rights reserved.
Design: clockbias Started at: 95/03/07 14:22:42
 GAROUT Version 7.1.21 of November 28, 1994
 PARAMETERS FOR THIS ENTIRE RUN:
   DELETEOLD = FALSE
   PROTECTPINS = 1
   LBXSHORTEN =
   LBYSHORTEN =
 CIRCUIT: CLOCKBIAS
TOLERANCE = 1 UNITS
ONE MICRON = 1000 UNITS
 HORIZONTAL SEGMENTS PREFERED ON ODD LAYERS VERTICAL SEGMENTS PREFERED ON EVEN LAYERS
ESTIMATED TOTAL WIRE LENGTH = 1007081 MICRONS CHIP CONTAINS SOME PREVIOUS WIRING
 # OF SEGMENTS = 4866 # OF VIAS = 3858
 ACTUAL WIRE LENGTH SO FAR = 728423 MICRONS
 FILES FOR THIS ENTIRE RUN:
  DESIGN FILE: clockbias.dff
  LISTING: garout.lis
CONGVAL: dummy.cvp
   STRATEGY:
                clockbias.rcf
 WILL TRY ALL INCOMPLETE NETS IN THE DESIGN
 ***** STARTING LINE-SEARCH ROUTING ***** PARAMETERS FOR THIS PASS:
  NETLIST FILE = dummy.nets
   THRESHOLDS =
  ROUTORDER = -1
  NETFLAG = -2
   OUTPUTLEVEL = -1
   TERMOUTPUT = FALSE
 DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 1 SET TO 1000 DFUNITS
 DOGLEG LENGTH ON LAYER 2 SET TO
                                      1000 DFUNITS
  ENFORCE_XOR = FALSE
  BESTESCAPE = 10
  NUMPINTARGS = 5
  X LS LIMIT = 30000
  Y LS LIMIT = 30000
  PIN PAIR LIMIT =
                           -3
  FIRST LAYER = 1
  LAST LAYER = 2
   SEARCH DEPTH =
ROUTING RESULTS:
 ***** 10% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 94.27%
```

```
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 20% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 95.42%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 30% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 96.70%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 40% OF NETS TRIED *****
PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 97.85%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 50% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 98.79%
 MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 60% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 99.05%
MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
                                                    O
 ***** 70% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 99.28%
 MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 80% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 99.54%
 MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
                                                    n
 ***** 90% OF NETS TRIED *****
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 99.77%
 MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 ***** 100% OF NETS TRIED *****
 MISSING CONNECTIONS IN TRIED NETS THIS PASS =
 END OF RUN STATISTICS:
 TOTAL OF
             5320 SEGMENTS AND
                                  3858 VIAS ON CHIP
 MAXIMUM OF
               208 SEGMENTS AND
                                   200 VIAS IN ANY NET
 TOTAL ACTUAL WIRE LENGTH = 1040402 MICRONS
 NUMBER OF NEW DOGLEG SEGMENTS THIS RUN =
 PERCENTAGE OF CONNECTIONS NOW COMPLETE = 100.00%
 TOTAL CONNECTIONS LEFT UNROUTED =
 (MAXORD =
             363, MAXLIN =
 *** NORMAL TERMINATION ***
                        : 95/03/07 14:23:28
Terminated at
                          0 Hrs 0 Mins 34 Secs
Elapsed CPU time
                        :
Elapsed wall clock time :
                           0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins 46 Secs
Design:
            CLOCKBIAS
 Nets:
            451
 Pins:
            7776
Placement: complete
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM_LICENSE_FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL TOTAL_DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/gastatus -r clockbias
Design:
           CLOCKBIAS
 Nets:
            451
  Pins:
            7776
Routing 100.00% complete
HOME=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools
LM LICENSE FILE=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/license/license.dat
DISPLAY=thoas: 0 SL TOTAL DURATION=500 CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/clockbias/export_clockbias
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/vlsi.boo-all
###Creating clockbias.gil
GARDS MASKOUT 7.109 -- Mask Data Generator Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights
reserved.
                    Started at: 95/03/07 14:23:33
Design: clockbias
```

MASKOUT Version 7.1.09 of April 12, 1994

```
...reading physical types...
... reading chip information...
...reading signal nets...
... reading unconnected nets...
... reading supply nets...
...reading cells..
...reading logical types...
... reading components...
... converting nets: segments, vias, pads...
10%
20%
30%
40%
50%
60%
70%
80%
90%
...converting components...
    Totals:
    451 signal net(s).
    2 supply net(s).
    1224 layer 1 segment(s).
    3944 layer 2 segment(s).
    152 layer 3 segment(s).
    3674 1-2 via(s).
    184 2-3 via(s).
    1922 component(s).
    49994 unused cell(s).
    Total net length on METAL-1 layer is 33862 microns.
    Total net length on METAL-2 layer is 929333 microns.
    Total net length on METAL-3 layer is 78341 microns.
                           95/03/07 14:23:38
Terminated at
Elapsed CPU time
                           0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
                                            4 Secs
                        .
Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs
                                   0 Mins
###Target assignment
Reading (1923) COMP records...
Reading (21) PHYS TYPE records...
Reading (451) NET records...
460 targets appended to file: clockbias.gil ###Creating Compass cell clockbias.ly
(Compacting...done)
    Parsing translation table
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/lib/gards/xlatemobi.tab
      Design CLOCKBIAS Created 00/00/00 Gil Version 1
Gil Level 2
      Number of records processed: 61810
    Write lavout files
###Creating Compass cell cgclockbias.ly
(Compacting...done)
    Parsing translation table
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/lib/gards/xlatemobi.tab
                              Created 00/00/00 Gil Version 1
      Design CGCLOCKBIAS
      Number of records processed: 61811
    Write layout files
###Protecting targets
###Simplifying metal layers
###Compiling target contexts
Translation of /usr/tmp/piddles15395/cgclockbias.cif succeeded.
Root symbol is called ROOTCELL.
GARDS GDSGDF 7.108 -- GDS to GDF conversion Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights
reserved.
```

Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 14:27:16

Only specified layers will be selected database: cgclockblas.gdf will be overwritten layer file read UOM = 1000 METRIC UNITS ** WARNING ** GDS file : last block length = 1019 Terminated at 95/03/07 14:27:16 : Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 0 Secs GARDS GDFPDL 7.123 -- Create PDL Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Design: piddles Started at: 95/03/07 14:27:18 GDFPDL Version 7.1.23 of January 27, 1994 Initializing ... Processing layout data ... Reading name list ... Start processing physical types ... Writing logical to physical mapping ... [CGCLOCKBIAS] %% WARNING: Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. Targets coincide at x = 1735000, y = 4279000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 1736000, y = 4278000. %% WARNING: Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. Targets coincide at x = 2759000, y = 4279000. %% WARNING: Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. Targets coincide at x = 2760000, y = 4278000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 3783000, y = 4279000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at $x = 378400\overline{0}$, $y = 427800\overline{0}$. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 4807000, y = 4279000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI B2P - pin PHI B2P_GLOB. Targets coincide at x = 4808000, y = 4278000. %% WARNING: %% WARNING: Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. Targets coincide at x = 5831000, y = 4279000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 5832000, y = 4278000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 6855000, y = 4279000. %% WARNING: Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. Targets coincide at x = 6856000, y = 4278000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI A2P - pin PHI A2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 7879000, y = 4279000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 7880000, y = 4278000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 8903000, y = 4279000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 8904000, y = 4278000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_A2P - pin PHI_A2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 711000, y = 4279000. Potential REDIT error: pin PHI_B2P - pin PHI_B2P_GLOB. %% WARNING: Targets coincide at x = 712000, y = 4278000. One physical type defined. %% WARNING: 325 Zero Length Segments. Terminated at : 95/03/07 14:27:20 Elapsed CPU time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins 2 Secs Elapsed wall clock time : 0 Hrs 0 Mins ###Compiling spar/mast obstructions Scanning input ...

```
Compacting . . .
Appending output PDL data ...
###Bubbling VDDE/VSSE text from cedmctrl_c into cgclockbias.ly Building cell tree...
............
                   60
Cells read:
Instances:
                    1.
Exploding...
Writing .ly file ...
cp knob*.ly clockbias.ly cgclockbias.ly
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate
cd /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate;
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vlsifixlib
cat knobs.emerge.tab > tmp.tab
awk '{print "createport cgclockbias " $2 " output"}' \
 knobs.emerge.tab >> tmp.tab
sed -e 's/CLOCKBIAS/CG&/g' -e 's/clockbias/cg&/g' \
  clockbias_master.edif > tmp.edif
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/emerge -R -p tmp.tab -n -f -e tmp.edif -o
cgclockbias.edif
Running emerge compiled on Wed Mar 1 18:27:16 GMT 1995
   Consuming edif file tmp.edif
     Found edif structure: cgclockbias 95 master 46 edif
    Flattening edif;
      flattened 1922 instances;
                                   created 399 nets in
cgclockbias_95_master_46_edif
   Consuming power table information file tmp.tab
     Performing Edif Transformations...
    Disgorging edif file cgclockbias.edif
     Writing edif structure: cgclockbias_46_edif Memory usage: 7.918MB rm tmp.tab
tmp.edif grep '^B' knobmap.ly | awk 'BEGIN{ width = 100}{printf("\
  B %d %d %d %d\n\
 B %d %d %d\n\
  B %d %d %d %d\n\
  B %d %d %d %d\n",\
  $2,$3,$4,$3+width,\
  $2,$5-width,$4,$5,\
  $2,$3,$2+width,$5,\
  $4-width, $3, $4, $5)}' > knobmaptext.ly cp knobmaptext.ly
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/compass/baseplate
   [finished at Tue Mar 7 14:28:04 PST 1995 -- exit status 0]
```

pmayer (Patricia Mayer) From: Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 7:33 PM To: 'tbr' Cc: 'pmayer' Subject: Re: PCB layout schedule I was just wondering if you could respond to this soon? Thanks -Pattie > From pmayer Mon Mar 6 23:28:19 1995 > Subject: PCB layout schedule > Tim, > I wanted to revisit our conversation on the PCB layout schedule. > On Hestia Main, I added 2 weeks to do the Mnemo module in parallel > to Howard laying out the Euterpe module. This really isn't a great > significance in my learning if we are to be seperated. Revisit? > Need to set priority in the following: > Euterpe > Mnemo > Herminator needed to connect between Pandora and Hestia, Low? > Back Plane > PCI Bridge - higher than cronus or PCI Hermes > Cronus > PCI Hermes > Please clarify the priorities and I'll plug in the numbers.

> Thanks > -Pattie From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Tuesday, March 07, 1995 7:36 PM

To: 'tbr'
Cc: 'woody'

Subject: status

Tim,

euterpe module:

I checked in all of my Makefiles and stuff for pandora/p620_00014_0000/ged compile. I checked in 2 Makefile, Makefile.ged and Makefile.verilog, eventually these should be merge and some of the information put into morpheus/Makefile.rules/defs. I *did not* check in the morpheus/ged/custom/euterpe/chips_prt file that I hacked because we don't check those files in they are automatically generated. I did not release them because I have this hacked file to make it work.

The problem is that the chips_prt generater does not expect a body to have a bus at its interface. Rich McCauley says it can be done, but wants to answer the body vs gyg as source for the pin map. Rich's view is that the body file ought to be the source for pin map type of information. The gyg file can be the source for everything else.

To compile it check out pandora/p620_00014_0000/ged and morpheus. gmake morpheus and the copy my euterpe/chips_prt over the one automatically created. Then 'gmake' in pandora/p620_00014_0000/ged.

hestia main board:

The schematic is complete and checked in. I did check in my changes that the compiler was going to find.

I have not attempted to compile this, the only problem I would expect is that the calliope chips_prt is not correct.

I did check in a Makefile in hestia/p620_00001_0000/ged that is needed to setup the startup.concept, etc for browsing the schematic. I assumed you would want to do this.

This schematic needs to be reviewed. I did not verify that all of the gnats PRs have been taken care of though I do know that 2031 and 1777 should be done, they just need to be verified. I also know that noel has yet to spec new parts for the irout circuit. I put in the old one.

To Do for main board compile:

- Decide what to do about chips_prt. I vote for sticking with the gyg because we already know how to deal with it.
- 2. Move all of the schematics to the new directory structure. If you attempt to browse the schematic, you will need to set up links to the hestia/ged dir (see my set up).
- 3. Put together the necessary Makefiles similar to the euterpe module.

4. Eventually all of the old stuff should be cvs rm'ed.

I have to go, but I think that should cover you.

good luck (see you monday),

jay

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 9:55 PM

To:

'ken (Ken Hsieh)'

Subject:

Re: euterpe (Mike Wageman's machine) is not functioning

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

Ken Hsieh wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

David told me that euterpe back up on the second reboot. However, I found the root disk was making a big noise. I have called AVCOM to order a disk to replace it before it crash. We will the disk in the next couple of days.

Ken, did you check with mikeh? We ordered spare drives for the sparc IIs and he should have them in stock by now.

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 10:45 PM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'pmayer'

Subject:

Re: PCB layout schedule

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

I was just wondering if you could respond to this soon? Thanks

-Pattie

> From pmayer Mon Mar 6 23:28:19 1995

> Subject: PCB layout schedule

> Tim,

> I wanted to revisit our conversation on the PCB layout schedule.

> On Hestia Main, I added 2 weeks to do the Mnemo module in parallel

> to Howard laying out the Euterpe module. This really isn't a great > significance in my learning if we are to be seperated. Revisit?

> Need to set priority in the following:

> Euterpe

> Mnemo

> Herminator needed to connect between Pandora and Hestia, Low?

> Back Plane

> PCI Bridge - higher than cronus or PCI Hermes

> Cronus

> PCI Hermes

> Please clarify the priorities and I'll plug in the numbers.

I think you have the right order here. However, the Herminator is not to connect between Pandora and Hestia, it's a placeholder for otherwise empty slots in the backplane. The PCI Hermes module is the link to Hestia.

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 11:15 PM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'mws@microunity.com'

Subject:

Re: warning of avoidable vegn bug

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

I haven't poked the code yet, but I think I recall seeing this. What would you like Veqn to do with differing bit widths on either side of ==?

For example:

== foo[2:0]

bar[2:0] == 0

: 3 bits? : 3 bits? bar[2:0] == foo[3:0] : Error?

I think we should consider the last one an error. For the special case of one side being a constant it ought to get co-erced to the same size as the other side. If any non zero bits fall off the LHS, that probably ought to be an error too.

Okay. Mark said much the same.

I'm working on it.

I'll make a bit mismatch (where one side is not a constant) an error initially. I can change this to a warning and bit extend one field or the other if needed.

I think if we are specifying fields or busses they oughtta match. It's only integers where I think we should infer the width. It's safer that way.

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 07, 1995 11:20 PM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'mws@microunity.com'

Subject:

Re: warning of avoidable veqn bug

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

I think if we are specifying fields or busses they oughtta match. It's only integers where I think we should infer the width. It's safer that way.

Okay.

So...

if one side is a constant, then pad with 0's if neither side is constant and the widths mismatch, then error out?

Yes, and error out if the constant is too big to fit in the field width of the other side.

```
From:
                      lisar (Lisa Robinson)
                      Wednesday, March 08, 1995 9:20 AM
Sent:
                      'billz'; 'dickson'; 'doi'; 'jeffm'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody'
To:
                      'geert'
Cc:
Subject:
                      Test status
BOM 247 running on Zycad
BOM 244 running on IKOS
NOTE: gtlbtran 1, doubleextest 0,
New business
regdepend r25547 238 - miscompare on qmshri16 (should take an
exception but doesn't)
                         tried to recreate with same operands but ran ok - aphrodite /s3
24295.8960
                  244 - This test Ran OK
                         240 - Miscompare trace on nosferatu
stgen r13311 0
/s4/res/3395.13608
dcache sz 16k 1
                         241 - Printed test name then X - rhodan /s3
2395.6392
Recreated with icachenoalloc dump (_0) on staypuft/s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc
icache func 1
                         244 - trace on rhodan /s3 5395.2288 (hung)
doublemctest 0
                         241 - Traces in /s2 nosferatu 1395.12332 - verilog
dump on nosferatu /s5
hermes_lateturnon 241 - trace on nosferatu /s2 19295.28510
                         241 - Failed trace on nosferatu /s2 3395.26649
nb hermes 1
atomic conflict 1 244 - Hung? rhodan /s3 5395.1189
Trying to re-create with dcacheannoying2
sync_1
                         244 - hung rhodan /s3 4395.9146
exception_1
                  244 - Test fix in
                         244 - X very early (looks to be doing a cerberus
xlu field 4 1
access of octlet 6)
**** Jeff **** RECREATED with dramprintharder2 see rhodan /s3 8395.27689 (I had not picked
up the latest test change)
                  244 - Printed P then went to X rhodan /s3
mem U
4395.15296
interrupt U
gtlb miss U
                    244 - All X - rhodan /s3 5395.1338
barrel U
bgate U
cache U
icache stress
                         244 - X 6395.2961
dcache except
                         244 - dcache tag exception 2 was not recieved when
expected
                         exception bit set in tag but not in GTLB - rhodan /s3 6395.2961
                         244 - X - trace on rhodan /s3 7395.26886 hung
unix 1
                  247 - X trace on nosferatu /s2 8395.16920
cerberrtest.
```

```
dcache perf st1t 1
                        244 just printed failed rhodan /s3 6395.3461
dcache perf ldst5t 1 244 just printed failed rhodan /s3 6395.3461
Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these
                        Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved
cerbarbeasy 0
Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance
measure)
                       Expected difference between the cached and
dcache perf ld1t 1
non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles
                  Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 24295.8260
icache_perf_lt_1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles
                  Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s3
26295.14314
icache perf 5t 1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles
                  Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s3
6395.3461
                  Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
nb 1
= 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379
                        Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
nb slow
= \overline{150:180} rhodan /s3 28295.4379
Have not yet been run:
nb combo 1
hermes conflict 1
dcache conflict 1
ruptpintest 0 - Need to build a "custom" simulator
interleave_1
interleave U
exception U
tlb U
synch U
Cannot yet be run:
instr U
instr 1
tlb 1
insn_1
nulltest
XLU tests
xlu rotate 1 1
xlu rotate 2 1
xlu expand 1 1
xlu_compress_1 1
xlu_extract_1_1
xlu field 1 1
xlu_field_2_1
xlu_field_3_1
xlu_copyswap_1_1
xlu_copyswap_2_1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_4_1
xlu_shufflemux_1_1
```

xlu select 1 1

Not yet implemented:

brcolltest_0
brcrosstest_0
brimmlongtest_0
expriotest_0
canceltest_0
hermtotest_0
cerbtotest_0
eventregtest_0
evintbashtest_0
exintbashtest_0
cerberror_0
testerinit_0
memmap_0
nbbashtest_0
cerbarbtests
hcplltests

Need Special Simulator Support

hermesload_0 hermes_load_0

jeffm (Jeff Marr) Wednesday, March 08, 1995 11:28 AM Sent:

To:

'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'

Cc:

'jeffm'; 'mws'

Subject:

icachenoalloc_v

Lisa Robinson writes:

> Went to X so I am running the _0 version.
> The _V version is on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc.

I will fix the _V version, though it is not the highest on my list, since there is an _0 dump.

Sent:

To:

craig Wednesday, March 08, 1995 11:42 AM

Cc:

'dbulfer tbr woody' 'pandora'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe module Cerberus clock

Perhaps the best way would be to bring both these signals out the connector, where the connection can be made on the motherboard.

Craig

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Wednesday, March 08, 1995 3:37 PM

To: 'sysadmin'

Subject: ghidra/s3

Hi,

I cannot get to ghidra/s3 from ambiorix

 $geert@ambiorix /N/auspex/root/s14/geert 67 \% \ cd \ /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc: Operation would block$

Geert

From: Sent: doi (Derek Iverson)

To:

Wednesday, March 08, 1995 4:26 PM 'gmo'; 'guarino'; 'jeffm'; 'sandeep'; 'gregg'; 'wayne'

Cc:

no, guarino, jenin, sand

Subject:

Software Bringup Meeting Minutes - March 8, 1995

Software Bringup Meeting
----March 8, 1995

Next Meeting:

March 15 at 10:00 am.

Attendees: guarino, gmo, sandeep, jeffm, doi, gregg

New Action Items

Review of Action Items

Item: Build test that accesses and runs in a bunch of memory spaces and states.

Who: doi

Status: In progress.

03/08 The test currently runs out of ibuffer but accesses data out of dbuf, dram, and hermes devices. The support to build the tests that specify hermes data regions in in progress (mkimg).

Item: Can a single cylinder (in an exception `loop') lock out other
cylinders?

Who: jeffm

Status: Pending.

03/08 Jeff needs to talk with mws.

Item: Determine what is initialized (and how) in terp

Who: gmo

Status: Pending

0308 Gmo took this item.

Item: Terp needs to model `quaranteed forward progress for cache miss'

in the same fashion as the hardware does.

Who: lisa

Status: In progress.

03/01 Lisa has contacted mws and is implementing the same scheme used by the hardware.

03/08 Still in progress.

Item: Tests need to be written to verify performance issues

Who: lisar

Status: In progress.

02/22 We need to flag performance problems as errors.

Tests could be identified (and perhaps written) to measure

and verify performance of the hardware for things like cache misses, tlb initialization, exceptions, etc.

03/01 Lisar has started writing these tests.

03/08 Work continues.

Item: Running Real-time Benchmark on Euterpe/Calliope HW Simulator (combined with previous 'Run real-time test on the HW simulator)

Who: gregg, lisar Status: In Progress.

02/08 There are problems getting the benchmark to run on the

software simulator. Work continues to find out where the problems are. The compilers, simulator, kernel, and benchmark areas are 'frozen' (in terms of checking in new changes) until the problem has been identified.

02/15 It is estimated that by the middle of March we should have cycles available on the IKOS and a IKOS compatible calliope that can be run with the real-time benchmark. Lisar will be the verification resource to help with running this application.

The benchmark is working and now the effort is focused on getting it to fit in the real-time and memory budgets. 03/01 The TV application has bogged down recently but work

continues. It is believed that this won't be ready to run (from the software hand the hardware perspective) until April.

03/08 lisar has starting building a IKOS compatible calliope. The benchmark team is looking at a way to build a reduced subset of the test.

Item: Determine what additional terp features are required (formally 'Status of Euterpe/Mnemo simulation')

Who: gmo, jeffm Status: Pending.

02/08 Jeffm figured that in 2 - 3 weeks time there would be a need for terp/mnemo capability to support the verification effort. An issue was raised that this may not be enought time for the required additions to terp to be made.

02/15 Gmo is to create a list of requested features for terp and then he and jeffm (and others?) are to review the list and determine what will be implemented by terp.

02/22 Gmo is ready to circulate the list.

03/01 Nothing new.

03/08 Gmo has shown a group of people the list but will post it.

Item: Test interleaved access

Who: guarino, lisar Status: Pending.

02/08 Loretta started to look at this but requires terp support. Terp changes are on hold until the real-time benchmark is is running again.

02/22 Test has been written (interleave) but has not been run on hwterp yet. Lisar is going to run this on the hardware simulator.

03/01 The test has been built, but not run yet. Derek is to check

to be sure the hermes channels are enabled.

03/08 Ready to run on HW.

Item: Build microkernel tests for IKOS

Who: doi, sandeep, iimura

In progress. Expected completion 2/15

- 02/08 Create images for boot test, snapshot images for microkernel tests.
- 02/15 doi is still working on modifying the makefiles to build the 1 and 2 versions of this. iimura is creating a tool that modifies the ELF headers to have the proper real addresses (not just virtual) and gmo has modified mkimg to be able to understand the new headers.
- 02/22 lisar says there are still problems building this. iimura is generating a code segment that will run in both rom and cerbrom that will proberly initialize dram and then branch to the test (which is in dram).
- 03/01 Sandeep is going to add code to boot so it can figure out if the cerb node is zero or eight. Derek is to start building the kernel tests so they may be loaded and run on the hw simulators.

03/08 Ready to be built for hardware.

Item: DVT boot Who: sandeep

Status: In progress.

02/08 First step is to get nano-boot running on the HW simulator. 02/15 Sandeep has completed the boot code and now we need to build a dvt that can be loaded by the DVT boot (i.e. it is loaded into the top 8K of D and I buffer). Jeffm commented that for most DVTs, they must be loaded at the beginning of D and I buffer and the beginning of ram. We will have to come up with an alternative for loading DVTs. Sandeep noted that dvts will not be started in event mode which is in contrast to jeffm's mail about the initial state for dvts (but we knew this already).

02/22 We want to understand if we can modify the DVTs so they do not require that they are loaded at the beginning of D&Ibuf and ram.

03/01 Sandeep is going to implement a DVT boot mechanism.

03/08 Almost done. Testing and final check-in of changes soon.

Suspended Items

Item: Unsnap code Who: sandeep, quarino Status: Suspended.

02/15 The issue of restarting the hardware from an IKOS dump was discussed and the need for an architectural snap/unsnap facility was questioned. Since the meeting it has been re-discovered (jeffm wasn't there to remind us of an earlier decision) that we are planning on loading architectural state into an IKOS simulation and not from a total IKOS logic dump. We also determined that when it came time to run some of the larger tests (real-time benchmark) we would need the capability to start an IKOS simulation from an architectural dump anyhow.

03/01 For the short term we are going to focus on a simpler approach for loading and running DVTs, the kernel, and kernel tests. This item will likely come back in April.

Item: Refine remote debugging environment

Who: sandeep

Status: Suspended

02/08 We have to decide how control (and state) is to be returned

to the debug stub after a test runs. 02/15 Sandeep is not going to have time to start on this for a while.

Item: Create performance test plan

Who: jeffm, guarino

Status: [11/30] No progress as focus is on functionality.

We continue to run tests to help us compare terp vs hardware performance.

We still need to put together the actual performance tests that need to be run on the hardware.

Completed Items

Item: Build a longer sync-op test with nb activity.

Who: guarino

Status: Done.

Item: Build and run stress test (without printfs)

Who: quarino

Status: Done.

Item: Specify and Design ISA/Cerberus Card

Who: gmo, lisar, dbulfer Status: Done (the specify part)

02/22 gmo, lisar, and dbulfer own the problem of specifying

the design and assigning resources.

03/01 The specification meeting happened but design (hw and sw) has

yet to begin.

03/08 Requirements posted. This is being removed form the list of items the software bringup group will track.

Test Status and General Discussion

Jeff talked about current HW and test status.

I missed most of the discussion printing off the proper version of last meetings minutes.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 08, 1995 4:49 PM

To: Cc: 'craig (Craig Hansen)'

Subject:

'dbulfer'; 'pandora'; 'woody' Re: Euterpe module Cerberus clock

Craig Hansen wrote (on Wed Mar 8):

Perhaps the best way would be to bring both these signals out the connector, where the connection can be made on the motherboard.

Great idea! with the new pinnout we have plenty of pins to do that.

From: Curtis Abbott [abbott@microunity.com]

Sent: Wednesday, March 08, 1995 5:15 PM

To: 'tbr@microunity.com'
Subject: Euterpe SDRAM

Given the 32-bit path, what happens if you connect only 1 SDRAM chip? I suppose everything breaks? Is it possible that octlets could come back (and go out) with every other 16 bits garbage?

- Curtis

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 08, 1995 6:28 PM

To:

'Curtis Abbott'

Cc:

'billz'; 'lisar'

Subject:

E. ODD 41

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Euterpe SDRAM

Flag Status:

Red

Curtis Abbott wrote (on Wed Mar 8):

Given the 32-bit path, what happens if you connect only 1 SDRAM chip? I suppose everything breaks? Is it possible that octlets could come back (and go out) with every other 16 bits garbage?

We got it covered! We have three configurations which support a 16 bit databus with choice of 1x16, 2x8, or 4x4 parts (16Mbit). Apart from halved performance, everything would look the same as normal to software. We also have three more configurations to do the same with 64Mbit generation parts when they become available.

We have tested it well stand alone, but have not covered any of these configurations in system level tests. If you think it may be important we need to increase the coverage at that level.

What is the scenario where we might want this?

From: Curtis Abbott [abbott@microunity.com]

Sent: Wednesday, March 08, 1995 6:41 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: 'billz@microunity.com'; 'lisar@microunity.com'

Subject: Euterpe SDRAM

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Wed Mar 8):

Curtis Abbott wrote (on Wed Mar 8):

Given the 32-bit path, what happens if you connect only 1 SDRAM chip? I suppose everything breaks? Is it possible that octlets could come back (and go out) with every other 16 bits garbage?

We got it covered! We have three configurations which support a 16

Good work!

We have tested it well stand alone, but have not covered any of these configurations in system level tests. If you think it may be important we need to increase the coverage at that level.

What is the scenario where we might want this?

A cable modem based on Euterpe might need other than onchip memory. Clearly, this could be slower than 100MHz, and it would be nice if it could be found in increments smaller than 4MB. Given the poor availability of 4Mb SDRAM, 2MB increments based on a single 16Mb chip would probably be a good solution.

- Curtis

From: Sent:

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

To: Cc:

Subject:

Wednesday, March 08, 1995 8:19 PM 'jeffm'; 'mws' 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'tbr'; 'woody' dramprintharder2 dump

Is on /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc on staypuft.

Lisa R.

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 09, 1995 2:29 AM 'Potatoe Chip'

To:

Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert: Thu Mar 9 00:28:23 PST 1995 /N/auspex6/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc chip_euterpe crashed From: ken (Ken Hsieh)

Sent: Thursday, March 09, 1995 11:23 AM

To: 'tbr'

Cc: 'sysadm'

Subject: Re: tomato mount problem

```
> From tbr Wed Mar 8 19:22:36 1995
```

- > Date: Wed, 8 Mar 1995 19:22:34 -0800
- > From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)
- > To: sysadmin
- > Subject: tomato mount problem
- > Content-Length: 251
- _
- > tomato can't reach ghidra:/s3
- > tbr@tomato ~/euterpe 408 % ls /ghidra/s3
- > /ghidra/s3 not found
- > tbr@tomato ~/euterpe 409 % /usr/local/etc/amq -f -u /n/ghidra
- > tbr@tomato ~/euterpe 410 % !ls
- > ls /ghidra/s3

Are you sure that you used "/ghidra/s3"? How about /n/ghidra/s3?

Ken

- > /ghidra/s3 not found
- > tbr@tomato ~/euterpe 411 %
- ?

From: tbr Thursday, March 09, 1995 1:25 PM Sent: 'ken' To: Subject: forwarded message from Charlie Root Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Red I see we have another failure. Do you understand this one? ----- Start of forwarded message -----Status: RO X-VM-v5-Data: ([nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil] ["51096" "Thu" "9" "March" "95" "03:30:10" "PST" "Charlie Root" "root@auspex0 " nil "1045" "BudTool Backup Report 17 Successful, 2 Failed, 1 volume used, 1530480 KB written." "^From:" nil nil "3"]) Return-Path: <root@auspex0> Received: from auspex0. (auspex0.microunity.com) by gaea.microunity.com (4,1/muse1.3) id AA07976; Thu, 9 Mar 95 03:30:13 PST Received: by auspex0. (4.1/SMI-4.1) id AA01618; Thu, 9 Mar 95 03:30:10 PST Message-Id: <9503091130.AA01618@auspex0.> From: root@auspex0 (Charlie Root) To: sysadmin@gaea Subject: BudTool Backup Report 17 Successful, 2 Failed, I volume used, 1530480 KB written. Date: Thu, 9 Mar 95 03:30:10 PST 03:30:02> == 03:30:02> Backup Statistics: 03:30:02> Media server : stacker1 03:30:02> Start Time : Wed Mar 8 22:01:47 1995 03:30:02> Time completed : Thu Mar 9 03:30:02 1995 03:30:02> Elapsed time : 05:28:15 03:30:02> Total data written : 1530480 KB 03:30:02> Overall performance: 77 KB/sec 03:30:02> Volumes used : 1 03:30:03> Write Retries : 4075 03:30:03> Number of Requests : 19 03:30:03> Successful Requests: 17 03:30:03> Failed Requests : 2

03:30:03> Request Retries

03:30:03> Status Summary

03:30:03> Media Summary:

03:30:03> ==

: 7

: 2 requests FAILED!!

From: ken (Ken Hsieh)

Sent: Thursday, March 09, 1995 1:32 PM

To: 'tbr'

Subject: Re: forwarded message from Charlie Root

I have received two patched from PDC. We will see the result with new patches.

```
Ken
```

```
> From tbr Thu Mar 9 11:25:04 1995
> Date: Thu, 9 Mar 1995 11:25:03 -0800
> From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)
> To: ken
> Subject: forwarded message from Charlie Root
> Content-Length: 1573
> I see we have another failure. Do you understand this one?
> ----- Start of forwarded message -----
> Status: RO
> X-VM-v5-Data: ([nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil]
     ["51096" "Thu" "9" "March" "95" "03:30:10" "PST" "Charlie Root" "root@auspex0 " nil "1045" "BudTool Backup
Report 17 Successful, 2 Failed, 1 volume used, 1530480 KB written." "^From:" nil nil "3"])
> Return-Path: <root@auspex0>
> Received: from auspex0. (auspex0.microunity.com) by gaea.microunity.com (4.1/muse1.3)
     id AA07976; Thu, 9 Mar 95 03:30:13 PST
> Received: by auspex0. (4.1/SMI-4.1)
     id AA01618; Thu, 9 Mar 95 03:30:10 PST
> Message-Id: <9503091130.AA01618@auspex0.>
> From: root@auspex0 (Charlie Root)
> To: sysadmin@gaea
> Subject: BudTool Backup Report 17 Successful, 2 Failed, 1 volume used, 1530480 KB written.
> Date: Thu, 9 Mar 95 03:30:10 PST
> 03:30:02> ===
> 03:30:02> Backup Statistics:
>03:30:02> Media server
                              : stacker1
> 03:30:02> Start Time
                             : Wed Mar 8 22:01:47 1995
                                : Thu Mar 9 03:30:02 1995
> 03:30:02> Time completed
> 03:30:02> Elapsed time
                             : 05:28:15
> 03:30:02> Total data written : 1530480 KB
> 03:30:02> Overall performance: 77 KB/sec
> 03:30:02> Volumes used
                              : 1
> 03:30:03> Write Retries
                              : 4075
>03:30:03> Number of Requests : 19
> 03:30:03> Successful Requests: 17
> 03:30:03> Failed Requests
> 03:30:03> Request Retries
>03:30:03> Status Summary
                                : 2 requests FAILED!!
> 03:30:03> =
> 03:30:03> Media Summary:
```

From: lisa

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 09, 1995 2:13 PM

To:

'vo (Tom Vo)'

Cc:

'tbr'; 'woody'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce ceregcore.V

Tom Vo wrote (on Thu Mar 9):

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce In directory ghidra:/s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce

Modified Files: ceregcore.V Log Message:

fixed inversion with delayed channel disable

Tom, what would have been the effect of this problem.

Lisa R.

From: vo (Tom Vo)

Sent: Thursday, March 09, 1995 2:26 PM

To: 'Lisa Robinson'

Cc: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject: Re: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce ceregcore.V

```
Lisa Robinson wrote ....
```

>

>Tom Vo wrote (on Thu Mar 9):

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce
 In directory ghidra:/s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce

> Modified Files:

ceregcore.V

Log Message:

> fixed inversion with delayed channel disable

>Tom, what would have been the effect of this problem.

>Lisa R.

The channel disable was mistakenly inverted in an earlier checkin . We think that in the wrapchsim environment , where there's no hermes , nb got confused if the channel is enabled . The verilog simulator would come back with X-s very quicky .

tvo

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 09, 1995 5:52 PM

To:

'solo (John Campbell)'

Cc:

'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'Lisa Robinson';

'Thomas Laidig'; 'Tom Vo'

Subject:

proteus build from scratch done

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

John Campbell wrote (on Thu Mar 9):

The proteus build from scratch has completed. We have some changes to Makefiles to checkin and release.

Meanwhile, we should look at the result and see what we think. I need some suggestions or just plain looks at files by you folks to see if things are rational.

Lisar and I looked at some of the timing and cap files and saw some differences. They may not be relavent or as a result of newer models.

Were you comparing to the snapsht or to /u/chip. I had other evidence of something wrong in /u/chip which I fowarded to brinal to investigate.

We intend to start another build with the new makefiles from scratch before the weekend so feedback would be helpful before then.

tom, any suggestions of where to build a chip on the auspex which would end up being the mnemo snapshot.

Do you mean for the proteus, or the mnemo portion? For now I am using the euterpe snapshot for mnemo also. This will have to change as soon as we really freeze the euterpe version.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 09, 1995 5:52 PM

To:

'solo (John Campbell)'

Cc:

Subject:

'briani (Brian Lee)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)';

'tom (Thomas Laidig)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)' proteus build from scratch done

John Campbell wrote (on Thu Mar 9):

The proteus build from scratch has completed. We have some changes to Makefiles to checkin and release.

Meanwhile, we should look at the result and see what we think. I need some suggestions or just plain looks at files by you folks to see if things are rational.

Lisar and I looked at some of the timing and cap files and saw some They may not be relavent or as a result of newer models.

Were you comparing to the snapsht or to /u/chip. I had other evidence of something wrong in /u/chip which I fowarded to brinal to investigate.

We intend to start another build with the new makefiles from scratch before the weekend so feedback would be helpful before then.

tom, any suggestions of where to build a chip on the auspex which would end up being the mnemo snapshot.

Do you mean for the proteus, or the mnemo portion? For now I am using the euterpe snapshot for mnemo also. This will have to change as soon as we really freeze the euterpe version.

solo (John Campbell)

Sent:

Thursday, March 09, 1995 6:03 PM

To:

'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc:

'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)';

'tom (Thomas Laidig)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'

Subject:

Re: proteus build from scratch done

as Tim B. Robinson was saying

...John Campbell wrote (on Thu Mar 9):

. . The proteus build from scratch has completed. We have some changes . . to

Makefiles to checkin and release. . .

. . Meanwhile, we should look at the result and see what we think. I . .

need

. .

some suggestions or just plain looks at files by you folks to see if things are rational.

Lisar and I looked at some of the timing and cap files and saw some

differences. They may not be relavent or as a result of newer

models. . .

..Were you comparing to the snapsht or to /u/chip. I had other evidence ..of something wrong in /u/chip which I fowarded to brinal to investigate.

/u/chip brianl also compared them. see his mail

We intend to start another build with the new makefiles from scratch

before the weekend so feedback would be helpful before then.

tom, any suggestions of where to build a chip on the auspex which

would end up being the mnemo snapshot.

..Do you mean for the proteus, or the mnemo portion? For now I am using ..the euterpe snapshot for mnemo also. This will have to change as soon ..as we really freeze the euterpe version.

..Tim

lisars idea, i think mnemo. any suggestions are all right with me. we need to rebuild from scratch to test the changes we will make. we should do that tonight at 5 unless you say not to.

. . . . regards.

solo a.k.a. John Campbell

x516

```
From:
                     lisar (Lisa Robinson)
                     Friday, March 10, 1995 9:44 AM
Sent:
                      'jeffm'; 'tbr'; 'billz'; 'mws'; 'dickson': 'woodv'
To:
                      'doi'; 'geert'
Cc:
Subject:
                     test status
BOM 247 running on Zycad
BOM 244 running on IKOS
Building 249 on IKOS
New business
regdepend r25547 238 - miscompare on gmshri16 (should take an
exception but doesn't)
                         tried to recreate with same operands but ran ok - aphrodite /s3
24295 8960
                   244 - This test Ran OK on IKOS am running again on Zycad
                         240 - Miscompare trace on nosferatu
stgen r13311 0
/s4/res/3395.13608
Recreated with icachenoalloc dump (_0) on staypuft/s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc
icache_func_1
                         244 - trace on rhodan /s3 5395.2288 (hung)
                       - Fix in 249
                         241 - HW fix in 249
doublemctest 0
hermes lateturnon 241 - trace on nosferatu /s2 19295.28510
                         241 - Test fix in running now
nb hermes 1
atomic conflict 1 244 - Hung? rhodan /s3 5395.1189
Trying to re-create with dcacheannoying2
sync 1
                         244 - hung rhodan /s3 4395.9146
xlu field 4 1
                         244 - X - using dram before doing init seq
**** Jeff **** RECREATED with dramprintharder2 see rhodan /s3 8395.27689 (I had not picked
up the latest test change)
dcache sz 16k 1
                         241 - Printed test name then X - rhodan /s3
2395.6392
mem_U
                   244 - Printed P then went to X rhodan /s3
4395.15296
interrupt U
gtlb miss U
                    244 - All X - rhodan /s3 5395.1338
barrel U
bgate U
                         244 - X traces on rhodan /s3 likedriverlog
cache_U
5395.1338
                         244 - X /s3 rhodan 10395.8826 (and 6395.2961)
icache_stress
                         244 - dcache tag exception 2 was not recieved when
dcache except
expected
                         exception bit set in tag but not in GTLB - rhodan /s3 6395.2961
                         trying to re-create with dcacheharder5
                         244 - Fix in need to re-run
unix_1
                  247 - X trace on nosferatu /s2 8395.16920
cerberrtest
```

```
dcache_perf stlt 1
                        244 - Test fix in need to re-run
dcache perf ldst5t 1 244 - Test fix in need to re-run
Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these
cerbarbeasy 0
                        Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved
Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance
measure)
dcache perf ld1t 1
                        Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles
                 Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 24295.8260
icache perf 1t 1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles
                  Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s3
26295.14314
icache perf 5t 1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles
                  Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s3
6395.3461
                  Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
nb 1
= \overline{150:180} rhodan /s3 28295.4379
                        Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
= \overline{150:180} rhodan /s3 28295.4379
Have not yet been run:
nb combo 1
addr_map_rom - new but doen't compile
hermes conflict 1
dcache conflict 1
ruptpintest 0
                - Need to build a "custom" simulator
interleave_1
interleave_U
exception U
tlb U
synch U
Cannot yet be run:
instr U
instr_1
tlb 1
insn 1
nulltest
XLU tests
______
xlu_rotate_1_1
xlu rotate 2 1
xlu expand 1 1
xlu compress_1_1
xlu extract 1 1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu_field_2_1
xlu_field_3_1
xlu_copyswap_1_1
xlu copyswap 2 1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_4_1
```

xlu_shufflemux_1_1
xlu_select 1 1

Not yet implemented:

brcolltest_0
brcrosstest_0
brimmlongtest_0
expriotest_0
canceltest_0
hermtotest_0
cerbtotest_0
hermerrtest_0
eventregtest_0
exintbashtest_0
cerberror_0
testerinit_0
memmap_0
nbbashtest_0
cerbarbtests

addr_mad_void addr_map_mc addr_map_cerb addr_map_hermes

node-boot

hcplltests

Need Special Simulator Support hermesload_0 hermes_load_0

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 10, 1995 10:49 AM

To:

'bobm'

Subject:

PLL0 divide ratio

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

A small point, but there should be a reference to note 'a' in the description of the PLL1 divide ratio in the euterpe micro-architecture.

From: bobm (Bob Morgan)

Sent:

Friday, March 10, 1995 11:24 AM

To:

'tbr'

Subject: Re: PLL0 divide ratio

I'm sorry, I'm not sure what you mean. Are you talking about the description in cerberus octlet 31? What is note 'a'? Thanks,

Bob

> From tbr Fri Mar 10 08:48:59 1995

> Date: Fri, 10 Mar 1995 08:48:56 -0800

> From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

> To: bobm

> Subject: PLL0 divide ratio

> Content-Length: 144

> A small point, but there should be a reference to note 'a' in the

> description of the PLL1 divide ratio in the euterpe micro-architecture.

> Tim

geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent:

Friday, March 10, 1995 2:52 PM

To:

'stick'

Cc: 'tbr'

Subject: euterpe caches

Hi,

We are trying to free up some space on Euterpe and Mouss suggested to look into making the caches and tags smaller now that they onl have to run at 1.08 GHz and not 1.3 GHz.

Is there any possibility of reduing the sizes of the word-line drivers on the caches and tags and save us some area? How much work would be involved?

Thank's Geert

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 10, 1995 4:04 PM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'stick'

Subject:

euterpe caches

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Fri Mar 10):

Hi.

We are trying to free up some space on Euterpe and Mouss suggested to look into making the caches and tags smaller now that they onl have to run at 1.08 GHz and not 1.3 GHz.

Is there any possibility of reduing the sizes of the word-line drivers on the caches and tags and save us some area? How much work would be involved?

We should bear in mind thought that we never really made it at 1.3GHz allowing for setup and hold times in the SOFA. We should also take account of knob setting 6.

From: Sent:

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

To:

Friday, March 10, 1995 4:04 PM

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Subject:

'stick' euterpe caches

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Fri Mar 10):

Hi,

We are trying to free up some space on Euterpe and Mouss suggested to look into making the caches and tags smaller now that they onl have to run at 1.08 GHz and not 1.3 GHz.

Is there any possibility of reduing the sizes of the word-line drivers on the caches and tags and save us some area ? How much work would be involved ?

We should bear in mind thought that we never really made it at 1.3GHz allowing for setup and hold times in the SOFA. We should also take account of knob setting 6.

From: Sent:

lisar (Lisa Robinson) Friday, March 10, 1995 7:44 PM

'mws'

To: Subject:

icachenoalloc

New _0 dump on staypuft.

Lisa R.

/s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 3:12 AM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cj micbr.tst pcbhnd.tst

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cj In directory clytemnestra:/N/auspex2/s24/mws/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cj

Modified Files:

micbr.tst pcbhnd.tst

Log Message:

cj/*.tst: Reduce size of instruction queue from 7 to 4 quadlets by

eliminating all of hexlet 1 (leaving only hexlet 0).

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 3:14 AM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tst drvchk.V

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tst In directory clytemnestra:/N/auspex2/s24/mws/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tst

Modified Files: drvchk.V Log Message:

Compatible with recent strDat detour thru SR and auindx-->au.

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 3:20 AM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/uu evblm.prio uu.V uuprblmr0.Veqn uuprblmr10.Veqn uuprblmr11.Veqn

uuprblmr12.Vegn uuprblmr13.Vegn uuprblmr5.Vegn uuprblmr7.Vegn uuprblmr8.Vegn

uuprblmr9.Vegn uuprblmwm.Vegn

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/uu In directory cyclops:/N/auspex6/s24/mws/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/uu

Modified Files:

evblm.prio uu,V uuprblmr0.Veqn uuprblmr10.Veqn uuprblmr11.Veqn uuprblmr12.Veqn uuprblmr7.Veqn uuprblmr7.Veqn uuprblmr8.Veqn uuprblmr9.Veqn uuprblmr8.Veqn uuprblmr9.Veqn uuprblmp9.Veqn uuprblmp9.Veqn uuprblmp9.Veqn uuprblmp9.Veqn uuprblmp9.Veqn uuprblmp9.Veqn uuprblmp9.Veqn uu

Log Message:

Log Message.

un'evblm.prio uu/uu.V uu/uuprblm {r0,r5,r7,r8,r9,r10,r11,r12,r13,wm}.Veqn:

Some tests like dramprintharder2_0, bgate_U, interrupt_u, gtlb_miss_u, and barrel_u created a 10 or 15 tick nonblocking load use dependency on a reg that had not been previously written non-X. The speculative load use job, if a memory op itself, was then using its generated X address to get an X LTLB miss. Separated isRsrvd from early part of problem pipe so that load use hiccup could blindly kill the uncertain prblms. Fix is much broader than the mem case to handle the 5 tick separation FXDPNT case (inspection). uu/uuprblmr5.Veqn: Forgot that new NBLDUSE must be higher priority than new LTLBMISS because the former indicates the latter may be X. uu/uuprblmr8.Veqn: Inspection found ltlb miss was higher prio than BR!=Lva. uu/uuprblmr11.Veqn: Inspection found incoming REPELFAIL treated as illegal,

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 3:31 AM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc euterpe.status

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

In directory cyclops:/N/auspex6/s24/mws/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

Modified Files:

euterpe.status

Log Message:

Silly Logic: AT sends ATcachAbleR11 fixed as part of icachenoallocate fix.

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 3:38 AM

To: 'doi'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'chip'

Cc: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'

Subject: Release of BOMs by mws (euterpe)

Checkin Message: -uu/evblm.prio uu/uu.V uu/uuprblm {r0,r5,r7,r8,r9,r10,r11,r12,r13,wm}.Veqn: Some tests like dramprintharder2_0, bgate_U, interrupt_u, gtlb_miss_u, and barrel u created a 10 or 15 tick nonblocking load use dependency on a reg that had not been previously written non-X. The speculative load use job, if a memory op itself, was then using its generated X address to get an X LTLB miss. Separated isRsrvd from early part of problem pipe so that load use hiccup could blindly kill the uncertain prblms. Fix is much broader than the mem case to handle the 5 tick separation FXDPNT case (inspection). uu/uuprblmr5.Vegn: Forgot that new NBLDUSE must be higher priority than new LTLBMISS because the former indicates the latter may be X. uu/uuprblmr8.Veqn: Inspection found ltlb miss was higher prio than BR!=Lva. uu/uuprblmrll.Veqn: Inspection found incoming REPELFAIL treated as illegal. gt/pimlib.pl gt/gt.V: tbr's new placement & removed commented out logic. tst/drvchk.V: Compatible with recent strDat detour thru SR and auindx-->au. cj/*.tst: Reduce size of instruction queue from 7 to 4 quadlets by eliminating all of hexlet 1 (leaving only hexlet 0).

BOM Update in euterpe BOM 3.462 BOM Update in euterpe/verilog BOM 3.366 BOM Release in euterpe/verilog/bsrc BOM 250.0

chip (Potatoe Chip) From: Saturday, March 11, 1995 3:44 AM Sent: 'mws' To: Subject: output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/.checkoutrc Sat Mar 11 01:38:08 PST 1995 (mws Sat, 11 Mar 1995 01:37:48 -0800) euterpe/verilog/bsrc [Release BOM (V250.0) in euterpe/verilog/bsrc (Sat Mar 11 01:38:08 PST 1995)] Dir euterpe/verilog/bsrc BOM 250.0 32.7 .checkoutrc 73.1 1cesnk.ut 1dr basic.ut 116.1 1.215 Makefile 1.52 Makefile.share Makefile.tst 40.46 27.16 Makefile.vo 27.11 TODO 68.5 a euterpe wrap.parm 35.4 analog euterpe.hwc 183.5 c_euterpe_wrap.parm 231.2 c_euterpe_wrap.parm.alt 35.5 clockbias.hwc 168.1 corridor.obs d_euterpe_wrap.parm
dcells.pif 68.3 80.5 doexcldlist 7.1 80.1 dummy.rcf 6.379 euterpe.V 12.6 euterpe.config 24.35 euterpe.status (24.34)6.76 euterpe_driver.V 6.29 euterpe_pads.V 15.84 euterpe_wrap.V 15.4 euterpe_wrap.parm export_obs export_subblock 134.4 119.4 20.1 fake.pl 41.11 genpim2.pl 47.10 gettst 65.5 h_euterpe_wrap.parm 12.1 hwcnets 187.5 i euterpe wrap.tb 187.9 i_euterpe_wrap.vhdl 91.4 levellog 134.2 levelmlog linesearch.ercf 168.1 168.1 maze.ercf 1.18 opchart 37.6 pimlib.pl 131.3 preptest

Exhibit C12

purgetst

runvtest

stashtst subblk.rcf

toplev.rcf tst_v2e.config

s_euterpe_wrap.parm

toplev.power.tab.local

tbr3 v2e.config

runs

70.3

131.1

134.7

240.1

62,10

40.4 52.5

35.1

41.5

12.2

Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at	BOM	58.0
4.1	checkoutrc		
1.13	Makefile		
	at.V		
1.7	at.h		
51.3	at.h at.pim at.power.tab.top		
28.6	at.power.tab.top		
3.19	at_control.pim		
1.3	atcdwe2.pla		
	atcteql.pla		
1.1	atcylenc.pla		
1.4	atdisallowxc.pla		
25.2	atgtibcniict.veqn		
1.5	atdisallowsc.pla atgtlbcnflct.Veqn atgtmissxc.Veqn atillglpa.Veqn		
2.3	athbreq.Veqn		
	atpaded. Veqn		
	atpaselgen2.Veqn		
	atpaselgen64.V		
	atpaselgen8.Veqn		
	atprchk.Veqn		
	atvabyp.Veqn		
1.2	atxcenbl.pla		
	atxcfrz.Veqn		
	clean-request		
1.2	genatcteq158.pl		
1.1	genatpasel.pl		
3.8	genpim.pl		
	genptab.pl		
3.9	pimlib.pl		
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/au	вом	29.0
14.1	.checkoutrc		
	Makefile		
	au.power.tab.top		
	auindx.V		
	auindx.pim		
14.5	clean-request		
12.4	genpim.pl		
12.1	genpim.pl pimlib.pl		
14.3	power.tab.local		
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cc	вом	70.0
9.2	.checkoutrc		
	Makefile		
1.73	cc.V		
63.3 32.4	<pre>cc.flat.pim cc.power.tab.top</pre>		
1.18	cc.ut		
	cc_custom.pim		
28.5	cccount.pla		
28.5 28.4	cchexcount.pla cchold.Vegn		
60.2	cchold.Vegn		
40.5	cciatedirty, vedu		
51.5	ccrcv.Veqn ccseq.Veqn ccstart.Veqn		
28.17	ccseq.Veqn		
	cctester.V		
	cctester.h		
	clean-request		
	genpim.pl pimlib.pl		
	power.tab.local		
	g		

Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cdio	BOM 42.0
19.8	.checkoutrc	
1.12	Makefile	
1.18	cdio.V	
34.7	cdio.power.tab.top	
	cdio.ut	
	cdio_control.pim	
	clean-request	
7.6	genpim.pl	
3.10	genptab.pl	
7.12	pimlib.pl	
Dir	autama (mai las /basa /aa	BOM 70.0
DIL	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce	BOM 70.0
1.16	Makefile	
	Makefile.gards	
	Makefile.irsim	
1.1	ce.config	
	ce_cms2ec1.V	
	ce_flash.V	
	ce kybd.V	
	ce kybdcntr.V	
	ce mck.V	
	ce_seg7.V	
1.5	ceclockbiasbuf.V	
	cecore.V	
	cedmctrl.V	
	cedmctrlm.V	
	cedmctrlt.V	
	cedpreg.V	
	celoosends.V	
1.11	cemaster.V	
1.6	cerb.in	
1.7	cerbctrlreg.V	
	cerberus V	
1 22	cerberus.V cerberus.cpif	
	cerberus.rcf	
	cerbnobreg.V	
	cerbskewreg.V	
	cerbtempreg.V	
	cerbtest.V	
	ceregbuf.V	
	ceregcore.V	
1.17	ceslave.V	
1.5	cetstmux.V	
1.5	CCCBCMAX. V	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cg	BOM 9.0
1.8	Makefile	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cj	BOM 102.0
46.4	-11	
46.4	.checkoutrc	
18.2	libr.ut	
18.2	liss.ut Makefile	
1.36		
	br.tst	
	cj.V	
1.3	cj.h	
62.6	cj.pim	
69.10	cj.power.tab.top	
13.31	cjrst.tst	
48.7	clean-request	
1.9	freel.tst	
	genpim.pl	
	genptab.pl	
11.19	hic.tst	

1.14 3.18 23.6 20.4 5.25 (5.24)	hold.tst ifbr.tst ifpred3-11.tst ifpred3-2.tst micbr.tst	
5.13 (5.12)	pcbhnd.tst	
42.3 78.6	pimlib.pl rsrvd.tst	
93.3	rupt.tst	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ck	BOM 23.0
10.3	.checkoutrc	
1.8 9.2	Makefile ck.V	
17.6	ck.power.tab.top	
1.3	cktop.V	
11.1	clean	
12.2	clean-request	
10.2	genpim.pl	
10.5	pimlib.pl	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cp	BOM 44.0
9.3	checkoutrc	
1.8	Makefile	
9.6	clean-request	
1.28	cp.V	
7.13 19.7	cp.pim	
41.1	cp.power.tab.top cph.pim	
41.1	cpl.pim	
5.7	genpim.pl	
5.3	pimlib.pl	
5.10	power.tab.local	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ctiod	BOM 22.0
1.2	.checkoutrc	
1.6	Makefile	
7.1	bram.init	
1.5	clean-request	
7.1	ctd.in	
1.7	ctiod.V	
12.6	ctiod.power.tab.top	
6.3	ctiod.ut	
1.3 6.1	ctiodtester.V ctiodtester.h	
1.3	ctwe.Veqn	
1.1	genpim.pl	
1.5	genptab.pl	
1.9	pimlib.pl	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ctioi	BOM 21.0
3.1	checkoutro	
1.5	Makefile	
4.4	clean-request	
1.11 1.4	ctioi.V	
9.7	ctioi.pim ctioi.power.tab.top	
1.2	genpim.pl	
1.1	pimlib.pl	
4.5	power.tab.local	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/dp	BOM 41.0

1.32	Makefile
1.38	dp.V
1.29	dptop.V
29.4	dpwrap.V ,
13.11	mstepc.V
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/dr
32.3	checkoutro
1.29	Makefile
1.4 62.1	README
33.6	c2e.pim clean-request
12.1	clocksub
1.24	dr.V
1.1	dr.clocks.ut
1.13	dr.config.h
43.4	dr.power.tab.top
1.9	dr.ut
1.2	dram.registers
1.1 7.10	drba.pla drbank.V
1.7	drbankarb.pla
62.1	drbankcontrol.pim
1.3	drbankcsm.pla
3.6	drbanksel.Veqn
1.3	drcd.pla
1.2 1.3	drclockphase.pla drcolscram.pla
4.4	drconfig2bs.pla
1.3	drcsm.states.h
1.2	drcsmdecode.pla
10.3	drinstantiate.h
1.3	droktoact.pla
1.2 1.1	droktopre.pla
1.3	droktoread.pla droktowrite.pla
3.14	drout.V
5.3	droutde2Sel.pla
1.4	drpads.V
1.2	drpagecontrolstack.pla
1.2	drpagecsm.pla
1.1 1.3	drpagev.pla drpmgen.pla
1.1	drpop.pla
3.5	drprbcsm.pla
1.3	drrc.pla
1.4	drreadcount.V
62.1	drreadcount.pim
1.3 1.3	drreadcountsel.pla drresetseq.pla
1.3	drrowscram.pla
1.1	drrp.pla
1.5	drsamplephase.pla
1.3	drseqcheck.pla
3.1	drspacematch.Veqn
6.2 1.15	drtagqc.pla
1.5	drtester.V drtester.h
1.8	drtop.V
27.1	drtop2.V
1.3	drwritecount.pla
1.3	drwritedsel.pla
	genpim.pl genptab.pl
20.11	pimlib.pl
	r

BOM 64.0

Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/dr/config	BOM 2.0
1.1	Makefile	
1.1	dram.datasheet.explained	
	dram.datasheet.nec.10	
1.1		
1.1	dram.datasheet.nec.12	
1.1	dram.system.datasheet	
1.1	marg.c	
1.1	system.datasheet.explained	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/dr/dram	BOM 6.0
1.4	Makefile	:
1.1	README	
1.1	by16 64m.ut	•
1.1	by8_16m.ut	
1.1	by8_64m.ut	
1.1	sdram.V	
1.2	sdram.h	
1.1	sdram.small.h	
1.1	sdram.ut	
1.1	spy.h	
1.3	tester.V	
1.1	tester.h	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/dr/dram/mit	BOM 4.0
1.3	Makefile	
1.1	mitsubishi.sdram.model	
1.1	op.v	
1.1	sdram.v	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/drio	BOM 15.0
3.4	.checkoutrc	
1.4	Makefile	
5.2	clean-request	İ
1.2	drio.V	
9.6	drio.power.tab.top	
1.1	genpim.pl	
1.1		
	pimlib.pl	
1.1	power.tab.local	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es	BOM 81.0
45.1	.checkoutrc	:
1.23	Makefile	
45.10	clean-request	,
5.42	es.V	į
5.44	es.pim	
65.9	es.power.tab.top	
40.10	es.power.tab.top es xlu.V	
1.16		
	esaddbyt.V	
60.4	esaddbyta.V	
60.3	esalmsum.V	i
60.3	esalmsumb.V	
1.27	esalu64.V	1
1.10	escla.V	
1.87	escntrl.V	
1.29	esomux.V	
1.4	estop.V	
37.12	genpim.pl	
37.1	pimlib.pl	
13.6	power.tab.local	:
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gf	BOM 28.0
11 2	sho skoutes	
11.3	.checkoutrc	

```
1.15
          Makefile
11.5
          clean-request
9.7
          genpim.pl
1.6
          gf.V
4.8
          gf.pim
19.7
          gf.power.tab.top
1.3
          gfbit.pla
1.11
          gfbyt.V
1.1
          gftop.V
9.1
          pimlib.pl
          euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt
                                                                       BOM 75.0
Dir
39.3
          .checkoutrc
8.3
          2qtlb.ut
9.4
          3gtltgtlb.ut
1.26
          Makefile
41.5
          clean-request
26.6
          genpim.pl
14.3
          genpipedat.pl
24.4
          genptab.pl
7.15
          gentst.pl
2.24
          gt.V
(2.23)
54.7
          gt.power.tab.top
         gt_control.pim
gt_driver.V
26.21
7.25
9.4
          gtdone.pla
10.12
          gtinstantiate.h
7.4
          gtrdy.pla
          gtsnake.V
7.34
7.5
          qtsnakemuxctl.pla
7.7
          gtspmatchearly. Vegn
7.22
          gtspmatchlate. Veqn
7.4
          gtwe.Veqn
26.9
         pimlib.pl
(26.8)
Dir
          euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc
                                                                       BOM 90.0
35.8
          .checkoutrc
1.28
         Makefile
40.6
          clean-request
34.5
         genpim0.pl
32.9
         genpim1.pl
12.5
          gentst.pl
1,47
         hc.V
3.14
         hc.h
8.5
          hc.ut
68.5
          hc0.power.tab.top
73.11
          hc0_control.pim
68.5
         hcl.power.tab.top
73.8
         hcl control.pim
         hc_brresp.pla
65.1
6.2
         hc cmp6.V
27.17
         hc control.pim
8.9
         hc device.V
3.16
         hc_driver.V
         hc_error.Veqn
4.2
         hc_fifo8.V
hc_fifo8ctrl.Veqn
12.3
12.3
         hc ostate.pla
3.17
3.13
         hc parse. Vegn
3.13
         hc_prbctrl.pla
3.3
         hc rxcrc. Veqn
75.2
         hc sadrsel. Vegn
3.12
         hc_sdecode.Veqn
3.11
         hc_sid.Veqn
```

3.4 3.2 13.1 27.4 17.6	hc_tagmatch.V hc_txcrc.Veqn hcinstantiate.h pimlib.pl power.tab.local	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hz	BOM 22.0
1.3 1.7	.checkoutrc Makefile clean-request genpim.pl hz.y hz.pim hz.power.tab.top hz.ut hz_control.pim hzmatch.V hztester.V hztester.h pimlib.pl power.tab.local	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/icc	BOM 29.0
15.1 1.4 3.3 1.32 2.5 19.4 16.7 15.5 1.8 1.9	.checkoutrc Makefile genpim.pl icc.V icc.h icc.power.tab.top icc_control.pim iccinhife.Veqn iccxci6.Veqn iccxci7.Veqn pimlib.pl	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ife	BOM 54.0
1.4 1.8 2.7 1.2 1.10 28.1 15.2	.checkoutrc 1.ut Makefile clean-request genpim.pl if.h ifbr.tst ife.V ife.power.tab.top ife_control.pim iffree.tst iffree5.tst ifhold.tst ifpcseli1.Veqn ifprst.tst ifwntdi3.Veqn ifwntdi4.Veqn ifwntdi6.Veqn pimlib.pl power.tab.local	DOM 38 0
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/io	BOM 38.0
9.5 1.16 9.8 8.5 8.5 24.6	.checkoutrc Makefile clean-request genpim0.pl genpim1.pl io0.power.tab.top	

3.2 3.1 3.10	io0_control.pim io1.power.tab.top io1_control.pim io_buf 8.V io_ififo.V io_iphase.Veqn io_ofifo.V io_ophase.Veqn io_scioff_6.V io_scioff_9.V iocount.pla iodrive.V iofs.Veqn iorate.V pimlib.pl power.tab.local	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/iq	BOM 60.0
1.5 3.1 9.4	.checkoutrc 1.ut Makefile clean-request genpim.pl iq.V iq.power.tab.top iq_control.pim iqbr.tst iqfree.tst iqfree.tst iqfned.tst iqhold.tst iqholds.tst iqholdq.Veqn iqpredqq.Veqn iqpredq4.Veqn iqrst.tst pimlib.pl power.tab.local	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt	BOM 83.0
56.1 3.29 56.6 56.2 56.1 3.68 68.8 56.12 7.7 56.13	.checkoutrc Makefile clean-request genpim.pl genptab.pl lt.V lt.power.tab.top lt_control.pim ltstldenbl.Veqn pimlib.pl	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mc	BOM 63.0
38.6 48.4 48.4 48.3 6.24 37.7 14.31 28.3	.checkoutrc Makefile clean-request genpim.pl mc.V mc.control.obs mc.control.pim mc.dataHigh.pim mc.dataLow.pim mc.pim mc.power.tab.top mc_xluc.V mc_xlud.V mcacc8.V	

1.5	mcaddbyt.V	
1.1	mcadf32.V	
1.11	mcalu64.V	
1.2	mccla.V	
13.2	pimlib.pl	
16.2	power.tab.local	
10.2	power.tab.iocar	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mg	BOM 48.0
DII	edderpe/veriiog/bbic/mg	201. 10.0
14.3	1str.ut	
1.31	Makefile	
1.1	dce.in	
1.1	dco.in	
1.3	mg.h	
8.25	mgrst.tst	
1.23	rslt.tst	
10.10	str.tst	
D i sa	out owns /wayilag/haya/mat	BOM 34.0
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mst	BOM 34.0
13.2	.checkoutrc	
1.15	Makefile	
13.8	clean-request	
11.6	genpim.pl	
20.1	msacc16.V	
1.1	msadf32.V	
1.5	msbooth.V	
20.1	mscsadd16a.V	
	mscsadd16b.V	
20.1	mscsadd16e.V	
1.3	mshotc.V	
20.1	mshotca.V	
20.1	msin16a.V	
20.1	msin16b.V	
20.1	msrcd16.V	
20.1	msrcd16a.V	
20.1	msrcd16b.V	
1.11	mst.V	
2.17	mst.pim	
23.7		
	mst.power.tab.top	
$1.1 \\ 11.1$	mstop.V	
11.1	pimlib.pl	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb	BOM 111.0
46.5	.checkoutrc	
1.43	Makefile	
1.4	README	
46.7	clean-request	
31,14	genpim.pl	
52.5	genptab.pl	
1.4	muxff17_1.V	
1.4	muxff17_4.V	
1.2	muxff17 5.V	
1.69	nb.V	
31.10	nb.h	
82.7	nb.power.tab.top	
31.4	nb.toplevel.ut	
14.11		
	nb.ut	
38.33	nb_control.pim	
88.9	nb_mid.pim	
88.13	nb_top.pim	
9.19	nbal6x64.tpl	
31.19	nbctrl.Veqn	
9.19	nbd32x64.tpl	
1.13	nbfq.V	
44.4	nbfqcount.pla	
1.3	nbfqprienc.pla	

1.5 44.3 90.1 12.2 68.1 1.13 1.3 1.3 1.5 7.4 7.2 1.5 1.3 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	nbfqslice.pla nbfull1p.pla nbgotone.V nbgotoneslice.Veqn nbholdoff.pla nbholdoff3.pla nbperiph.V nbpq.V nbpqhelper.pla nbpqptrbit0.Veqn nbpqptrslice.Veqn nbprbarb.Veqn nbprbcount.pla nbrq.V nbrqptrbit0.Veqn nbrqbtrslice.Veqn nbrqbtrslice.Veqn nbrybcount.pla nbrq.V nbrqptrbit0.Veqn nbrqbtrslice.Veqn nbrester.V nbtester.V nbtester.N nbvd.pla nbwe.Veqn pimlib.pl	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/rf	BOM 5.0
1.4	Makefile	
1.1	rf.ut	
1.4	rflrlw.V	
	rflrlw16wx64b.h	
1.1		
1.1	rf1r1w32wx64b.h	
1.1	rftester.V	
1.1	rftester.h	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/periph	BOM 8.0
1.6	Makefile	
1.1	README	
1.1	p.ut	
3.2	sptest.ut	
3.2	Speede. de	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rf	BOM 3.0
1.2	1.tst	
1.7	Makefile	
1.3	dorfspy	
1.2	drvchk.V	
1.6	rf 1.V	
1.5		
	rf_5.V	
1.3	rf_dec.Veqn	
1.2	run.V	
1.2	spy.V	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rg	BOM 106.0
60.2	.checkoutrc	
14.1	1br.ut	
14.2	le.ut	
14.3		
	1mul.ut	
1.48	Makefile	
60.5	clean-request	
19.12	genpim.pl	
82.1	genptab.pl	
19.23	pimlib.pl	
19.2	power.tab.local	
29.15	rg.V	
82.12	rg.pim	
79.7	rg.power.tab.top	
67.3	rg_control.pim	
1.11	rgcr.V	

1.20	rgdp.V	
1.7	rgimm.V	
1.28	rgpc.V	
52.1	rgplr0.pla	
9.24	rgrst.tst	
1.15	rslt.tst	
4.15	1810.000	
Dir	<pre>euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rgxmit</pre>	BOM 33.0
1.4	.checkoutrc	
1.4	Makefile	
8.4	clean-request	
1.2	genpim.pl	
1.1	pimlib.pl	
1.1	power.tab.local	
1.3		
	rgpcbrr7.Veqn	
1.3	rgwewk.Veqn	
1.21	rgxmit.V	
19.4	rgxmit.power.tab.top	
1.11	rgxmit_control.pim	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/sr	BOM 57.0
24.5	.checkoutrc	
1.20	Makefile	
26.6	clean-request	
16.11	genpim.pl	
27.5	genptab.pl	
16.12	pimlib.pl	
2.30	sr.V	
3.4	sr.h	
51.4	sr.pim	
39.7	sr.power.tab.top	
1.2	sr cla.Veqn	
	sr_control.pim	
1.9	sr driver.V	
3.3	sr event16.Veqn	
3.4		
	sr_eventreg.V	
	sr_eventreg.pim	
3.6	sr_evmask16.V	
41.2	sr_hcevent.V	
1.3	sr_inc4.pla	
1.3	sr_inc4a.pla	
2.4	sr_match.V	
11.1	sr mchold.Veqn	
3.3	sr radecode.pla	
1.3	sr timer.V	
16.2	sr timer.pim	
3.2	sr_wadecode.pla	
3.2	SI_waaccoac.pla	
Dir	euterpe/verilog/bsrc/tst	BOM 96.0
	db	
13.2	le.ut	
13.3	libr.ut	
13.2	liss.ut	
13.3	11.ut	
13.2	1pc.ut	
13.1	1q.ut	
13.1	1str.ut	
1.24	Makefile	
1.9	br.tst	
1.73	drvchk.V	
(1.72)	ic tot	
70.2	ic.tst	
70.2 6.33	job.tst	
70.2 6.33 1.11	job.tst rslt.tst	
70.2 6.33	job.tst	

```
3.7
         tstgen
6.31
         tstrst.tst
3.1
         vervars
3.4
         vew
3.1
         vlwire
         euterpe/verilog/bsrc/uu
Dir
         .checkoutrc
79.2
25.1
         1.ut
25.1
          le.ut
25.2
         limm.ut
         limmpc.ut
25.2
         liss.ut
25.1
25.1
         1nb.ut
25.1
         1pc.ut
1.74
         Makefile
2.13
         br.tst
78.8
         clean-request
131.7
         evblm.prio
(131.6)
68.13
         genpim.pl
68.11
         pimlib.pl
81.1
         power.tab.local
125.3
         sswap.tst
123.3
         uu-local.obs
         uu.V
1.164
(1.163)
1.37
         uu.h
119.4
         uu.power.tab.top
68.32
         uu_control.pim
1.22
         uubruv.tdcd
1.13
         uubruw.Vean
1.20
         uubypltncyuv.tdcd
1.4
         uuchkdstr3.Veqn
1.10
         uuchkdstuw. Vegn
112.1
         uucmp2rn.V
1.10
         uudstselut.tdcd
1.9
         uufree.tst
1.15
         uuhold.tst
1.19
         uuholduu. Vegn
1.20
         uuimmpc.tst
         uuimmpcut.tdcd
1.32
24.12
         uuimmus.tdcd
1.14
         uuisdstuv.tdcd
1.1
         uuisdstuvsplit
1.24
         uuissrcur.tdcd
28.9
         uujoblstux.Vegn
63.12
         uumemuv.tdcd
8.13
         uumic.tst
8.12
         uumicut.tdcd
9.8
         uumicuu.tdcd
112.3
         uuovrlyregreg.V
156.2
         uuovrlysrcdstcyl.pim
36.15
         uuprblmfrz.Vegn
108.6
         uuprblmr0.Veqn
(108.5)
108.6
         uuprblmr10.Veqn
(108.5)
50.8
         uuprblmr11.Veqn
(50.7)
         uuprblmr12.Veqn
50.8
(50.7)
60.10
         uuprblmr13.Vegn
(60.9)
50.10
         uuprblmr5.Vean
(50.9)
50.1
         uuprblmr6.Vegn
```

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```
107.10
          uuprblmr7.Vegn
(107.9)
50.13
          uuprblmr8.Vegn
(50.12)
61.14
          uuprblmr9.Vean
(61.13)
32.14
          uuprblmup. Vegn
50.16
          uuprblmwm. Vegn
(50.15)
14.33
          uupreemuq. Veqn
1.2
          uupsi.pla
          uurbuu. Vegn
8.3
          uursltbypcuu. Vegn
15.11
1.20
          uursltbypuu.Veqn
28.9
          uursrvd.tdcd
15.26
          uurst.tst
53.2
          uurstug.pla
76.4
          uuruptr12.Veqn
84.6
          uusteput.pla
84.8
          uustepuu.pla
1.16
          uuthruus.tdcd
1.11
          uuthruut. Vegn
1.2
          uuwewj.Vegn
156.3
          uuxlutrap.V
156.2
         uuxlutrap.pim
Dir
          euterpe/verilog/bsrc/xlu
                                                                       BOM 51.0
28.2
          .checkoutrc
1.46
          Makefile
8.1
          TODO
25.1
          c1.srf
25.1
          c2.srf
26.1
          c3.srf
36.1
          clean-request
25.1
          cs2.srf
25.1
          cs3.srf
23.2
          db_7a.srf
21.5
          dc 8a.srf
8,20
          genpim.pl
22.4
          misc2.srf
22.3
          misc3.srf
8.19
         pimlib.pl
35.1
         power.tab.local
          q_9a_7.srf
21.4
19.14
          route.pl
33.7
          x123.pim
40.1
          x126.pim
33.2
          x456.pim
25.1
         xbus.srf
24.8
         xlu.V
14.4
         xlu.mpc
35.1
          xlu.nets
          xlu.noflip
33.1
48.2
         xlu.power.tab.top
17.5
         xlu.rcf
33.7
         xlu4.obs
39.1
         xlu6.obs
41.2
         xlu_add4.V
         xlu_ctrldata.c
xlu_la_r2.c
xlu_sr.c
1.16
1.2
18.2
         xlu sr c3.dir
28.1
28.3
         xlu sr r2.dir
28.1
         xlu sr r3.dir
6.2
         xlu tr s1.c
28.1
         xlu_tr_s1.dir
6.2
         xlu_tr_s2.c
```

```
28.1
          xlu tr s2.dir
6.2
          xlu tr s3.c
26 1
          z3.srf
25.1
          zs3.srf
                                                                          BOM 24.0
Dir
          euterpe/verilog/bsrc/yy
1.15
          Makefile
1.2
          dob2dascii
2.2
          dotestassign
1.22
          tas.pl
2.1
          test.V
1.1
          yy.h
1.5
          yyunasm.V
          yyunasmmnesel.tdcd
1.5
          yyunasmmusel.tdcd
1.5
===> running euterpe/verilog/bsrc/.checkoutrc (Sat Mar 11 01:40:38 PST
1995) <===
pager lisar Id: BOM, v 250.0 1995/03/11 01:37:10 LT mws Exp
page queued
starting paged
for i in at au cc cdio ce cg ci ck cp ctioi ctiod dr drio es gf gt hc hz
icc ife io iq lt mst mc nb rg rgxmit sr uu xlu; do \
       gmake -C ${i} vfiles || exit; \
done
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at' gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/au' gmake[1]: `vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/au'
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cc'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
qmake[1]: Leaving directory \( \text{N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cc'} \)
gmake[1]: Entering directory
'/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cdio'
qmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cdio'
gmake[1]: Entering directory `\N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce'
gmake[1]: `vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ce'
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cg'
cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/dxlib/xlib.config
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/dclib/clib.config
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/delib/elib.config > v2e.config
cp v2e.config clockbias.config
echo 'lib clockbias = cgclockbias; omit contents clockbias;' >>
clockbias.config
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/v2e -host cyclops cgclockbias.v -c
clockbias.config -o cgclockbias.v2e -y
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/mlib +libext+.v -y
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/dxlib -y
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/dclib -y
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/delib
V2E 1.0a
           Mar 11, 1995 01:41:01
  * Copyright Cadence Design Systems Inc.
         All Rights Reserved.
                                       Licensed Software.
  * Confidential and proprietary information which is the *
         property of Cadence Design Systems Inc.
Compiling source file "cgclockbias.v"
Scanning library directory
"/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/mlib"
Scanning library directory
"/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/dxlib"
Scanning library directory
"/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/dclib"
```

Warning! library directory

```
"/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/mlib" was specified but not
needed.
Warning! library directory
"/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/dxlib" was specified but not
Warning! library directory
"/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/delib" was specified but not
needed.
Highest level modules:
cgclockbias
Reading configuration file clockbias.config ....
Processing configuration file ....
Translating Verilog source ....
Writing output to cgclockbias.v2e ....
0 warnings 0 errors
End of V2E 1.0a Mar 11, 1995 01:41:14 echo cgclockbias.v | tr ' ' '\012' > vfiles
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cg'
gmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cj'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cj'
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ck'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \\N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ck'
gmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cp'
qmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \(^\N\)/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cp'
gmake[1]: Entering directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ctioi'
qmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ctioi'
gmake[1]: Entering directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ctiod'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory
'/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ctiod'
gmake[1]: Entering directory 'N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/dr'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/dr'
gmake[1]: Entering directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/drio
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/drio'
qmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es'
gmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gf'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gf'
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gf'
cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/diff.h gt.V | /lib/cpp -P
-C -B | sed -e '/^$/d'> gt.v.tmp
mv gt.v.tmp gt.v
echo gt.v gtsnake.v gtspmatchearly.v gtspmatchlate.v gtwe.v gtrdy.v gtsnakemuxctl.v gtdone.v | tr ' ' '\012' > vfiles
qmake[1]: Leaving directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt'
gmake[1]: Entering directory 'N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory 'N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc'
gmake[1]: Entering directory 'N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hz'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hz'
gmake[1]: Entering directory
\N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/icc'
qmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
```

```
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/icc'
qmake[1]: Entering directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ife'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ife' gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/io'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \'N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/io'
gmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ig'
qmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/iq'
gmake[1]: Entering directory /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt'gmake[1]: `vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \(^\N\)/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt'
qmake[1]: Entering directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mst'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mst' gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mc'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
qmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mc'
gmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb'
gmake[1]: Entering directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rg'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rg'
qmake[1]: Entering directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rqxmit'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory
 /N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rqxmit'
gmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/sr'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/sr'
gmake[1]: Entering directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/uu'
cat /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/proteus/verilog/diff.h uu.V | /lib/cpp -P
-C -B | sed -e '/^$/d'> uu.v.tmp
mv uu.v.tmp uu.v
cat uuprblmr0.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr0.esp.tmp1 cat uuprblmr5.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr5.esp.tmp1 cat uuprblmr7.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr7.esp.tmp1
egrep '^//|^/*.*\*/' < uuprblmr5.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr5.esp.comments
egrep '^//|^/\*.*\*/' < uuprblmr0.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr0.esp.comments
cat uuprblmr8.Vegn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr8.esp.tmp1
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmr0.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmr0.esp.tmp2
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmr5.esp.tmpl >
uuprblmr5.esp.tmp2
egrep '^/|'^/*.*\*/' < uuprblmr7.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr7.esp.comments cat uuprblmr9.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr9.esp.tmp1
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmr7.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmr7.esp.tmp2
cat uuprblmr10.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr10.esp.tmp1
egrep '^//|^/\*.*\*/' < uuprblmr9.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr9.esp.comments
cat uuprblmr11.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr11.esp.tmp1
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmr9.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmr9.esp.tmp2
egrep '^//|^/\*.*\*/' < uuprblmr10.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr10.esp.comments
cat uuprblmr12.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr12.esp.tmp1
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprb1mr10.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmr10.esp.tmp2
cat uuprblmr13.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmr13.esp.tmp1
egrep '^//|^/*.*\*/' < uuprblmr13.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr13.esp.comments egrep '^//|^/\*.*\*/' < uuprblmr12.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr12.esp.comments
cat uuprblmwm.Veqn | /lib/cpp -P -C -B > uuprblmwm.esp.tmp1
egrep '^//|^/\*.*\*/' < uuprblmwm.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmwm.esp.comments
```

/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmr12.esp.tmp1 >

```
uuprblmr12.esp.tmp2
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/vegn uuprblmr13.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmr13.esp.tmp2
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmwm.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmwm.esp.tmp2
egrep '^//|^/\*.*\*/' < uuprblmr11.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr11.esp.comments egrep '^//|^/\*.*\*/' < uuprblmr8.esp.tmp1 > uuprblmr8.esp.comments
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmrl1.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmr11.esp.tmp2
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/veqn uuprblmr8.esp.tmp1 >
uuprblmr8.esp.tmp2
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmr0.esp.tmp2; write_pla uuprblmr0.esp.tmp3"
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr0.esp.comments >
uuprblmr0.esp
cat uuprblmr0.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr0.esp
rm -f uuprblmr0.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr0.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr0.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr0.esp.comments
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr0.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 4 inputs and 2 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=3(3) in=3 out=3 tot=6
# OFF-set cost is c=4(4) in=6 out=7 tot=13
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr0.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr0.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=6 cube=2 max-AND-fanin=3 max-OR-fanin=2 max-fanin=3 tot=6 cube=3 max-AND-fanin=3 max-OR-fanin=2 max-fanin=3
Req:
Sob:
SobReg: tot=6 cube=2 max-AND-fanin=3 max-OR-fanin=2 max-fanin=3
         tot=6 cube=3 max-AND-fanin=3 max-OR-fanin=2 max-fanin=3
Ono:
=> Espresso provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr0.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr0.doesp.out >
uuprblmr0.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmr0.doesp.out uuprblmr0.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr0.doesp.sob uuprblmr0.doesp.reg uuprblmr0.doesp.sobreq
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat ~grep PLAT_OPTS: <
uuprblmr0.esp | \
   sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT_OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr0.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr0.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 4 inputs 2 outputs 2
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr0.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmr0.optesp.planet uuprblmr0.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr0.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmr0.optesp | \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` -maxFanin 17
uuprblmr0.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
```

input file `uuprblmr0.optesp'

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
`uuprblmr0.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
'mig.OrmIdrguu'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 4 inputs 2 outputs 2
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 11
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
'uuprblmr0.v'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
'uuprblmr0.pim'..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 1 [000R0]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 3
[pterm 2]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 2 [prblmCdR1<0>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
1 [pterm 2]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
2 [prblmCdR1<0>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 2 pim rows produced
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmr7.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmr7.esp.tmp3"
"uuprblmr7.esp.tmp2", line 137: node 'prblmCdR8_3' does not fanout
"uuprblmr7.esp.tmp2", line 137: node 'prblmCdR8 4' does not fanout
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr7.esp.comments >
uuprblmr7.espdc
cat uuprblmr7.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr7.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr7.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmr7.espdc with 22 inputs and 6 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=24(24) in=71 out=24 tot=95
# OFF-set cost is c=55(55) in=158 out=65 tot=223
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr7.espdc
> uuprblmr7.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmr7.espphless > uuprblmr7.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr7.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr7.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr7.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr7.esp.comments uuprblmr7.espdc uuprblmr7.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr7.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 21 inputs and 6 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=15(15) in=41 out=13 tot=54
# OFF-set cost is c=48(48) in=142 out=53 tot=195
# DC-set cost is c=3(3) in=7 out=9 tot=16
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS='grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr7.esp \
```

```
sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!'`; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr7.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=44 cube=14 max-AND-fanin=3 max-OR-fanin=4 max-fanin=4
Rea:
         tot=44 cube=14 max-AND-fanin=3 max-QR-fanin=4 max-fanin=4
Sob:
SobReq:
         tot=44 cube=14 max-AND-fanin=3 max-OR-fanin=4 max-fanin=4
         tot=44 cube=14 max-AND-fanin=3 max-OR-fanin=4 max-fanin=4
 => Espresso provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr7.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr7.doesp.out >
uuprblmr7.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmr7.doesp.out uuprblmr7.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr7.doesp.sob uuprblmr7.doesp.reg uuprblmr7.doesp.sobreg
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT OPTS: <
uuprblmr7.esp | \
  sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr7.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr7.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 21 inputs 6 outputs 14
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr7.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmr7.optesp.planet uuprblmr7.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr7.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmr7.optesp | \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` -maxFanin 17
uuprblmr7.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file 'uuprblmr7.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
 uuprblmr7.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
 uuprblmr7.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 21 inputs 6 outputs
14 pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 111111
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
uuprblmr7.v'.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
`uuprblmr7.pim'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 5 [eta0R17]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 3
[pterm 1]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 3 [swpWrtCnflctIfWrt]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
1 [pterm 1]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
4 [tCdWrtRdCnflctIfRdR8<0>]
```

/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 10 pim rows produced

```
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read egn uuprblmr5.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmr5.esp.tmp3"
"uuprblmr5.esp.tmp2", line 186: node 'ldUseFailHigherPrioThanInDcTggl 0'
does not fanout
"uuprblmr5.esp.tmp2", line 186: node 'prblmCdR6 3' does not fanout
"uuprblmr5.esp.tmp2", line 186: node 'prblmCdR6 4' does not fanout
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr5.esp.comments >
uuprblmr5.espdc
cat uuprblmr5.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr5.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr5.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmr5.espdc with 11 inputs and 4 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=38(38) in=228 out=38 tot=266
# OFF-set cost is c=22(22) in=60 out=29 tot=89
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr5.espdc
> uuprblmr5.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmr5.espphless > uuprblmr5.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr5.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr5.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr5.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr5.esp.comments uuprblmr5.espdc uuprblmr5.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr5.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 10 inputs and 4 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=35(35) in=219 out=35 tot=254
# OFF-set cost is c=20(20) in=55 out=25 tot=80
# DC-set cost is c=1(1) in=2 out=0 tot=2
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO_OPTS: < uuprblmr5.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=30 cube=9 max-AND-fanin=7 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=7
Req:
Sob:
         tot=43 cube=8 max-AND-fanin=7 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=7
SobReq:
         tot=36 cube=7 max-AND-fanin=7 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=7 tot=34 cube=7 max-AND-fanin=7 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=7
Opo:
 => Espresso provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr5.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr5.doesp.out >
uuprblmr5.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmr5.doesp.out uuprblmr5.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr5.doesp.sob uuprblmr5.doesp.reg uuprblmr5.doesp.sobreg
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT OPTS: <
uuprblmr5.esp | \
   sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT_OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr5.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr5.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 10 inputs 4 outputs 9
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr5.optesp.planet'...
```

```
mv uuprblmr5.optesp.planet uuprblmr5.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr5.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmr5.optesp | \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' - maxFanin 17
uuprblmr5.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file 'uuprblmr5.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
`uuprblmr5.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
`uuprblmr5.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 10 inputs 4 outputs
9 pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 1111
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: WARNING: Input
augAccTypR5<1> is not used
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: WARNING: Input
augAccTypR5<0> is not used
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
 uuprblmr5.v'.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
 uuprblmr5.pim'..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 3 [tau]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 7
[pterm 8]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 5 [prblmCdM2R6<1>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
  [prblmCdM2R6<0>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 5 pim rows produced
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmr11.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmr11.esp.tmp3"
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr11.esp.comments >
uuprblmr11.espdc
cat uuprblmr11.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr11.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr11.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmr11.espdc with 7 inputs and 7 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=34(34) in=128 out=34 tot=162
# OFF-set cost is c=27(27) in=75 out=32 tot=107
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr11.espdc
> uuprblmr11.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmrll.espphless > uuprblmrll.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr11.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr11.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr11.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr11.esp.comments uuprblmr11.espdc uuprblmr11.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr11.esp -eeat
```

-Dcheck -v irred

```
# PLA is (stdin) with 6 inputs and 7 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=15(15) in=44 out=15 tot=59
# OFF-set cost is c=20(20) in=51 out=24 tot=75
# DC-set cost is c=11(11) in=35 out=19 tot=54
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr11.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr11.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso_both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso_both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=31
                cube=11 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=4
Req:
                cube=11 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=4
Sob:
         tot=27
SobReg:
         tot=27 cube=10 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=4
Ono:
         tot=25 cube=9 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=4
=> Espresso -Dopo provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr11.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr11.doesp.out >
uuprblmr11.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmr11.doesp.out uuprblmr11.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr11.doesp.sob uuprblmr11.doesp.reg uuprblmr11.doesp.sobreg
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT_OPTS: <
uuprblmr11.esp | \
   sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT_OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr11.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr11.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 6 inputs 7 outputs 9
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: Phase 1001011
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr11.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmr11.optesp.planet uuprblmr11.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr11.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET OPTS: <
uuprblmr11.optesp \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` -maxFanin 17
uuprblmr11.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file 'uuprblmr11.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
uuprblmr11.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
'uuprblmr11.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 6 inputs 7 outputs 9
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 1001011
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
`uuprblmr11.v'..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
```

`uuprblmr11.pim'...

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 3 [vldR11]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 4
[pterm 7]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 3 [vldXcFrzLvaR12]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
2 [pterm 4]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
3 [vldXcFrzLvaR12]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 4 pim rows produced
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read_eqn_uuprblmr10.esp.tmp2; write_pla_uuprblmr10.esp.tmp3"
"uuprblmr10.esp.tmp2", line 177: node 'prblmCdR11_4' does not fanout
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr10.esp.comments >
uuprblmr10.espdc
cat uuprblmr10.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr10.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr10.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmr10.espdc with 8 inputs and 4 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=42(42) in=205 out=42 tot=247
# OFF-set cost is c=37(37) in=149 out=58 tot=207
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr10.espdc
> uuprblmr10.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmr10.espphless > uuprblmr10.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr10.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr10.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr10.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr10.esp.comments uuprblmr10.espdc uuprblmr10.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr10.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 7 inputs and 4 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=26(26) in=137 out=26 tot=163
# OFF-set cost is c=22(22) in=94 out=38 tot=132
# DC-set cost is c=11(11) in=40 out=31 tot=71
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr10.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr10.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso_both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso_both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=32 cube=9 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=4 max-fanin=4
Reg:
Sob:
         tot=37
                cube=9 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=4
        tot=37 cube=9 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=4
SobReg:
         tot=37 cube=9 max-AND-fanin=4 max-OR-fanin=3 max-fanin=4
 => Espresso provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr10.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr10.doesp.out >
uuprblmr10.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmr10.doesp.out uuprblmr10.doesp.opo \
     uuprblmr10.doesp.sob uuprblmr10.doesp.reg uuprblmr10.doesp.sobreg
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT_OPTS: <
uuprblmr10.esp | \
```

sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT OPTS:!!' -e 's!*/!!' ` uuprblmr10.optesp.tmp

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr10.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 7 inputs 4 outputs 9
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr10.optesp.planet'..
mv uuprblmr10.optesp.planet uuprblmr10.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr10.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET OPTS: <
uuprblmr10.optesp | \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ~ -maxFanin 17
uuprblmr10.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file 'uuprblmr10.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
`uuprblmr10.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
'uuprblmr10.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 7 inputs 4 outputs 9
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 1111
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
`uuprblmr10.v'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
 uuprblmr10.pim'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 7 [isRsrvdR10]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 4
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 4 [prblmCdM1R11<1>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
4 [prblmCdM1R11<1>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 2 pim rows produced
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmr13.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmr13.esp.tmp3"
"uuprblmr13.esp.tmp2", line 155: node 'rupt_0' does not fanout
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr13.esp.comments >
uuprblmr13.espdc
cat uuprblmr13.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr13.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr13.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmr13.espdc with 11 inputs and 5 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=106(106) in=687 out=106 tot=793
# OFF-set cost is c=70(70) in=327 out=113 tot=440
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr13.espdc
> uuprblmr13.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmr13.espphless > uuprblmr13.esp
```

```
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr13.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr13.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr13.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr13.esp.comments uuprblmr13.espdc uuprblmr13.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr13.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 10 inputs and 5 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=76(76) in=537 out=76 tot=613
# OFF-set cost is c=61(60) in=312 out=90 tot=402
# DC-set cost is c=8(8) in=32 out=35 tot=67
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr13.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!'`; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr13.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=105 cube=19 max-AND-fanin=5 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=7
Req:
         tot=132 cube=28 max-AND-fanin=5 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=7
Sob:
SobReq:
         tot=108 cube=20 max-AND-fanin=5 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=7
         tot=88 cube=16 max-AND-fanin=5 max-OR-fanin=8 max-fanin=8
Opo:
=> Espresso -Dopo provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr13.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr13.doesp.out >
uuprblmr13.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmr13.doesp.out uuprblmr13.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr13.doesp.sob uuprblmr13.doesp.reg uuprblmr13.doesp.sobreg
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT_OPTS: <
uuprblmr13.esp | \
  sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr13.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr13.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 10 inputs 5 outputs 16
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: Phase 01111
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr13.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmr13.optesp.planet uuprblmr13.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr13.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmr13.optesp \
 sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' - maxFanin 17
uuprblmr13.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file 'uuprblmr13.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
uuprblmr13.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
'uuprblmr13.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 10 inputs 5 outputs
16 pterms
```

/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 01111

```
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
`uuprblmr13.v'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
`uuprblmr13.pim'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 12 [vldNoooR13]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 5
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                 This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 6 [vldPrblmCdR14<3>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
4 [pterm 9]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
8 [vldPrblmCdR14<4>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 5 pim rows produced
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmr8.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmr8.esp.tmp3"
"uuprblmr8.esp.tmp2", line 216: node 'prblmCdR9 4' does not fanout
sed -e 's|//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr8.esp.comments >
uuprblmr8.espdc
cat uuprblmr8.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr8.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr8.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmr8.espdc with 33 inputs and 9 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=94(94) in=501 out=94 tot=595
# OFF-set cost is c=57(57) in=168 out=68 tot=236
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr8.espdc
> uuprblmr8.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmr8.espphless > uuprblmr8.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr8.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr8.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr8.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr8.esp.comments uuprblmr8.espdc uuprblmr8.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr8.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 32 inputs and 9 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=82(82) in=461 out=81 tot=542
# OFF-set cost is c=51(51) in=158 out=61 tot=219
# DC-set cost is c=3(3) in=7 out=12 tot=19
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr8.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO_OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
 /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr8.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso_both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=192 cube=41 max-AND-fanin=6 max-OR-fanin=14 max-fanin=14
Reg:
         tot=148 cube=36 max-AND-fanin=6 max-OR-fanin=11 max-fanin=11
Sob:
        tot=139 cube=33 max-AND-fanin=6 max-OR-fanin=11 max-fanin=11 tot=139 cube=33 max-AND-fanin=6 max-OR-fanin=11 max-fanin=11
SobReg:
=> Espresso -Dso both | Espresso provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr8.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr8.doesp.out >
```

uuprblmr8.optesp.tmp

```
rm -f uuprblmr8.doesp.out uuprblmr8.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr8.doesp.sob uuprblmr8.doesp.reg uuprblmr8.doesp.sobreg
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmr12.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmr12.esp.tmp3"
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat grep PLAT OPTS: <
uuprblmr8.esp | \
sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr8.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr8.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 32 inputs 9 outputs 33
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: Phase 111000101
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr8.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmr8.optesp.planet uuprblmr8.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr8.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmr8.optesp | \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' -maxFanin 17
uuprblmr8.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file `uuprblmr8.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
`uuprblmr8.v'
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr12.esp.comments >
uuprblmr12.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
uuprblmr8.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
cat uuprblmr12.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr12.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr12.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
# PLA is uuprblmr12.espdc with 13 inputs and 5 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=122(122) in=701 out=122 tot=823
# OFF-set cost is c=82(81) in=458 out=122 tot=580
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr12.espdc
> uuprblmr12.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 32 inputs 9 outputs
33 pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 111000101
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
`uuprblmr8.v'..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
uuprblmr8.pim'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 6 [augAccTypR8<1>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 6
[pterm 3]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 6 [repelFailR9]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
```

```
3 [pterm 33]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
11 [vaDisR9]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 16 pim rows produced
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmr12.espphless > uuprblmr12.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr12.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr12.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr12.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr12.esp.comments uuprblmr12.espdc uuprblmr12.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr12.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 12 inputs and 5 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=100(100) in=608 out=100 tot=708
# OFF-set cost is c=72(72) in=420 out=100 tot=520
# DC-set cost is c=5(5) in=15 out=19 tot=34
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr12.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr12.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmr9.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmr9.esp.tmp3"
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmr9.esp.comments >
uuprblmr9.espdc
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
cat uuprblmr9.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmr9.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmr9.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmr9.espdc with 19 inputs and 8 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=92(92) in=475 out=91 tot=566
# OFF-set cost is c=54(54) in=217 out=93 tot=310
# DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmr9.espdc
> uuprblmr9.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmr9.espphless > uuprblmr9.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmr9.esp.tmp1 uuprblmr9.esp.tmp2 uuprblmr9.esp.tmp3
uuprblmr9.esp.comments uuprblmr9.espdc uuprblmr9.espphless
         tot=98 cube=19 max-AND-fanin=7 max-OR-fanin=9 max-fanin=9
         tot=102 cube=22 max-AND-fanin=7 max-OR-fanin=6 max-fanin=7
Sob:
        tot=98 cube=19 max-AND-fanin=7 max-OR-fanin=6 max-fanin=7
SobReg:
        tot=107 cube=20 max-AND-fanin=6 max-OR-fanin=9 max-fanin=9
=> Espresso provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmr12.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr12.doesp.out >
uuprblmr12.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmr9.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
rm -f uuprblmr12.doesp.out uuprblmr12.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr12.doesp.sob uuprblmr12.doesp.reg uuprblmr12.doesp.sobreg
# PLA is (stdin) with 18 inputs and 8 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=58(58) in=355 out=56 tot=411
# OFF-set cost is c=34(34) in=135 out=54 tot=189
# DC-set cost is c=17(17) in=64 out=81 tot=145
# Input phase is not specified.
```

```
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS=`grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmr9.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmr9.esp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT OPTS: <
uuprblmr12.esp | \
  sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr12.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr12.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 12 inputs 5 outputs 19
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
`uuprblmr12.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmr12.optesp.planet uuprblmr12.optesp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
rm -f uuprblmr12.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmr12.optesp \
  sed -e 's!\##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' \ -maxFanin 17
uuprblmr12.optesp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso_both...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file `uuprblmr12.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
 uuprblmr12.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
 'uuprblmr12.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 12 inputs 5 outputs
19 pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 11111
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
`uuprblmr12.v'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
`uuprblmr12.pim'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 12 [gtlbCnflctR12]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin: 7
[pterm 6]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 3 [prblmCdR13<0>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
3 [pterm 10]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
9 [prblmCdR13<3>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 6 pim rows produced
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
                 cube=23 max-AND-fanin=9 max-OR-fanin=11 max-fanin=11
Reg:
         tot=112
                  cube=26 max-AND-fanin=10 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=10
Sob:
         tot=131
                  cube=23 max-AND-fanin=10 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=10
SobReg:
         tot=121
         tot=104 cube=18 max-AND-fanin=10 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=10
Opo:
 => Espresso -Dopo provides the best solution.
```

```
Output in uuprblmr9.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmr9.doesp.out >
uuprblmr9.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmr9.doesp.out uuprblmr9.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmr9.doesp.sob uuprblmr9.doesp.reg uuprblmr9.doesp.sobreg
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT OPTS: <
uuprblmr9.esp |
  prblmr9.esp | \
sed -e 's!^#/.*PLAT OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmr9.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmr9.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 18 inputs 8 outputs 18
pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: Phase 11001101
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
uuprblmr9.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmr9.optesp.planet uuprblmr9.optesp
rm -f uuprblmr9.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmr9.optesp | \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' \ -maxFanin 17
uuprblmr9.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file `uuprblmr9.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
`uuprblmr9.v'
OCTTOOLS=/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/vendor/octtools/bin/misII -x -c
"read eqn uuprblmwm.esp.tmp2; write pla uuprblmwm.esp.tmp3"
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
'uuprblmr9.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
14:41:06 PST 1995
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 18 inputs 8 outputs
18 oterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 11001101
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
`uuprblmr9.pim'..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 13 [prblmCdM1R9<1>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin:
10 [pterm 12]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 2 [uuYieldsNbInR10]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
3 [pterm 14]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
7 [prblmCdM1R10<1>]
/n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 8 pim rows produced
sed -e 's!//!#//!' -e 's!/\*!#/\*!' < uuprblmwm.esp.comments >
uuprblmwm.espdc
cat uuprblmwm.esp.tmp3 >> uuprblmwm.espdc
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -eeat -Dcheck -v irred
uuprblmwm.espdc
# PLA is uuprblmwm.espdc with 18 inputs and 10 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=178(178) in=1039 out=178 tot=1217
# OFF-set cost is c=64(64) in=233 out=154 tot=387
```

DC-set cost is c=0(0) in=0 out=0 tot=0

```
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dmapdc uuprblmwm.espdc
> uuprblmwm.espphless
sed -e '/Input phase is not/d' uuprblmwm.espphless > uuprblmwm.esp
#planet uses 1st of these
rm -f uuprblmwm.esp.tmpl uuprblmwm.esp.tmp2 uuprblmwm.esp.tmp3
uuprblmwm.esp.comments uuprblmwm.espdc uuprblmwm.espphless
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu < uuprblmwm.esp -eeat
-Dcheck -v irred
# PLA is (stdin) with 17 inputs and 10 outputs
# ON-set cost is c=138(138) in=855 out=138 tot=993
# OFF-set cost is c=48(48) in=180 out=100 tot=280
# DC-set cost is c=17(17) in=67 out=74 tot=141
# Input phase is not specified.
ON-SET and DC-SET are disjoint
ON-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
DC-SET and OFF-SET are disjoint
Union of ON-SET, OFF-SET and DC-SET is the universe
OPTS='grep DOESPRESSO OPTS: < uuprblmwm.esp | \
      sed -e 's!^#/.*DOESPRESSO OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ; \
  /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/doespresso -fanin 17 $OPTS
uuprblmwm.esp
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu on output of
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dso_both...
Running /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/espresso.mu -Dopo...
         tot=161 cube=32 max-AND-fanin=11 max-OR-fanin=10 max-fanin=11
Req:
Sob:
         tot=180 cube=35 max-AND-fanin=11 max-OR-fanin=7 max-fanin=11
        tot=142 cube=28 max-AND-fanin=11 max-OR-fanin=7
SobReg:
                                                             max-fanin=11
         tot=120 cube=21 max-AND-fanin=11 max-OR-fanin=8 max-fanin=11
opo:
=> Espresso -Dopo provides the best solution.
Output in uuprblmwm.doesp.out
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/consbits < uuprblmwm.doesp.out >
uuprblmwm.optesp.tmp
rm -f uuprblmwm.doesp.out uuprblmwm.doesp.opo \
      uuprblmwm.doesp.sob uuprblmwm.doesp.reg uuprblmwm.doesp.sobreg
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat `grep PLAT OPTS: <
uuprblmwm.esp | \
  sed -e 's!\*/.*PLAT OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` uuprblmwm.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: opening Espresso-format input
file 'uuprblmwm.optesp.tmp' for reading
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: parsing PLA file and building
datastructures...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: PLA has 17 inputs 10 outputs
21 pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: Phase 0001110111
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/plat: creating Planet input in
'uuprblmwm.optesp.planet'...
mv uuprblmwm.optesp.planet uuprblmwm.optesp
rm -f uuprblmwm.optesp.tmp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet `grep PLANET_OPTS: <
uuprblmwm.optesp | \
  sed -e 's!^##/.*PLANET_OPTS:!!' -e 's!\*/!!' ` -maxFanin 17
uuprblmwm.optesp
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Opening Espresso-format
input file 'uuprblmwm.optesp'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Verilog output file
`uuprblmwm.v'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Creating Pim output file
`uuprblmwm.pim'
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Parsing PLA file and
building datastructures...
# /n/auspex6/sl0/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet Version 0.1.28 Tue Feb 28
```

```
# /n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet -clock -diffin -diffout
-flipflop -rank 1 -verilog
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: ## Input phase is not
specified.
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: PLA has 17 inputs 10 outputs
21 pterms
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Phase 0001110111
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Making netlist...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Verilog file
`uuprblmwm.v'..
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Writing Pim file
`uuprblmwm.pim'...
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum primary input
fanout: 11 [vldPrblmCdWM<1>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanin:
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet:
                                                This pterm drives a
maximum output plane fanin of: 2 [vldXcptnUnlckWN]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum input plane fanout:
4 [pterm 13]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin:
8 [vldPrblmCdWN<0>]
/n/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 6 pim rows produced
echo uu.v uucmp2rn.v uuovrlyregreg.v uuxlutrap.v uuprblmfrz.v uuprblmup.v
uupreemug.v uuthruut.v uurbuu.v uuholduu.v uursltbypauu.v uursltbypbuu.v
uursltbypcuu.v uujoblstux.v uuchkdstuw.v uuchkdstr3.v uuprblmr0.v
uuprblmr5.v uuprblmr7.v uuprblmr8.v uuprblmr9.v uuprblmr10.v uuprblmr11.v
uuprblmr12.v uuruptr12.v uuprblmr13.v uuprblmwm.v uubruw.v uuwewj.v
uuissrcur.v uuthruus.v uuimmus.v uudstselut.v uuimmpcut.v uumicut.v
uumicuu.v uuisdstuv.v uubypltncyuv.v uubruv.v uumemuv.v uursrvd.v
uurstug.v uusteput.v uustepuu.v uuovrlyregregcyl.v uuovrlysrcdstbyp.v
uuovrlysrcdst2xe.v uuovrlysrcdstcyl.v uucmp2rncx.v | tr ' ' '\012' >
vfiles
qmake[1]: Leaving directory `/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/uu'
gmake[1]: Entering directory
/N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/xlu'
gmake[1]: 'vfiles' is up to date.
gmake[1]: Leaving directory \N/auspex6/s10/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/xlu'
rm -f vfiles
for i in at au cc cdio ce cg cj ck cp ctioi ctiod dr drio es gf gt hc hz
icc ife io iq lt mst mc nb rg rgxmit sr uu xlu; do \
      sed -e''/\$/d' < \$\{i\}/vfiles | sed -e "s!^!\$\{i\}/!" >> vfiles; \
done
   [finished at Sat Mar 11 01:44:21 PST 1995 -- exit status 0]
```

14:41:06 PST 1995

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 4:51 AM

To: 'doi'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'chip'

Cc: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'

Subject: Release of BOMs by lisar (euterpe)

BOM Update in euterpe BOM 3.463 BOM Update in euterpe/verilog BOM 3.367

BOM Update in euterpe/verilog/bsrc BOM 250.1 Releasing Files:

i_euterpe_wrap.tb, i_euterpe_wrap.vhdl

BOM Release in euterpe/verilog/bsrc BOM 250.1

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 4:54 AM

To: 'hopper'; 'sysadm'

Subject: vlit down

I will restart it.

Lisa R.

lisar@rhodan /s3/euterpe/verilog/bsrc 425 % vlit

=== interHDL vlit version 2.5 ==== (c) Copyright 1992-1994, interHDL inc

Checking out license...

Feature 04: License server is down.

From: lis

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Saturday, March 11, 1995 5:54 AM

To:

'sysadm'

Subject: vlit

Well I had just been typing vlit to find out if the license server was up ... and it kept saying it was down. This used to work for me. However my make completed just fine .. this is what it used

INTERHDL_ELMHOST=rhea
INTERHDL_KEY_DIR=/n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/tools/vendor/ikos/vlit.2_5/vlitkeys /n/rhodan/s3/euterpe/tools/bin/vlit `cat ikos_list`-scell_list-v-r0.05 -e -s vlit_cell_list
Checking out license...
Done.

Lisa R.

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 11, 1995 10:40 AM

To:

'solo (John Campbell)'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'

Subject:

Re: snapshot

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

John Campbell wrote (on Sat Mar 11):

as Tim B. Robinson was saying

.. I started a make in the snapshot to pick up the changes fred had made ..to fix csyn errors from ea cells. For some reason, it decided to ..recompile leafgen!

.. Any ideas why?

..Tim

We changed several makefiles. i don't think leafgen should have been affected but my senior assistant, tau may have an opinion.

It was, and now the timing is re-running. Take a look at the log in s23/euterpe-proteus-cp/makerrs

Tim

```
From:
```

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Saturday, March 11, 1995 10:41 AM

To:

'solo (John Campbell)'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'

Subject:

Re: snapshot

John Campbell wrote (on Sat Mar 11):

as Tim B. Robinson was saying

• •

...I started a make in the snapshot to pick up the changes fred had made ..to fix csyn errors from ea cells. For some reason, it decided to

..recompile leafgen!

.. Any ideas why?

..Tim

We changed several makefiles. i don't think leafgen should have been affected but my senior assistant, tau may have an opinion.

It was, and now the timing is re-running. Take a look at the \log in s23/euterpe-proteus-cp/makerrs

Tim

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Saturday, March 11, 1995 2:10 PM

To: 'dickson'; 'hopper'; 'tbr'; 'wampler'

Subject: GARDS problem ... URGENT

Hi,

I am trying to build at in the snapshot and it gets stuck at the first gplace (at-pass1). When I do a gardslic, it is there, but what I do a "top" on gamorra, I see:

I tried it earlier this morning on staypuft and I got the same result. I need this at before I can build a top-level. I think I'll need help to resolve this

The data is in the snapshot /n/auspex/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at

The makefile output is in bsrc/at/gards/makerrs

Geert

From: Sent:

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Saturday, March 11, 1995 2:34 PM To: Subject:

'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'tbr' Re: GARDS problem ... URGENT

Geert writes:

>I am trying to build at in the snapshot and it gets stuck at the first >gplace (at-pass1). When I do a gardslic, it is there, but what I do a >"top" on gamorra, I see :

0170508K 0K sleep > 13201 geert 1 3:17 0.00% 0.00% <gplace>

>I tried it earlier this morning on staypuft and I got the same result. >I need this at before I can build a top-level. I think I'll need help >to resolve this

>The data is in the snapshot /n/auspex/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at

>The makefile output is in bsrc/at/gards/makerrs

I think clio is having a problem that is causing your GPLACE job to hang. I can't get fully logged in to clio to test things out, but your GPLACE job is trying to put its window on clio and I think clio's catatonic state is the source of the hangup.

As a workaround, why don't you kill the currently executing gmake & gplace and override the display pointer to point to thoas:

gmake GARDS DISPLAY=thoas:0 [other parameters]

If clio needs to be rebooted, I could get over to M.U. later this afternoon and give it the boot.

- Kurt

From: (lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Saturday, March 11, 1995 8:26 PM Sent:

To: 'mws'; 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'woody'; 'tbr'; 'jeffm'

Subject: Test status

BOM 247 running on Zycad BOM 250 running on IKOS

New business

238 - miscompare on gmshri16 (should take an exception but doesn't) regdepend r25547 tried to recreate with same operands but ran ok - aphrodite /s3 24295.8960

244 - This test Ran OK on IKOS am running again on Zycad

stgen r13311 0 240 - Miscompare trace on nosferatu /s4/res/3395.13608

250 - Dump on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc I think that there are at least 3 failures in this test I only looked at cyl 0. I have marked the levellog with

<-- comments.

250 - Bad rhodan /s3 11395,4206 doublemctest 0

icachenoalloc 0 250 - 249 dump on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

dramprintharder2 250 - X dump on nosferatu /s5/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

250 - rhodan /s3 11395.6066 atomic conflict 1

Thread 3, Reg 0, Param Entry 2 Expected 1020304050607 Got baadbeefbaadbeef

xlu field 4 1 250 - X (Ran for much longer) rhodan /s3 11395.5887

dcache_perf st1t 1 250 - Cache Data Error Expected 200000000000, Got 20000000000 Expected 20000000080, Got

2000000000080

Expected 20000000108, Got 20000000108 Expected 200000001d8, Got 200000001d8

Expected 200000000ff8, Got 200000000ff8

dcache perf ldst5t 1 250 - Exxxexpppcpeeetecccectttdteee edddd

You get the picture! Traces for both on rhodan /s3 11395.2390

cache U 249 - X traces on rhodan /s3 likedriverlog 5395.1338 vlduv debug 10395.25580

sync 1 249 - hung rhodan /s3 10395.25253 cache debug

249 - X /s3 rhodan 10395.8826 (and 6395.2961) and 10395.24485 snake debug icache stress

247 - nosferatu /s2 10395.5017 nb hermes 1 hermesload 0 247 - hermes model problem

Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these

241 - trace on nosferatu /s2 19295.28510 hermes lateturnon

Recreated with icachenoalloc

icache_func 1 244 - trace on rhodan /s3 5395.2288 (hung)

```
Recreated with dramprintharder2
                      241 - Printed test name then X - rhodan /s3 2395.6392
dcache_sz_16k_1
                   244 - Printed P then went to X rhodan /s3 4395,15296
mem Ū
interrupt_U
gtlb miss U
barrel U
                  } 244 - All X - rhodan /s3 5395.1338
bgate U
                    244 - dcache tag exception 2 was not recieved when expected
dcache except
                  exception bit set in tag but not in GTLB - rhodan /s3 6395.2961
                  trying to re-create with deacheharder5
unix 1
                 250 - Re-running now
                  247 - X trace on nosferatu /s2 8395.16920
cerberrtest
                    Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved
cerbarbeasy 0
Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance measure)
dcache_perf_ld1t_1
                      Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles
              Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 24295.8260
icache perf 1t 1
                     Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles
              Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 26295.14314
icache_perf 5t 1
                     Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles
              Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s3 6395.3461
                Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time = 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379
nb 1
                  Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time = 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379
nb_slow
Have not yet been run:
hermes load 0
nb combo 1
addr map rom - new but doen't compile
hermes conflict 1
deache conflict 1
ruptpintest 0 - Need to build a "custom" simulator
interleave_1
interleave U
exception U
tlb Ú
synch_U
Cannot yet be run:
instr U
instr 1
tlb 1
insn 1
nulltest
XLU tests
xlu_rotate_I_1
xlu rotate 2 1
xlu expand 1 1
```

```
xlu_compress_1_1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu_field_2_1
xlu_field_3_1
xlu_copyswap_2_1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_4_1
xlu_shufflemux_1_1
xlu_select_1_1
```

Not yet implemented:

brcolltest_0 brcrosstest 0 brimmlongtest 0 expriotest 0 canceltest 0 hermtotest 0 cerbtotest 0 hermerrtest 0 eventregtest 0 exintbashtest 0 cerberror 0 testerinit 0 memmap_0 nbbashtest_0 cerbarbtests hcplltests

addr_mad_void addr_map_mc addr_map_cerb addr_map_hermes

node-boot

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Saturo

Saturday, March 11, 1995 9:40 PM

To: 'ieffm'

Cc: 'billz'

'billz'; 'dickson'; 'guarino'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Subject: instr_1.cie

Jeff

The tests instr and insn are not currently built by the default target. I tried to build instr and got lisar@nosferatu/s2/euterpe/stb/stand/diag 445 % gmake HWSIM=1 CHIPROOT=/n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe instr 1.cie /n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe/tools/vendor/soft/stb/bin/tgcc -DDEBUG LEVEL 1 -DNO CALLIOPE -DSHORT -MDupdate .depend -I../lib -g -O2 -c instr main.c -o instr main 1.0 /n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe/tools/vendor/soft/stb/bin/tgcc -xassembler-with-cpp -DDEBUG LEVEL 1 -DNO CALLIOPE -DSHORT -MDupdate .depend -I../lib -g -O2 -c address.s -o address 1.o address.s: Assembler messages: address.s:94: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aaddi' address.s:97: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aaddi' address.s:109: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aadd' address.s:110: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aadd' address.s:121: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aand' address.s:122: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aand' address.s:131: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aandn' address.s:132: Error: Unknown opcode: 'aandn' address.s:141: Error: Unknown opcode: 'anand' address.s:142: Error: Unknown opcode: 'anand' address.s:151: Error: Unknown opcode: 'anor' address.s:152: Error: Unknown opcode: 'anor'

etc

I suspect that this is why it was put in the cannot run yet category.

Lisa R.

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Sunday, March 12, 1995 1:54 AM

To:

'Kurt Wampler'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Subject: Re: Routing experiment

Kurt Wampler writes:

I've completed a [perhaps interesting] routing experiment. Predicated on the idea that early wafers will be non-airbridge and nitride dielectric all the way to the top (i.e. M2 capacitance parasitic will be roughly the same as M3/M4), I ran a routing strategy that had full freedom in the M2 layer

-- no

length limit. I used Geert's placement from Friday.

Disconnects after line search: 822

822 (1:39:25) CPU time (medusa)

Disconnects after maze:

159 (5:29:42)

Disconnects after ripper:

40 (15:16:06)

Results are in /n/godzilla/s2/wampler/euroute/geert_euterpe-iter.dff.

The ripper solved almost everything except the right corridor. It churned wires up there for many hours, ripping and rerouting, but just seemed to not have enough vertical resource to succeed. It might be possible to get those last 40 nets by hand, but it would probably take several hours.

didn't PGROUTE this design, so even if I did manually figure out a way to finish up the last 40 unroutes, it wouldn't be something we could export & LVS.

However...going back to the original assumption, it might be interesting to take wire lengths with estimated nitride non-airbridge capacitance coefficients

out of this route and into simulation and see just what speed the chip would run at in this condition. I don't know how much work that would be on the simulation side, but it wouldn't take long to produce the capacitance numbers if the coefficients were known.

Kurt,

I think this _is_ an interesting result. In fact, based on this result, and, as you mention, the possibility of the first chips from the fab using a nitride dielectric, I would say we are presented with (at least) 2 new choices: 1. Work on refining your route further to get rid of all disconnects and then see what the resulting speed is. 2. Explicitly turn down the clock to reduce cell size and congestion and then attempt a re-route. This second approach may, possibly, give us a faster chip than 1. if it results in fewer serpentine wires. I would say that both these experiments are worth pursuing further.

Comments?

thanks, hopper

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Sunday, March 12, 1995 9:23 AM

To: 'gee

'aeert'

Cc: 'hopper'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'wampler'

Subject:

Routing experiment

Hi,

I've completed a [perhaps interesting] routing experiment. Predicated on the idea that early wafers will be non-airbridge and nitride dielectric all the way to the top (i.e. M2 capacitance parasitic will be roughly the same as M3/M4), I ran a routing strategy that had full freedom in the M2 layer -- no length limit. I used Geert's placement from Friday.

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However...going back to the original assumption, it might be interesting to take wire lengths with estimated nitride non-airbridge capacitance coefficients out of this route and into simulation and see just what speed the chip would run at in this condition. I don't know how much work that would be on the simulation side, but it wouldn't take long to produce the capacitance numbers if the coefficients were known.

- Kurt

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 12, 1995 12:59 PM

To:

'brianl'

Subject:

Spoke too soon

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Making mltime/mlmuxen7df16s.tim

deal: end hera stdout

deal: begin hera stderr (child 26831, cmd 259, exit 0) ...

deal; end hera stderr (child 26831)

deal: child 29285 dealing command 276 to merope % echo Making mltime/mlmuxen8df8s.tim; cd ./mltime; CHIPROOT=/n/auspexo/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp CHIP=proteus ../tools/simulate-time mlmuxen8df8s deal: child 29304 dealing command 277 to hera % echo Making mltime/mlmuxen8dh12s.tim; cd ./mltime; CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp CHIP=proteus ../tools/simulate-time mlmuxen8dh12s deal: child 29388 dealing command 278 to phobos % echo Making mltime/mlmuxen8dh16s.tim; cd ./mltime;

CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp CHIP=proteus ../tools/simulate-time mlmuxen8dh16s Deal parent cleaning up ... Done

Deal child 29304 caught signal 2.

Deal child 29285 caught signal 2.

Deal child 29304 killing process group 29305

Deal child 29285 killing process group 29286

Deal child 28937 caught signal 2. Deal child 28918 caught signal 2.

Deal child 28937 killing process group 28942

Deal child 28918 killing process group 28919

Deal child 28841 caught signal 2.

Deal child 20099 caught signal 2.

Deal child 28841 killing process group 28842

Deal child 20099 killing process group 20100

Deal child 28860 caught signal 2.

Deal child 28860 killing process group 28861

Deal child 29223 caught signal 2.

Deal child 29223 killing process group 29224

Deal child 29388 caught signal 2.

Deal child 29388 killing process group 29389

deal: begin hera stdout (child 29304, cmd 277) ...

deal: end hera stdout

deal: begin hera stderr (child 29304, cmd 277, terminated 2) ...

deal: begin psyche stdout (child 28918, cmd 273) ...

deal: end psyche stdout

deal: begin psyche stderr (child 28918, cmd 273, terminated 2) ...

deal: begin polyhymnia stdout (child 28937, cmd 274) ...

deal: end polyhymnia stdout

deal: begin polyhymnia stderr (child 28937, cmd 274, terminated 2) ...

deal: begin phobos stdout (child 29388, cmd 278) ...

deal: end phobos stdout

deal: begin phobos stderr (child 29388, cmd 278, terminated 2) ...

deal: begin mercury stdout (child 29223, cmd 275) ...

deal: end mercury stdout

deal: begin mercury stderr (child 29223, cmd 275, terminated 2) ...

deal: begin ares stdout (child 28841, cmd 271) ...

deal: end ares stdout

deal: begin ares stderr (child 28841, cmd 271, terminated 2) ...

```
deal: begin merope stdout (child 29285, cmd 276) ...
deal: end merope stdout
deal: begin merope stderr (child 29285, cmd 276, terminated 2) ...
deal: end psyche stderr (child 28918)
deal: begin pelorus stdout (child 20099, cmd 210) ...
deal: end pelorus stdout
deal: begin pelorus stderr (child 20099, cmd 210, terminated 2) ...
deal: begin kephalos stdout (child 28860, cmd 272) ...
deal: end kephalos stdout
deal: begin kephalos stderr (child 28860, cmd 272, terminated 2) ...
deal: end hera stderr (child 29304)
deal: end ares stderr (child 28841)
deal: end polyhymnia stderr (child 28937)
deal: end phobos stderr (child 29388)
deal: end merope stderr (child 29285)
deal: end pelorus stderr (child 20099)
deal: end mercury stderr (child 29223)
deal; end kephalos stderr (child 28860)
gmake[2]: *** [do-mlobe-time] Error 1
gmake[2]: Leaving directory '/N/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp/leafgen'
gmake[1]: *** [all] Error 1
gmake[1]: Leaving directory '/N/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp/leafgen'
gmake: *** [proteusmake] Error 1
```

From: brianl (Brian Lee)

Sent: Sunday, March 12, 1995 1:01 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'
Subject: Re: Spoke too soon

Oops. Sorry. This is my fault. I accidently killed the snapshot trying to terminate my leafgen release. Please restart yours and it should continue cleanly.

Brian

```
Tim B. Robinson writes:
```

Making mltime/mlmuxen7df16s.tim deal: end hera stdout |deal: begin hera stderr (child 26831, cmd 259, exit 0) ... Ideal; end hera stderr (child 26831) ideal; child 29285 dealing command 276 to merope % echo Making mltime/mlmuxen8df8s.tim; cd ./mltime; CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp CHIP=proteus ../tools/simulate-time mlmuxen8df8s |deal: child 29304 dealing command 277 to hera % echo Making mltime/mlmuxen8dh12s.tim; cd ./mltime; CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp CHIP=proteus ../tools/simulate-time mlmuxen8dh12s |deal; child 29388 dealing command 278 to phobos % echo Making mltime/mlmuxen8dh16s.tim; cd ./mltime; CHIPROOT=/n/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp CHIP=proteus ../tools/simulate-time mlmuxen8dh16s Deal parent cleaning up ... Done Deal child 29304 caught signal 2. Deal child 29285 caught signal 2. |Deal child 29304 killing process group 29305 Deal child 29285 killing process group 29286 Deal child 28937 caught signal 2. Deal child 28918 caught signal 2. |Deal child 28937 killing process group 28942 Deal child 28918 killing process group 28919 Deal child 28841 caught signal 2. Deal child 20099 caught signal 2. Deal child 28841 killing process group 28842 Deal child 20099 killing process group 20100 Deal child 28860 caught signal 2. |Deal child 28860 killing process group 28861 Deal child 29223 caught signal 2. Deal child 29223 killing process group 29224 Deal child 29388 caught signal 2. Deal child 29388 killing process group 29389 deal: begin hera stdout (child 29304, cmd 277) ... deal: end hera stdout deal; begin hera stderr (child 29304, cmd 277, terminated 2) ... deal: begin psyche stdout (child 28918, cmd 273) ...

|deal: end psyche stdout |deal: begin psyche stde

deal: begin psyche stderr (child 28918, cmd 273, terminated 2) ...

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deal: end polyhymnia stdout

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deal; end phobos stdout

|deal: begin phobos stderr (child 29388, cmd 278, terminated 2) ...

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```
|deal: end mercury stdout
|deal: begin mercury stderr (child 29223, cmd 275, terminated 2) ...
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gmake: *** [proteusmake] Error 1
```

Brian L.

Sent:

To:

Subject:

hopper (Mark Hofmann) Sunday, March 12, 1995 1:33 PM 'geert (Geert Rosseel)' Top-Level Euterpe route: How's it going?

Hi Geert,

I noticed you've been working on the top-level route through the weekend. How are things looking currently?

-mark

thr

Sent:

Sunday, March 12, 1995 1:56 PM

To:

'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Cc:

'woody'

Subject:

status

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Oluluo

Flag Status:

Red

Jay Tomlinson wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

To Do for main board compile:

1. Decide what to do about chips_prt. I vote for sticking with the gyg because we already know how to deal with it.

We convinced rich staying with the gyg files was the best course, and dan has been implementing the chips prt generator.

2. Move all of the schematics to the new directory structure. If you attempt to browse the schematic, you will need to set up links to the hestia/ged dir (see my set up).

Some additional issues have been raised by the and we should spend a few minutes thinking through what we really want.

3. Put together the necessary Makefiles similar to the euterpe module.

Dan has been concentrating on the euterpe module and was still having problems as of friday. He said he would have it all completed over the weekend.

4. Eventually all of the old stuff should be cvs rm'ed.

Yes.

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 12, 1995 2:10 PM

To:

'Curtis Abbott'

Cc:

'billz@microunity.com'; 'lisar@microunity.com'

Subject:

Euterpe SDRAM

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Curtis Abbott wrote (on Thu Mar 9):

What is the scenario where we might want this?

A cable modern based on Euterpe might need other than onchip memory. Clearly, this could be slower than 100MHz, and it would be nice if it could be found in increments smaller than 4MB. Given the poor availability of 4Mb SDRAM, 2MB increments based on a single 16Mb chip would probably be a good solution.

Another consideration is that the SDRAM controller design is based on the assumption that there is a fairly large multiplier between the SOFA clock rate SDRAM clock rate. So, although we have a great deal of programmability in the timing, resolution becomes poor at low SOFA clock rates and we may lose significant performance in the SDRAM as a result.

tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent:

Sunday, March 12, 1995 9:40 PM

To:

'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc:

'solo (John Campbell)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tau'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'

Re: snapshot Subject:

Tim B. Robinson writes:

John Campbell wrote (on Sat Mar 11):

as Tim B. Robinson was saying

.. I started a make in the snapshot to pick up the changes fred had made

.. to fix csyn errors from ea cells. For some reason, it decided to

..recompile leafgen!

.. Any ideas why?

..Tim

We changed several makefiles. i don't think leafgen should have been affected but my senior assistant, tau may have an opinion.

It was, and now the timing is re-running. Take a look at the log in s23/euterpe-proteus-cp/makerrs

It looks to me as if proteus/spice/misc/{oper_pt.h,header} were rebuilt because brianl just added a dependency of it on the spice models file.

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 12, 1995 11:49 PM

To:

'tom (Tom Laidig (tau)'

Cc:

'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'solo (John Campbell)'; 'tau'

Subject:

Flag Status:

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Red

tau wrote (on Sun Mar 12):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

John Campbell wrote (on Sat Mar 11):

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Yes, it's grinding along, hopefully not destroying anything as it goes!

```
From:
                      tbr (Tim B. Robinson)
                      Sunday, March 12, 1995 11:49 PM
Sent:
                      'tom (Tom Laidig (tau))'
To:
                      'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'solo (John Campbell)'; 'tau'
Cc:
Subject:
                      Re: snapshot
tau wrote (on Sun Mar 12):
   Tim B. Robinson writes:
    John Campbell wrote (on Sat Mar 11):
       as Tim B. Robinson was saying ......
       . .
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       ..to fix csyn errors from ea cells. For some reason, it decided to
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  because brianl just added a dependency of it on the spice models file.
```

Yes, it's grinding along, hopefully not destroying anything as it goes!

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Monday, March 13, 1995 1:07 AM

To: 'mws'; 'dickson'; 'veena'

Cc: 'doi'; 'jeffm'; 'billz'; 'woody'; 'tbr'

Subject: regdepend r25547 0

I spent some time trying to re-create the gmshri16 failure of regdepend_r25547_0, which if you recall failed on BOM 238 (not taking an exception when it should have) and running okay now. I did a getbom of 238 but getbom got me 238.12 which went to x because it contained the "pruned gates". I did a bit of groping around in cvs logs and with the help of the realised that the problem may be that the gates just weren't in BOM 238.

The results of the run were at:

33720 -rw-r--r- 1 lisar 34495400 Feb 24 11:32 res/24295.8960/results/regdepend_r25547_0.or

Here are mws's comments at 4.30 pm that day:

revision 239.0

date: 1995/02/24 16:30:11 LT; author: woody; state: Exp; lines: +1 -1

Release Target: euterpe/verilog/bsrc

Added xlu trap conditions to uu that were removed from mc by dickson.

Now we (as in the et al) think that this exception gmshri16 was at that point only added to the standalone datapath simulation envirnment not in the toplevel. Which would explain why the test didn't take the exception and runs now.

So, am I off the hook? Are we satisfied that the failure is understood?

Lisa R.

lisar (Lisa Robinson) From: Monday, March 13, 1995 10:38 AM Sent: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'jeffm'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody' To: Cc: 'doi': 'aeert' Subject: Test status BOM 247 running on Zycad BOM 252 running on IKOS New business icachenoalloc 0 252 - Hung rhodan /s3 13395.19696 - will run in verilog. regdepend_r25547 238 - miscompare on gmshri16 (should take an exception but doesn't) Believe that these gates were not in 238 - aphrodite /s3 24295.8960 244 - This test Ran OK on IKOS am running again on Zycad stgen r13311 0 240 - Miscompare trace on nosferatu /s4/res/3395.13608 250 - Dump on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc I think that there are at least 3 failures in this test I only looked at cyl 0. I have marked the levellog with <-- comments. doublemctest 0 250 - Bad rhodan /s3 11395.4206 dramprintharder2 250 - X dump on nosferatu /s5/euterpe/verilog/bsrc atomic conflict 1 250 - rhodan /s3 11395.6066 Thread 3, Reg 0, Param Entry 2 Expected 1020304050607 Got baadbeefbaadbeef xlu field 4 1 250 - X (Ran for much longer) rhodan /s3 11395.5887 dcache perf st1t 1 250 -Cache Data Error Expected 20000000000, Got 20000000000 Expected 20000000080, Got 20000000080 Expected 20000000108, Got 20000000108 Expected 200000001d8, Got 200000001d8 Expected 20000000ff8, Got 200000000ff8 dcache perf ldst5t 1 250 - Exxxexpppcpeeetecccectttdteee edddd You get the picture! Traces for both on rhodan /s3 11395.2390 dcache_conflict_1 250 Thread 3, Reg 1, Param Entry 2 Expected 1020304050607 Got ffffdffffffffff - trace on rhodan /s3 11395.6701 249 - X traces on rhodan /s3 likedriverlog 5395.1338 vlduv debug 10395.25580 sync_1 249 - hung rhodan /s3 10395.25253 cache debug icache stress 249 - X /s3 rhodan 10395.8826 (and 6395.2961) and 10395.24485 snake debug 247 - nosferatu /s2 10395.5017 nb hermes 1 247 - hermes model problem hermesload 0 251 - X } rhodan /s3 12395.11603 instr 1

```
251 - X }
insn 1
tlb 1
                  250 - X rhodan /s3 11395,6933
regdepend r25728 0
                        247 - 2 cyl hung? nosferatu /s2 11395.86062
                        247 - X and doesn't enable hermes (comment in log
interleave 1
says otherwise?) nosferatu /s2 11395.15228
                        251 - I think that this failed - I need to look at
dcacheharder5 0
this one.
Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these
hermes lateturnon 241 - trace on nosferatu /s2 19295.28510
Recreated with icachenoalloc
                        244 - trace on rhodan /s3 5395.2288 (hung)
icache func 1
                  251 - rhodan /s3 12395.13205 hung
Recreated with dramprintharder2
                        241 - Printed test name then X - rhodan /s3
dcache sz 16k 1
2395.6392
                  244 - Printed P then went to X rhodan /s3
mem U
4395.15296
interrupt U
gtlb_miss_U
                    244 - All X - rhodan /s3 5395.1338
barrel U
bgate U
dcache except
                        244 - dcache tag exception 2 was not recieved when
expected
                        exception bit set in tag but not in GTLB - rhodan /s3 6395.2961
                        trying to re-create with dcacheharder5
unix_1
                        250 - Re-running now
                  247 - X trace on nosferatu /s2 8395.16920
cerberrtest
                        Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved
cerbarbeasy 0
Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance
measure)
                        Expected difference between the cached and
dcache perf ldlt 1
non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles
                  Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 24295.8260
icache_perf_1t_1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles
                  Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s3
26295.14314
icache perf 5t 1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles
                  Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s3
6395.3461
nb 1
                  Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
= 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379
                        Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
nb slow
= 150:180 \text{ rhodan /s3 } 28295.4379
Have not yet been run:
hermes_load_0
nb_combo_1
hermes_conflict_1
```

```
- Need to build a "custom" simulator
ruptpintest_0
interleave 1
interleave U
exception_U
tlb U
synch_U
Cannot yet be run:
instr U
instr_1
tlb_1
insn 1
nulltest
XLU tests
xlu_rotate_1_1
xlu_rotate_2_1
xlu_expand_1_1
xlu_compress_1_1
xlu_extract_1_1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu_field_2_1
xlu_field_3_1
xlu copyswap 1 1
xlu copyswap 2 1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_4_1
xlu shufflemux_1_1
xlu select 1 1
Not yet implemented:
brcolltest 0
brcrosstest_0
brimmlongtest_0
expriotest 0
canceltest 0
hermtotest 0
cerbtotest 0
hermerrtest_0
eventregtest_0
exintbashtest 0
cerberror_0
testerinit_0
memmap 0
nbbashtest 0
cerbarbtests
```

node-boot

hcplltests

addr_mad_void
addr_map_mc
addr_map_cerb
addr map hermes

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Monday, March 13, 1995 11:32 AM

To: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: status

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Sun Mar 12):

Jay Tomlinson wrote (on Tue Mar 7):

To Do for main board compile:

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Dan has been concentrating on the euterpe module and was still having problems as of friday. He said he would have it all completed over the weekend.

4. Eventually all of the old stuff should be cvs rm'ed.

Yes.

I realized that some more changes for connectors in morpheus/verilog/slibsrc will need to be made. They will need to be converted from vector to scalar notation to match the schematic body. This is what needed to be done anyway since it allows gyg2v to create the verilog directly from the gyg. Note gyg2v doesn't currently support vectors.

woody

From: brianl (Brian Lee)

Sent: Monday, March 13, 1995 5:00 PM

To: 'ericm (Eric Murray)'
Cc: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: connection timed out errors in snapshot build

Hi,

Tim said that you wanted to be advised of our "network/system" problems so that you could try to track things.

The latest snapshot proteus build failed because two (out of 836) mlobe simulations failed when the connection timed-out while trying to find/execute the hspice binary. Both time outs occurred on pelorus.

E.g.:

/mlor2dh2s.scr: /n/auspex6/s23/euterpe-proteus-cp/tools/vendor/hspice/standard/bin/hspice: Connection timed out

Time of error:

brianl@gamorra 273% II leafgen/mltime/mlor2dh2s.err26627 leafgen/mltime/mlor2df8s.err26508 1 -rw-r--r- 1 chip 208 Mar 13 01:07 leafgen/mltime/mlor2df8s.err26508

1 -rw-r--r-- 1 chip

113 Mar 13 01:09 leafgen/mltime/mlor2dh2s.err26627

Brian L.

From: Sent: To:

Mark Semmelmeyer [mws@qodzilla] Monday, March 13, 1995 6:31 PM

'euterpe@godzilla'

Subject:

IMMINENT/FINAL DECISION: IQ cut from 7 to 4 quadlets; br pred impact

As explained below, we have essentially made a final decision to reduce the instruction queue from 7 quadlets to 4 quadlets. Since the decision is already essentially final, no date for it to become final or effective is given.

We have always had a predicted branch&target alignment effect on ifetch performance that could affect loop performance. This effect was poorly advertised but only applicable to less than 1 of 16 random cases until recently. Of course, compilers or other tools might make the cases less than random for somewhat worse results.

The size of the instruction queue was decided back in the old days when the on chip ifetch rate was once every four cycles (one can look at it as ticks or major cycles for the same relative result).

7 quadlets of queuing was the minimum necesary to keep straight line code free of ifetch delays, and that size is what we still had until now. Predicted branches could mostly live with 7 and not see delays, but there were a few cases that would have required even more quadlets in the instruction queue to avoid delays. We never claimed that predicted branch performance was perfect.

Recently it became clear that routing congestion near the ICache made it impossible to support so much instruction queueing. The old instruction queue is now overkill when evaluated against the same criteria that originally justified it because the ifetch rate is now double what it was. The size justified by those criteria is 4 quadlets. This results in a new predicted branch performance rule once the excess quadlets are removed:

A correctly predicted branch that does not hold in issue will cause its target to suffer a 1 tick ifetch delay if the branch and target PC's have the same (quadlet) offset within their hexlets. If the branch holds in issue for any reason (e.g. eta restriction, pc behind) then this ifetch delay does not apply, and if the target instruction was not ready to issue anyway, then the ifetch delay will trade with the otherwise 1st cycle of issue delay for no net loss.

Examples of correctly predicted branches subject to pred ifetch delay:

from pc=0x200 to pc=0x180

from pc=0x408 to pc=0x228

Examples of correctly predicted branches NOT subject to pred ifetch delay:

from pc=0x200 to pc=0x184 from pc=0x408 to pc=0x22C from pc=0x400 to pc=0x22C

from pc=0x30C to pc=0x178

from pc=any to a load/store/branch instruction

With the excess that we had before, the rule was the same except only applied when the branch and target were both the FIRST quadlet in their own aligned hexlets. I think if we only had the quarter rate ifetch as originally planned, the rule would have been similar to what we are ending up with now with half rate ifetch and a 4 quadlet instruction queue.

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 12:26 AM

To: Subject: 'jeffm'; 'mws'

ovfloaduse ran ok on 247

Summary file is res/13395.19258/summary

Design Name: c_euterpe_wrap
Run Date: 13395

Run ID:

19258

Simulator: c_euterpe_wrap.mif.mm was built on Tue Mar 7 21:46:11 1995

Using BOM: Version BOM, v 247.0 1995/03/07 18:45:05 LT mws

Warning: Local BOM is out of date ...

Log Message:

Run started on host: aphrodite at: Mon Mar 13 17:33:53 PST 1995

ovfloaduse_0 Ran ok

Run time = 2585 seconds Performance = 16 cycles/second

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 1:36 AM

To:

'Kurt Wampler'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject:

Re: Inverse route order

Kurt Wampler writes: Good evening -

I completed the inverse-order routing experiment. It reached 98.95% completion (2784 disconnects). The results are in:

/n/godzilla/s2/wampler/invroute/geert euterpe-iter.dff

...if anyone wants to have a look at the disconnect pattern. I can make a small plot of it tomorrow. At first glance, it doesn't look much different from the plots we were examining this afternoon.

Okay. So this is simialr to, or slightly better than, the ordering we had been trying up to line search? (ca. 2900 disconnects?)

Does that say that ordering is not critical. Or do we need another point on the curve to be able to draw such an inference?

-hopper

wampler (Kurt Wampler) From: Tuesday, March 14, 1995 1:57 AM Sent: 'aeert' To: 'billz': 'dickson': 'hopper': 'mws': 'tbr': 'vo': 'wampler': 'woody' Cc: Subject: Inverse route order Good evening -I completed the inverse-order routing experiment. It reached 98.95% completion (2784 disconnects). The results are in: /n/godzilla/s2/wampler/invroute/geert euterpe-iter.dff ...if anyone wants to have a look at the disconnect pattern. I can make a small plot of it tomorrow. At first glance, it doesn't look much different from the plots we were examining this afternoon. Kurt {BTW - when I went to log in this evening from home there was some kind of severe network/NFS disturbance going on; I couldn't log in to any machine for about 15 minutes. and then when I did log in, my home directory on the auspex was inaccessible. Did anyone else experience problems like this?} [Also, FYI, the routing strategy used was:] ____ control: netlist=short.net; flag=-1; routorder=-1;

_=====

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 8:56 AM

To:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'hopper

(Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject:

mnemo drc's finished

The mnemo upper drc's have finished and aside some notch errors in the metals from the router and via twinner, the metals are clean.

The lowers are basically clean EXCEPT for 5 big holes in the poly layer:

93560, 6000

93720, 6000 67680, 5520 69840, 5520

178560, 5520

The floating poly check died when it filled up the disk. Is it possible to have larger than 2GB partitions on sunos? We've reached the point where a single stage within a dracula run for mnemo exceeds the current file system sizes created for dracula jobs. These are currently about 1.6GB and it would be nice to have about 3GB per partition.

I'll manually fix and restart the floating poly check.

Thanks,

Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 9:12 AM

To:

Cc:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'vanthof

(Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject:

Re: mnemo drc's finished

vant writes:

The mnemo upper drc's have finished and aside some notch errors in the metals from the router and via twinner, the metals are clean.

Good news!

The lowers are basically clean EXCEPT for 5 big holes in the poly layer:

93560, 6000 93720, 6000

67680, 5520

69840, 5520

178560, 5520

Any idea what the source of these are?

The floating poly check died when it filled up the disk. Is it possible to have larger than 2GB partitions on sunos? We've reached the point where a single stage within a dracula run for mnemo exceeds the current file system sizes created for dracula jobs. These are currently about 1.6GB and it would be nice to have about 3GB per partition.

I thought this was now possible.

I'll manually fix and restart the floating poly check.

Thanks, Dave.

Thanks,

Dave

-hopper

lisar (Lisa Robinson) From: Sent: Tuesday, March 14, 1995 10:30 AM 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'jeffm'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody' To: 'doi'; 'geert' Cc: test status Subject: BOM 247 running on Zycad BOM 253 running on IKOS New business Next group on rhodan /s3 13395.100: mem U 253 - Ran ok bgate U 253 - hung 253 - no exception handler for cylinder 1 at pc barrel U 0x9005f03800001188 interrupt U Need to re-run 253 - unexpect exception 15 at pc 0x200000000c57: gtlb miss U cache II 252 - X traces on rhodan /s3 likedriverlog 5395.1338 vldUV debug 10395.25580 prblm debug 14395.107 253 - X rhodan /s3 10395.25253 cache debug sync 1 vldUV_debug 14395.326 252 - Hung rhodan /s3 13395.19696 sump on icachenoalloc 0 staypuft /s5/tbr/euterpe stgen_r13311 0 240 - Miscompare trace on nosferatu /s4/res/3395.13608 250 - Dump on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc I think that there are at least 3 failures in this test I only looked at cyl 0. I have marked the levellog with <-- comments. doublemctest 0 250 - Test fix is just need to re-run atomic_conflict_1 250 - rhodan /s3 11395.6066 Thread 3, Reg 0, Param Entry 2 Expected baadbeefbaadbeef 1020304050607 Got xlu field 4 1 250 - X (Ran for much longer) rhodan /s3 11395.5887 dcache perf st1t 1 250 - Cache Data Error Expected 20000000000, Got 20000000000 Expected 20000000080, Got 20000000080 Expected 20000000108, Got 20000000108 Expected 200000001d8, Got 200000001d8 Expected 20000000ff8, Got 200000000ff8 dcache perf ldst5t 1 250 - Exxxexpppcpeeetecccectttdteee edddd $200020\overline{22}020\overline{0}000000\overline{0}00000000004000010\overline{0}00000041,440111000 ,G,,, o$ You get the picture! Traces for both on rhodan /s3 11395.2390 dcache_conflict_1 250 Thread 3, Reg 1, Param Entry 2 Expected 1020304050607 Got ffffdffffffffff - trace on rhodan /s3 11395.6701 249 - X /s3 rhodan 10395.8826 (and 6395.2961) and icache stress 10395.24485 snake debug 247 - nosferatu /s2 10395.5017 nb hermes 1 hermesload 0 247 - hermes model problem

```
instr 1
                        251 - X } rhodan /s3 12395.11603
                        251 - x }
insn 1
tlb 1
                  250 - X rhodan /s3 11395.6933
regdepend r25728 0
                        247 - 2 cyl hung? nosferatu /s2 11395.86062
                        247 - X and doesn't enable hermes (comment in log
interleave 1
says otherwise?) nosferatu /s2 11395.15228
Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these
hermes lateturnon 241 - trace on nosferatu /s2 19295.28510
Recreated with icachenoalloc
icache func 1
                        244 - trace on rhodan /s3 5395.2288 (hung)
                  251 - rhodan /s3 12395.13205 hung
                        244 - dcache tag exception 2 was not recieved when
dcache except
expected
                        exception bit set in tag but not in GTLB - rhodan /s3 6395.2961
                        trying to re-create with dcacheharder5
unix 1
                        250 - Looks like the test resets the machine
                  247 - X trace on nosferatu /s2 8395.16920
cerberrtest
                        Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved
cerbarbeasy 0
Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance
measure)
dcache perf ld1t 1
                        Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles
                  Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 24295.8260
icache_perf_1t_1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles
                  Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s3
26295.14314
icache perf 5t 1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles
                  Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s3
6395.3461
nb 1
                  Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
= 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379
nb slow
                        Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
= \overline{150:180} rhodan /s3 28295.4379
Have not yet been run:
hermes_load_0
nb combo 1
hermes conflict 1
ruptpintest_0

    Need to build a "custom" simulator

interleave U
exception U
tlb U
synch_U
instr U
Cannot yet be run:
```

nulltest

```
XLU tests

xlu_rotate_1_1
xlu_rotate_2_1
xlu_expand 1_1
xlu_compress_1_1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu_field_2_1
xlu_field_3_1
xlu_copyswap_1_1
xlu_copyswap_2_1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_4_1
xlu_shufflemux_1_1
xlu_select_1_1
```

Not yet implemented:

brcolltest_0
brcrosstest_0
brimmlongtest_0
expriotest_0
canceltest_0
hermtotest_0
cerbtotest_0
eventregtest_0
exintbashtest_0
cerberror_0
testerinit_0
memmap_0
nbbashtest_0
cerbarbtests
hcplltests

addr_mad_void addr_map_mc addr_map_cerb addr_map_hermes

node-boot

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 11:52 AM Sent:

To:

'tbr'; 'dbulfer'; 'wayne'

Subject: Review of the Pandora Euterpe Module schematic

Let's meet at 2pm in the Engineering Conf room to review the Pandora Euterpe Module schematic. I will distribute copies of the schematic prior to the meeting.

thanks,

woody

```
billz (Bill Zuravleff)
From:
Sent:
                      Tuesday, March 14, 1995 1:58 PM
                      'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'wampler
To:
                      (Kurt Wampler)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'
                      PCOMP fails, why?
Subject:
Y'all,
  the "pcomp" step in my place and route sequence fails (it worked this morning, I
thought). Any idea why this is?
A partial error messages follows. Complete listings in
~billz/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/nbgards.log and the nb/gards directory.
Thanks.
billz
GARDS PCOMP 7.121 -- Physical Compiler
Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved.
Design: nb-pass1 Started at: 95/03/14 18:40:15
PCOMP Version 7.1.21 of August 9, 1994
Processing Logic description: NB
Processing Expansion level: SLNET
... Start of netlist processing.
... Circuit name: NB
... Processing CDL.
... CHIPNAME: SOFA;
... Processing header of user PDL.
... PHYSICALLIB: PBUILD;
... Processing header of system PDL.
... PHYSICALLIB: PBUILD;
... Processing rest of user PDL.
In EAMEMA1R1W6X1A at line 9175:
--> TARGETNET:RWL_AB1PEF<0>;
** Syntax Error: Pin name RWL_AB1PEF<0> is not on the corresponding logical type.
```

(Message number 35

In EAMEMA1R1W6X1A at line 9181:
--> TARGETNET:WWL_AB1PF<0>;

Severity 5)

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann) Tuesday, March 14, 1995 3:08 PM Sent: To: 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'ong (Warren R. Ong)'; 'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)' Cc: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)' Subject: Re: PCOMP fails, why? Tim B. Robinson writes: Bill Zuravleff wrote (on Tue Mar 14): Y'all, the "pcomp" step in my place and route sequence fails (it worked this morning, I thought). Any idea why this is? A partial error messages follows. Complete listings in ~billz/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/nbgards.log and the nb/gards Thanks. billz GARDS PCOMP 7.121 -- Physical Compiler Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Started at: 95/03/14 18:40:15 Design: nb-pass1 PCOMP Version 7.1.21 of August 9, 1994 Processing Logic description: NB Processing Expansion level: SLNET ... Start of netlist processing. ... Circuit name: NB ... Processing CDL. ... CHIPNAME: SOFA; ... Processing header of user PDL. ... PHYSICALLIB: PBUILD; ... Processing header of system PDL. ... PHYSICALLIB: PBUILD; ... Processing rest of user PDL. In EAMEMAIRIW6X1A at line 9175: --> TARGETNET:RWL_AB1PEF<0>; ** Syntax Error: Pin name RWL AB1PEF<0> is not on the corresponding logical type. (Message number 35 Severity 5) In EAMEMA1R1W6X1A at line 9181: --> TARGETNET: WWL AB1PF<0>; There has been some sort of update going on with ea cells. It looks like the PDL is out of sync with the netlist. That couls be because update had not completed when you ran, or it could be because the verilog library model is not out of sync with the layout Tim We've seen this for a day or so now. Warren did these pin names change? I don't think so. I'm not sure what's going on.

The chipq is currently empty, so there are no updates in progress.

Tom- are all PDLs up-to-date by your reckoning?

We need to track this down.

I wonder if this is a schematic vs. layout problem -hopper

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 3:42 PM

To:

Subject:

euterpe.status

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

I added a description of the DRAM overrun problem we expect to have when the clock ration is below 10. Could you reproduce the formula you had so we can specify the general case. ie, assuming we can select both dram an hermes clock ratios, what is the inequality that has to hold to guarantee it works in the worst case?

Thanks Tim

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Tuesday, March 14, 1995 5:48 PM

To:

'tbr'

Subject: Re: euterpe.status

Could you reproduce the formula you had so we can specify the general case. ie, assuming we can select both dram an hermes clock ratios, what is the inequality that has to hold to guarantee it works in the worst case?

OK. Done. I think. I hope "Ratio >= 10" isn't too simplistic. I'm sure you'll let me know if the explanation is inadequate.

Regards, billz

tbг

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 7:47 PM

To:

'vanthof (vant)'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'Dave Van't Hof';

'Tom Vo'

Subject:

mnemo drc's finished

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

vant wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

The mnemo upper drc's have finished and aside some notch errors in the metals from the router and via twinner, the metals are clean.

The lowers are basically clean EXCEPT for 5 big holes in the poly layer:

93560,6000

93720, 6000

67680, 5520

69840, 5520

178560, 5520

The floating poly check died when it filled up the disk. Is it possible to have larger than 2GB partitions on sunos? We've reached the point where a single stage within a dracula run for mnemo exceeds the current file system sizes created for dracula jobs. These are currently about 1.6GB and it would be nice to have about 3GB per partition.

There is a product from sun which should do this. It's \$825 for a single system license. I need to confirm it will run with 4.1.3. If so, I'll see how soon we can get it.

I'll manually fix and restart the floating poly check.

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 7:54 PM

To:

'pmayer'

Cc:

'woody'

Subject:

Euterpe board

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

In reviewing the schematic today we realized we were missing the DC power connector. Do you already have a part footprint for that? I don't know the part number, but jay was going to dig out the specs.

pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 8:20 PM

To:

'tbr'

Cc:

'woody'; 'pmayer'

Subject: Re: Euterpe board

I don't recall any special connector other than the straddle mount.

Pattie

- > From tbr Tue Mar 14 16:54:02 1995
- > Date: Tue, 14 Mar 1995 16:53:59 -0800
- > From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)
- > To: pmayer
- > Cc: woody
- > Subject: Euterpe board
- > Content-Length: 212
- >
- > In reviewing the schematic today we realized we were missing the DC
- > power connector. Do you already have a part footprint for that? I don't know
- > the part number, but jay was going to dig out the specs.
- > Tim
- >
- ΄,

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 9:43 PM

To:

'woody'

Subject:

ged compile

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

I tried again and it still fails. The .lst file has

#1 ERROR(47) Wrong description in libraries for part PIN_NUMBER Syntax error: Number of sections in line 13 File name: '/n/auspex/s10/chip/morpheus/ged/custom/euterpe/chips_prt'

Is there still something that needs to be released to /u/chip?

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 14, 1995 10:00 PM

To:

'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'

Cc:

'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'brianl'; 'ong'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'Mark Hofmann'; 'Mark

Semmelmeyer'; 'Kurt Wampler'

Subject:

PCOMP fails, why?

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Bill Zuravleff wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

the "pcomp" step in my place and route sequence fails (it worked this morning, I thought). Any idea why this is? A partial error messages follows. Complete listings in ~billz/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/nbgards.log and the nb/gards directory.

Thanks,

billz

GARDS PCOMP 7.121 -- Physical Compiler Copyright (c) 1995 SILVAR-LISCO. All rights reserved. Design: nb-pass1 Started at: 95/03/14 18:40:15

PCOMP Version 7.1.21 of August 9, 1994

Processing Logic description: NB Processing Expansion level: SLNET

- ... Start of netlist processing.
- ... Circuit name: NB
- ... Processing CDL.
- ... CHIPNAME:SOFA;
- ... Processing header of user PDL.
- ... PHYSICALLIB:PBUILD;
- ... Processing header of system PDL.
- ... PHYSICALLIB:PBUILD;
- ... Processing rest of user PDL.
- In EAMEMA1R1W6X1A at line 9175: --> TARGETNET:RWL_AB1PEF<0>;
- ** Syntax Error: Pin name RWL AB1PEF<0> is not on the corresponding logical type.

(Message number 35 Severity 5)

In EAMEMAIRIW6X1A at line 9181:

--> TARGETNET:WWL_AB1PF<0>;

Page 246 of 643

There has been some sort of update going on with ea cells. It looks like the PDL is out of sync with the netlist. That couls be because the update had not completed when you ran, or it could be because the verilog library model is not out of sync with the layout

```
From:
                      tbr (Tim B. Robinson)
                      Tuesday, March 14, 1995 10:00 PM
Sent:
To:
                      'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'
                      'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'brianl'; 'ong'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)';
Cc:
                      'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'
Subject:
                      PCOMP fails, why?
Bill Zuravleff wrote (on Tue Mar 14):
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   ** Syntax Error: Pin name RWL_AB1PEF<0> is not on the corresponding
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   (Message number 35
                           Severity 5)
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```

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From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Tuesday, March 14, 1995 11:22 PM

To: 'brianl'; 'fwo'; 'hopper'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: snapshot getborn in trouble ..

Brainl is doing a getbom in the euterpe snashot and I see in the log file:

cvs status: [19:58:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [19:58:58] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [19:59:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [19:59:58] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [20:00:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [20:00:58] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [20:01:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [20:02:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [20:02:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [20:02:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l cvs status: [20:02:58] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro l

Geert

thr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:10 AM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'Warren R. Ong'; 'Tom

Laidia'

Subject:

Re: PCOMP fails, why?

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

We've seen this for a day or so now.

Warren did these pin names change? I don't think so.

I'm not sure what's going on.

The chipq is currently empty, so there are no updates in progress.

We need to track this down.

Tom- are all PDLs up-to-date by your reckoning? I wonder if this is a schematic vs. layout problem

I thought fred had initiated some pin name changes to fix euterpe csyn errors.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:10 AM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'ong (Warren R. Ong)';

'tom (Tom Laidig)'

Subject:

Re: PCOMP fails, why?

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Warren did these pin names change? I don't think so.

I'm not sure what's going on. The chipq is currently empty, so there are no updates in progress.

We need to track this down.

Tom- are all PDLs up-to-date by your reckoning?

I wonder if this is a schematic vs. layout problem

I thought fred had initiated some pin name changes to fix euterpe csyn errors.

woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:21 AM

To:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Cc:

'pmayer'

Subject: Euterpe board

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

In reviewing the schematic today we realized we were missing the DC power connector. Do you already have a part footprint for that? I don't know the part number, but jay was going to dig out the specs.

Tim

I dropped off a copy of the spec on pattie's chair. It did not contain the partnumber, I will check with vijay.

woody

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:31 AM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'brianl'; 'fwo'; 'hopper'; 'tom'

Subject:

snapshot getbom in trouble ..

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

Brainl is doing a getbom in the euterpe snashot and I see in the log file:

cvs status: [19:58:28] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro

I don't inderstand why chip would be holding that lock unless an earlier attempt got killed ungracefully:

tbr@aphrodite /u/chip/chip-archive/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro1 405 % ls -ls total 47

1 drwxr-sr-x 2 chip

512 Mar 14 17:50 #cvs.lock

1 drwxrwsr-x 3 rich

512 Mar 14 17:50. 2048 Mar 14 17:50 ..

2 drwxrwsr-x 71 tom

2 -r--r-- 1 rich

1711 Mar 25 1994 BOM,v 4810 Mar 25 1994 body.1.1,v

5 -r--r-- 1 rich

28 -r--r-- 1 rich

27849 Mar 25 1994 spice.1.1,v

8 -r--r-- 1 rich

7923 Mar 25 1994 spice cn.1.1,v

I removed the lock, but the new getbom seems to be stuck because the last entry in the log is incomplete and from a while ago.

cvs status: [20:49:34] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro1 cvs status: [20:50:04] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/ged/pl/cpllmacro1 cvs status: [20:50:34] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/

It does not seem to have woken up since I removed the lock. Which machine is the getbom running on?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent: To: Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:31 AM

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)' 'brianl': 'fwo': 'hopper': 'tom'

Subject:

snapshot getbom in trouble ..

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

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  1 drwxr-sr-x 2 chip
                                512 Mar 14 17:50 #cvs.lock
  1 drwxrwsr-x 3 rich
                                512 Mar 14 17:50 .
  2 drwxrwsr-x 71 tom
                               2048 Mar 14 17:50 ...
  2 -r--r-- 1 rich
                               1711 Mar 25 1994 BOM, v
  5 -r--r--
               1 rich
                               4810 Mar 25
                                           1994 body.1.1,v
                              27849 Mar 25
                                           1994 spice.1.1,v
 28 -r--r--r--
                1 rich
                               7923 Mar 25
                                           1994 spice cn.1.1,v
  8 -r--r--
                1 rich
```

I removed the lock, but the new getbom seems to be stuck because the last entry in the log is incomplete and from a while ago.

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cvs status: [20:49:34] waiting for chip's lock in
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cvs status: [20:50:34] waiting for chip's lock in /p/cvsroot/proteus/
```

It does not seem to have woken up since I removed the lock. Which machine is the getbom running on?

woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:35 AM

To:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: ged compile

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

I tried again and it still fails. The .lst file has

#1 ERROR(47) Wrong description in libraries for part PIN_NUMBER Syntax error: Number of sections in line 13 File name: '/n/auspex/s10/chip/morpheus/ged/custom/euterpe/chips prt'

Is there still something that needs to be released to /u/chip?

Tim

This problem is due to the fact that dan has not yet released his new tool for generating chips_prt. I have a chips_prt in my dir that will work, but /u/chip/morpheus will generate the wrong thing. I should have remembered this earlier. Until this tool is released, I think you are stuck unless you want to check out and build morpheus/ged, morpheus/gyg, and morpheus/verilog. Although gyg does not build completely because of missing pcad .prt files. Is there any reason to keep this stuff? Minimally, I think we can remove the default rules that package the pcad parts.

I just released morpheus/slibsrc, but the chips_prt error will prevent you from getting that far.

woody

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:42 AM

To:

'geert'

Cc:

'wampler'

Subject:

gt

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

My new gt placement has converged. Looks to be 300 atoms smaller, and it now fits between the spars, though it does use one more row. Before I release it I'd like to try my mini top level route just to make sure it looks OK too.

I do see a couple of anomalies which I think we need to understand. The router has put int some metal 2 nets which form trombones across the RH clock spar and back for no apparant reason. Kurt, can you take a look at this in ~tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt/gards/gt-iter.dff?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:42 AM

To: Cc:

'geert'

'wampler' gt

Subject:

My new qt placement has converged. Looks to be 300 atoms smaller, and it now fits between the spars, though it does use one more row. Before I release it I'd like to try my mini top level route just to make sure it looks OK too.

I do see a couple of anomalies which I think we need to understand. The router has put int some metal 2 nets which form trombones across the RH clock spar and back for no apparant reason. Kurt, can you take a look at this in ~tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt/gards/gt-iter.dff?

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:44 AM

To:

'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject:

ged compile

oabjoot.

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Jay Tomlinson wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

I tried again and it still fails. The .lst file has

#1 ERROR(47) Wrong description in libraries for part PIN_NUMBER Syntax error: Number of sections in line 13 File name: '/n/auspex/s10/chip/morpheus/ged/custom/cuterpe/chips prt'

Is there still something that needs to be released to /u/chip?

Tim

This problem is due to the fact that dan has not yet released his new tool for generating chips_prt. I have a chips_prt in my dir that will work, but /u/chip/morpheus will generate the wrong thing. I should have remembered this earlier. Until this tool is released, I think you are stuck unless you want to check out and build morphues/ged, morpheus/gyg, and morpheus/verilog. Although gyg does not build completely because of missing pead.prt files. Is there any reason to keep this stuff? Minimally, I think we can remove the default rules that package the pead parts.

I think it would be fine to disable the make of the pead stuff.

I just released morpheus/slibsrc, but the chips_prt error will prevent you from getting that far.

Please send a note to dan asking him to release this stuff. I'd prefer to wait till I can do it without cheating.

From: Sent:

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:48 AM

Cc:

To: 'aeert'

'billz'; 'dickson'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'woody'

Re: Descending netlength linesearch completed Subject:

Wampler wrote:

>My descending netlength linesearch route completed: 3,590 disconnects. >of the disconnects are short nets, with the exception of some long-haul stuff

>coming out of the left & right corridors.

>I've started maze routing to see how successful it is at finishing up >the short stuff now that all the long wires are in place. I expect a >result late tomorrow morning.

Looks like the maze route ran pretty fast (about 4 hrs) -- indicating that it runs a lot faster on short nets than on long ones. There are 850 disconnects after maze routing; not the kind of improvement we were hoping for.

I think 850 is too large a number to feed to the rip-up router; it probably disturbs (and degrades) at least 5 other wires for every unroute that it solves, so we really want to avoid using it at all if we can. 850 would also be a heroic number to solve by hand in REDIT.

The two dff's can be found in /n/qodzilla/s2/wampler/invroute if you want to poke around:

geert euterpe-iter.dff.linesearch (3590 disconnects after linesearch) geert euterpe-iter.dff (850 disconnects after maze)

The remaining unroutes are somewhat of a hodgepodge of short & long nets; some of them are definitely busses that were part of our "early routing" list.

- Kurt

lisar (Lisa Robinson) From:

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:59 AM

'billz' To:

Cc:

'dickson'; 'jeffm'; 'tbr'; 'veena'

Subject: stgen dump

Is ready .. it is on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc.

Lisa R.

From: wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent: Wednesday, March 15, 1995 1:09 AM

To: 'geert'; 'tbr'

Subject: Re: gt

Tbr writes:

>My new gt placement has converged. Looks to be 300 atoms smaller, and

- >it now fits between the spars, though it does use one more row.
- >Before I release it I'd like to try my mini top level route just to
- >make sure it looks OK too.

Good progress!

>I do see a couple of anomalies which I think we need to understand. >The router has put int some metal 2 nets which form trombones across >the RH clock spar and back for no apparant reason. Kurt, can you take >a look at this in ~tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt/gards/gt-iter.dff?

These all look suspiciously like they were accomplished during the metal2 maze pass at the beginning of routing. It looks like the router is obeying the constraints we have given it. If we don't want the router to be able to thread wires through the clock spars, we could add some M2 obstructions on the left- and right-hand edges of each clock spar to prevent this. But if it's legal and it meets timing, why not permit it to do what it's doing? It uses no M3 or M4 resource to do this hookups and that's probably a win in terms of routing congestion.

- Kurt

thr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 1:13 AM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

'aeert'

Subject:

Re: gt

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Tue Mar 14):

Tbr writes:

>My new gt placement has converged. Looks to be 300 atoms smaller, and

>it now fits between the spars, though it does use one more row.

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>make sure it looks OK too.

Good progress!

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>the RH clock spar and back for no apparant reason. Kurt, can you take

>a look at this in ~tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt/gards/gt-iter.dff?

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I agree so long as we understand it and it makes timing it's probably harmless. My main concern would be if these popped up later at the top level and the significant extra metal 2 then meant we needed to power up.

lisar (Lisa Robinson) From:

Sent: Wednesday, March 15, 1995 10:11 AM

To: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'jeffm'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Cc: 'doi': 'geert' Subject: Test status

BOM 247 running on Zycad BOM 253 running on IKOS

New business

I ran some of the tests that failed in verilog and the following dumps are availble:

icache stress 253 - X rhodan /s3/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

synch_1 253 - This went to X on the Ikos but is hung in this one.

aphrodite /s3/euterpe/verilog/bsrc xlu field 4 253 - This hung and I didn't notice (expecting it to go to X)

before I blew away the dump. I am re-running on nosferatu /s5/euterpe/verilog/bsrc. I did save the wrap.log called wrap.logxlu field 4 it hung around 10% through.

Next group on rhodan /s3 13395.100:

mem U 253 - Ran ok bgate U 253 - Understood

barrel U 253 - Shows same failure as stgen

interrupt U Need to re-run

gtlb_miss U 253 - Shows same failure as stgen

cache U 252 - X traces on rhodan /s3 likedriverlog 5395.1338 vldUV debug 10395.25580

prblm debug 14395.107

253 - X rhodan /s3 10395,25253 cache debug vldUV debug 14395,326 sync_l

252 - Hung rhodan /s3 13395.19696 sump on staypuft /s5/tbr/euterpe icachenoalloc 0

stgen_r13311 0 240 - Miscompare trace on nosferatu /s4/res/3395.13608 250 - New dump on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc with dr

atomic conflict 1 250 - rhodan /s3 11395.6066 Thread 3, Reg 0, Param Entry 2 Expected 1020304050607 Got baadbeefbaadbeef

xlu_field_4_1 250 - X (Ran for much longer) rhodan /s3 11395.5887

dcache perf stlt 1 250 - Cache Data Error Expected 200000000000, Got 20000000000 Expected 20000000080, Got

200000000080

Expected 20000000108, Got 200000000108 Expected 200000001d8, Got 2000000001d8

Expected 200000000ff8, Got 200000000ff8

dcache perf ldst5t 1 250 - Exxxexpppcpeeetecccectttdteee edddd

You get the picture! Traces for both on rhodan /s3 11395.2390

deache conflict 1 rhodan /s3 11395.6701

icache stress 249 - X/s3 rhodan 10395.8826 (and 6395.2961) and 10395.24485 snake debug

247 - nosferatu /s2 10395.5017 nb hermes 1 hermesload 0 247 - hermes model problem 251 - X } rhodan /s3 12395.11603 instr 1 251 - X } insn 1 tlb 1 250 - X rhodan /s3 11395.6933 247 - X and doesn't enable hermes (comment in log says otherwise?) nosferatu /s2 11395.15228 interleave 1 Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these 241 - understood hermes lateturnon Recreated with icachenoalloc icache func 1 244 - trace on rhodan /s3 5395.2288 (hung) 251 - rhodan /s3 12395.13205 hung 244 - deache tag exception 2 was not recieved when expected dcache except exception bit set in tag but not in GTLB - rhodan /s3 6395.2961 trying to re-create with dcacheharder5 unix 1 250 - Looks like the test resets the machine 247 - X trace on nosferatu /s2 8395.16920 cerberrtest Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved cerbarbeasy 0 Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance measure) Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles dcache perf ld1t 1 Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 24295.8260 Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles icache perf lt l Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 26295.14314 icache perf 5t 1 Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s3 6395.3461 nb 1 Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time = 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379 nb slow Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time = 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379 Have not yet been run: hermes load 0 nb combo 1 hermes conflict 1 ruptpintest 0 - Need to build a "custom" simulator interleave U exception U tlb Ù synch U instr_U Cannot yet be run: nulltest XLU tests xlu_rotate_1_1

xlu_rotate_2_1 xlu_expand_1_1

```
xlu_compress_1_1
xlu_extract_1_1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu_field_2_1
xlu_field_3_1
xlu_copyswap_1_1
xlu_copyswap_2_1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_4_1
xlu_shufflemux_1_1
xlu_select_1_1
```

Not yet implemented:

brcolltest_0 brcrosstest_0 brimmlongtest_0 expriotest_0

canceltest_0 hermtotest_0

cerbtotest_0 hermerrtest_0 eventregtest_0

exintbashtest_0 cerberror_0 testerinit_0 memmap_0

nbbashtest_0 cerbarbtests hcplltests

addr_mad_void addr_map_mc addr_map_cerb addr_map_hermes

node-boot

From: v

woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 11:06 AM

To:

'philip'

Cc:

'pmayer'; 'tbr'; 'vijay'

Subject: Euterpe board

Philip,

Have a partnumber been assigned for the DC power connnector that is used on the pandora cuterpe module?

woody

philip@microunity.com

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:16 PM

To:

'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Cc:

'pmayer'; 'tbr'; 'vijay'

Subject: Re: Euterpe board

At 8:05 AM 3/15/95 -0800, Jay Tomlinson wrote:

>Philip,

>Have a partnumber been assigned for the DC power connnector that is used on the

>pandora euterpe module?

>woody

Yes, they have. The part numbers have been assigned to both a socket and plug.

My belief is that the plug will be mounted on the Euterpe module (because it is a right angle part). The part number is :

370-00041-0000 CONN PWR PLUG RGT ANGL PANDORA

Regards Philip

From: solo (John Campbell)

Sent: Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:24 PM

To: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Cc: 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'

Subject: Found where it has been.

looks like it is still ticking but all too slow. seems to be ticking but chip is taking 47% of the cpu for spice simulations. all other machines are finished with leafmold. mercury has 20 layouts to go out of 309. maybe an improvement here might be to dynamically distribute the load to the machines. maybe give them 20 at a time and come back for more when you are done, later though, other machines have been finished for only 1-1.5 hours so maybe not too bad.

```
solo@mercury ~ 56 % ps -auxw | grep solo
     29678 0.0 0.6 172 396 pb R 09:14 0:00 ps -auxw
solo
      29671 0.0 0.0 1008 0 ? D N 09:14 0:03 <exiting>
solo
      29679 0.0 0.3 32 180 pb S 09:14 0:00 grep solo
      3128 0.0 0.0 28 0 ? IW 19:32 0:00 sh
solo
     29397 0.0 0.2 40 96 ? IN 09:12 0:00 /bin/sh ./leafmold -r -c
xbmuxen7dh12s.wire /n/nosferatu/s3/proteus/proteus/
      3120 0.0 0.0 200 0? IW 19:32 0:00 tcsh -c sh
solo
      3130 0.0 0.0 1648 0 ? IWN 19:32 0:31 gmake -wk CELL LIST=tmp.list.mercury leaf-layouts
solo
     29385 0.0 0.0 32 0? IWN 09:12 0:00/bin/sh./leafmold-qr-c
xbmuxen7dh12s.wire /n/nosferatu/s3/proteus/proteus
     29384 0.0 0.0 28 0 ? IWN 09:12 0:00 /bin/sh -c
      28095 0.0 0.7 316 448 pb S 09:02 0:01 -tcsh (tcsh)
solo
      28288 0.0 1.8 248 1100 pb S 09:04 0:00 xload
solo
     29670 0.0 0.6 64 384 ? I N 09:14 0:00 /bin/csh /usr/tmp/leafmold.xbmuxen7dh12s/sl/bin/slnet leaf
solo@mercury ~ 57 %
```

regards, solo a.k.a. John Campbell x516

fwo (Fred Obermeier)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 12:47 PM

To: 'tbr'

Cc:

'billz'; 'fwo'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'ong'; 'tom'

Subject: Re: PCOMP fails, why?

Yes, I have initiated pin name changes to help fix a lot of csyn errors on euterpe. However, I also have not been able to get a build of fwo_euterpe-passl.splvs in bsrc since then. There seems to be some Makefile problem. It's always been something over the last few days.

The verilog models got updated on March 10th. See files in /u/chip/proteus/verilog/elib/eamem*v. I sent Tim some email after that happened requesting that he include these updated verilog files into to the snapshot. Maybe the timing files need to be included with the snapshot too, if they are done.

Fred.

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent: Wednesday, Mar

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 1:05 PM

To: Subject: 'aeert'

FWD: RE: hwcroute problem

Geert, Tom Vo says he will reproduce the fat srf wires problem for me tonight; so you probably don't need to duplicate it also. - Kurt

From: vo (Tom Vo)

To: wampler@merope.microunity.com (Kurt Wampler)

Date: Wed, 15 Mar 95 9:57:45 PST

Cc: tom (Tom Laidig)

Kurt Wampler wrote

> >Good morning,

>I have been trying to reproduce the srf/hwcroute interaction problem >you described yesterday, but to no avail. Basically, what I did was:

1) Place the cells in a gardswart.

2) Load two thinwire nets from a ".srf" file with RLOAD.

> 3) Ran hwcroute to route two fatwires (one of which failed to route).

>The thinwires did not become bloated during this process. The dff's >wire width table was left in the proper state, even with the failure of >one of the fatwires.

>What else do I need to add to this scenario to reproduce the problem >you were seeing?

>you were see:

>- Kurt

Geert & I saw this problem on seperate builds (his euterpe , my mnemo) . We did the same thing you're doing . I'll have to rebuild mnemo with that same recipe and save the files for your inspection . I'll do that later tonight .

tvo

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Wednesday, March 15, 1995 3:32 PM

To: 'lisar'

Cc: 'tbr'; 'doi'

Subject: euterpe_wrap

In the checked in version of euterpe_wrap hermes interfaces are logged as:

\$fstrobe (mninlog, "%b %x\n", clkin0, din0); \$fstrobe (mnoutlog, "%b %x\n", clkout0, dout0);

This needs file format needs to be munged to run through mnparse.pl. I would like to change the fstrobe commands to:

\$fstrobe (mninlog, "%x", din0); \$fstrobe (mnoutlog, "%x", dout0);

This still needs to be modified because mnparse doesn't handle x's in early on, iorate/hc put out '00' for 2 cycles (I suspect this is due to CHEATRESET). But this modification is just stripping off the 1st 30 or so lines.

Is there some reason that the above format was chosen? Is there a different tool that takes this other format? Is this the '-s' option (.sen format) to mnparse.pl?

woody

doi (Derek Iverson)

Sent: To:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 3:32 PM 'guarino'; 'gmo'; 'sandeep'; 'jeffm'; 'gregg'

Cc:

'hestia'

Subject:

Software Bringup Meeting Minutes - March 15, 1995

Software Bringup Meeting March 15, 1995

Next Meeting:

March 22 at 10:00 am.

Attendees: guarino, gmo, sandeep, jeffm, doi, gregg

New Action Items

Item: Presentations on boot, gdb support, ukernel, ...

Who: sandeep

Status:

Review of Action Items

Item: Build tests that access and run in a bunch of memory spaces and

states. Who: doi

Status: In progress.

03/08 The test currently runs out of ibuffer but accesses data out of dbuf, dram, and hermes devices. The support to build the tests that specify hermes data regions in in progress (mkimg).

03/18 Support for hermes (including interleave) have been added. Still working on support for execution out of different regions.

Item: Can a single cylinder (in an exception `loop') lock out other

cylinders?

Who: jeffm

Status: Pending.

03/08 Jeff needs to talk with mws.

03/18 No progress.

Item: Terp needs to model `guaranteed forward progress for cache miss'

in the same fashion as the hardware does.

Who: lisa

Status: In progress.

03/01 Lisa has contacted mws and is implementing the same scheme used by the hardware.

03/08 Still in progress.

03/15 Progress continues.

Item: Tests need to be written to verify performance issues

Who: lisar, claseman

Status: In progress.

- 02/22 We need to flag performance problems as errors. Tests could be identified (and perhaps written) to measure and verify performance of the hardware for things like cache misses, tlb initialization, exceptions, etc.
- 03/01 Lisar has started writing these tests.
- 03/08 Work continues.
- 03/15 Tim Claseman is assisting.
- Item: Determine what additional terp features are required
 (formally `Status of Euterpe/Mnemo simulation')

Who: gmo, jeffm Status: Pending.

- 02/08 Jeffm figured that in 2 3 weeks time there would be a need for terp/mnemo capability to support the verification effort. An issue was raised that this may not be enought time for the required additions to terp to be made.
- 02/15 Gmo is to create a list of requested features for terp and then he and jeffm (and others?) are to review the list and determine what will be implemented by terp.
- 02/22 Gmo is ready to circulate the list.

03/01 Nothing new.

- 03/08 Gmo has shown a group of people the list but will post it.
- 03/15 Still pending.

Item: Test interleaved access

Who: guarino, lisar Status: Pending.

- 02/08 Loretta started to look at this but requires terp support.

 Terp changes are on hold until the real-time benchmark is is running again.
- 02/22 Test has been written (interleave) but has not been run on hwterp yet. Lisar is going to run this on the hardware simulator.
- 03/01 The test has been built, but not run yet. Derek is to check to be sure the hermes channels are enabled.

03/08 Ready to run on HW.

03/15 The tests generated by `stgen' are also capable of testing interleaved accesses.

Item: Build microkernel tests for IKOS

Who: doi, sandeep

Status: In progress.

- 02/08 Create images for boot test, snapshot images for microkernel tests.
- 02/15 doi is still working on modifying the makefiles to build the _1 and _2 versions of this.
 iimura is creating a tool that modifies the ELF headers to have the proper real addresses (not just virtual) and gmo has modified mkimg to be able to understand the new headers.
- 02/22 lisar says there are still problems building this. iimura is generating a code segment that will run in both rom and cerbrom that will proberly initialize dram and then branch to the test (which is in dram).
- 03/01 Sandeep is going to add code to boot so it can figure out if the cerb node is zero or eight.

 Derek is to start building the kernel tests so they may be loaded and run on the hw simulators.

03/08 Ready to be built for hardware.

03/15 Changes were made to libc and the microkernel (end-of-test support).

Sandeep has also created a dummy_boot that will allow us to preload the microkernel to speed up simulation times. These

changes should be available today.

Suspended Items

Item: Unsnap code
Who: sandeep, guarino
Status: Suspended.

02/15 The issue of restarting the hardware from an IKOS dump was discussed and the need for an architectural snap/unsnap facility was questioned.

Since the meeting it has been re-discovered (jeffm wasn't there to remind us of an earlier decision) that we are planning on loading architectural state into an IKOS simulation and not from a total IKOS logic dump.

We also determined that when it came time to run some of the larger tests (real-time benchmark) we would need the capability to start an IKOS simulation from an architectural dump anyhow.

03/01 For the short term we are going to focus on a simpler approach for loading and running DVTs, the kernel, and kernel tests. This item will likely come back in April.

Item: Refine remote debugging environment

Who: sandeep

Status: Suspended

02/08 We have to decide how control (and state) is to be returned to the debug stub after a test runs.

02/15 Sandeep is not going to have time to start on this for a while.

Item: Create performance test plan

Who: jeffm, guarino

Status: [11/30] No progress as focus is on functionality.

We continue to run tests to help us compare terp vs hardware performance.

We still need to put together the actual performance tests that need to be run on the hardware.

Completed Items

Item: Determine what is initialized (and how) in terp

Who: gmo

Status: Done.

0308 Gmo took this item.

Item: Running Real-time Benchmark on Euterpe/Calliope HW Simulator (combined with previous `Run real-time test on the HW simulator)

Who: gregg, lisar

Status: Removed. This has moved beyond the event horizon that we want to track in the software bringup meeting at this time. There is a seperate `benchmark' meeting that tracks detailed progress.

02/08 There are problems getting the benchmark to run on the software simulator. Work continues to find out where the problems are. The compilers, simulator, kernel, and benchmark areas are 'frozen' (in terms of checking in new changes) until the problem has been identified.

- 02/15 It is estimated that by the middle of March we should have cycles available on the IKOS and a IKOS compatible calliope that can be run with the real-time benchmark.

 Lisar will be the verification resource to help with running this application.

 The benchmark is working and now the effort is focused on
- getting it to fit in the real-time and memory budgets.
 03/01 The TV application has bogged down recently but work
- continues.

 It is believed that this won't be ready to run (from the software
- hand the hardware perspective) until April. 03/08 lisar has starting building a IKOS compatible calliope. The benchmark team is looking at a way to build a reduced subset of the test.

Item: DVT boot
Who: sandeep
Status: Done.

02/08 First step is to get nano-boot running on the HW simulator.

02/15 Sandeep has completed the boot code and now we need to build a dvt that can be loaded by the DVT boot (i.e. it is loaded into the top 8K of D and I buffer).

Jeffm commented that for most DVTs, they must be loaded at the beginning of D and I buffer and the beginning of ram.
We will have to come up with an alternative for loading DVTs. Sandeep noted that dvts will not be started in event mode

which is in contrast to jeffm's mail about the initial state for dvts (but we knew this already).

02/22 We want to understand if we can modify the DVTs so they do not

require that they are loaded at the beginning of D&Ibuf and ram. 03/01 Sandeep is going to implement a DVT boot mechanism.

03/08 Almost done. Testing and final check-in of changes soon.

Test Status and General Discussion

Jeff talked about current HW and test status.

The 'unix' test is causing the machine to reset on the hw simulator.

The dram controller occasionaly gives the wrong quadlet and this has prevented a number of tests from running successfully.

There is a bug in the snake bus that causes X propogation during icache handling.

Gmo is running `l' tests on terp and getting the print output.

From: Sent:

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

To:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 4:38 PM

Cc:

'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'

'billz'; 'fwo'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'ong'; 'tom' Re: PCOMP fails, why?

Subject:

Fred Obermeier wrote (on Wed Mar 15):

Yes, I have initiated pin name changes to help fix a lot of csyn errors on euterpe. However, I also have not been able to get a build of fwo euterpe-passl.splvs in bsrc since then. There seems to be some Makefile problem. It's always been something over the last few days.

The verilog models got updated on March 10th. See files in /u/chip/proteus/verilog/elib/eamem*v. I sent Tim some email after that happened requesting that he include these updated verilog files into to the snapshot. Maybe the timing files need to be included with the snapshot too, if they are done.

The snapshot should be fully up to date at this point, so if it still fails to compile for let me know and I'll investigate.

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Wednesday, March 15, 1995 7:54 PM

To: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Cc: 'jeffm'

Subject: euterpe simulation

I have attempted to add support for multiple dram configuations to the verilog simulation environment. This is because the _1 tests set the euterpe to use dram configuration 1 where as the _0 use configuration 0. You will need to pick up a new Makefile and a new dr/dr.config.h and a euterpe_wrap.V. Let me know if you have any problems.

Lisa R.

fwo (Fred Obermeier) From: Wednesday, March 15, 1995 9:08 PM Sent: To: 'hardheads' 'fwo' Cc: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors Subject: Hi. The csyn run of fwo_euterpe-pass1.splvs generated from bsrc BOM 247.0 indicates the following problems. Please take a look at the errors and let me know if this is ok or not. Of the 119 ExclusiveInputSwingCheck errors given, I've truncated this down to a shortened uniquified list by replacing numeric differences by # where # can be any number of digits. To examine the full list of errors, please look at /u/fwo/chip.bsrc/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/SAVE.247/mothra4/new.csyn Fred. error (ExclusiveInputSwingCheck.102) in file "fwo_euterpe-pass1.splvs": Reason: One driver needs to be half-swing exclusive inputs top.xifeuincgopgcrryillu0.ife ifepgszsel 4 instance path: top.xbmux5df4s .sel_a0peh_4 cellname path: top.xifeuincgopgcrryillu0.ife_ifepgszsel_3 instance path: top.xbmux5df4s .sel_a0peh_3 top.xifeuincgopgcrryi11u0.ife_ifepgszsel_2 top.xbmux5df4s .sel_a0peh_2 top.xifeuincgopgcrryi11u0.ife_ifepgszsel_1 cellname path: instance path: cellname path: instance path: .sel_a0peh_1 cellname path: top.xbmux5df4s instance path: top.xifeuincgopgcrryillu0.ife_ifepgszsel_0 cellname path: top.xbmux5df4s .sel a0peh 0 drivers instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu4.ife ifepgszsel 4 top.xbcmos2ecldf2s cellname path: .q_ad0pf instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu3.ife_ifepgszsel_3 .q_ad0pf cellname path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu2.ife ifepgszsel 2 cellname path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s .q ad0pf top.xifeuifepgszselu1.ife_ifepgszsel_1 instance path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s .q ad0pf cellname path: instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu0.ife_ifepgszsel_0 .q_adopf cellname path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s exclusive topmost nets instance path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_4 top.ife_ifepgszsel 4 cellname path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_3 instance path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_3 cellname path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_2 top.ife_ifepgszsel_2 top.ife_ifepgszsel_1 instance path: cellname path: instance path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_1 cellname path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_0 instance path: cellname path: top.ife ifepgszsel 0 Reason: Two e inputs. Use diff. instead exclusive inputs top.xccu38u#.cc_loadd instance path: top.xbmuxff2df#s.sel_a0peh_1 cellname path: instance path: top.xccu38u#.cc loadc n top.xbmuxff2df#s.sel a0peh 0 cellname path: drivers top.xccu30u0.cc loadd instance path: cellname path: top.xbffdh6s.q ad0ph

```
instance path:
                        top.xccu29u0 .cc loadc n
                        top.xbffbdh8s.g and0ph
     cellname path:
   exclusive topmost nets
                        top.cc_loadd
top.cc_loadd
top.cc_loadc_n
     instance path:
      cellname path:
      instance path:
                        top.cc loadc n
     cellname path:
                           Use diff. instead
   Reason: Two e inputs.
   exclusive inputs
     instance path:
                        top.xcr.x88p 1.x2p 1 .x114p 1.x16p 1
                                                                  .x#x1p 1
.sel alpeh 1
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec
     cellname path:
.craddmpls0.craddmpl.sel alpeh 1
     instance path:
                        top.xcr.x88p 1.x2p 1 .x114p 1.x16p 1
                                                                  .x#xlp 1
.sel_a1peh_0
     cellname path:
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec
.craddmpls0.craddmpl.sel_alpeh_0
   drivers
      instance path:
                        crrdec.x12p 1.sel alpeh 1
                        crrdec.crasef.sel alph
     cellname path:
      instance path:
                        crrdec.x19p 1.sel alpeh 0
      cellname path:
                        crrdec.crasef.sel_alph
   exclusive topmost nets
     instance path:
                        top.xcr.x88p_1.x2p_1 .x114p_1.sel_alpeh_1
     cellname path:
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec .sel_alpeh_1
      instance path:
                        top.xcr.x88p_1.x2p_1 .x114p_1.sel_a1peh_0
      cellname path:
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec .sel alpeh 0
   Reason: Two e inputs.
                           Use diff. instead
   exclusive inputs
     instance path:
                        top.xcr.x88p 1.x2p 1 .x114p 1.x16p 1
                                                                  .xlp 1
.sel alpeh 1
     cellname path:
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec
.craddmpls0.craddmpl.sel alpeh 1
                        top.xcr.x88p 1.x2p 1 .x114p_1.x16p_1
     instance path:
                                                                  .xlp_1
.sel_alpeh_0
     cellname path:
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec
.craddmpls0.craddmpl.sel alpeh 0
   drivers
                        crrdec.x12p 1.sel alpeh 1
     instance path:
     cellname path:
                        crrdec.crasef.sel alph
                        crrdec.x19p_1.sel_a1peh_0
      instance path:
     cellname path:
                        crrdec.crasef.sel alph
   exclusive topmost nets
                        top.xcr.x88p 1.x2p 1 .x114p 1.sel_alpeh_1
     instance path:
     cellname path:
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec .sel_alpeh_1
      instance path:
                        top.xcr.x88p_1.x2p_1 .x114p_1.sel_a1peh_0
     cellname path:
                        top.cr .cr3a .crarray.crrdec .sel_alpeh_0
   Reason: Two e inputs. Use diff. instead
   exclusive inputs
                        top.xmstu0#u00u23u#.mst u00 u00 bsel 1
     instance path:
                        top.xbmuxff2df#s.sel_a0peh_1
     cellname path:
      instance path:
                        top.xmstu0#u00u23u#.mst u00 u00 bsel 0
     cellname path:
                        top.xbmuxff2df#s.sel a0peh 0
   drivers
                        top.xmstu00u00u07u1.mst_u00_u00_bsel_1
     instance path:
                                           .q_ad0ph
     cellname path:
                        top.xbffdh6s
                        top.xmstu00u00u07u0.mst_u00_u00_bsel_0
     instance path:
     cellname path:
                        top.xbffdh6s
                                           .q ad0ph
   exclusive topmost nets
     instance path:
                        top.mst u00_u00_bsel_1
     cellname path:
                        top.mst u00 u00 bsel 1
     instance path:
                        top.mst u00 u00 bsel 0
     cellname path:
                        top.mst u00 u00 bsel 0
   Reason: Two e inputs. Use diff. instead
```

```
exclusive inputs
                    top.xmstu0#u00u23u#.mst_u02_u00_bsel_1
  instance path:
  cellname path:
                    top.xbmuxff2df#s.sel_a0peh_1
  instance path:
                    top.xmstu0#u00u23u#.mst_u02_u00_bsel_0
                    top.xbmuxff2df#s.sel_a0peh_0
  cellname path:
drivers
                    top.xmstu02u00u07u1.mst u02 u00 bsel 1
  instance path:
  cellname path:
                    top.xbffdh6s
                                      .q ad0ph
                    top.xmstu02u00u07u0.mst_u02_u00_bsel_0
  instance path:
  cellname path:
                    top.xbffdh6s
                                       .g adoph
exclusive topmost nets
                    top.mst_u02_u00 bsel 1
  instance path:
  cellname path:
                    top.mst_u02_u00_bsel_1
  instance path:
                    top.mst_u02_u00_bsel_0
  cellname path:
                    top.mst_u02_u00_bsel_0
Reason: Two e inputs. Use diff. instead
exclusive inputs
  instance path:
                    top.xnbdbufdout#.nb dbuf xsela0_ab1peh_1
  cellname path:
                    top.eam2ffdh16s11x2a.sel alpeh 1
  instance path:
                    top.xnbdbufdout#.nb dbuf xsela0 ablpeh 0
  cellname path:
                    top.eam2ffdh16s11x2a.sel alpeh 0
drivers
                    top.xnbdbufrselbufl.nb dbuf xsela0 ablpeh 1
  instance path:
  cellname path:
                    top.ea1plqh3s4x2a .q_b1ph
                    top.xnbdbufrselbuf0.nb dbuf xsela0 ablpeh 0
  instance path:
 cellname path:
                    top.ealplqh3s4x2a .q blph
exclusive topmost nets
                    top.nb dbuf xsela0 ablpeh 1
 instance path:
                    top.nb_dbuf_xsela0_ablpeh_1
 cellname path:
 instance path:
                    top.nb dbuf xsela0 ablpeh 0
 cellname path:
                   top.nb dbuf xsela0 ab1peh 0
```

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Wednesd

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 9:39 PM

To: 'vanthof'

Cc: 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'vo'

Subject: Euterpe ready for DRC/SHORTS/LVS

Hi,

I build a euterpe in the snapshot for LVS and DRC. The snapshot is in /n/auspex/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe.

Thsi euterpe was build from the top directory (gmake euterpe), so that path should be pretty much working now.

This version contains all custom blocks and ck. As soon as Dave had grabbed the necessary files for DRC and LVS, I'd like to build a euterpe with everything in it.

Geert

mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 9:41 PM

To: Cc: 'fwo'; 'tbr' 'hardheads'

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

> From fwo Wed Mar 15 18:08:27 1995

> error (ExclusiveInputSwingCheck.102) in file "fwo_euterpe-pass1.splvs":

> Reason: One driver needs to be half-swing

> exclusive inputs

instance path:

top.xifeuincgopgcrryillu0.ife ifepgszsel 4

cellname path: top.xbmux5df4s .sel_a0peh_4

> drivers

> instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu4.ife_ifepgszsel_4

> cellname path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s .q ad0pf

exclusive topmost nets

> instance path:
> cellname path:

top.ife_ifepgszsel_4
top.ife_ifepgszsel_4

I never noticed before that we don't have half swing cmos2ecl converters. That is the cause of the above problem. I can add a buffer on 1 of the 5 bits. Of course, I have this old note asking whether there should be a synchonizer here anyway...

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 10:01 PM

To:

'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)' 'fwo'; 'geert'

Cc: Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Mark Semmelmeyer wrote (on Wed Mar 15):

- > From fwo Wed Mar 15 18:08:27 1995
- > error (ExclusiveInputSwingCheck.102) in file "fwo euterpe-pass1.splvs": >
 - Reason: One driver needs to be half-swing >
 - > exclusive inputs
 - instance path: top.xifeuincgopgcrryillu0.ife_ifepgszsel_4 > .sel_a0peh_4
 - cellname path: top.xbmux5df4s > > drivers
- instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu4.ife ifepgszsel 4 ` cellname path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s .g ad0pf
- exclusive topmost nets
- instance path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_4
- cellname path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_4

I never noticed before that we don't have half swing cmos2ecl converters. That is the cause of the above problem. I can add a buffer on 1 of the 5 bits. Of course, I have this old note asking whether there should be a synchonizer here anyway...

Since cmos to ECL converters only handle "DC" signals there is no power/performance advantage from having the half swing version.

Seems a shame to have to stuff a buffer in here. I have to admit I'm struggling to remember the reason for the "one must be half swing" rule here again.

 From:
 mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)

 Sent:
 Wednesday, March 15, 1995 10:09 PM

 To:
 'mws'; 'tbr'

 Cc:
 'fwo'; 'geert'

 Subject:
 Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

```
> From tbr Wed Mar 15 19:01:04 1995
> Mark Semmelmever wrote (on Wed Mar 15):
     > From fwo Wed Mar 15 18:08:27 1995
>
>
     > error (ExclusiveInputSwingCheck.102) in file
"fwo euterpe-pass1.splvs":
>
           Reason: One driver needs to be half-swing
>
           exclusive inputs
>
            instance path: top.xifeuincgopgcrryillu0.ife_ifepgszsel_4
>
            cellname path: top.xbmux5df4s
                                                      .sel a0peh 4
>
>
           drivers
             instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu4.ife ifepgszsel 4
                                                  .q_ad0pf
             cellname path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s
>
           exclusive topmost nets
>
             instance path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_4
>
             cellname path: top.ife ifepgszsel 4
>
     I never noticed before that we don't have half swing cmos2ecl
>
     converters. That is the cause of the above problem. I can
     add a buffer on 1 of the 5 bits. Of course, I have this old
     note asking whether there should be a synchonizer here anyway...
> Since cmos to ECL converters only handle "DC" signals there is no
> power/performance advantage from having the half swing version.
> Seems a shame to have to stuff a buffer in here. I have to admit I'm
> struggling to remember the reason for the "one must be half swing"
> rule here again.
> Tim
```

Wasn't something about lower bipolar saturation if there was skew in the select switching such that all selects could look low (very low if full swing) for a short period?

My other question was on the synchronizer. Since we have become more conservative on synchronization, I wonder if changing page size without one could be too tricky. Maybe another way out would be to only enable IFe page boundry crossing checks if memory management is off (then we could say don't change page size with it on). If I have any cases where I was depending on a max page size to trigger hiccups to update ifetch pointers etc. (can't remember any at the moment although br prediction is ripe for such stuff), I could add that as a fixed separate case.

From: Sent: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 10:13 PM

To: Subject: 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)' Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Mark Semmelmeyer wrote (on Wed Mar 15):

Wasn't something about lower bipolar saturation if there was skew in the select switching such that all selects could look low (very low if full swing) for a short period?

Probably. Seems moot in this case at least.

My other question was on the synchronizer. Since we have become more conservative on synchronization, I wonder if changing page size without one could be too tricky. Maybe another way out would be to only enable IFe page boundry crossing checks if memory management is off (then we could say don't change page size with it on). If I have any cases where I was depending on a max page size to trigger hiccups to update ifetch pointers etc. (can't remember any at the moment although br prediction is ripe for such stuff), I could add that as a fixed separate case.

I don't have the document to hand. Where is the Cerberus field that controls this? If it's in octlet 6 it may be a problem since it would take immediate effect. If it's in a deferred octlet, we could demand a reset to change it.

tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent:

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 10:51 PM

Cc:

'Mark Semmelmever'

To:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'; 'hardheads'; 'tau'

Subject: Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Mark Semmelmeyer writes:

```
> From fwo Wed Mar 15 18:08:27 1995
```

error (ExclusiveInputSwingCheck.102) in file "fwo euterpe-pass1.splvs":

Reason: One driver needs to be half-swing >

exclusive inputs >

instance path:

> > cellname path:

> drivers

instance path: top.xifeuifepgszselu4.ife_ifepgszsel_4

> > cellname path:

top.xbcmos2ecldf2s .g ad0pf exclusive topmost nets

> > instance path:

top.ife ifepqszsel 4

cellname path:

top.ife ifepgszsel 4

I never noticed before that we don't have half swing cmos2ecl converters. That is the cause of the above problem. I can add a buffer on 1 of the 5 bits. Of course, I have this old note asking whether there should be a synchonizer here anyway...

I think the rationale for having no half-swing cmos2ecl converters was that the only advantage of half-swing signals was their speed -- an irrelevant concern for signals coming from cmos.

Speaking of which... I guess I missed the reasoning for why (if I understand the error message) one of the exclusive inputs must come from a half-swing driver.

From: Sent: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Wednesday, March 15, 1995 11:10 PM

To:

'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'

Cc: Subject: 'mws'
Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Mark Semmelmeyer wrote (on Wed Mar 15):

```
> From tbr Wed Mar 15 19:48:45 1995
```

- > Mark Semmelmeyer wrote (on Wed Mar 15):
- > IFe page size is in octlet 6.
- > So, is there a safe sequence that guarantees we can set this at
- > initialization time independent of synchronization?
- I thinks this will work:

Reset memory management off which IFe detects using the synchronized copy. Use that copy (not depending on Cerberus) to some forced page size (64 would make diagnostics happy by causing the existing high number of BHicMid's to continue).

Software writes ifetch page size to octlet 6. No effect since IFe is still forcing, but allows cmos lines to settle.

Software write memory management on to octlet 6. Sometime later this will cleanly switch from the forced page size to the settled page size.

Software must not change both memory management and ifetch page size in same write. I presume no extra delay is needed between the writes as the hardware delays between the two should be enough for cmos to settle.

It would be easy to put some extra delay in the memory mgmt enable (say a couple of Cerberus clocks) to ensure te other lines are stable, then there would be no problem with a single write.

Also the page size was fully decoded in cerberus to save ecl atoms, but this costs 5 tracks through the choke point. We should encode to 3 wires and pay a few atoms in ecl.

Worth knowing if we are desparate.

From: Sent: Curtis Abbott [abbott@microunity.com] Wednesday, March 15, 1995 11:13 PM

To:

Craig Hansen, 'gap@microunity.com'; 'gmo@microunity.com'; 'guarino@microunity.com'; 'hayes@microunity.com'; 'tony@microunity.com'; 'tony@microunity.com'

Subject:

notes on today's meeting

Following today's software strategy meeting, I volunteered to write up and distribute what I think we decided. I won't try to recapitulate the entire meeting, just the conclusions and the inconclusive parts.

Here goes...

First, I believe there was considerable clarification of various company goals. In general, we decided

- (1) it is important to continue work on Hestia, but to cast it as a technology demo, not a product;
- (2) it is possible to considerably simplify the software required for the earnback;
- (3) there is a way to think of Pandora as (almost completely) a modular package for our chips, as a channel to partnered and non-partnered customers, thereby mostly decoupling it from the earnback.

The emerging picture, then, is that we currently have 3 ongoing activities/goals, with one or more further activities/goals expected to emerge this year as a result of upfront customer commitments. One of the possibilities here is a cable modem, which we spent some time discussing and heard some breaking news about, but took no decisions on.

Thus, we were led to identify 3 questions:

- 1. What software is needed to achieve the earnback?
- 2. What software is needed to finish Hestia as a technology demo?
- 3. What software is needed to help sell Pandora-the-modular-package?

We spent some time interpreting the requirements for the earnback; we were in a "ruthless pruning" frame of mind. We decided it might be sufficient to sell production units of Euterpe (and Cronus) bricks, without even Mnemosyne. To run SPEC for the measurements, we could use our current OSF port, the /dev/host interface (which uses Cerberus) for i/o, and 16MB of memory. We would not necessarily ship Unix by 12/31/95. In that case, we would presumably ship a cross development environment so our customer(s) could do something with their bricks.

[Since the meeting, I've gone over Lois' summary of the contract with her. It's true that the language is remarkably unrestrictive in some ways. The key issues, I believe, will be (1) whether a brick is a workstation (no snickers, please); (2) whether the first spin of both Euterpe and Cronus will be robust and reliable enough to qualify as production units. The reliability issue appears to be mitigated by the fact that the contract essentially guarantees that any disputes as to the earnback are resolved in less than 6 months. The robustness issue is quite real, and sharpens the importance of making a good call on tapeout versus verification.]

We spent very little time talking about the second question -- I believe this is something the software managers should resolve internally and report within 10 days.

Our discussions of the third question were inconclusive. We identified 2 (related) enduser application areas for Pandora (SW development and combined SW/HW development), and 4 OEM application areas (video conferencing, video encoding, audio/video effects, internetworking). Of these, we felt that 1/2 or more could benefit from Unix, but some (video conferencing in particular) probably prefer something more like the microkernel. We discussed ways of using the other 4 threads with a single-threaded Unix port -- such an extension would be required, and a number of design ideas have been mooted.

Another part of this discussion was about shipping a cross development environment soon. This requires work on documentation, test, productizing in general, and perhaps some kind of DSP library. Also, having customers means supporting them, whether it's before or after hardware is available.

I suggest that the software managers, along with Tony, try to come up with a plan in this

area that we can present at a future meeting.

Actions:

- Tbr to verify we can put 16MB of SDRAM on a Euterpe brick.
- Gmo to verify we can run SPEC in 16MB (or alternatively, in 8MB, in which case Tbr is off the hook).
- software managers to clarify and write up Hestia tech demo goals.
- Tony and software managers develop and present plan on the Pandora software requirements questions.

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 12:02 AM

To:

'Curtis Abbott'

Cc:

Craig Hansen; 'gap@microunity.com'; 'gmo@microunity.com'; 'guarino@microunity.com';

'hayes@microunity.com'; John Moussouris; 'tony@microunity.com'

Subject:

notes on today's meeting

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Curtis Abbott wrote (on Thu Mar 16):

Actions:

- Tbr to verify we can put 16MB of SDRAM on a Euterpe brick.

Not with the current PCB design. It should be an easy change to make a version with 8 4Mx4 parts. I need to check we have enough space inthe module for the extra chips.

Tim B. Robinson [tbr@gaea.microunity.com]

Sent:

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Cc:

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tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 12:08 AM 'woody'; 'tbe'; 'dbulfer'; 'pmayer'

Cc:

'woody'; 'tbe'; 'dbu 'pandora'

Subject:

Euterpe module

A potential requirement for 16MB of SDRAM in the Euterpe brick has come up.

This can be acheived using 8 4Mx4 parts which Euterpe supports, but the current PCB design does not. It may not be practical to have a single PCB layout support 2 1Mx16, 4 2Mx8, or 8 4Mx4 parts, but clearly we could have two different PCBs in that case. The most important thing is to be sure we have physical space to accommodate 8 SDRAM components and that we can cool them in the module.

Tom, pattie, can you look at these issues to make sure the current form factor can accommodate this option if it shoud become a hard requirement? The 4Mx4 part is in the same package as the 2Mx8.

'tau' To: 'hardheads' Cc: Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors Subject: Tom Laidig writes: > Mark Semmelmever writes: > > From fwo Wed Mar 15 18:08:27 1995 > error (ExclusiveInputSwingCheck.102) in file "fwo euterpe-pass1.splvs": > > Reason: One driver needs to be half-swing > exclusive inputs > instance path: top.xifeuincgopgcrryillu0.ife ifepgszsel 4 > top.xbmux5df4s .sel a0peh 4 > cellname path: drivers > > instance path: > top.xifeuifepgszselu4.ife_ifepgszsel_4

wingard (Drew Wingard)

Thursday, March 16, 1995 12:57 AM

> > cellname path: top.xbcmos2ecldf2s .q_adopf
> > exclusive topmost nets
> > instance path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_4
> > cellname path: top.ife_ifepgszsel_4

> | I never noticed before that we don't have half swing cmos2ecl | converters. That is the cause of the above problem. I can add a | buffer on 1 of the 5 bits. Of course, I have this old note asking | whether there should be a synchonizer here anyway...

> I think the rationale for having no half-swing cmos2ecl converters was > that the only advantage of half-swing signals was their speed -- an > irrelevant concern for signals coming from cmos.

> Speaking of which... I guess I missed the reasoning for why (if I
> understand the error message) one of the exclusive inputs must come
> from a half-swing driver.

The reasoning behind the half-swing requirement is simply that we have no way to guarantee that at least one of an "exclusive" set of bits is actually high. If a logical "don't care" case temporarily left all (full-swing) inputs low, we could run into electrical problems (such as saturating the bottom switch in a muxen gate) that would delay the gate's response once a select input rose again. A half-swing signal solves the problem by raising the "least positive voltage" to that of a vref (which is always assumed to be a "safe" input level).

In other words, we're confident that we don't have a *logic* problem. We should be correctly modeling all select inputs low as an indeterminate (X) output. The worry is that our timing models do not consider the transition delay between this state and a "normal" driven output.

Drew

From:

Sent:

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 1:19 AM

To:

'Geert Rosseel'

Cc:

'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)';

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe ready for DRC/SHORTS/LVS

```
Geert Rosseel writes:
```

> Hi,

> I build a euterpe in the snapshot for LVS and DRC. The snapshot is in

> /n/auspex/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe.

> Thsi euterpe was build from the top directory (gmake euterpe), so that

> path should be pretty much working now.

> This version contains all custom blocks and ck. As soon as Dave had > grabbed the necessary files for DRC and LVS, I'd like to build a

> euterpe with everything in it.

>

Geert

I have started the lvs and a lower layer drc run. The upper drc is queued up to start after one of the mnemo jobs finishes. However, I don't normally 'save' the layouts, but will do so in this case.

Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering,

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

thr

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 1:33 AM

To:

'wingard (Drew Wingard)'

Cc:

'hardheads'; 'tau'

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Drew Wingard wrote (on Wed Mar 15):

The reasoning behind the half-swing requirement is simply that we have no way to guarantee that at least one of an "exclusive" set of bits is actually high. If a logical "don't care" case temporarily left all (full-swing) inputs low, we could run into electrical problems (such as saturating the bottom switch in a muxen gate) that would delay the gate's response once a select input rose again. A half-swing signal solves the problem by raising the "least positive voltage" to that of a vref (which is always assumed to be a "safe" input level).

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The models should put out Z in this case (which will be treated as X by succeeding gates). It would appear from this description that the restriction really only applies to 3 level stack gates and that regular muxes (two level) should not really need to be restricted this way. Is that so?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

To: Cc: Thursday, March 16, 1995 1:33 AM 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'

'hardheads'; 'tau'

Subject:

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wingard (Drew Wingard)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 2:37 AM

To:

'thr' 'hardheads'

Cc:

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

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Well, sort of.

Some of our multiplexer structures accept "mp" inputs at their top level and "np" at their second (or equivalently, "mp" on select inputs that get internally shifted down one Vbe). These gates have a somewhat different vulnerability: if the bases of the select transistor are all "low" 2pf signals then the emitters of the select transistors are low enough that the NMOS "current sources" will

have severely reduced output current at certain operating conditions. This would make both outputs tend to float high.

We decided at the csyn/celltest meeting long ago that we were not prepared to invest the time required to verify that our timing numbers would be correct in cases like this. Even if the normal muxes work fine, we know that the muxens have a problem, and now we need a way to reliably differentiate between the two cases in csyn.

We could accomplish this by changing the signal naming convention to make the behavior explicit (I can see the rotten fruit flying my way from the folks who would have to change a bunch of pin names, then time and verify the resulting cells) or ask for a new csyn feature to let us apply certain rules only to certain cells (more rotten fruit, this time from fwo).

I don't know for certain, but from fwo's list it looks like it might be simpler to buffer a signal or two than to add the new csyn/signame "feature" this late in the game.

Drew

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 2:40 AM

To:

'wingard (Drew Wingard)'

Cc:

'hardheads'

Subject:

Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

Drew Wingard wrote (on Wed Mar 15):

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Agreed. In fact we had another debate earlier this evening about the importance of not making gratuitous changes because of the inevitable impact on the critical path.

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Thursday, March 16, 1995 2:40 AM

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Cc:

'hardheads'

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Agreed. In fact we had another debate earlier this evening about the importance of not making gratuitous changes because of the inevitable impact on the critical path.

billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 6:17 AM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'

Subject:

Need help with NB place and route, again

hopper,

Re: nb place and route

(for the purposes of this note, ignore my requests to get nb_mid a.k.a. nb_mid_new to "pack". For the moment, I just want the place and route run to complete through final so I can see if there are unroute or timing errors)

OK, here's the problem:

nb-pass1 has no timing errors and (for the purposes of this

discussion) and acceptable placement.

In pass2 pifpack moves one or more aligned cells from their original position on the extreme right-hand side. Then, there are two cells on the same row with the same alignment marker so pim2pif fails with a fatal error.

Both nb-pass1.pim and nb-pass2.pim consist of five sections, the last of which -- the custom data path on the right side -- begins with

.xoffset 1450

.yoffset 470

.nopifpack

 \dots so how do I prevent the movement of the aligned cells on the right hand side? I thought the \dots nopifpack directive would do this.

The log file for this run is in ~billz/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/nbgards.log with corresponding gards directory ~billz/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/gards.

Thanks for listening, billz

Sent:

Herman Chu [hchu@igineer.microunity.com]
Thursday, March 16, 1995 11:34 AM
'Tim B. Robinson'; 'woody@igineer'; 'tbe@igineer'; 'dbulfer@igineer'; 'pmayer@igineer'
'pandora@igineer'
Re: Euterpe module To:

Cc: Subject:

Thermally it shouldn't be a problem, since we will have force air to cool the SDRAMs in Pandora as compared to natural convection cooling in Hestia.

Herman

From: Sent: Guillermo A. Loyola [gmo@microunity.com]

Thursday, March 16, 1995 11:49 AM

To:

'tony@microunity.com'; 'tbr@microunity.com'; John Moussouris; 'hayes@microunity.com';

'guarino@microunity.com'; 'gap@microunity.com'; Craig Hansen; 'Curtis Abbott'

Subject: Re: notes on today's meeting

- Gmo to verify we can run SPEC in 16MB (or alternatively, in 8MB, in which case Tbr is off the hook).

Ray and I talked about this (he is really the one running the SPEC benchmarks), it seems like all the cases we have run but one run in *4Meg*, we'll try to pinpoint exactly how much memory that one needs.

Gmo.

bpw (B. P. Wong)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 12:36 PM

Cc:

'tbr'; 'wingard' 'hardheads'

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

> Well, sort of.

>

- > Some of our multiplexer structures accept "mp" inputs at their top
- > level and "np" at their second (or equivalently, "mp" on select inputs
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get

- > internally shifted down one Vbe). These gates have a somewhat
- > different
- > vulnerability: if the bases of the select transistor are all "low" 2pf
- > signals then the emitters of the select transistors are low enough
- > that the NMOS "current sources" will have severely reduced output
- > current at certain operating conditions. This would make both outputs
- > tend t
- float
- > high.

The difference between this condition and an acceptable 3 stack gate is less than 200mV. The NMOS sources if out of saturation will become like a resistor and hence does not behave like the BJT current sources, i.e. the reduction in current is not as severe as you may think. Furthermore, when the mux becomes active one of the sel inputs will be pulled high which brings the current source back to its "legal" level. Therefore, if we feel that this operating condition is unacceptable then we should question our normal operation also!

bpw

From: Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]

Sent: Thursday, March 16, 1995 12:57 PM

To: 'tbr': 'dbulfer'

Subject: Re: New rev of Hestia main pcb criteria dwg

[Following is interchange between Pattie and myself. No doubt that I am behind on getting Criteria drawings done for both products, but my question to you both is what is the priority? I believe there already exists a net

Pattie Mayer wrote:

```
>It will be working the other way around, Hestia Main first, then
>Pandodra Euterpe.
>snip<
>-Pattie
>> From tbe@microunity.com Wed Mar 15 19:57:47 1995
>> To: pmayer
>> From: tbe@microunity.com (Tom Eich)
>> Subject: New rev of Hestia main pcb criteria dwg
>>
>> I promised I'd assess when I could get this to you, and here's my schedule:
>>
>> Thursday: complete and check in Pandora Euterpe criteria drawing
>> Friday: complete and check in Hestia criteria drawing
>>
>> Do you have the netlist ready for Hestia? If the Pandora Euterpe netlist
>> is not ready and hestia is, then perhaps I've got my priorities reversed.
>> Please let me know if you think so.
>>
>> -Tom
>>
>>
>> Tom Eich
                                        tbe@microunity.com
>> MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.
>> 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089
>> (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax |
>>
```

Tom Eich | tbe@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.| 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 |

(408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax

>> >> From: Sent: wingard (Drew Wingard)

Thursday, March 16, 1995 1:55 PM

To: Cc: 'bpw'; 'tbr' 'hardheads'

Subject: Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

B. P. Wong wrote:

- > Drew wrote:
- > > Well, sort of.
- > > Some of our multiplexer structures accept "mp" inputs at their top
- > > and "np" at their second (or equivalently, "mp" on select inputs
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- > > high.
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 > mux becomes active one of the sel inputs will be pulled high which
- > brings
- > current source back to its "legal" level. Therefore, if we feel that
- > operating condition is unacceptable then we should question our normal
- > operation also!

I don't believe that operation at the 'nominal' knob settings (i.e. rcd=6 and 400mV full swing) is the issue here. We were more concerned about electrical behavior at higherswing settings where the difference in current source voltage would be much higher. There's not much drain-source voltage across the current source if the *highest* select input is a *low* 800mV full-swing 2p signal (Vcc - 3*Vbe - 800mV). (Yes B.P., one of those Vbe's will be at much lower current density due to both parallel connection and decreased current source current).

The point is *not* whether the gates respond properly once the condition ends.

The point *is* that we do not characterize the gates in this condition, and therefore we cannot assume that all structures with the "e" qualifier will function as expected. This was the decision that we took in the csyn/celltest meeting late last year. "E" signals inside custom structures are different, and we can easily modify the csyn rules to handle those cases.

I still think that it is simpler, if less elegant, to add a buffer cell to the *only* case in Euterpe where this restriction turned out to be an issue. It certainly seems a lot easier than proving to ourselves that there are no cases where we get into trouble and then convincing csyn to permit only it for only these cells.

tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 2:01 PM

To: Cc: 'Drew Wingard' 'hardheads'; 'tau'

Subject:

Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Drew Wingard writes:

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I'd agree that one buffer is a small price to pay. An alternative that might even be a smaller price is to increase the famin of the mux by one, and tie the extra select lead to vref.

From: Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]

Sent: Thursday, March 16, 1995 2:10 PM

To: 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc: 'dbulfer'; 'tbr'; 'hopper'; 'albers'

Subject: Re: New rev of Hestia main pcb criteria dwg

Per discussion with Tim, and because Howard has adequate rough criteria for Pandora Euterpe pcb preliminary layout, and also because Pattie is ready to go on Hestia, I will complete the Hestia pcb criteria today and then proceed to the Euterpe design. Mark and I pinned Steve Brown down and he got the temp. keys extended for the pro/e to allegro interface (needed now for the Hestia layout) while a signature issue is resolved, so I am once more on the critical path. I anticipate we'll need Dan's help (tomorrow) once I've checked in the Hestia drawing, to help Pattie get it into Allegro.

-Tom

Tom Eich | tbe@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.| 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 | (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax | From: Sent:

wingard (Drew Wingard)

Thursday, March 16, 1995 2:23 PM To:

'tau'

Cc:

'hardheads'

Subject:

Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Tom Laidig wrote:

> Drew Wingard writes:

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> I'd agree that one buffer is a small price to pay. An alternative > that might even be a smaller price is to increase the fanin of the mux

> by one, and tie the extra select lead to vref.

Ugh. I was afraid that someone might mention the "vref" solution. This works electrically, but my understanding is that the Verilog logic model cannot handle vrefs as logically "useful" inputs. We ignore vrefs on OR gates, require that they be tied to the (ignored) _n pin on differential inputs, and don't get the nice feature that a vref tied to a mux select gives a "default" mux output (like the default case in a C switch statement).

So, it might work for this case, depending on what Verilog thinks is the logic level of vref. I suppose that it would work if Verilog thinks vref is logic 0, but not if logic 1, X, or Z. Again, it's a case that we've tried to avoid having to implement/verify, since it buys you nothing logically while only electrically guaranteeing a "least positive voltage".

Drew

bpw (B. P. Wong) From: Thursday, March 16, 1995 2:31 PM Sent: To: 'wingard' 'hardheads' Cc: Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors Subject: > > The difference between this condition and an acceptable 3 stack gate is less >> than 200mV. The NMOS sources if out of saturation will become like > > a resistor > > and hence does not behave like the BJT current sources, i.e. the reduction > > in current is not as severe as you may think. Furthermore, when the mux > > becomes active one of the sel inputs will be pulled high which > brings the > > current source back to its "legal" level. Therefore, if we feel > > that this > > operating condition is unacceptable then we should question our > > normal operation also! > I don't believe that operation at the 'nominal' knob settings (i.e. rcd=6 > and 400mV full swing) is the issue here. We were more concerned about > electrical behavior at higher-swing settings where the difference in > current source voltage would be much higher. There's not much drain-source > voltage across the current source if the *highest* select input is a > *low* 800mV full-swing 2p signal (Vcc - 3*Vbe - 800mV). > those Vbe's will be at much lower current density due to both parallel > connection and decreased current source current). Why do we need to run at 800mV? We are barely meeting speed at 400mV! We used to design to 500mV and soon after that we had to reduce to 400mV to make speed and size. If we have to run at 800mV the game is over. Furthermore, the cells are also not characterized at that large swing. > The point is *not* whether the gates respond properly once the > condition ends.

> The point *is* that we do not characterize the gates in this > condition, and

> therefore we cannot assume that all structures with the "e" qualifier will

> function as expected. This was the decision that we took in the > csyn/celltest meeting late last year. "E" signals inside custom

> are different, and we can easily modify the csyn rules to handle those cases.

Are we going to start characterizing the cells at the large swing? I envision a tool as something that helps me do my job better and not something I have to appease inorder to make it work.

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Why add extra circuitry where we don't need. Why can't we put in smarts into the program to indicate real problems and only fix those.?

bpw

tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent: Thursday, March 16, 1995 3:05 PM

To:

'B. P. Wona'

Cc:

'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'geert (Geert

Rosseel)': 'tau'

Subject:

Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

B. P. Wong writes:

Why do we need to run at 800mV? We are barely meeting speed at 400mV! We used to design to 500mV and soon after that we had to reduce to 400mV to make speed and size. If we have to run at 800mV the game is over. Furthermore, the cells are also not characterized at that large swing.

If for some reason the only way we can make the first rev of euterpe run is at 800mV swing and 1/4 speed, this is far better than having it not run at all. Software types can use it for testing, investors and potential customers will be more willing to believe we have a chance of fixing it to work at speed, etc. Or perhaps we'll decide to do wafer sort testing at 800mV swing; I don't know.

Are we going to start characterizing the cells at the large swing? I envision a tool as something that helps me do my job better and not something I have to appease inorder to make it work. [snip]

Why add extra circuitry where we don't need. Why can't we put in smarts into the program to indicate real problems and only fix those.?

I dunno about characterizing gates at all knob corners. The (partial) charter of this particular tool is to verify that we've connected things with appropriate signal levels such that the circuit should work over all knob settings -- at some speed. With any such tool, there are corner cases where we either have to add smarts to the tool, or change the design. The correct decision, obviously, is the one that costs less. We make this kind of tradeoff all the time with design rule checkers and every other mechanized verification process. In this case, adding one small buffer is a small cost; figuring out how to distinguish the OK cases from the bad cases, coding that into csyn, and probably munging a bunch of cells to put distinguishing qualifiers into pin names or whatever, seems a much higher cost.

Sent: To:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 4:35 PM 'dbulfer pmayer the thr woody'

Cc: Subject:

Re: Euterpe module

> A potential requirement for 16MB of SDRAM in the Euterpe brick has

> come up.

> This can be acheived using 8 4Mx4 parts which Euterpe supports, but

> the current PCB design does not. It may not be practical to have a > single PCB layout support 2 1Mx16, 4 2Mx8, or 8 4Mx4 parts, but

> clearly we could have two different PCBs in that case. The most

> important thing is to be sure we have physical space to accommodate 8

> SDRAM components and that we can cool them in the module.

> Tom, pattie, can you look at these issues to make sure the current > form factor can accommodate this option if it shoud become a hard

> requirement? The 4Mx4 part is in the same package as the 2Mx8.

> Tim

Can the pin interface admit the possibility of using 8 2Mx8 parts for a 16 MB memory? This requires select pins and additional capacitance on the data pins, but would permit us to stock fewer SDRAM part types. It also presumes that 2Mx8 parts are no less available than 4Mx4 parts.

Craig

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Thursday, March 16, 1995 4:55 PM

To: 'tb

o; (b)

Subject: forwarded message from Dave Conroy

----- Start of forwarded message ------

Status: RO

X-VM-v5-Data: ([nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil]

["2881" "Thu" "16" "March" "1995" "13:39:41" "-0800" "Dave Conroy" "djc " nil "70" "Re: performance testing"

"^From:" nil nil "3"])

Return-Path: <djc>

Received: from pegasus.microunity.com by gaea.microunity.com (4.1/muse1.3)

id AA04402; Thu, 16 Mar 95 13:39:42 PST

Received: by pegasus.microunity.com (8.6.10/muse-sw.3)

id NAA10597; Thu, 16 Mar 1995 13:39:41 -0800

Message-Id: <199503162139.NAA10597@pegasus.microunity.com>

From: dic (Dave Conroy)

To: billz

Cc: lisar, jeffm

Subject: Re: performance testing

Date: Thu, 16 Mar 1995 13:39:41 -0800

Here is an update on the perforance testing -

- > The first thing I was going to do was verify the operation on hwterp again.
- > Unfortunately I am unable to do that. I have run into two problems with
- > hwterp.
- > First I tried to run the NB tests. the changes that were
- > made to the sync ops in the HW that prevent deadlocks
- > have not made their way into terp yet. Lisa Repka has the info
- > on what needs to be done and is hoping to have it in by Monday nights build.
- > I will try again on Tues.

>

The fix is not in yet. Lisa Repka is still working on it. She has it essentially in and is in debug at this time.

- > Next I moved on to the deache performance tests. I started getting
- > unexpected exceptions when doing dcache ops. I have looked at the hwterp
- > traces and can't see anything wrong with what is being attempted. It dies
- > on the second deache access. I have sent an e-mail off to the simulator
- > folks.

The problem was mine. I had made some changes for the new tag spacing and when I made them the simulator still had the old spacing. Now that the simulator has been updated to the new spacing I just needed to update the conditional compile statements to reflect that.

I have done that and the test still passes on hwterp. I ran it on terp and have a trace printout. I have edited two files

- ~djc/sw/stb/stand/diag/memhi/cached.trace
- ~dic/sw/stb/stand/diag/memhi/uncached.trace

To include just the timing loops for the cached and uncached sections of the test. These show exactly the sequence of instructions and some guidance on how long each operation took on the simulator.

The next step is probably to analyze the terp trace files and see if anything obvious leaps out. If it doesn't then a more thorough analysis of the terp vs. HW simulator traces would seem in order.

Lisa has run the HW simulator on this same test The results for both simulators are listed below:

hwterp: Uncached elapsed time - Cached elapsed time = 4840 HW Sim: Uncached elapsed time - Cached elapsed time = 3650

- > The next item was to summarize what was being done in the dcache_perf_ldlt > test.
- > There is a loop of 5 loads from 5 different addresses. Each address is in
- > a different cache line. The cache lines are filled prior to the timing test.
- > Then a loop is executed that does a load from each of the 5 addresses. The
- > loop is executed 20 times. The returned data is then checked to make sure
- > the loads have completed.
- > This process is repeated but the addresses used are in an uncached section > of DRAM.
- > The difference between the time taken for the uncached and cached
- > accesses is compared to see if it falls within an expected range.
- > If it does not then an error is generated and the actual and expected values
- > are printed.

The ball is now in your court, I await your return volley. djc ------ End of forwarded message ------

'wingard': 'bpw' To: Cc: 'hardheads' Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors Subject: > From bpw Thu Mar 16 11:31:32 1995 > Date: Thu, 16 Mar 1995 11:31:05 -0800 > From: bpw (B. P. Wong) > To: wingard > Subject: Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors > Cc: hardheads > Content-Length: 2579 > > The difference between this condition and an acceptable 3 stack > > > gate is less > > than 200mV. The NMOS sources if out of saturation will become > > > like a resistor > > and hence does not behave like the BJT current sources, i.e. the reduction > > in current is not as severe as you may think. Furthermore, when > > > the mux > > becomes active one of the sel inputs will be pulled high which brings the > >> current source back to its "legal" level. Therefore, if we feel that this > > operating condition is unacceptable then we should question our normal > > > operation also! > > I don't believe that operation at the 'nominal' knob settings (i.e. rcd=6 > > and 400mV full swing) is the issue here. We were more concerned > > about electrical behavior at higher-swing settings where the >> difference in current source voltage would be much higher. > > not much drain-source >> voltage across the current source if the *highest* select input is a >> *low* 800mV full-swing 2p signal (Vcc - 3*Vbe - 800mV). (Yes B.P., > > those Vbe's will be at much lower current density due to both >> parallel connection and decreased current source current). > Why do we need to run at 800mV? We are barely meeting speed at 400mV! > We used to design to 500mV and soon after that we had to reduce to > 400mV to make speed and size. If we have to run at 800mV the game is over. > Furthermore, the cells are also not characterized at that large swing. >> The point is *not* whether the gates respond properly once the condition ends. > > The point *is* that we do not characterize the gates in this condition, and >> therefore we cannot assume that all structures with the "e" > > qualifier will > > function as expected. This was the decision that we took in the

> > csyn/celltest meeting late last year. "E" signals inside custom

bill (William Herndon)

Thursday, March 16, 1995 4:59 PM

From:

Sent:

```
> > those
cases.
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> Why add extra circuitry where we don't need. Why can't we put in
> smarts into the program to indicate real problems and only fix those.?
> bpw
```

> > are different, and we can easily modify the csyn rules to handle

My preferences as far as operation is concerned 1. only have half swing inputs 2. allow full swing inputs, no reference 3. put in the reference

I don't think anything too disastrous happens with full swing inputs and no reference, but i'd like to avoid another set of operating conditions if possible. If we have to have another set of operating conditions, I think the hazards with a vref input are a bit higher than the hazards of getting the n current source out of the linear region. If it were a bipolar current source, i would be more concerned about getting out of the current source region.

If it is only a few gates, then the loss of adding extra stuff for half swing inputs ought to be minimal. If it turns out its lots of gates then i would allow full swing inputs, no reference input.

structures

From: Sent:

mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)

Thursday, March 16, 1995 5:21 PM 'wingard'; 'bpw'; 'bill'

To:

Cc:

'hardheads'

Subject:

Re: Fullswing selects; Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

If people want to discuss characterization methodology as justified by general considerations, that is fine, but don't let the one csyn case here influence the discussion, because it is easy to fix and I am going to fix it.

The more helpful longer term improvement would be a mux that allowed its selects to all be off, or better yet random, and then still recover to valid operation in the next clock cycle. This would simplify certain control logic. But I know this is too hard on methodology and is probably very unportable across circuit/logic families. Thus I don't request it. Improvements less than that are unlikely to be worth their trouble, so I don't request them either.

craig (Craig Hansen)

Sent: To:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 5:35 PM 'dbulfer'; 'pmayer'; 'tbe'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Cc:

'pandora'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe module

> A potential requirement for 16MB of SDRAM in the Euterpe brick has

> come up.

> This can be acheived using 8 4Mx4 parts which Euterpe supports, but

> the current PCB design does not. It may not be practical to have a > single PCB layout support 2 1Mx16, 4 2Mx8, or 8 4Mx4 parts, but

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Can the pin interface admit the possibility of using 8 2Mx8 parts for a 16 MB memory? This requires select pins and additional capacitance on the data pins, but would permit us to stock fewer SDRAM part types. It also presumes that 2Mx8 parts are no less available than 4Mx4 parts.

Craig

fwo (Fred Obermeier)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 6:02 PM

To:

'hardheads'

Cc:

'fwo'

Subject:

Planned 5pm disturbance.

In order to fix a number of exclusive input swing check csyn errors in Euterpe, we plan to change the sel alpeh signal name in eam2ffdhl6sl1x2a cell to sel alp2eh at 5pm today. This change will effect one schematic, one layout, and one verilog file:

proteus/ged/ea/eam2ffdh16s11x2a/body.1.1 proteus/ged/ea/eam2ffdh16s11x2a/spice.1.1 proteus/ged/ea/eam2ffdh16s11x2a/spice_cn.1.1 proteus/compass/layouts/eam2ffdh16s11x2a.ly proteus/exlax/elibsrc/eam2ff.V

Timing files for this cell should also be regenerated. Let me know if we should delay this release.

Thanks, Fred.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 7:45 PM

To: Cc: 'bpw (B. P. Wong)'
'hardheads'; 'wingard'

Subject:

Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

B. P. Wong wrote (on Thu Mar 16):

- > Well, sort of.
- > Some of our multiplexer structures accept "mp" inputs at their top level
- > and "np" at their second (or equivalently, "mp" on select inputs that get
- > internally shifted down one Vbe). These gates have a somewhat different > vulnerability: if the bases of the select transistor are all "low"
- 2pf
 - > signals then the emitters of the select transistors are low enough that
 - > the NMOS "current sources" will have severely reduced output current at > certain operating conditions. This would make both outputs tend to float
 - > high.

The difference between this condition and an acceptable 3 stack gate is less than 200mV. The NMOS sources if out of saturation will become like a resistor and hence does not behave like the BJT current sources, i.e. the reduction in current is not as severe as you may think. Furthermore, when the mux becomes active one of the sel inputs will be pulled high which brings the current source back to its "legal" level. Therefore, if we feel that this operating condition is unacceptable then we should question our normal operation also!

Isn't there also the consideration that for test, with no space transformer and poor power distribution we may have to turn the nominal swing to 900mV?

Of course in this case speed is not a primary concern.

'bow': 'tbr' To: 'hardheads'; 'wingard' Cc: Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors Subject: > From tbr Thu Mar 16 16:45:20 1995 > Date: Thu, 16 Mar 1995 16:44:51 -0800 > From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson) > To: bpw (B. P. Wong) > Cc: hardheads, wingard > Subject: Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors > Content-Length: 1396 > B. P. Wong wrote (on Thu Mar 16): > > Well, sort of. > Some of our multiplexer structures accept "mp" inputs at their > top level > and "np" at their second (or equivalently, "mp" on select inputs ` that get > internally shifted down one Vbe). These gates have a somewhat different > vulnerability: if the bases of the select transistor are all "low" 2pf > signals then the emitters of the select transistors are low > enough that > the NMOS "current sources" will have severely reduced output current at > certain operating conditions. This would make both outputs tend > > to float > high. The difference between this condition and an acceptable 3 stack > gate is less than 200mV. The NMOS sources if out of saturation will become like > a resistor and hence does not behave like the BJT current sources, i.e. the reduction in current is not as severe as you may think. Furthermore, when > the mux becomes active one of the sel inputs will be pulled high which > brings the current source back to its "legal" level. Therefore, if we feel > that this operating condition is unacceptable then we should question our normal operation also! > Isn't there also the consideration that for test, with no space > transformer and poor power distribution we may have to turn the

bill (William Herndon)

Thursday, March 16, 1995 7:53 PM

From: Sent:

> nominal swing to 900mV?

- > Of course in this case speed is not a primary concern.
- > Tim

The 900mv would presumably come with minimum current setting this minimizes the drop accross the current source. also i would assume at 900mv we could increase the power supply voltage if current source clamping is an issue

bpw (B. P. Wong)

Sent:

Thursday, March 16, 1995 7:54 PM

To:

'tbr'

Cc:

'hardheads'; 'wingard'

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

> Isn't there also the consideration that for test, with no space > transformer and poor power distribution we may have to turn the > nominal swing to 900mV?

> Of course in this case speed is not a primary concern.

, m:..

> Tim

You run the risk of saturating the clock BJTs in the orlatch. This was the very problem we were trying to avoid in the mux latch. Since this is not a real operating condition it should just be something to watch out, we do not latch up the chip during the test.

bpw

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 16, 1995 10:53 PM 'Potatoe Chip' pager log message

To:

Subject:

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/ctioi BOM 22.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 16
19:51:00 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:04 AM

To:

'tom (Tom Laidig (tau)'

Cc:

'hardheads'; 'tau'; 'Drew Wingard'

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

tau wrote (on Thu Mar 16):

Drew Wingard writes:

It still think that it is simpler, if less elegant, to add a buffer cell to the *only* case in Euterpe where this restriction turned out to be an issue. It certainly seems a lot easier than proving to ourselves that there are no cases where we get into trouble and then convincing csyn to permit only lit for only these cells.

I'd agree that one buffer is a small price to pay. An alternative that might even be a smaller price is to increase the fanin of the mux by one, and tie the extra select lead to vref.

Definitely not allowed by our current rules. The simulation model won't handle it. We don't have a logic 1/2 to use for vref.

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:06 AM

To:

'Tom Eich'

Cc:

'albers'; 'dbulfer'; 'hopper'; 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Subject:

Re: New rev of Hestia main pcb criteria dwg

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Completed

Tom Eich wrote (on Thu Mar 16):

Per discussion with Tim, and because Howard has adequate rough criteria for Pandora Euterpe pcb preliminary layout, and also because Pattie is ready to go on Hestia, I will complete the Hestia pcb criteria today and then proceed to the Euterpe design. Mark and I pinned Steve Brown down and he got the temp. keys extended for the pro/e to allegro interface (needed now for the Hestia layout) while a signature issue is resolved, so I am once more on the critical path. I anticipate we'll need Dan's help (tomorrow) once I've checked in the Hestia drawing, to help Pattie get it into Allegro.

Thank's tom. Who's signature are we stuck for on the pro/e interface?

thr

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:15 AM

To:

'wingard (Drew Wingard)'

- - -

wingara (Brow wingara)

Cc:

'hardheads'; 'tau'

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

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So, it might work for this case, depending on what Verilog thinks is the logic level of vref. I suppose that it would work if Verilog thinks vref is logic 0, but not if logic 1, X, or Z. Again, it's a case that we've tried to avoid having to implement/verify, since it buys you nothing logically while only electrically guaranteeing a "least positive voltage".

Back in the original mnemo days we did allow this. In that case we required that if used, the vref was always on the 0 select input. We then ignored that select input, and computed a replacement value as the nor of all the other select inputs. This had the effect that if no select inputs were asserted, the vref leg is chosen. However, that has the major disadvantage that if the vref option is not being used, we are actually ignoring the logic state of the 0 input.

It turned out that there were only two places in the design where we actually had the vref. On Euterpe, we decided to change the rules because the perceived advantage of being able to use the VREF was outweighed by the verification risk of not checking the 0th select input properly. In fact we have no static check that the one hot rule is obeyed, rather we have to rely on out verification vector coverage detecting a problem if we violate the rule. The model will produce X's if there are no selects asserted, or if there are multiple selects

asserted and the corresponding data inputs are not identical. This accurately reflects what the real circuit would do.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

'hardheads': 'tau'

Sent: To: Friday, March 17, 1995 1:15 AM

Cc:

'wingard (Drew Wingard)'

Cc: Subject:

Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

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Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:16 AM

To:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Cc:

'albers'; 'dbulfer'; 'hopper'; 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Subject: Re: New rev of Hestia main pcb criteria dwg

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>Thank's tom. Who's signature are we stuck for on the pro/e interface?

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I don't even know (or want to...). Steve Brown is taking care of it.

-Tom

Tom Eich

tbe@microunity.com

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tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:20 AM

To: Cc: 'bpw (B. P. Wong)' 'hardheads': 'wingard'

Subject:

Re: Csvn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

- B. P. Wong wrote (on Thu Mar 16):
 - > > The difference between this condition and an acceptable 3 stack gate is less
 - > > than 200mV. The NMOS sources if out of saturation will become like a resistor
 - > > and hence does not behave like the BJT current sources, i.e. the reduction
 - > > in current is not as severe as you may think. Furthermore, when the mux
 - >> becomes active one of the sel inputs will be pulled high which brings the
 - > > current source back to its "legal" level. Therefore, if we feel that this
 - > > operating condition is unacceptable then we should question our normal
 - > > operation also!
- > I don't believe that operation at the 'nominal' knob settings (i.e. rcd=6
- > and 400mV full swing) is the issue here. We were more concerned about
- > electrical behavior at higher-swing settings where the difference in
 - > current source voltage would be much higher. There's not much drain-source

 - > voltage across the current source if the *highest* select input is
 > a *low* 800mV full-swing 2p signal (Vcc 3*Vbe 800mV). (Yes B.P., one of
 - > those Vbe's will be at much lower current density due to both parallel
 - > connection and decreased current source current).

Why do we need to run at 800mV? We are barely meeting speed at 400mV! We used to design to 500mV and soon after that we had to reduce to 400mV to make speed and size. If we have to run at 800mV the game is over. Furthermore, the cells are also not characterized at that large swing.

Only for test, where we know that voltage drops across the die will mean lower swings will not give any noise margin.

- > The point is *not* whether the gates respond properly once the condition ends.
- > The point *is* that we do not characterize the gates in this condition, and
- > therefore we cannot assume that all structures with the "e" qualifier will
- > function as expected. This was the decision that we took in the
- > csyn/celltest meeting late last year. "E" signals inside custom structures
- > are different, and we can easily modify the csyn rules to handle those cases.

Are we going to start characterizing the cells at the large swing? I envision a tool as something that helps me do my job better and not something I have to appease inorder to make it work.

- > I still think that it is simpler, if less elegant, to add a buffer cell to
- > the *only* case in Euterpe where this restriction turned out to be an issue.
- > It certainly seems a lot easier than proving to ourselves that there are
- > no cases where we get into trouble and then convincing csyn to permit only
- > it for only these cells.

Why add extra circuitry where we don't need. Why can't we put in smarts into the program to indicate real problems and only fix those.?

I agree it's inelegant, but we ery trying to freeze the rules in order to get the job completed. We have had a couple of changes in the last week, which while innocent on the surface have cost us time because of the need to rebuild the snapshot for pin name

updates.

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:24 AM

To:

'brianl (Brian Lee)'

Cc:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Subject:

missed staff meeting

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

missed stan meeting

Flag Status:

Completed

Brian Lee wrote (on Thu Mar 16):

Hi,

Fred just reminded me that it was Th. Sorry I missed the meetings. I was here, but got too engrossed in some work and totally forgot.

No problem. I talked a little about Euterpe logic verification status (we're late . . .) but nothing else of significance was discussed.

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:37 AM

To:

'bill (William Herndon)'

Cc:

'bpw'; 'hardheads'; 'wingard'

Subject:

Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

William Herndon wrote (on Thu Mar 16):

If it is only a few gates, then the loss of adding extra stuff for half swing inputs ought to be minimal. If it turns out its lots of gates then i would allow full swing inputs, no reference input.

One 2s buffer will fix it. It's a nit.

From: Sent:

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:37 AM

To: Cc: 'bill (William Herndon)'

Subject:

'bpw'; 'hardheads'; 'wingard' Re: Csyn Euterpe BOM 247 errors

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tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 1:43 AM

To:

'craig (Craig Hansen)'

Cc: Subject: 'dbulfer'; 'pandora'; 'pmayer'; 'tbe'; 'woody' Re: Euterpe module

Craig Hansen wrote (on Thu Mar 16):

- > A potential requirement for 16MB of SDRAM in the Euterpe brick has
- > come up.
- > This can be acheived using 8 4Mx4 parts which Euterpe supports,
- > but the current PCB design does not. It may not be practical to have > a single PCB layout support 2 1Mx16, 4 2Mx8, or 8 4Mx4 parts, but
- > clearly we could have two different PCBs in that case. The most > important thing is to be sure we have physical space to accommodate 8
- > SDRAM components and that we can cool them in the module.

- > Tom, pattie, can you look at these issues to make sure the current > form factor can accommodate this option if it should become a hard
- > requirement? The 4Mx4 part is in the same package as the 2Mx8.
- > Tim

Can the pin interface admit the possibility of using 8 2Mx8 parts for a 16 MB memory? This requires select pins and additional capacitance on the data pins, but would permit us to stock fewer SDRAM part types. It also presumes that 2Mx8 parts are no less available than 4Mx4 parts.

We don't have the select lines. As far as availability goes, 2Mx8 is definitely the most common, but I think 4Mx4 is a close second. 1Mx16 was single sourced in the first generation, though most vendors are planning on introducing them in the second round.

From: Sent: Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Friday, March 17, 1995 1:50 AM

oent: Finday,

To: Subject: 'Potatoe Chip' pager log message

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cp BOM 45.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 16
22:49:13 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

lock read: File exists

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Friday, March 17, 1995 1:56 AM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert:

Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc BOM 255.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 16 22:55:22 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Friday, March 17, 1995 10:48 AM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt Makefile gtsnake.V gtspmatchlate.Veqn pimlib.pl

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt In directory gamorra:/N/auspex6/s20/woody/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gt

Modified Files:
Makefile gtsnake.V gtspmatchlate.Veqn pimlib.pl
Log Message:
Fix for icacheharder2 and icache stress.

Placement updated.

icacheharder2_V fabbed.

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Frid

Friday, March 17, 1995 4:17 PM

To:

'tbr'

Subject: euterpe module compile

Tim,

Dan has not yet released the new chips_prt generator, because he has to decide how to handle the 'flag body' parts (such as dgnd) which don't have a .gyg file.

woody

paulb (Paul Berry)

Sent:

Friday, March 17, 1995 4:58 PM

To:

'pandora'

Subject:

Notes from mtg 95-3-10

[As usual, the fancy version is in /u/chip/pandora/notes]

March 10, 1995

Present: Tim Robinson, David Bulfer, Graham Mostyn, Lisa Robinson, Guillermo Loyola, Tom Eich, Geert Rosseel, Johnny Mudge.

Schedule

Gmo. The issue is when will hardware be available to the software developers:

How best to use software development time before hardware is available, how much time there will be after h/w is available.

PCB layout issues

Lisa is adjusting the schedule to take account of new estimates.

Verification

Lisa: There have been difficulties running configuration test in Verilog; they are extremely slow. Veena has been working on a method to load an advance configuration for the Verilog, and this may speed up the processing of tests on Verilog.

PCI testing has not progressed, mainly because the design is not yet complete; and testing will be done from the top level. Top-level simulation of the PCI is required because the tests assume the existence of the rest of the Mnemo functionality (so the tests can't reasonably be partitioned). Since the Verilog tester can't contact the Ikos, it will not be possible to run PCI tests unless there is a VHDL version of the PCI interface.

So PCI testing is basically waiting for completion of the Mnemo design. Resources

needed for Mnemosyne compete with those needed for Euterpe.

Schedule

Tim. We had hoped to freeze Euterpe design by 3/15, but it no longer seems

possible to do so by that date. We should then review outstanding bugs and discuss compromises.

Lisa: Hardware tests are making good progress; 90% of the bugs found have been in the testing code rather than in the hardware.

Routing

Geert: Euterpe routing/timing decisions are progressing but not fast enough. Four weeks ago, the number of outstanding disconnects was 5,400; now it's down to 3,000, and are being completed at about 300 a week. Geert plus Richard Dixon and Bill Z are the only people available full-time for this work.

Euterpe is about ready for the final physical verification steps, Design Rule Checks (DRC) and Layout vs. Schematic (LVS).

Debugging metal

Lisa: What will we use for debugging metal? Since the process bring-up won't be done on Euterpe, can we commit to metal masks before metal bring-up? It might be necessary to

scrap masks that were made too much before process bring-up.

What is the vehicle for fab debug? Perhaps Orchis: it is comparatively simple (it's just a RAM, more customized than the other chips. Castor; Pollux; Calliope-0 might also serve. But under current rates of progress in design, Mnemosyne would still be first.

PCBs

Pandora PCBs. Tom: Still estimating 5/16. Have adopted larger but fewer fans, using a radial impeller. Should have heat sinks in about four weeks.

Two boards that have Mnemosyne modules

In addition to its use in Pandora as memory controller (where Mnemosyne is

mounted directly on the backplane), there are two configurations of Mnemosyne on an expansion card:

- o PCI-ISA Bridge
 - Used within Pandora
 - Connectors for:

PCI bus ISA bus

Hermes channel (to the Pandora's onboard

Euterpe)

- The ISA interface on this card permits communication with an

additional 5 cards on the Pandora's ISA bus

- The PCI interface on this card permits communication with an

additional 3 cards on the Pandora'a PCI bus

- o PCI-Hermes link for a PC
- Mounted on the PCI bus of a PC (or any machine with a PCI slot)
 - Provides a link from the PC to the Hermes channel (presumably, to the Hermes port of a Hestia, or to a Pandora)

Heat dissipation

The heat sink for Mnemosyne on a PCI board is 4 inches square. Mounting in a PC imposes height and heat restrictions; we are assuming that the PC-mounted PCI-to-Hermes version can be restricted to 20 watts, and can rely on convective cooling (that is, without additional fans).

The version mounted within Pandora can have more RAM and can produce more

heat.

Positioning of the SDRAM on the Euterpe module

It may be desirable to return to the original orientation. The position was turned to allow room for the analog processing in Hestia, but since that won't be included in the Pandora version, the original orientation may be retained.

Coordination of projects

Lisa: Can we revive regular schedule meetings with Mouss. There's an advantage to having regular reviews of schedule and status, and fore reviewing interdependencies. Graham: Yes, regular meetings desirable.

Impact of design changes on software.

Tim: The original plan was to bring up Unix on an X86 as a vehicle for developing device drivers, and then to bring up UNIX on Euterpe on a Hestia board, with the Cronus implementation of Hestia left until later. But now it seems that Euterpe is the gating item, so it will be possible to use the Euterpe module in Pandora rather than in Hestia.

Cronus design

To what extent should Cronus be designed with features that differ from Euterpe? The issue is that Euterpe assumed the existence of Mnemosyne and Calliope chips communicating via Hermes, but Cronus might have to operate in a context where none of those exist. Should Cronus then be modified to accommodate that different context? For example, at low clock rates, having Cronus retain the Euterpe design for I/O might not make sense. But one of the reasons for building Cronus was to demonstrate a portable design by implementing the same chip in more than one place and by more than one process.

David: We should change as little as possible. Many of the possible changes, while visible to Verification, would have no visible effect on software or software testing.

Gmo: Yes, but changes in I/O speed also affect memory access, and will affect benchmarks across the board.

If Cronus turns out to be the first chip available for testing, it certainly should have as few differences as possible from Euterpe.

Decision: The Cronus design should remain exactly the same as the Euterpe design.

------ A 3.3 V implementation would be preferable.

Cronus foundry

Geert: The plan to revive the cross-bar data-path (XDP) for Cronus has been abandoned.

There are two options for a Cronus process:

- o 5V at 400 MHz, for about 150 watts
- o 3.3 V at 200 MHz for about 30 watts

(These might imply different boards, different heat sinks) Perhaps we should do only the 3.3V version?
David: Either way, we have adequate power supply.

David thought VTI would be able to do a 3.3V version using a three-layer process.

---- End Included Message -----

Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com] From: Friday, March 17, 1995 6:29 PM Sent: 'Herman Chu' To: 'paulb@microunity.com'; 'pandora@microunity.com' Cc: Re: Notes from mtg 95-3-10 Subject: >>Paul Berry (paulb) wrote: >> >>Heat dissipation >>The heat sink for Mnemosyne on a PCI board is 4 inches square. >>Mounting in a >PC >>imposes height and heat restrictions; we are assuming that the PC-mounted >>PCI-to-Hermes version can be restricted to 20 watts, and can rely on >convective >>cooling (that is, without additional fans). >> >For the PC-mounted PCI-to-Hermes Mn, that will be relying on natural >convection cooling, the heat sink will be significantly larger than 4inx4in >square. This is true of course, and somehow the message I gave at the meeting, which was that the 4 x 4" heat sink would not need a local, heat sink mounted fan, but would have forced convection from the PCI area system fan, go garbled here. >>The version mounted within Pandora can have more RAM and can produce more >>heat. >> >This is a new one to me! All the heat sink designs for Mn up to this point are >for maximum power dissipation of 20 watts. >Please let me know if the power of Mn is expected to be higher than 20 watts. >Herman

This is an error in Paul's minutes. I think that the Mnemo module with DRAM is being confused with the Mnemo on a PCI card known as the PCI/Hestia card. Paul, can you correct the above to delete the reference to more RAM.

The PCI/Hestia card will not have any DRAM (SIMMS) on it in any case. If this is unclear, please see me and we can publish the correction.

-Tom

Tom Eich tbe@microunity.com
MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.
255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089
(408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 1:15 AM

To:

'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject:

euterpe module compile

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Jay Tomlinson wrote (on Fri Mar 17):

Tim,

Dan has not yet released the new chips_prt generator, because he has to decide how to handle the 'flag body' parts (such as dgnd) which don't have a .gyg

OK, thanks for the update. As far as I know, pattie has plenty to chew on right now...

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 1:24 AM

To:

'Herman Chu'

Cc:

'hchu@igineer'; 'pandora@igineer'; 'Paul Berry'

Subject:

Re: Notes from mtg 95-3-10

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

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We will have a good power number soon, but meanwhile 20W remains the target. I think the point that was being discussed at the meeting is that for the PC card we may well end up running the part more slowly at reduced power setting to drop the power well below the 20W.

From: Sent: Tim B. Robinson [tbr@igineer] Saturday, March 18, 1995 1:24 AM

To: Cc: 'Herman Chu'

c: 'hchu@iginee

Subject:

'hchu@igineer'; 'pandora@igineer'; 'Paul Berry' Re: Notes from mtg 95-3-10

Re. Notes from mig 95-5-10

"Herman Chu" wrote (on Fri Mar 17):

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From: solo (John Campbell) Saturday, March 18, 1995 2:12 AM Sent: To: 'Tim B. Robinson' 'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'Lisa Robinson'; 'Warren Cc: R. Ong'; 'solo@microunity.com'; 'Tom Laidig'; 'Dave Van't Hof Subject: Re: Daily Mismatches as Tim B. Robinson was sayingJohn Campbell wrote (on Fri Mar 17): .. Has any action been taken already on this? I see no sign of a release .. of this cell in /u/chip recently, and if it's nit released there, the ..getbom will not pick it up in the snapshot. ..Tim ٠. solo@echidna /u/chip/proteus/compass/layouts 8 % cvs status ioquadsofa.ly Status: Up-to-date File: ioquadsofa.ly 1.16 Thu Mar 16 10:42:38 1995 Version: RCS Version: /p/cvsroot/proteus/compass/layouts/ioquadsofa.ly,v 1.16 Sticky Tag: (none) Sticky Date: (none) Sticky Options: (none) solo@echidna /u/chip/proteus/compass/layouts 9 % ..OK, that was so many BOMs back I didn't look that far! Ths log says ..this was in 5.1089, and the snapshot is at 5.1100, so it would appear ..we are already up to date on this. ..Tim looks uptodate since this afternoon. solo@nosferatu ~/snap/compass 58 % cvs status /n/auspex/s41/euterpesnapshot/euterpe/proteus/compass/layouts/ioquadsofa.ly File: ioquadsofa.ly Status: Up-to-date Version: 1.16 Fri Mar 17 15:49:24 1995 1.16 /p/cvsroot/proteus/compass/layouts/ioquadsofa.ly,v RCS Version: Sticky Tag: (none)

Sticky Date:

Sticky Options:

(none)

solo@nosferatu ~/snap/compass 59 %

(none)

regards, EMail solo@microunity.com solo a.k.a. John Campbell phone 408 734-8100 fax 408 734-8136

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann) Saturday, March 18, 1995 6:52 AM Sent: To: 'Geert Rosseel' 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)' Cc: Subject: Re: temporary fix .. .maybe Geert Rosseel writes: Hi. I commented out the pruned gates, out of the .pim file and that got rid of the FATAL error. I still have to look at the result. I'll let you know if it worked ... The nb-pass1.dff file in /u/chip/euterpe... appears incomplete. I notice that /n/qhidra/s3/qeert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/qards/qeert euterpe-iter.dff also looks incomplete, it contains only NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U37 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U36 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U35 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U34 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U33 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U32 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF_64_NBACOUT/U3 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF_64_NBACOUT/U2 XBBUFDH32S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U8 XBBUFDH24S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U7 XBBUFDH24S NB/BUF 64 NBACOUT/U5 XBBUFDH24S NB/BUF_64_NBACOUT/U6 XBBUFDH16S While my local built NB-only version (pointing to the snapshot) contains: BUF 64 NBACOUT/U3 XBBUFDH32S BUF 64 NBACOUT/U2 XBBUFDH32S BUF_64_NBACOUT/U63 XBBUFDH24S BUF_64_NBACOUT/U62 XBBUFDH24S BUF_64_NBACOUT/U61 XBBUFDH24S BUF 64 NBACOUT/U60 XBBUFDH24S BUF 64 NBACOUT/U59 XBBUFDH24S BUF_64_NBACOUT/U58 XBBUFDH24S BUF_64 NBACOUT/U57 XBBUFDH24S BUF 64 NBACOUT/U56 XBBUFDH24S BUF 64 NBACOUT/U55 XBBUFDH24S BUF 64 NBACOUT/U54 XBBUFDH24S BUF 64 NBACOUT/U53 XBBUFDH24S

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BUF 64 NBACOUT/U35 XBBUFDH24S
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BUF_64_NBACOUT/U21 XBBUFDH24S
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BUF_64 NBACOUT/U15 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U14 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U13 XBBUFDH24S
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BUF 64 NBACOUT/U11 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U10 XBBUFDH24S
BUF_64_NBACOUT/U9 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U8 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U7 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U5 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U4 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U1 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U0 XBBUFDH24S
BUF 64 NBACOUT/U6 XBBUFDH16S
```

So, I think some data is missing.

⁻hopper

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Saturday, March 18, 1995 12:12 PM

To: 'billz'; 'hopper'; 'tbr'

Subject: placement problem with nb at top-level

Hi,

I've run into a problem with nb placement at for the latest top-level. NB runs by itself in the snapshot, but when I include it at the top-level pim2pif gives me a FATAL error. I'll need soem help to figure out waht is going on (It claims thata cell is out of bounds > maxx ...)

the data for nb itslef is in the proteus snapshot the top-level results are in /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gads/geert_euterpe*

Thank's

Geert

thr

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 12:13 PM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'billz'; 'agc'; 'hopper'

Subject:

placement problem with nb at top-level

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

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I think it may be a generic exlax problem of some sort. I'm seeing similar trouble with mnemo. In that case there seem to be duplicate placements. I think alan understands what's going on in the mnemo case.

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To: Cc: 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

'billz'; 'agc'; 'hopper'

Subject:

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Geert Rosseel wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

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From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Saturday, March 18, 1995 12:29 PM

To:

Cc: 'agc'; 'billz'; 'hopper'

Subject: Re: placement problem with nb at top-level

The problem seems to be in the datapath section of nb. The arrays and control section place, but the datapath does not .,

NB creates 5 *.pif files, 4 of them work at the top-level but the last one does not.

For who's interested: the 5 pif files are geert euterpe-iter.pif.14 to 18. pif.18 is empty and that is the one that should contain the datapath part.

Geert

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 12:31 PM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'agc'; 'billz'; 'hopper'

Subject:

Re: placement problem with nb at top-level

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

The problem seems to be in the datapath section of nb. The arrays and control section place, but the datapath does not .,

NB creates 5 *.pif files, 4 of them work at the top-level but the last one does not.

For who's interested: the 5 pif files are geert_euterpe-iter.pif.14 to 18, pif.18 is empty and that is the one that should contain the datapath part.

OK, it's not releated to the mnemo probel, which alan has figure out (something out of date bacuase of a failed release).

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 12:31 PM

To: Cc: 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'
'agc'; 'billz'; 'hopper'

Subject:

Re: placement problem with nb at top-level

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

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NB creates 5 *.pif files, 4 of them work at the top-level but the last one does not.

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OK, it's not releated to the mnemo probel, which alan has figure out (something out of date bacuase of a failed release).

From: brianl (Brian Lee)

Sent: Saturday, March 18, 1995 1:54 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'
Cc: 'agc (Alan Corry)'
Subject: Re: New problem

Tim B. Robinson writes:

If picked up your new top leel BOM, then re-tried dramctrl. Now it fails with a missing pdl file:

/in/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/tools/bin/pdlcat: ealdf16s4x4a.pdl not found in /n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/clockbias:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/clockbias:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/clockbias:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/clockbias:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/clockbias:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/

Brian, what's the status of the snapshot rebuild? I'm working on innemo, but am pointing to the euterpe snapshot proteus. I have a suspicion that this may be a new cell for which we may not yet have a layout at all.

The snapshot build died earlier this morning. I've released a fix and have restarted the getbom/.checkoutrc process on ghidra.

The layouts for these ea cells do exist in the snapshot, but the extax/elibsrc/Makefile did not specify them at the time the snspshot pdls were last built. When the current build finishes, hopefully sometime late tonight, the pdls should be there. Until then, /u/chip should be consistent.

Brian L.

From: Sent:

dickson (Richard Dickson) Saturday, March 18, 1995 1:59 PM

To:

Subject:

'geert'

rich_euterpegards

geert,

sorry to be a pain but the new makefile stuf is still not working for me. see dickson/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/aaa its failing in garout. i dont see anything obvious ????

dickson

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Saturday, March 18, 1995 2:08 PM

To: 'mws'; 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'woody'; 'tbr'

Subject: Dumps to look at ...

I have tried to re-create the dcacheeasy and dcacheharder failures in verilog but have been unsuccessful. In both cases the default verilog environment produced fabs.

I replaced the model of a dlatchq and re-ran in both cases the tests went to x very early.

Could someone please look at the dump of dcacheeasy or dcacheharder on staypuft /s3/br/euterpe/verilog/bsrc.

Also there is a dump of an stgen_r13311_0 run in the same directory. Here the test is going to bad very early on I think as a result of a read from cerberus octlet 10. Again I was using the local dlatchq model.

This is what is expected ... 0061c608c11d4301

But this is what I get ... c38c11823a870200c38c11823a870200

Now if I shifted that right by 9 doesn't it almost match?

0061c608c11d4381

Lisa R.

thr

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 2:11 PM

To:

'brianl (Brian Lee)'

Cc:

'agc (Alan Corry)'

Subject:

Re: New problem

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Brian Lee wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

I picked up your new top leel BOM, then re-tried dramctrl. Now it fails with a missing pdl file:

/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/tools/bin/pdlcat; ealdf16s4x4a.pdl not found

in /n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/clockbias:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/ausp /n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/tools/bin/pdlcat: ealnf24s6x4a.pdl not found in /n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/clockbias:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/subblocks:/n/auspex/s15/tbr/mnemo/gards/dcell:/n/ausp

|gmake[2]: *** [gards/dramctrl-pass1macros.pdl] Error 2

[gmake[2]: Leaving directory '/N/auspex6/s15/tbr/mnemo/verilog/src/dramctrl'

[gmake[1]: *** [dramctrl-base.short.nets] Error 1

|gmake[1]: Leaving directory '/N/auspex6/s15/tbr/mnemo/verilog/src/dramctrl'

|gmake: *** [dramctrlgards] Error 1

Brian, what's the status of the snapshot rebuild? I'm working on mnemo, but am pointing to the euterpe snapshot proteus. I have a suspicion that this may be a new cell for which we may not yet have a layout at all.

The snapshot build died earlier this morning. I've released a fix and have restarted the getbom/.checkoutrc process on ghidra.

The layouts for these ea cells do exist in the snapshot, but the exlax/elibsrc/Makefile did not specify them at the time the snspshot pdls were last built. When the current build finishes, hopefully sometime late tonight, the pdls should be there. Until then, /u/chip should be consistent.

Thanks, I'll look for them later tonight . . .

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Saturday, March 18, 1995 4:58 PM

To: 'tbe'

Cc: 'pmayer'; 'tbr'

Subject: Euterpe Memory

> From craig Thu Mar 16 14:34:44 1995

> Subject: Re: Euterpe module

>> A potential requirement for 16MB of SDRAM in the Euterpe brick has

> > come up

>> This can be acheived using 8 4Mx4 parts which Euterpe supports,

>> but the current PCB design does not. It may not be practical to have >> a single PCB layout support 2 1Mx16, 4 2Mx8, or 8 4Mx4 parts, but

>> a single PCB layout support 2 TMX16, 4 2MX8, or 8 4MX4 parts, out >> clearly we could have two different PCBs in that case. The most

>> important thing is to be sure we have physical space to accommodate 8

>> SDRAM components and that we can cool them in the module.

>> Tom, pattie, can you look at these issues to make sure the current

>> form factor can accommodate this option if it shoul become a hard

>> requirement? The 4Mx4 part is in the same package as the 2Mx8.

>>

> > Tim

> Can the pin interface admit the possibility of using 8 2Mx8 parts

> for a 16 MB memory? This requires select pins and additional

> capacitance on the data pins, but would permit us to stock

> fewer SDRAM part types. It also presumes that 2Mx8 parts are

> no less available than 4Mx4 parts.

> Craig

Tom,

Do you know what this would really look like?

Right now we have 4 surrounding the 2 in the center, What would this look like? Basicly another set? Where are the connections coming from?

Can we mount a set of 4 on the other side? A piggy back board mount?

>From the scketches I've played with I don't see a fit, but the board size has grown to 6X8 inches? I'd like to get a better understanding of the dimensions and connections, then I can better understand the issue.

Perhaps you can stop by Monday morning?

Thanks

thr

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 5:09 PM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'pmayer'; 'woody'; 'tbe'

Subject:

Euterpe Memory

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

- ..

Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

```
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```

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> Craig

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Tom,

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Right now we have 4 surrounding the 2 in the center, What would this look like? Basicly another set? Where are the connections coming from?

Imagine how hou have the 2 x8 parts straddling each of the 1Mx16 parts. In the configuration with 8 by 4 parts you would in effect need to straddle each 2Mx8 with 2 1Mx4 parts,

As I mentioned in the earlier mail, it's probably not realistic to amke a single board that would support all 3 configurations,

or the main issue is how we would fit a total of 8 parts in there.

Can we mount a set of 4 on the other side? A piggy back board mount?

Mouss has suggested we put all the ram on a daughter card, so we can have different plug in modules. I don't like that idea because it adds complexity, and I don't think doing two euterpe boards for the 2 configurations would be any more work than doing 1 pluss a seletciotn of dsaughter cards.

>From the scketches I've played with I don't see a fit, but the board size has grown to 6X8 inches? I'd like to get a better understanding of the dimensions and connections, then I can better understand the issue.

Perhaps you can stop by Monday morning?

As far as the connectivity goes, jay would be best equipped to discuss that

```
Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]
  From:
  Sent:
            Saturday, March 18, 1995 5:35 PM
  To:
            'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'
  Cc:
            'tbr'
  Subject: Re: Euterpe Memory
>> From craig Thu Mar 16 14:34:44 1995
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>> fewer SDRAM part types. It also presumes that 2Mx8 parts are
>> no less available than 4Mx4 parts.
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>> Craig
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>Tom.
>Do you know what this would really look like?
>Right now we have 4 surrounding the 2 in the center,
>What would this look like? Basicly another set? Where are
>the connections coming from?
Still from Euterpe, so I assumed it would just mean more SDRAMs above Euterpe.
>Can we mount a set of 4 on the other side? A piggy back board mount?
>>From the scketches I've played with I don't see a fit, but the board
>size has grown to 6X8 inches?
Yes, the board is now larger, about 6" high by 7" wide.
>I'd like to get a better understanding of the dimensions and connections,
>then I can better understand the issue.
```

`

>Perhaps you can stop by Monday morning?

I'll be seeing you then I expect on the Hestia Pro/E to Allegro translation.

>Thanks

>-Pattie

If not Monday morning, then afternoon.

-Tom

Tom Eich tbe@microunity.com
MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.|
255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 |
(408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax |

From: Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]

Sent: Saturday, March 18, 1995 5:40 PM

To: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Cc: 'pmayer'; 'woody'

Subject: Re: Euterpe Memory

Tim Robinson wrote:

>Patricia Mayer wrote (on Sat Mar 18): >

>snip<

>

> Tom,

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What kind of daughterboard connector would we need in order to deal with the sub ns rise time memory signals? I actually think it is _more_ work, and more cost in manufacturing to have several daughtercards on top of the Euterpe pcb.

- > > From the scketches I've played with I don't see a fit, but the board > size has grown to 6X8 inches?
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 then I can better understand the issue.
- > Perhaps you can stop by Monday morning?
- >As far as the connectivity goes, jay would be best equipped to discuss >that.

> >Tim

If Jay can get with Pattie Monday, I'll then have time to finish off the

Hestia transfer.

-Tom

Tom Eich | tbe@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.| 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 | (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax |

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 18, 1995 6:58 PM

To:

'Tom Eich'

Cc:

'pmayer'; 'woody'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe Memory

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Tom Eich wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

>

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What kind of daughterboard connector would we need in order to deal with the sub ns rise time memory signals? I actually think it is _more_work, and more cost in manufacturing to have several daughtercards on top of the Euterpe pcb.

I agree. The only reason to do it would be to permit field upgradability. That's not an issue in pandora because we may well not even population the SDRAM since we have main memory on the Mnemo modules.

If the Euterpe brick gets used in a different system we can turn the board as necessary to provide the application specific options required.

From: Sent:

To:

dickson (Richard Dickson) Saturday, March 18, 1995 11:24 PM 'geert' rich_euterpe

Subject:

geert,

it run to completion now but gates get pruned ???

dickson

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 19, 1995 12:38 PM

To:

'geert'

Cc:

'woody'

Subject:

hc0

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

I have a new version, 100% ahnd placed. I'm not sure if it's better. It took 7 iterations to converge and is a couple of hundred atoms nigger than the previous version.

However, it is very porus in M4 in the lower section, so it may well help. I'd like to do a bit more work on it before I give up.

If you want to take a look at it it's in ~tbr/euterpe/verilog/src/hc/hc0-iter.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Sunday, March 19, 1995 12:38 PM

To: Cc: 'geert' 'woody' hc0

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tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 19, 1995 12:41 PM

To:

'brianl (Brian Lee)'

Subject:

Re: snapshot

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Brian Lee wrote (on Sun Mar 19):

It's still doing the capacitance simulations. Unfortunately, there was another reset yesterday. After I unstuck the getbom, it never started the .checkoutrc. When I checked later, all my processes were gone. Not knowing what happened or where it left off, I decided to be safe and start from another getbom.

There are about 100 more capacitance simulations. After that it should finish relatively quickly.

OK, not to worry, I have euterpe stuff to look at.

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Sunday, March 19, 1995 12:54 PM

To: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'woody'

Subject: Latest top-level

Hi,

The latest top-level route finished:

linesearch: 3000 disconnect maze: 570 disconnect

Remember that thi sis the latest routing strategy, which routes the long nets first and results in more disconnects (but more localized)

- -> Rich's section fully routes
- -> GT still has considearble number of disconnects
- -> There is a problem with the load data into the xlu that needs to be resolved with routing order. I will work on that.
- -> 20-30 unroutes in hc1
- -> I must have picked up a different hc0. This one full routes but does not meet timing in the snapshot. Is that the fully mincut version?
- -> at is off-set by 1 row compared to nb, sr and cc
- -> still some disconnects in the datapath around rg

Top-level data is going to be in /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gards2.

I will work on the nb-xlu routing problem. I think somebody should look at gt at the top-level.

Geert

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 19, 1995 1:07 PM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'billz'; 'dickson'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'woody'

Subject:

Latest top-level

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

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Geert Rosseel wrote (on Sun Mar 19):

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Is this now with the version with single ended interconnect in the snake?

- -> There is a problem with the load data into the xlu that needs to be resolved with routing order. I will work on that.
- -> 20-30 unroutes in hcl
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I have not checked in what I've been doing. The version I picked up from what I thought was the latest bom certainly looked all mincut, at least he data path was scattered all over.

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I'll take a look at it. I think there is still some scope to reduce horizontal routing by moving the address decoding part of the control to the left some.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent: Sunday, March 19, 1995 1:08 PM

To: Cc: 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

'billz'; 'dickson'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'woody'

Latest top-level Subject:

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I'll take a look at it. I think there is still some scope to reduce horizontal routing by moving the address decoding part of the control to the left some.

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Sunday, March 19, 1995 2:29 PM

To:

'dickson'

Cc: 'tbr'

Subject: knobharder

Rich,

I have always run knobharder on the zycad where the model for dlatchq is the same for verilog.

I have done a run in verilog where I replaced the dlatchq model with the same

I have done a run in verilog where I replaced the dlatchq model with the same model as is used on the Ikos. The test failed in a similar way to the stgen run.

The dump is on nosferatu/s5/euterpe/verilog/bsrc.

Lisa R.

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Sunday, March 19, 1995 2:53 PM

To: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'woody'

Subject: More on top-level euterpe

Hi,

There was a small problem with the route in the latest top-level. The early, net file was empty anf therefore, no early nets were routed in this route. I fixed the problem and run it again. I believe that this will fix the xlu load data problem.

Geert

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Monday, March 20, 1995 9:29 AM

To:

'Mark Hofmann'

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)': 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'geert

(Geert Rosseel)'

Subject:

Re: LVS of small euterpe finished?

Mark Hofmann writes:

>Hi Dave,

I noticed that the LVS of the small euterpe finished. I was just curious-

>how does it look?

-thanks.

> hopper

The lvs finished yesterday about 8:30 pm (took 3 days 2 hours to run).

There are mismatches:

NUMBER OF UN-MATCHED SCHEMATICS DEVICES 4423 NUMBER OF UN-MATCHED LAYOUT 4204 DEVICES = 888836 NUMBER OF MATCHED SCHEMATICS DEVICES MATCHED LAYOUT DEVICES 888836 NUMBER OF

There are NO shorts between labeled nodes, However, there still could be shorts between unlabeled nodes. I had hoped for a bit better result, but these mismatches could still be because it's not a fullchip.

I'll look at the output this morning.

Thanks,

Dave

vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Dave Van't Hof

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Monday, March 20, 1995 10:30 AM

To: 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'

Cc: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'lisar'; 'mws'; 'tbr'

Subject; Re: Dumps to look at ... / dcacheeasy

Mark Semmelmeyer wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

- > From lisar Sat Mar 18 11:07:53 1995
- > I have tried to re-create the deacheeasy and deacheharder failures in
- > verilog but have been unsuccessful. In both cases the default verilog
- > environment produced fabs.
- > ...
- > I replaced the model of a dlatchq and re-ran in both
- > cases the tests went to x very early.
- > Could someone please look at the dump of deacheeasy or deacheharder on
- > staypuft /s3/br/euterpe/verilog/bsrc.

I looked at dcacheeasy and traced evenModeUR X back through the preempt logic to NB load data return on NBweDX1 X at 357690 to HC1prb[] at 356020 to dhchdis_abm[1:0] going from 3 to 0 at 355176 (I am guessing now because I don't understand the microarchitecture in this area and the dump only has euterpe and uu in it). The cpudin1[] bus into HC1 is permanently X with the ivalid1 always active. The phiI1_A2P into iorate1 is permanently X. Maybe someone with more IO/HC experience can take over now.

I will look at this and see if I can see anything from the information dumped.

woody

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Monday, March 20, 1995 10:31 AM

To:

Cc:

'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'
'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Subject:

euterpe lvs results

The euterpe lvs results are a bit confusing, as it appears most of the bizarrenes is from the schematics. The output of the lvs run is in:

/u/vanthof/compass/mobi/euterpe/tapeout/euterpe.compare/euterpe.lvs

There appears to be some confusion about vdde supplies in the schematics for the temperature sensor and the pll. Well, first glance at the output seems to indicate this. For the tsensa layouts, the signal VDDETS in the schematic seems to want to be VDDE, and in the pll, the VDDEPO seems to want to be VDDE.

Is there some new power supply mapping that must go on? I'll keep looking.

Dave

vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Dave Van't Hof

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent:

Monday, March 20, 1995 10:45 AM

To:

'lisar'

Cc:

'billz'; 'dickson'; 'mws'; 'tbr'

Subject: Re: Dumps to look at ... / dcacheeasy

Mark Semmelmeyer wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

- > From lisar Sat Mar 18 11:07:53 1995
- > I have tried to re-create the dcacheeasy and dcacheharder failures in
- > verilog but have been unsuccessful. In both cases the default verilog
- > environment produced fabs.
- >
- > I replaced the model of a dlatchq and re-ran in both
- > cases the tests went to x very early.
- > Could someone please look at the dump of deacheeasy or deacheharder on
- > staypuft /s3/br/euterpe/verilog/bsrc.

I looked at dcacheeasy and traced evenModeUR X back through the preempt logic to NB load data return on NBweDX1 X at 357690 to HClprb[] at 356020 to dhchdis_abm[1:0] going from 3 to 0 at 355176 (I am guessing now because I don't understand the microarchitecture in this area and the dump only has euterpe and uu in it). The cpudin1[] bus into HCl is permanently X with the ivalid1 always active. The phi11_A2P into iorate1 is permanently X. Maybe someone with more IO/HC experience can take over now.

It looks to me like the problem is that hermes channel 1 is enable, but there isn't a device there, because clkin1, din1 are both 'z'.

woody

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Monday, March 20, 1995 10:59 AM

To:

'Geert Rosseel'

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Subject:

Re: euterpe lvs results

Geert Rosseel writes:

>This layout probably has the bad iobyte, with the mising ioquadcontrol. >That should account for a number of the mismatches.

>

>

Geert

Yes, you are correct. I never did kill that run. Thank you for reminding me.

I'll start up another one this morning.

Would the missing ioquadcontrol also account for the bizareness with VDDEP0, VDDEP1, and VDDTS?

Thanks,

Dave

Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering,

Inc.

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Monday, March 20, 1995 11:03 AM

To: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'jeffm'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Cc: 'doi': 'geert'

Subject: test status

BOM 258 running on Zycad BOM 258 running on IKOS

New business

stgen_r13311_0 (dram) 253 - Runs okay in verilog but not on Ikos replaced dlatchq model then cerberus failed see knobharder. dump on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe ..

stgen_r22478_0 (hermes) 253+ - bad trace on aphrodite /s3 17395.18080

knobharder 258 - bad dump on nosferatu /s5/euterpe .. Note local dlatchq model

dcacheeasy 0 257 bad

dcacheharder_0 257 - X trace on rhodan /s3 18395.11180

nb combo 258 - X nosferatu /s2 19395.15050

Next group on rhodan /s3 19395.13268

cache U 258 - X

bgate U 258 - Understood (nbreject)

barrel U 258 - X now but Showed same failure as stgen r13311 on 253

interrupt U 258

gtlb miss_U 258 - Showed same failure as stgen_r13311 on 253

synch_U 258 instr_U 258 exception_U 258

tlb_U 258

dcache except 244 - dcache tag exception 2 was not recieved when expected

exception bit set in tag but not in GTLB - rhodan /s3 6395.2961

trying to re-create with deacheharder5

258 - reunning now rhodan /s3 20395.15144

synch_1 253 - X rhodan /s3 10395.25253 cache_debug vldUV_debug 14395.326

atomic_conflict_1 250 - Understood

xlu_field_4_1 250 - X (Ran for much longer) rhodan /s3 11395.5887 Same as cache_U

dcache_perf_st1t_1 250 - Same as stgen_r13311 dcache_perf_ldst5t_1 250 - Same as stgen_r13311

instr_1 251 - Same as cache_U insn_1 251 - Same as cache_U

tlb_1 250 - X rhodan /s3 11395.6933

```
Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these
interleave 1
                  247 - X and doesn't enable hermes (comment in log says otherwise?) nosferatu /s2 11395.15228
unix 1
                 250 - Looks like the test resets the machine
                    Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved
cerbarbeasy 0
Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance measure)
dcache perf ld1t 1
                      Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles
              Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 24295.8260
                     Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles
icache perf lt l
              Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s3 26295.14314
                     Expected difference between the cached and non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles
icache perf 5t 1
              Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s3 6395.3461
                Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time = 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379
nb 1
nb slow
                  Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time = 150:180 rhodan /s3 28295.4379
nb hermes
                   Actual Completion Time = 530: 642 Expected Completion Time = 250: 300 aphrodite /s3
17395.19127
Have not yet been run:
hermes load 0
hermes conflict 1
                     258 - running now
                  - Need to build a "custom" simulator
ruptpintest 0
interleave_U
Cannot yet be run:
nulltest
XLU tests
xlu rotate 1 1
xlu rotate 2 1
xlu expand 1 1
xlu_compress_l_l
xlu extract 1 1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu field 2 1
xlu field 3 1
xlu_copyswap_1_1
xlu_copyswap_2_1
xlu copyswap 3 1
xlu copyswap 4 1
xlu shufflemux 1 1
xlu select 1 1
Not yet implemented:
brcolltest 0
brcrosstest 0
brimmlongtest 0
expriotest 0
canceltest 0
hermtotest 0
cerbtotest 0
```

hermerrtest_0 eventregtest 0 exintbashtest_0
cerberrtest
cerberror_0
testerinit_0
memmap_0
mbbashtest_0
cerbarbtests
hcplitests

addr_mad_void addr_map_mc addr_map_cerb addr_map_hermes

node-boot

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Monday, March 20, 1995 1:11 PM

To: 'phililp'; 'tbr'

Cc: 'pmayer'; 'woody'; 'tbe'

Subject: Re: Euterpe Memory

Talked to Jay and understand the phsical layout needs but I still don't know anything about the parts.

Do we have anything on this - Philip?

-Pattie

```
> From tbr Sat Mar 18 14:09:04 1995
> Date: Sat, 18 Mar 1995 14:09:02 -0800
> From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)
> To: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)
> Cc: pmayer, woody, tbe
> Subject: Euterpe Memory
> Content-Length: 2547
>
```

> Patricia Mayer wrote (on Sat Mar 18):

> > From craig Thu Mar 16 14:34:44 1995 > > Subject: Re: Euterpe module

> > > A potential requirement for 16MB of SDRAM in the Euterpe brick has > > come up.

> >> come up. > >>

> This can be acheived using 8 4Mx4 parts which Euterpe supports,
 > but the current PCB design does not. It may not be practical to have
 > a single PCB layout support 2 1Mx16, 4 2Mx8, or 8 4Mx4 parts, but
 > clearly we could have two different PCBs in that case. The most
 > important thing is to be sure we have physical space to accommodate 8
 > SDRAM components and that we can cool them in the module.
 >
 > Tom, pattie, can you look at these issues to make sure the current
 > form factor can accommodate this option if it shoud become a hard

>> requirement? The 4Mx4 part is in the same package as the 2Mx8.

> >> > >> Tim

> >
> > Crain the pin interface admit the possibility of using 8 2Mx8 parts
> > for a 16 MB memory? This requires select pins and additional
> capacitance on the data pins, but would permit us to stock
> fewer SDRAM part types. It also presumes that 2Mx8 parts are
> > no less available than 4Mx4 parts.
> > Crain

> > Craig > >

> > Tom,

Do you know what this would really look like? > > Right now we have 4 surrounding the 2 in the center, What would this look like? Basicly another set? Where are the connections coming from? > Imagine how hou have the 2 x8 parts straddling each of the 1Mx16 > parts. In the configuration with 8 by 4 parts you would in effect > need to straddle each 2Mx8 with 2 1Mx4 parts. > As I mentioned in the earlier mail, it's probably not realistic > to amke a single board that would support all 3 configurations, > or the main issue is how we would fit a total of 8 parts in there. Can we mount a set of 4 on the other side? A piggy back board mount? > Mouss has suggested we put all the ram on a daughter card, so we can > have different plug in modules. I don't like that idea because it > adds complexity, and I don't think doing two euterpe boards for the 2 > configurations would be any more work than doing 1 pluss a seletciotn > of dsaughter cards. >From the scketches I've played with I don't see a fit, but the board size has grown to 6X8 inches? I'd like to get a better understanding of the dimensions and connections, then I can better understand the issue. Perhaps you can stop by Monday morning? > As far as the connectivity goes, jay would be best equipped to discuss > that. > Tim

>

tbr

Sent:

Monday, March 20, 1995 8:17 PM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'phililp'; 'pmayer'; 'tbe'; 'woody'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe Memory

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Mon Mar 20):

Talked to Jay and understand the phsical layout needs but I still don't know anything about the parts.

Do we have anything on this - Philip?

I left a data book on your desk with the page marked. It's the same package as the 2Mx*8. The only difference is that 4 data lines are no connects on the x4.

paulb (Paul Berry)

Sent:

Monday, March 20, 1995 8:31 PM

To:

'pandora'

Subject:

Amended 3/10 notes on Mnemosyne heatsinks

Herman and Tom pointed out confusion in the notes as sent.

What follows replaces the section that in the previous version was headed "PCBs" and "Two boards that have Mnemosyne modules"

Heat sinks for Mnemosyne modules

Tom: We have adopted larger but fewer fans, using a radial impeller. We should have heat sinks in about four weeks for all but the Mnemosyne used in the PCI-mounted PCI-Hermes link.

Three flavors of Mnemosyne modules

Aside to clarify the discussion: Mnemosynes turn up in three different roles that are relevant to Pandora:

- o Pandora's memory controller
 - Custom plug-in module:
 - connected to the Hermes channel on the backplane
 - 4 SIMM sockets (with 16 Mbit DRAM< up to 128 MB)
- o Pandora's PCI-ISA Bridge module Connections to:
 - Hermes channel on the backplane
 - PCI bus on the backplane
 - Permits 4 additional cards to be connected to the PCI bus.
 - ISA bus on the backplane

Permits 5 additional cards to be connected to the ISA bus.

- o PCI-Hermes link
 - In a PC, or in a Pandora, on the PCI bus
 - Standard long PCI card,
 - Provides a link from the PCI bus (of the PC or Pandora) to an external Hermes channel (for example, to the Hermes port of a Hestia or the Hermes port of another Pandora)

Heat dissipation for Mnemosyne within a PC

The heat sink for the Mnemosyne PCI-Hermes link (that is, for the Mnemosyne which may be located within a PC) is very large. (At the meeting, Tom estimated 4 inches square, but later said it will be larger.)

Mounting the PCI-Hermes link inside a PC imposes height and heat restrictions; for this card, we are assuming that the Mnemosyne will generate at most 20 watts (perhaps less, if its clock is set slower). It will rely on natural convection cooling, without additional fans.

Heat dissipation for Mnemosyne within Pandora

The memory controller (because of its additional RAM) and the ISA bridge module (because of its ISA and PCI controllers) will have greater power dissipation than the PCI-Hermes link (which will have only a few small components in addition to its Mnemosyne). However, in Pandora, the PCI-Hermes link will have the benefit of forced convection cooling from a system-level fan.

Requirements for the heat sink for the PCI-Hermes links have not yet been fixed.

From: Sent: Loretta Guarino [guarino@microunity.com]

Sent: To: Monday, March 20, 1995 8:32 PM 'mediacom-software@microunity.com'

Cc:

mediacom-sonware@microunity.c 'compiler@microunity.com'

Subject:

March 20 Benchmark Meeting

We discussed 3 benchmark programs, digital TV, analog TV, and User Interface Demo. For the time being we will treat these as 3 independent applications; they make fine technologies demonstrations independently, and we avoid a number of systems issues. Eventually, we will consider the additional work involved in combining them.

For this discussion, we also assumed that we have working Hestia hardware. At next week's meeting, we'll discussion contingencies plans for using HW as it is likely to become available, in stages.

*'d tasks are not needed for the demos, and will be deferred.

Global dependencies (tasks needed by all applications)

cache reorganization tool (Scott, compiler person)
DLWS real-time (Tom, Scott)
Cerberus/Calliope support (khp, gmo)
Full bootstrap of Euterpe and Calliope (gmo,

Digital TV

Who: Gregg, Scott, khp, Tom, Doug, qua, ukernel person (Gmo)

Remaining tasks:

System level encoder, to produce test data streams audio resampler integration QAM integration video resampling: test and integration DLWS real-time time and space budgets cache reorganization * 3/2 pulldown

* video resampling (e.g. CIF -> CCIR)

* closed caption

* AC-3

 * changing channels (NIT information, keypad support)

Analog TV

Who: Ron, khp, Tom, integration/ukernel person

Remaining tasks:

For RF decoding: NTSC decoder test BTSC audio decode (mono) DLWS infrastructure time and space budgets cache reorganization

For baseband: calliope fixup (DC coupling)

User Interface Demo

Who: Larry, Tom, integration/ukernel person

Remaining tasks:

input support (single task)
*resource compiler
TV Guide On Screen (fixed frame background)
DLWS: complete terp support, transparency,
 alpha blending, spans, filters to avoid
 sharp transitions

Combined Application

Tasks:
input support (multiple tasks)
flash file system
overlays

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Monday, March 20, 1995 10:46 PM

To: 'vanthof'

Cc: 'hopper'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'

Subject: Small Euterpe ready for LVS

The make finished. Can you restart the LVS on the euterpe in the snapshot?

Thank's

Geert

From: vanthof (vant)

Sent: Tuesday, March 21, 1995 12:00 AM

To: 'Geert Rosseel'

Cc: 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'Dave Van't Hof

Subject: Re: Small Euterpe ready for LVS

Geert Rosseel writes:

> The make finished. Can you restart the LVS on the euterpe >in the snapshot?

Thank's

> Geert.

The lvs is started on tomato and should be done thursday night.

Thanks,

Dave

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 21, 1995 12:41 AM

To:

'Raymond R. Hayes'

Cc:

'abbott@microunity.com'; 'gmo@microunity.com'; 'guarino@microunity.com';

'hayes@microunity.com'

Subject:

Re: notes on today's meeting

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Raymond R. Hayes wrote (on Mon Mar 20):

> I'd say this confirms we need a 16M option for spice. I assume

- > someone among you is more familiar with gcc VM requirements than me,
- > but I expect 8M is more than enough. That leaves only doduc to check
- > as to feasibility for 16M.

- > Pending that confirmation, I'd say with high confidence that we could
- > run SPEC without "real" i/o.

Doduc runs with the OSF simulator's default memory setting.

For the uninitiated, how much is that?

Tim

From: Guillermo A. Loyola [gmo@microunity.com]

Sent:

Tuesday, March 21, 1995 1:15 AM

To:

'Raymond R. Hayes'; 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc:

'hayes@microunity.com'; 'guarino@microunity.com'; 'abbott@microunity.com'

Subject: Re: notes on today's meeting

The simulator's default is 4Meg.

Gmo.

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Tuesday, March 21, 1995 1:25 AM

To: 'albers'; 'woody'

Cc: 'pmayer'; 'tbr'

Subject: Euterpe Module

Hi Dan.

I know your working away on Hestia Main. Do you have an idea on when the Euterpe Module will be ready for layout?

I know its basicly the same as a portion of the main board with the exception of 2 connectors and I'd like to schedule this with some level of accuracy. If we have the Main board Tuesday, could we have the module by Thursday?

Just need to clarify the situation.

Thanks

-Pattie

thr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 21, 1995 1:34 AM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'albers'; 'pmayer'; 'woody'

Subject:

Euterpe Module

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Mon Mar 20):

Hi Dan.

I know your working away on Hestia Main. Do you have an idea on when the Euterpe Module will be ready for layout?

I know its basicly the same as a portion of the main board with the exception of 2 connectors and I'd like to schedule this with some level of accuracy. If we have the Main board Tuesday, could we have the module by Thursday?

Just need to clarify the situation.

I talked to dan earlier this evening, and he said the main board would finally be completed in the morning. I requested that he make getting the euterpe board higher priority than completing the automation. Given it's almost a subset of hestia, I would hope we can get it out very quickly after the main board is finalized, and certainly before thursday.

(Dan, let me know if there are any new hurdles!)

Tim

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Tuesday, March 21, 1995 1:39 AM

To: 'dbulfer'

Cc: 'tbr'; 'pmayer'

Subject: pcb layout schedule

Hi David!

I'm trying to get a realisic picture of the PCB layout schedule. Hope you can put me back in check.

The Hestia-Main board was supposed to be in progress but the placement is hopefully being saved now.

The Euterpe module was supposed to start on 3-9 along with Mnemo. I'm hoping we have Euterpe by the end of the week and I understand Mnemo has a setback.

Can you help with schematic due dates for the following list of boards?

BOARDS	Current Schedule (obviously wrong!)
MNEMO	3-9
Herminator	3-24

Back Plane 4-5 PCI Bridge 4-17

Cronus 4-26 PCI Hermes 5-17

Thanks

-Pattie

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 21, 1995 1:56 AM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'dbulfer'; 'pmayer'

Subject:

pcb layout schedule

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Mon Mar 20):

Hi David!

I'm trying to get a realisic picture of the PCB layout schedule. Hope you can put me back in check.

The Hestia-Main board was supposed to be in progress but the placement is hopefully being saved now.

The Euterpe module was supposed to start on 3-9 along with Mnemo. I'm hoping we have Euterpe by the end of the week and I understand Mnemo has a setback.

Woody should be able to handle mnemo as soon as we have the last problems ironed out with Hestia. I had him lower the priority relative to work on the Euterpe chip since we did not have the path working. Assuming we have Hestia error free tomorrow, when's the soonest you need it to avoid being held up?

Can you help with schematic due dates for the following list of boards?

BOARDS	Currer	it Schedule (obviously wrong!)
MNEMO	3-9	
Herminator	3-24	
Back Plane	4-5	
PCI Bridge	4-17	
Cronus	4-26	
PCI Hermes	5-17	

Thanks

-Pattie

From: albers (Daniel Albers)

Sent: Tuesday, March 21, 1995 11:13 AM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject: Re: Euterpe Module

> the words of Tim B. Robinson:

> >

> Patricia Mayer wrote (on Mon Mar 20):

> Hi Dan.

I know your working away on Hestia Main. Do you have an idea on when the Euterpe Module will be ready for layout?

I know its basicly the same as a portion of the main board with the exception of 2 connectors and I'd like to schedule this with some level of accuracy. If we have the Main board Tuesday, could we have the module by Thursday?

> Just need to clarify the situation.

> I talked to dan earlier this evening, and he said the main board would spinally be completed in the morning. I requested that he make getting the euterpe board higher priority than completing the automation. So Given it's almost a subset of hestia, I would hope we can get it out very quickly after the main board is finalized, and certainly before thursday.

> (Dan, let me know if there are any new hurdles!)

I am re-running the mainboard through the packaging/eco process this morning to get some final reference designators picked-up. So the board should be available before lunch!

I don't foresee any hurdles with the euterpe net but will let you know asap if any come up...

Dan

Daniel Albers albers@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100

It can be made into a monster if we all pull together as a team...

From: dbulfer (David Bulfer)

Sent: Tuesday, March 21, 1995 11:19 AM

To: 'Patricia Mayer'

Cc: 'dBulfer (David Bulfer)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: Re: pcb layout schedule

I don't have an answer for you today. We can make progress on the simple things, like Euterpe, Mnemo-DRAM, and the Herminator. I cannot do the design work for the system (backplane, Mnemo-PCI bridge, Mnemo-Hermes, etc.) until i get my head out of the Mnemo chip design. That will not occur until mid-April. (Alan and I are attempting to get basic, crude chip sim up by the end of the month. It will likely be a couple more weeks, before the verification interrupts taper off.)

In summary, I will work on some real dates for you. I don't have them now. Working with Jay, we could probably come up with Euterpe, Mnemo-DRAM, and Herminator designs in a few days from the day he starts.

David

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson) Tuesday, March 21, 1995 6:13 PM Sent: To: 'tbr': 'hopper' Subject: forwarded message from Bill Zuravleff ----- Start of forwarded message -----Return-Path: <billz@godzilla> Received: from godzilla.microunity.com by gaea.microunity.com (4.1/muse1.3) id AA23606; Tue, 21 Mar 95 15:09:20 PST Received: by godzilla.microunity.com (8.6.10/muse-sw.2) id PAA02482; Tue, 21 Mar 1995 15:09:20 -0800 Message-Id: <199503212309.PAA02482@godzilla.microunity.com> X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.3 PL11] From: billz@godzilla (Bill Zuravleff) To: veena@godzilla (Veena Malwankar), woody@godzilla (Jay Tomlinson), lisar@godzilla (Lisa Robinson), brian@godzilla (Brian Smith), agc@godzilla (Alan Corry) Subject: Need Verilog license Date: Tue, 21 Mar 95 15:09:19 PST All verilog licenses are in use. If you don't need one please relinquish it. Thanks. billz billz.godzilla(54):~/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb> verlic Imstat - Copyright (C) 1989, 1990, 1991, Highland Software, Inc. Flexible License Manager status on Tue 3/21/95 15:07 Feature usage info: Users of VERILOG-XL: (Total of 6 licenses available) veena at staypust on 192.216.192.204:0.0 (v2.000), started Tue 3/21/95 at 13 :17 woody at godzilla on hard020:0.0 (v2.000), started Tue 3/21/95 at 14:00 veena at godzilla on 192.216.192.204:0.0 (v2.000), started Tue 3/21/95 at 14 :13 lisar at staypuft on hard004.microunity.com:0.0 (v2.000), started Tue 3/21/9 5 at 14:14 lisar at nosferatu on hard004.microunity.com:0.0 (v2.000), started Tue 3/21/ 95 at 14:27 age at godzilla on hard014:0.0 (v2.000), started Tue 3/21/95 at 15:04 end ----- End of forwarded message -----

Page 405 of 643

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Tuesday, March 21, 1995 6:29 PM

To: 'brian (Brian Smith)'; 'veena (Veena Malwankar)'

Cc: "lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: NB needs standalone testing

brian or veena,

OK, a new NB has been released (BOM 114) and needs thorough standalone testing. I've gone as far as checking out the euterpe/verify/standalone/nb portin of the data base. Can you tell me (or better yet do for me) how to run the standalone tests here.

Thanks, billz

crain

Sent:

Tuesday, March 21, 1995 6:45 PM

To: Cc: 'tbr' 'billz'

Subject:

unpriv access to global virtual address

I'm developing x86 emulation software that in order to access memory, needs a 48-bit address space. Bit 47's special meaning confounds the problem, and my current plan is to use bits 63..48 and 31..0 for x86 segment and offset. The current cut-down LTLB only let's be use bits 63..48 when at priviledge level 2 & 3, which makes protecting other tasks from the emulation task difficult. I'd like to get the emulation task to run at priviledge level 0, native software to run at priviledge level 1, emulation system software at level 2.

This requires giving priv level 0 the ability to "bypass" the LTLB. A general capability for controlling this might involve 4 control bits (or perhaps 3, given that priv level 3 should always permit "bypass"), one for each priv level, controlling ltlb bypass for all threads (we don't need individual control per thread).

Do we have the prospect of inserting such control into the Euterpe design?

Craig

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Tuesday, March 21, 1995 11:58 PM

To: 'woody'

Cc: 'jeffm'; 'tbr'
Subject: dump for stgen

On nosferatu /s5/euterpe.....

Haven't looked to see if it is the same as the ikos trace but I'm sure it will be a real problem.

Good Luck.

Lisa R.

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 12:19 AM

To:

'geert'

Subject: output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cdio/.checkoutrc

The output from euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cdio/.checkoutrc is 160k, so it is not included in this mail message. Instead, check the file

/n/tmp/chiplog/geert.rhodan.26010.euterpe-verilog-bsrc-cdio

(which is accessible from all machines). This file will disappear in about 5 days.

By the way, the exit status returned by .checkoutrc was 0.

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 12:30 AM Sent:

To: 'tbr'

Cc: 'pmayer'

Subject: good news!

We're up and running on both Hestia-Main and Pandora-Euterpe.

I've been trying to run some edits here at home (about 200 parts to place and simple setups of the design constraints/DRC's) and its really painfull. The Allegro system has many pop-up forms that require redraws when they are complete or cancelled. I don't see this as a usefull situation for even weekends or evenings.

Frank had mentioned I might need the ISDN line for graphics and I have to agree. The 28.8 modem has been useful for about everything else including editing symbol/part data but falls short when editing full database "stuff".

What do you think?

-Pattie

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 1:09 AM

To:

'albers (Daniel Albers)'

Cc:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject:

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

pandora euterpe board

Flag Status:

Red

Daniel Albers wrote (on Tue Mar 21):

The pandora euterpe board has been packaged and is ready to go.

Patty, I need a board outline in which to place the final packaged net-list.

Good news, indeed!

Thanks dan

Tim

thr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 1:31 AM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'pmaver'

Subject:

good news!

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Tue Mar 21):

We're up and running on both Hestia-Main and Pandora-Euterpe.

I've been trying to run some edits here at home (about 200 parts to place and simple setups of the design constraints/DRC's) and its really painfull. The Allegro system has many pop-up forms that require redraws when they are complete or cancelled. I don't see this as a usefull situation for even weekends or evenings.

Frank had mentioned I might need the ISDN line for graphics and I have to agree. The 28.8 modem has been useful for about everything else including editing symbol/part data but falls short when editing full database "stuff".

What do you think?

You should try it on the set up in the machine room. Frank can arrange that. If it would be productive we should go ahead with the ISDN (assuming it's available in your area).

Tim

lisar (Lisa Robinson) From: Wednesday, March 22, 1995 10:17 AM Sent: 'billz'; 'dickson'; 'jeffm'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody' To: 'doi': 'geert' Cc: Test status Subject: BOM 258 running on Zycad BOM 258 running on IKOS New business ------258 - Data at 8000007f8008 Expected 0, Got addr map void fffffffffffffffff rhodan /s3 21395.11378 dcache except 258 - rhodan /s3 20395.21794 DCache Tag exception 2 received when not expected Recreated with Accessing same line in new page Old tag had exception bit set, no exception bits set GTLB 258 - bad rhodan /s3 21395.11010 dump on staypuft dcacheharder6 /s3/tbr/euterpe 258 - rhodan /s3 20395.21794 icache_except ICache Tag XA exception 1 not received when expected Tag = 20000010000d, Tag Addr = 800000e03000 Access addr = 200000100000 Priv level = 2 XA Priv level = 3 cachenasty2 258 - bad rhodan /s3 21395.1142 running in verilog now 258 - hung aphrodite /s3 20395.23870 hermes conflict stgen r13311 0 (dram) 258 - Runs okay in verilog offchip but not on Ikos. Verilog onchip dump (may be different failure) on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe stgen_r22478_0 (hermes) 258 - bad trace on aphrodite /s3 17395.18080 dump on nosferatu /s5 257 - X trace on rhodan /s3 20395.23233. dcacheeasy 0 20395.8790 20395.22590 (taghz debug) 258 - Ran ok 257 - X trace on rhodan /s3 18395.11180 dcacheharder 0 258 - Ran ok Next group on rhodan /s3 19395.13268 258 - X cache U bgate_U 258 - Understood (nbreject) 258 - X now but Showed same failure as barrel U stgen_r13311 on 253 interrupt U 258 258 - Showed same failure as stgen_r13311 on 253 gtlb_miss_U synch U 258 instr U 258 exception_U 258 tlb U 258 253 - X rhodan /s3 10395.25253 cache_debug synch 1 vldUV debug 14395.326 258 - running in verilog now

atomic conflict_1 250 - Understood

```
xlu field 4 1
                        258 - Running now
dcache_perf_st1t_1 250 - Same as stgen_r13311
dcache_perf_ldst5t_1 250 - Same as stgen_r13311
dcache conflict 1 250 Thread 3, Reg 1, Param Entry 2 Expected
1020304050607 Got ffffdffffffffff - trace on rhodan /s3 11395.6701
instr 1
                        251 - Same as cache U
                  258 - X rhođan /s3 21395.23574
                        251 - Same as cache U
insn 1
                  256 - 20395.22797 - prblm_debug
258 - 20395.20727 - looks to be still running
                  258 - Ran for 5 hours on ikos then ran out of disk space 21395.5155
nullTest
                  258 - X rom image looks to be broken
Old Business - Need to reun and if necessary redump these
                  250 - X rhodan /s3 11395.6933
tlb 1
                        247 - X and doesn't enable hermes (comment in log
interleave 1
says otherwise?) nosferatu /s2 11395.15228
                  258 - running now
cerbarbeasy 0
                        Lisa R to run again as verilog run is well behaved
Performance Failures (Test ran to completion but failed performance
measure)
dcache perf ldlt 1
                        Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 4600-5050 cycles
                 Actually took 3650 fewer cycles rhodan /s2/perf 24295.8260
icache_perf_1t_1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 46000-50600 cycles
                  Actually took 123800 fewer cycles rhodan /s2/perf
26295.14314
icache perf 5t 1 Expected difference between the cached and
non-cached access = 58000-63800 cycles
                  Actually took 117120 (!) fewer cycles rhodan /s2/perf 6395.3461
                  Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
= 150:180 rhodan /s2/perf 28295.4379
                        Actual accept time = 160:186 Expected accept time
= 150:180 rhodan /s2/perf 28295.4379
                 Actual Completion Time = 530 : 642 Expected
nb hermes
Completion Time = 250 : 300 aphrodite /s2/ 17395.19127
                 Param Entry 0 Actual Accept Time = 332 : 490
Expected Accept Time = 225 : 247 nosferatu /s2 19395.15050
Have not yet been run:
hermes load 0
hermes_conflict_1 258 - running now
ruptpintest 0
                       - Need to build a "custom" simulator
interleave U
Cannot yet be run:
nulltest
XLU tests
xlu_rotate_1 1
xlu rotate 2 1
xlu expand 1 1
xlu_compress_1_1
```

```
xlu_extract_1_1
xlu_field_1_1
xlu_field_2_1
xlu_field_3_1
xlu_copyswap_1_1
xlu_copyswap_2_1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_3_1
xlu_copyswap_4_1
xlu_shufflemux_1_1
xlu_select_1_1
Not yet implemented:
brcolltest 0
brcrosstest_0
brimmlongtest_0
expriotest_0
canceltest_0
hermtotest_0
cerbtotest_0
hermerrtest 0
eventregtest_0
exintbashtest 0
cerberrtest
cerberror 0
testerinit_0
memmap_0
nbbashtest 0
cerbarbtests
hcplltests - 2 running ok
addr_map_mc
addr_map_cerb
addr_map_hermes
```

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer) Sent: Wednesday, March 22, 1995 10:45 AM To: 'fap' Cc: 'tbr'; 'pmayer' Subject: Re: good news! > From tbr Tue Mar 21 22:30:42 1995 > From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson) > To: pmayer (Patricia Mayer) > Subject: good news! > Patricia Mayer wrote (on Tue Mar 21): We're up and running on both Hestia-Main and Pandora-Euterpe. I've been trying to run some edits here at home (about 200 parts to place and simple setups of the design constraints/DRC's) and its really painfull. The Allegro system has many pop-up forms that require redraws when they are complete or cancelled. I don't see this as a usefull situation for even weekends or evenings. Frank had mentioned I might need the ISDN line for graphics and I have to agree. The 28.8 modem has been useful for about everything else including editing symbol/part data but falls short when editing full database "stuff". What do you think? > You should try it on the set up in the machine room. Frank can > arrange that. If it would be productive we should go ahead with the > ISDN (assuming it's available in your area). > Tim Frank.

Can you please set this test up? Let me know when your ready.

Thanks

-Pattie

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 11:33 AM

To:

'geert'

Subject: output

output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/au/.checkoutrc

The output from euterpe/verilog/bsrc/au/.checkoutrc is 224k, so it is not included in this mail message. Instead, check the file

/n/tmp/chiplog/geert.staypuft.6303.euterpe-verilog-bsrc-au

(which is accessible from all machines). This file will disappear in about 5 days.

By the way, the exit status returned by .checkoutrc was 0.

tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent:

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 1:22 PM

To:

'iohn mudge'

Cc: Subject: 'warren (Mark Warren)'; 'tau'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'

Re: Euterpe

john mudge writes:

Tom.

We are thinking about making probe cards and D.U.T. boards etc. for euterpe. Where can we find the layout and pad list that will match what we are sending to the mask shop?

I believe (hopefully geert or vo will correct me if I'm wrong) you can find the best info under /u/chip/snapshots/euterpe (the new /u/chip/snapshots directory now has symlinks to all our snapshot disks, so we don't have to keep hunting in /n/auspex/s???). The layout should be accessible with a vlsi.boo file based on compass/vlsi.boo-all, and I think the pin list you want is baseplate/padlist.lst.

'-/

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 2:22 PM

To:

'geert'

Subject:

output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at/.checkoutrc

The output from euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at/.checkoutrc is 424k, so it is not included in this mail message. Instead, check the file

/n/tmp/chiplog/geert.ghidra.12302.euterpe-verilog-bsrc-at

(which is accessible from all machines). This file will disappear in about 5 days.

By the way, the exit status returned by .checkoutrc was 0.

vanthof (vant)

Sent: Wednesday, March 22, 1995 6:42 PM

To:

'vo (Tom Vo)'

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'geert (Geert

Rosseel)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject:

mnemo shorts test

Hi Tom,

The mnemo shorts test has died once again, but this time at a point where I can at least tell you names that are shorted. Here's the scoop:

The mnemo database is of such a size, that a single partition will not contain all the files. It died about 6 times during a single run, each time requiring certain files to be moved and linked back in. I'm going to try again, but this time using a mode of dracula which allows single files to be split across file systems. This is much slower, and the last time I tried it I believe it had bugs, but I don't remember.

There are plenty of shorts in the database in addition to floating nwells (35 of these). There are too many geometries to even begin to generate an output file. But maybe you can find some commonality based on the node names involved in the short.

This shorts test was started over a week ago on the version at that time in /u/chip.

Here's the shorts list:

```
1 SHORT DISCARDED
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #6
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #7

*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #8

*/W+ WARNING ** TEXT : #8
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #9
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #10
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #11
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #12
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #13
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #14
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #15
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #16
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #17
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #18
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #19
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #20
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #21
*/W* WARNING ** TEXT : #22
```

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.

From: vo (Tom Vo)

Sent: Wednesday, March 22, 1995 6:50 PM

To: 'vai

Cc: 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'Geert Rosseel'; 'Tim B.

Robinson'

Subject: Re: mnemo shorts test

```
vant wrote ....
>
>
>Hi Tom.
> The mnemo shorts test has died once again, but this time at a point where
>I can at least tell you names that are shorted. Here's the scoop:
>The mnemo database is of such a size, that a single partition will not
>contain all the files. It died about 6 times during a single run, each
>time requiring certain files to be moved and linked back in. I'm going to
>try again, but this time using a mode of dracula which allows single files
>to be split across file systems. This is much slower, and the last time I
>tried it I believe it had bugs, but I don't remember.
>There are plenty of shorts in the database in addition to floating
>nwells (35 of these). There are too many geometries to even begin
>to generate an output file. But maybe you can find some commonality based
>on the node names involved in the short.
>This shorts test was started over a week ago on the version at that time
>in /u/chip.
>Here's the shorts list:
> <snip>
```

I can't discern any pattern from the list . I guess it's time for quadrant short runs on the latest mnemo in /u/chip .

tvo

doi (Derek Iverson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 22, 1995 8:53 PM

To:

'guarino'; 'gmo'; 'sandeep'; 'jeffm'; 'gregg'

Cc:

'hestia'

Subject:

Software Bringup Meeting Minutes - March 22, 1995

Software Bringup Meeting
----March 22, 1995

Next Meeting:

March 29 at 10:00 am.

Attendees: guarino, gmo, sandeep, jeffm, doi, gregg, lisa

New Action Items

None.

Review of Action Items

Item: Can a single cylinder (in an exception `loop') lock out other
cylinders?
Who: jeffm

Status: Done.

03/08 Jeff needs to talk with mws.

03/18 No progress.

03/22 Jeff is going to add a note to verify.html mentioning that we need to investigate the behaviour of a bback/exception to see if can cause other cylinders to be locked out.

Item: Terp needs to model `guaranteed forward progress for cache miss' in the same fashion as the hardware does.

Who: lisa

Status: In progress.

03/01 Lisa has contacted mws and is implementing the same scheme used by the hardware.

03/08 Still in progress.

03/15 Progress continues.

03/22 Ditto. Jeffm mentioned that cachenasty2 doesn't work with terp.

Item: Tests need to be written to verify performance issues Who: lisar, claseman $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,2,3,\ldots \right\}$

Status: In progress.

02/22 We need to flag performance problems as errors.

Tests could be identified (and perhaps written) to measure and verify performance of the hardware for things like cache

misses, tlb initialization, exceptions, etc. 03/01 Lisar has started writing these tests.

03/08 Work continues.

03/15 Tim Claseman is assisting.

03/22 We need to generate a list of tests that we think should be written

first. Jeff suggested dcache fills, icache fills, dram and hermes accesses.

Item: Determine what additional terp features are required

(formally `Status of Euterpe/Mnemo simulation')

Who: gmo, jeffm Status: Pending.

02/08 Jeffm figured that in 2 - 3 weeks time there would be a need for terp/mnemo capability to support the verification effort. An issue was raised that this may not be enought time for the

required additions to terp to be made.
02/15 Gmo is to create a list of requested features for terp and then he and jeffm (and others?) are to review the list and

determine what will be implemented by terp. 02/22 Gmo is ready to circulate the list.

03/01 Nothing new.

03/08 Gmo has shown a group of people the list but will post it.

03/15 Still pending.

03/22 Ditto.

Suspended Items

Item: Unsnap code Who: sandeep, guarino Status: Suspended.

02/15 The issue of restarting the hardware from an IKOS dump was discussed and the need for an architectural snap/unsnap facility was questioned.

Since the meeting it has been re-discovered (jeffm wasn't there to remind us of an earlier decision) that we are planning on loading architectural state into an IKOS simulation and not from a total IKOS logic dump.

We also determined that when it came time to run some of the larger tests (real-time benchmark) we would need the capability to start an IKOS simulation from an architectural dump anyhow.

03/01 For the short term we are going to focus on a simpler approach for loading and running DVTs, the kernel, and kernel tests. This item will likely come back in April.

Item: Refine remote debugging environment

Who: sandeep

Status: Suspended

02/08 We have to decide how control (and state) is to be returned to the debug stub after a test runs.

02/15 Sandeep is not going to have time to start on this for a while.

Item: Create performance test plan

Who: jeffm, guarino

Status: [11/30] No progress as focus is on functionality.

We continue to run tests to help us compare terp vs hardware performance.

We still need to put together the actual performance tests that need to be run on the hardware.

Completed Items

Item: Build tests that access and run in a bunch of memory spaces and

states. Who: doi

Status: Done.

03/08 The test currently runs out of ibuffer but accesses data out of dbuf, dram, and hermes devices. The support to build the tests that specify hermes data regions in in progress (mkimg).

03/18 Support for hermes (including interleave) have been added. Still working on support for execution out of different regions.

Item: Presentations on boot, qdb support, ukernel, ...

Who: sandeep

Status: Done.

03/22 Brief presentation on some of the more interesting chunks of code for nanoboot, boot, debugger support, ukernel entry, etc.

Item: Build microkernel tests for IKOS

Who: doi, sandeep

Status: Done.

02/08 Create images for boot test, snapshot images for microkernel tests.

02/15 doi is still working on modifying the makefiles to build the _1 and _2 versions of this. iimura is creating a tool that modifies the ELF headers to have the proper real addresses (not just virtual) and gmo has modified mkimg to be able to understand the new headers.

02/22 lisar says there are still problems building this.
iimura is generating a code segment that will run in both
rom and cerbrom that will proberly initialize dram
and then branch to the test (which is in dram).

03/01 Sandeep is going to add code to boot so it can figure out if the cerb node is zero or eight.

Derek is to start building the kernel tests so they may be loaded and run on the hw simulators.

03/08 Ready to be built for hardware.

03/15 Changes were made to libc and the microkernel (end-of-test

support).

Sandeep has also created a dummy_boot that will allow us to preload the microkernel to speed up simulation times. These changes should be available today.

03/22 The null test has been built and made ready to run with the hardware simulators.

Item: Test interleaved access

Who: guarino, lisar Status: Done.

02/08 Loretta started to look at this but requires terp support.

Terp changes are on hold until the real-time benchmark is is running again.

02/22 Test has been written (interleave) but has not been run on hwterp yet. Lisar is going to run this on the hardware simulator.

03/01 The test has been built, but not run yet. Derek is to check to be sure the hermes channels are enabled.

03/08 Ready to run on HW.

03/15 The tests generated by `stgen' are also capable of testing interleaved accesses.

03/22 Loretta's test has been written (and run) and Derek's stgen also included interleaved accesses. This item is no longer being tracked.

Jeff talked about current HW and test status.

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Wednesday, March 22, 1995 8:57 PM

To: 'albers'; 'woody'; 'howard'; 'tbe'

Cc: 'tbr'; 'pmayer'
Subject: Things to do list

Just a list of things to do for both Pandora-Euterpe and Hestia-Main:

*Check the electrical/gyg conversions and edits to specifications.

If we had a list of new and changed files, Howard could work on this while his database is being fixed.

Anything else?

-Pattie

^{*}Pinout for p150 00002 is switched.

^{*}Need Pro-E to Allegro mechanical working. License?

^{*}Reorder the 160pin connector.

^{*}Need global nets connected.

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Thursday, March 23, 1995 12:13 AM

To: 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc: 'albers'; 'howard'; 'pmayer'; 'tbe'; 'tbr'

Subject: Things to do list

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Wed Mar 22):

Just a list of things to do for both Pandora-Euterpe and Hestia-Main:

*Check the electrical/gyg conversions and edits to specifications.

If we had a list of new and changed files, Howard could work on this while his database is being fixed.

to generate the list:
cd morpheus/gyg
cvs log BOM | more
(note the BOM revision that is just before the date the pcb shipped.)
(note the most recent BOM)

cvs diff-r recent_BOM_revision -r old_BOM_revision BOM >gygfiles.tobe.reviewed the file gygfiles.tobe.reviewed contains the list of .gyg files that need to be

reviewed.

woody

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Thursday, March 23, 1995 3:43 AM

To:

'unnt'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B.

Robinson)': 'vo (Tom Vo)'

Subject:

Re: euterpe lvs progressing

vant writes:

Geert,

The euterpe small lvs is running fine. There are no shorts between labeled nodeds and the device counts match up fine except for 1 extra mos device in the layout. This run should be better than the last.

The compare stage is running and should be done about 10pm tonight.

Thanks, Dave

Sounds much better, could the 1 extra device be in the corner pad test area?

-hopper

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Thursday, March 23, 1995 10:25 AM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)': 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)': 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)': 'tbr (Tim B.

Subject:

Robinson)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)' euterpe lvs progressing

Geert,

The euterpe small lvs is running fine. There are no shorts between labeled nodeds and the device counts match up fine except for 1 extra mos device in the layout. This run should be better than the last.

The compare stage is running and should be done about 10pm tonight.

Thanks,

Dave

--

Dave Van't Hof vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering,

Inc.

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std_disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Thursday, March 23, 1995 10:25 AM

To:

'Kurt Wampler'

Cc: Subject: 'tom (Tom Laidig)': 'wingard (Drew Wingard)': 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Re: SVR response

Kurt Wampler writes:

Tom & I were talking about writing our own post-placement permuter which could be smart enough to permute $(D,Q)/(D^*,Q^*)$ pairs, and even permute (D,D^*,SEL) input groups on muxes. This would be a moderately complicated program to write, and I don't know how to quantify the benefit we would get from doing it without implementing it and testing it, but intuitively it seems like it might help.

To do this more advanced type of permutation, we would need auxiliary equivalence information in a form that can't be represented in the current ".dff" schema. This could be supplied in an adjunct file in the leafgen area. We would also need to decide what criteria were to be used for pin assignment -- netbox minimization -- route-order-dependent-gravity etc.

Even if we implemented all of this, the router would be stuck with static connectivity, since it doesn't have the ability to permute pins on the fly while it's routing.

Does an in-house GEARS-based permuter sound like it would be worth the investment of resources it would take to implement one? (Wet finger estimate: 2-4 weeks?)

Kurt-

Thanks for working on this. Let me kick it around a bit. My first reaction is that if this tool seems only applicable to Euterpe probably it is not worth the effort. On the other hand if we thought this tool would be generally useful (for example on Cronus) then it is worth proceeding.

I just mentioned this to Drew and he reminded me that we will have wide (up to 17 input) fan-in dynamic AND and OR gates on Cronus. It does seem like these could profit from pin permutation. We hope to have a first route of Cronus next week, perhaps we should wait until then to see how bad or good things look and make a decision then.

-hopper

albers (Daniel Albers)

Sent:

Thursday, March 23, 1995 11:14 AM

To:

'Patricia Mayer'

Cc:

'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'; 'howard (Howard Cowles)'; 'tbe (Tom Eich)'; 'Tim B. Robinson'; 'Patricia

Subject: Re: Things to do list

> the words of Patricia Mayer:

> Just a list of things to do for both Pandora-Euterpe and Hestia-Main:

>

> *Check the electrical/gyg conversions and edits to specifications. > If we had a list of new and changed files, Howard could work on

this while his database is being fixed. >

> *Pinout for p150_00002 is switched.

I fixed this last night.

> *Need Pro-E to Allegro mechanical working. License?

We have a temparary licenses which Tom and I have been using.

> *Reorder the 160pin connector.

> *Need global nets connected.

Trying to work on it...

> Anything else?

> -Pattie

Daniel Albers albers@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100

It can be made into a monster if we all pull together as a team...

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Thursday, March 23, 1995 11:43 AM

To:

'Mark Hofmann'

Cc:

'vanthof@tomato.microunity.com': 'qeert (Geert Rosseel)': 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)': 'tbr (Tim B.

Subject:

Robinson)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)' Re: euterpe lvs progressing

```
Mark Hofmann writes:
```

>vant writes:

Geert,

The euterpe small lvs is running fine. There are no shorts

> between

labeled

nodeds and the device counts match up fine except for 1

extra mos device in the

layout. This run should be better than the last.

The compare stage is running and should be done about 10pm tonight.

Thanks,

Dave

>Sounds much better, could the 1 extra device be in the corner pad test

area?

>-hopper

Yes, that was my thought as well.

Dave

vanthof@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Dave Van't Hof

Inc.

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100 X276 #include <std disclaim.h> Don't blame me, I didn't vote for him!

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 23, 1995 2:59 PM 'Potatoe Chip'

To:

Subject: pager log message

page from chip to geert:

Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/sr BOM 59.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 23 11:57:55 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

From: tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent: Thursday, March 23, 1995 3:03 PM

To: 'John Campbell'

Cc: 'tau'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'ericm (Eric Murray)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: Re: How bout an auspex disk??

John Campbell writes:

I would like to consider starting another build before the weekend which may run to completion if we are lucky. Lisar really wants this on an auspex and may be willing to negotiate deleting some of the chip idinosaurs.

whats chances of negotiating that today at some convenient break in the action so we can do a getbom tonight??

OK, I've gathered some data that might be useful. First, here are the current df stats for the auspex disks, sorted by free space:

Filesystem	kbytes	used av	ail capacit	y Mou	nted on
auspex3:/s8	4158078	13 37	42258 ()% /N	I/auspex3/s8
auspex3:/s7	4158078	957255	3159243	23%	/N/auspex3/s7
auspex3:/s47	4158391	2435238	1681570	59%	/N/auspex3/s47
auspex3:/s45	4158007	2642934	1473493	64%	/N/auspex3/s45
auspex3:/s48	4158086	2279311	1462967	61%	/N/auspex3/s48
auspex3:/s40	1847292	648163	1143711	36%	/N/auspex3/s40
auspex3:/s13	1225197	13 11	14917	0% /1	N/auspex3/s13
auspex3:/s41	1847292	676428	1078500	39%	/N/auspex3/s41
auspex3:/s11	1223389	360522	740529	33%	/N/auspex3/s11
auspex3:/s16	1225197	452300	650378	41%	/N/auspex3/s16
auspex3:/s28	1847292	1136674	525889	68%	/N/auspex3/s28
auspex3:/s36	1849596	1154023	510614	69%	/N/auspex3/s36
auspex3:/s29	1847292	1210637	451926	73%	/N/auspex3/s29
auspex3:/s21	612590	101632	449699	18%	/N/auspex3/s21
auspex3:/s25	1847292	1215148	447415	73%	/N/auspex3/s25
auspex3:/s3	1240589	729470	387061	65%	/N/auspex3/s3
auspex3:/s26	1847292	1300990	361573	78%	/N/auspex3/s26
auspex3:/s43	1848572	1412075	344069	80%	/N/auspex3/s43
auspex3:/s15	1223645	769673	331608	70%	/N/auspex3/s15
auspex3:/s42	1848572	1425117	331027	81%	/N/auspex3/s42
auspex3:/s44	2310323	1965578	321642	86%	/N/auspex3/s44
auspex3:/s27	1848572	1354406	309309	81%	/N/auspex3/s27
auspex3:/s1	1240589	808776	307755	72%	/N/auspex3/s1
auspex3:/s46	4158007	3820304	296123	93%	/N/auspex3/s46
auspex3:/s39	1847292	1459548	295380	83%	/N/auspex3/s39
auspex3:/s5	1240589	856017	260514	77%	/N/auspex3/s5
auspex3:/s32	1847292	1590292	238528	87%	/N/auspex3/s32
auspex3:/s14	1223389	872349	228702	79%	/N/auspex3/s14
auspex3:/s24	1848572	1475058	188657	89%	/N/auspex3/s24
auspex3:/s17	1223389	962084	138967	87%	/N/auspex3/s17
auspex3:/s23	1847292	1524345	138218	92%	/N/auspex3/s23
auspex3:/s18	1223645	971359	129922	88%	/N/auspex3/s18
auspex3:/s6	1240589	1009991	106540	90%	/N/auspex3/s6
auspex3:/s20	1225197	1015942	86736	92%	/N/auspex3/s20
auspex3:/s35	1847292	1587871	74692	96%	/N/auspex3/s35

auspex3:/s22	1847292 1593606	68957	96%	/N/auspex3/s22
auspex3:/s37	1847292 1688868	66060	96%	/N/auspex3/s37
auspex3:/s31	1847292 1768565	60255	97%	/N/auspex3/s31
auspex3:/s4	1240589 1063340	53191	95%	/N/auspex3/s4
auspex3:/s33	1848572 1778826	51261	97%	/N/auspex3/s33
auspex3:/s9	1240589 1066822	49709	96%	/N/auspex3/s9
auspex3:/s19	1223389 1054989	46062	96%	/N/auspex3/s19
auspex3:/s2	1240589 1074219	42312	96%	/N/auspex3/s2
auspex3:/s34	1847292 1620896	41667	97%	/N/auspex3/s34
auspex3:/s12	1223645 1064752	36529	97%	/N/auspex3/s12
auspex3:/s10	1240589 1084158	32373	97%	/N/auspex3/s10
auspex3:/s38	1847292 1737833	17095	99%	/N/auspex3/s38
auspex3:/s30	1848572 1651112	12603	99%	/N/auspex3/s30

Second, since it seems the older snapshots are not heavily accessed, we could probably free up some space by migrating them to other disks, perhaps on rama. Rama's disks now look like:

Filesystem	kbytes	used a	vail capac	ity Mo	ounted on
rama:/s9	1290069	556763	604300	48%	/N/rama/s9
rama:/s2	1077303	487301	482272	50%	/N/rama/s2
rama:/s6	1233006	895923	312423	74%	/N/rama/s6
rama:/s1	1152416	780503	256672	75%	/N/rama/s]
rama:/s3	1077303	794496	175077	82%	/N/rama/s3
rama:/s4	1233006	1076197	132149	89%	/N/rama/s4
rama:/s5	1233006	1120764	87582	93%	/N/rama/s5

The snapshots are:

kbytes	Mounted on
teus) 113064	/N/auspex3/s28
114079	/N/auspex3/s28
s) 81891	/N/auspex3/s28
3) 831478	/N/auspex3/s25
1617236	/N/auspex3/s30
268804	/N/auspex3/s28
676418	/N/auspex3/s41
997843	/N/auspex3/s23
	oteus) 113064 (i) 114079 (s) 81891 (s) 831478 1617236 268804 676418

So it looks to me as if one option to free up more auspex space would be to distribute the stuff from s28 onto rama's disks.

Anyway, I'll be around til about mid-afternoon today. Maybe we can dig up ericm or whoever, and come up with some plan. I dunno what the existing plans there may be for the auspex disks (or rama's disks, for that matter).

·_

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 23, 1995 4:16 PM 'Potatoe Chip'

To:

Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert: Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mst BOM 35.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 23 $\,$ 13:14:37 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 23, 1995 5:04 PM

To: Subject: 'Potatoe Chip' pager log message

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cdio BOM 45.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 23
14:03:31 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

lock read: File exists

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 23, 1995 5:19 PM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cc BOM 72.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 23
14:18:28 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

lock read: File exists

From: Sent: Scott Furman [fur@microunity.com] Thursday, March 23, 1995 5:26 PM

To: Cc: 'Loretta Guarino'

Subject:

'gregg@microunity.com' critical instruction sequences?

Loretta Guarino writes:

> Do either of you have any candidate instruction > sequences for performance tests? Critical inner > loops that we should measure on the HW > simulator?

- 1) IDCT code (There's already a standalone test for this.)
- 2) pseudo-Huffman decode loop (stb/lib/mpeg/video/parse_mb.c:246) (See also an earlier note I sent to Ray, reproduced below.)
- 3) Any macroblock reconstruction routines in macroblock.c (For example, reconstruct_uni_macroblock() in stb/lib/mpeg/video/macroblock.c:152)
- 4) The core NTSC encode loop in stb/ukernel/dev/video-out.c, lines 357 to 410.
- 5) rs compute syndrome() in stb/lib/fec/rs syndrome.c

Let me know if you have any questions about this code, what context it runs in, etc.

Notes on pseudo-Huffman inner loop in parse mb.c:

This is the heart of the DCT coefficient Huffman decoder. For worst-case input, the 12-instruction loop below should account for nearly half of the cycles spent parsing MPEG input data. (The remaining cycles are expended in a much larger body of code that compiles to several thousand instructions. Less effort has been spent on optimizing these other types of MPEG data parsing routines because they are less "dense".)

It should be pointed out that the chosen Huffman-decoding algorithm was designed with our current microarchitecture in mind. With a different set of constraints, this Huffman decoder might have been designed very differently. For example, if branch misprediction penalties and memory-op issue restrictions were less severe, it might be cheaper to compute a branch address based on the first few leading bits of the bitstream. In this case, there would be a separate code sequence for each possible combination of leading bits, allowing multiple codewords to be decoded at the same time.

The loop below performs a direct "fast" table lookup based on the leading nine bits of the variable-length code (VLC). If the VLC is short enough that these few bits completely specify the codeword, the DCT coefficients are reconstructed from data in the table entry. Otherwise, the fast decoding is aborted and control is transferred to an "exception" dispatcher that completes the decoding.

An "exception" occurs when:

- A) We've run off the end of our 8x8 matrix, which indicates the presence of illegal input data, or
- B) The VLC was not a "short" codeword. It must be one of these:
 - 1) end-of-block code
 - 2) escape-code (followed by escaped run and level data)
 - 3) "long" codeword (greater than nine bits long)

By clever encoding of the lookup table entry, we can test for all these conditions with a single branch. Each Huffman decoding table entry is a triple {LENGTH, LEVEL, RUN} indicating the length of the Huffman codeword, the value of the non-zero coefficient and the number

of preceding zero coefficients, respectively. Actually, the value (RUN + 1) is stored in the table rather than RUN, and sometimes the table contains an exception code in place of the RUN value. This is the layout of a table entry in memory:

8	16	8
Codeword Length	LEVEL	(RUN + 1) or exception code

In the loop surrounding the innermost loop (not shown), data is parsed from the input bitstream in chunks of almost 128 bits (actually 117 bits). The branch at the end of the loop detects when the single hexlet of input data is exhausted. If so, it is refilled from the memory-mapped input queue and the loop is restarted. With minimum-length coefficients, which are 3 bits long, this buffer hexlet should only need to be refilled roughly every 30 iterations of the inner loop.

The first iteration of the 12-instruction loop can be scheduled in 14 cycles. However, due to issue restrictions on store instructions, subsequent iterations must begin on a multiple of 4 cycles, so each iteration requires 16 cycles, for an IPC of 0.75. (Note: the code below is not presented the way the compiler schedules it. The instruction selection is the same, but my scheduling is somewhat better than the compiler's.)

			;	Cycl	е	Desc	cription
	gushr128	r2,r6,r36			;	0	Get leading bits of
bitstre	eam				O III N	T T .	12 (Boardon)
	eandi	r2,r2,2044	;	1	51A ;	2	+1 (Regdep) Get leading 6 bits of
bitstre	eam						
	lu321	r2,r51,r2			;	3	Lookup Huffman table
entry							
			;	4	STA		+1 (Regdep)
	eadd	r3,r59,r2			ï	5	Compute new zigzag
index							
	eushri	r8,r2,8			ï	6	Get (RUN + 1) ($\#$ of
zeros p	plus one)						
	bandne	r3,r48,.LG	D3E	.55	i	7	Do we have an
except:							
	eandi	r59,r3,63			ï	8	Mask off unused bits
of inde							
	lu8	r3,r53,r59			;	9	Convert zig-zag to
linear							
	eushri	r4,r2,24				10	Get codeword LENGTH
	s161	r8,r57,r3			i	11	Store in destination
matrix							
	esub	r36,r36,r4			;	12	Compute new bitstream
cursor							-1
	blz	r36,.LGO41	. 55	i	;	13	Bitstream underflow ?

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 23, 1995 5:36 PM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt BOM 85.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 23
14:34:47 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent:

Thursday, March 23, 1995 6:31 PM

To:

'Mark Hofmann'

Cc: Subject: 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tau'

Re: SVR response

Mark Hofmann writes:

Kurt-

Thanks for working on this. Let me kick it around a bit. My first reaction

is that if this tool seems only applicable to Euterpe probably it is not worth the effort. On the other hand if we thought this tool would be generally useful (for example on Cronus) then it is worth proceeding. I just mentioned this to Drew and he reminded me that we will have wide

(up to 17 input) fan-in dynamic AND and OR gates on Cronus. It does seem like these could profit from pin permutation. We hope to have a first route of Cronus next week, perhaps we should wait until then to see how bad or good things look and make a decision then.

A pin permuter would be applicable to cronus as well as euterpe. Simple permutation (as gards _could_ do) may even be more useful on cronus than on euterpe, since I think the wide fanin gates will tend to have even more densely packed targets in the atlas technology. OTOH, the fancier permutability may be of smaller benefit for cronus than for euterpe, since the class of permutations based on swapping differential signals won't exist. There should still be some usefulness, however, from being able to swap data/select pairs on muxes.

Of course, as Kurt says, it's hard to guess how much benefit this program would provide.

From: tbe (Tom Eich)

Sent: Thursday, March 23, 1995 6:56 PM

To: 'howard': 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'philip (Philip Wong)'; 'dbulfer (David Bulfer)'

Subject: SDRAM location

Hi,

Because of the design requirement to duct airflow in the Pandora Euterpe module, it is optimal from a thermal standpoint to place the SDRAMs on the primary side of the pcb (the same side as Euterpe is on). This is of course different from the way it was done in Hestia, and from what has been layed out so far. It also would require a primary side smt reflow, and may have other impacts as well.

Howard, could you please take a look at the implications of having the SDRAMS on the primary side? As I am still finalizing the mechanical criteria, it would help to know how and how well this arrangement could work. Let's get together tomorrow to discuss.

Thanks,

-Tom

lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 23, 1995 7:10 PM

To: Cc: 'craig' 'mouss'

Subject:

TSA document

Craig,

It had been my intention (and Bob has been working on this) to add to the Euterpe MicroArchitecture book all of the implementation specific details of Euterpe. For example, a complete description of the instructions supported by the Euterpe implementation in the style of the TSA.

Hence keeping a distinction beteween the Architecture and the MicroArctecture

documentation.

However, this has not been well received since there are contradictory implementation specific details in the TSA. In addition, it is felt that for many the depth of detail in the MicroArchitecture document is too much and they would prefer (for applications programmers) a higher level view as is provided by the TSA.

I would like to be able to address some of the inconsistancies in the TSA in the parallel with the additions to the Euterpe MicroArchitecture but as you are aware I do not have access to the source.

In addition, It may be desirable to link the overlapping documentation as a single source.

Comments? (or a pointer to the source; -)

Lisa R.

PS. Are you comfortable with the level of detail in the MicroArchitecture Books being made availble along side other online documents (as is currently the case).

From: vanthof (vant)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 2:26 AM

To: 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'Tim B. Robinson'; 'Mark Hofmann'

Cc: 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject: mnemo shorts and euterpe lvs status

euterpe lvs:

The output is basically unchanged from the last run. The number of unmatched devices is still over 4000. The lobyte and pll errors seem to have gone away, but there are now what appears to be opens in the layout.

NUMBER OF UN-MATCHED SCHEMATICS DEVICES = 4099 NUMBER OF UN-MATCHED LAYOUT DEVICES = 4100 NUMBER OF MATCHED SCHEMATICS DEVICES = 889160 NUMBER OF MATCHED LAYOUT DEVICES = 889160

The output file is:

/u/vanthof/compass/mobi/euterpe/tapeout/euterpe.compare/euterpe.lvs

Mnemo shorts:

- lower left and upper left still running.
- lower right is clean
- upper right is not. It has the following shorts:

VDDI VSSI

There are also floating nwell regions. I'll have to try and track these down.

I have an error file for this short and it's:

/u/vanthof/compass/mobi/mnemo/mnemo ur.err

I'll take a look at this in the morning.

Thanks, Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100
"Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: tbe (Tom Eich)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 4:31 AM

To: 'Patricia Mayer'

Cc: 'howard'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'philip (Philip Wong)'; 'dbulfer (David Bulfer)'

Subject: Re: SDRAM location

Pattie Mayer wrote:

> One impact will be the metal ring for the space tab/gasket thing. Were > you hoping to use the same ring? An alternative method of routing would > be to feed down to the bottom and then back up to the pads. This would > nearly double the vias. Other wise theres lots of room on the board! > Let me know how it goes. > -Pattie

>> >> Because of the design requirement to duct airflow in the Pandora Euterpe >> module, it is optimal from a thermal standpoint to place the SDRAMs on >> the primary side of the pcb (the same side as Euterpe is on). This is >> of course different from the way it was done in Hestia, and from what has >> been layed out so far. It also would require a primary side smt reflow, and

>> may have other impacts as well. >>

>> Howard, could you please take a look at the implications of having the >> SDRAMS on the primary side? As I am still finalizing the mechanical >> criteria, it would help to know how and how well this arrangement could >> work. Let's get together tomorrow to discuss. >> >> Thanks. >> >> -Tom

Good question, I neglected to say that the metal ring is to my way of thinking changeable and so you one could route traces directly from the OLB pads to the SDRAM where otherwise possible. Talk to you all soon.

-Tom

>>

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 10:18 AM

To: 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'vanthof'; 'vo'

Subject: Euterpe lvs

Hi,

THere are three types of errors in this euterpe:

- Somew inputs to the I-Cache have not been matched up and are regarded as floating (They are actually floating)
- 2. Two errors at inputs of TTL pads
- 3. There is a clock inversion, A large chunk of the clock tree is flagged and all flipflops in the register file ...

Geert

From: ge

geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent:

Friday, March 24, 1995 11:15 AM

To:

'billz'; 'dicksmws'; 'hopper'; 'tbr'; 'wampler'; 'woody'

Subject: Latest top-level route

Hi,

I ran a "complete" route on the latest top-level placement (= 3 days old). This is pgroute, special nets route, linesearch and maze.

The result is about 1950 unroutes after line-search and 500 after maze.

The pgroute hurt us a bit (little M3 VREF stubs all over the place), but the special nets route should have helped.

I think it is very important to go look at the route now and understand why the wires don't route in maze. Most should be due to congestion that we are fixing but I am worried that a there are a bunch that will need special attention like chaning the routing order or evene baseplate changes (e.g, to get to the pads). I will look at the route, Kurt, do you have some time to look at the routing results?

As always, the stuff lives in /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gards2 (or it will in a short time, I will copy the files now, but it takes 10 minutes to get it all copied).

Geert

Exhibit C12

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 11:33 AM

To: 'howard'; 'pmayer'; 'tbe'

Cc: 'tbr'; 'philip'; 'dbulfer'

Subject: Re: SDRAM location

One impact will be the metal ring for the space tab/gasket thing. Were you hoping to use the same ring? An alternative method of routing would be to feed down to the bottom and then back up to the pads. This would nearly double the vias. Other wise theres lots of room on the board! Let me know how it goes.

-Pattie

- > From the Thu Mar 23 23:56:08 1995
- > From: tbe (Tom Eich)
- > Subject: SDRAM location
- > To: howard, pmayer (Patricia Mayer)
- > Date: Thu, 23 Mar 95 23:56:04 GMT
- > Cc: tbr (Tim B. Robinson), philip (Philip Wong), dbulfer (David Bulfer)
- > X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.3 PL11]
- > Content-Length: 683
- > Hi.
- > Because of the design requirement to duct airflow in the Pandora Euterpe
- > module, it is optimal from a thermal standpoint to place the SDRAMs on
- > the primary side of the pcb (the same side as Euterpe is on). This is
- > of course different from the way it was done in Hestia, and from what has
- > been layed out so far. It also would require a primary side smt reflow, and > may have other impacts as well.
- > Howard, could you please take a look at the implications of having the
- > SDRAMS on the primary side? As I am still finalizing the mechanical
- > criteria, it would help to know how and how well this arrangement could
- > work. Let's get together tomorrow to discuss.
- > Thanks,
- > -Tom

From: Sent: wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Friday, March 24, 1995 11:45 AM

To:

'billz', 'dicksmws', 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Subject:

Re: Latest top-level route

Geert writes:

Geert writes

> I ran a "complete" route on the latest top-level placement (= 3 days
>old). This is pgroute, special nets route , linesearch and maze.

> The result is about 1950 unroutes after line-search and 500 after maze.

> The pgroute hurt us a bit (litlle M3 VREF stubs all over the place), but

>the special nets route should have helped.

> I think it is very important to go look at the route now and

> understand

why

>the wires don't route in maze. Most should be due to congestion that we

are
>fixing but I am worried that a there are a bunch that will need special
>attention like chaning the routing order or evene baseplate changes

>(e.g, to

>get to the pads). I will look at the route, Kurt, do you have some time >to look at the routing results ?

Yes, I'll have a look at it right now. Anyone else that's curious is welcome to peruse independently, or drop by for kibitzing.

- Kurt

> As always , the stuff lives in
/n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gards2
> (or it will in a short time, I will copy the files now, but it takes

> (or it will in a short time, I will >10 minutes to get it all copied).

```
From:
                       vo (Tom Vo)
Sent:
                       Friday, March 24, 1995 1:15 PM
To:
                       'vant'
                       'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'hopper (Mark
Cc:
                       Hofmann)': 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'
Subject:
                       Re: mnemo shorts and euterpe lvs status
vant wrote ....
> <snip>
>Mnemo shorts:
      - lower left and upper left still running.
      - lower right is clean
      - upper right is not. It has the following shorts:
             VDDI
             VSSI
        There are also floating nwell regions. I'll have to try and
        track these down.
        I have an error file for this short and it's:
             /u/vanthof/compass/mobi/mnemo/mnemo ur.err
        I'll take a look at this in the morning.
>Thanks,
>Dave
I think this one can be blamed on operator error . I failed to rebuild the clockbias cell
I'll start another build .
```

tvo

Sent:

Tom Vo [vo@rhea] Friday, March 24, 1995 1:45 PM 'Tom Vo'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from vo to geert: Fri Mar 24 10:44:44 PST 1995 /s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc chip_euterpe crashed

Sent:

Tom Vo [vo@rhea] Friday, March 24, 1995 1:52 PM 'Tom Vo' pager log message

To: Subject:

page from vo to geert: Fri Mar 24 10:51:54 PST 1995 /s4/vo/euterpe/verilog/bsrc chip_euterpe crashed

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent:

Friday, March 24, 1995 1:53 PM

To:

'tbr'; 'woody'; 'howard'; 'dbulfer'; 'tbe'

Cc:

'albers'; 'philip'

Subject: PCB Schedule

I dropped off a current schedule for PCB layout on Hestia and Pandora.

Several questions came up;
1) What about the Expanded Euterpe SDRAM Module?

2) Will we need edits to the Front panel and/or the Power Supply?

Also, Woody suggested a schematic review for the Euterpe module.

Any other questions or comments?

-Pattie

From: Sent: Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com] Friday, March 24, 1995 4:53 PM

To:

'pandora@microunity.com'

Subject:

IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

We are considering placement of the various configurations of SDRAM and flash ROM on the Euterpe (primary) side of the Euterpe Module pcb in Pandora. Recall that is Hestia, these parts were on the secondary side opposite Euterpe.

This decision is being proposed because the best airflow available is on the primary side, and ducting will be simpler and less expensive. With respect to manufacturing, the micropax connector will require a SMT reflow on that side anyway, and this approach will place all the fine pitch components on the same side, which eases inspection. PCB design is assessing the routing impact, and if acceptable, we will move to DECISION, unless other issues arise.

~ Tom

Tom Eich MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax tbe@microunity.com

'pandora': 'tbe@microunity.com' To: Subject: Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB > From tbe@microunity.com Fri Mar 24 13:53:17 1995 > To: pandora > From: tbe@microunity.com (Tom Eich) > Subject: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB > Content-Length: 961 > We are considering placement of the various configurations of SDRAM > and flash ROM on the Euterpe (primary) side of the Euterpe Module pcb > in Pandora. Recall that is Hestia, these parts were on the secondary > side opposite Euterpe. > This decision is being proposed because the best airflow available is > on the primary side, and ducting will be simpler and less expensive. > With respect to manufacturing, the micropax connector will require a reflow > on that side anyway, and this approach will place all the fine pitch > components on the same side, which eases inspection. PCB design is > assessing the routing impact, and if acceptable, we will move to DECISION. > unless other issues arise. -Tom

pmayer (Patricia Mayer) Friday, March 24, 1995 6:02 PM

Reviewed this extensively with Howard and the routing is simplified this way. The traces come straight out of Euterpe and to the SDRAMs.

Woody also reviewed the placement for crossovers and it won't even need to be reordered.

Howard will first start with a basic metal ring for the spacer and that will determine the placement for the RAMs. The FlashRom can also be easily moved to the top.

This is acceptible and we can move to DECISION unless there are other issues for anyone else.

Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine the clamp area to place the caps. On all future boards we will place the caps, say 30-40 mils from the clamp? and on the secondary side.

Any other ideas, please let us know.

> MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.
> 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089
> (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax

Thanks

> Tom Eich tbe@microunity.com

From:

Sent:

From: Brian Smith [brian@godzilla]

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 6:08 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist@godzilla'; 'lisar@godzilla'; 'tbr@godzilla'; 'tom@godzilla'

Subject: euterpe/verify/standalone/hc nbhc_drive.h

Update of /u/chip/chip-archive/euterpe/verify/standalone/hc In directory godzilla:/N/auspex2/s17/brian/euterpe/verify/standalone/hc

Modified Files: nbhc_drive.h Log Message:

Forgot to commit this change last time.

From: Brian Smith [brian@godzilla]

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 6:09 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist@godzilla'; 'lisar@godzilla'; 'tbr@godzilla'; 'tom@godzilla'

Subject: euterpe/verify/standalone/hc nbhc_drive.V

Update of /u/chip/chip-archive/euterpe/verify/standalone/hc In directory godzilla:/N/auspex2/s17/brian/euterpe/verify/standalone/hc

Modified Files: nbhc_drive.V Log Message:

Changed hc and iorate interfaces for differential reset and a new dhcdis signal.

Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]

Sent:

Friday, March 24, 1995 6:54 PM

To: Cc: 'Patricia Mayer'
'pandora@microunity.com'

Subject:

Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

Pattie Mayer wrote:

>snip<

>Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine the

>area to place the caps. On all future boards we will place the caps,
>say 30-40 mils from the clamp? and on the secondary side.

>Any other ideas, please let us know.

> >Thanks >-Pattie

Yes, follow IPC-D-275 relative to the keep-outs, treating them as if they are "protected" edges of metal and at unknown potential. I recall either .025 or .050" as the spacing for a "protected" spacing. My terminology may be off here,

-Tom

Tom Eich MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax

but see me if there is still uncertainty.

tbe@microunity.com

```
From:
                     pmayer (Patricia Mayer)
Sent:
                     Friday, March 24, 1995 7:14 PM
To:
                     'pmayer'; 'tbe@microunity.com'
Cc:
                     'pandora'
                     Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB
Subject:
> From tbe@microunity.com Fri Mar 24 15:53:48 1995
> To: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)
> From: tbe@microunity.com (Tom Eich)
> Subject: Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB
> Cc: pandora
> Content-Length: 846
> Pattie Mayer wrote:
> >snip<
> >Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine the
> parea to place the caps. On all future boards we will place the caps,
> >30-40 mils from the clamp? and on the secondary side.
> >Any other ideas, please let us know.
> >Thanks
> >-Pattie
> Yes, follow IPC-D-275 relative to the keep-outs, treating them as if
> are "protected" edges of metal and at unknown potential. I recall
either
> .025 or .050" as the spacing for a "protected" spacing.
> terminology
```

Do we have a copy of the IPC-S-275?

> be off here, but see me if there is still uncertainty.

-Pattie

> -Tom

may

```
Sent:
                      Friday, March 24, 1995 7:15 PM
To:
                      'Patricia Mayer'
Cc:
                      'pandora@microunity.com'
Subject:
                      Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB
>> From tbe@microunity.com Fri Mar 24 15:53:48 1995
>> To: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)
>> From: tbe@microunity.com (Tom Eich)
>> Subject: Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB
>> Cc: pandora
>> Content-Length: 846
>>
>> Pattie Mayer wrote:
>>
>> >snip<
>> >
>> >Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine
>> >the
clamp
>> >area to place the caps. On all future boards we will place the caps,
say
>> >30-40 mils from the clamp? and on the secondary side.
>> >
>> >Any other ideas, please let us know.
>> >
>> >Thanks
>> >-Pattie
>> Yes, follow IPC-D-275 relative to the keep-outs, treating them as if
>> are "protected" edges of metal and at unknown potential. I recall
either
>> .025 or .050" as the spacing for a "protected" spacing. My
>> terminology
may
>> be off here, but see me if there is still uncertainty.
>>
>> -Tom
>>
>Do we have a copy of the IPC-S-275?
>-Pattie
Philip does, I believe.
```

Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]

Tom Eich

(408)734-8100,

MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089

(408)734-8136 fax

From:

tbe@microunity.com

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 7:41 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verify/standalone/nb Makefile nb_drive.V

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify/standalone/nb In directory rhodan:/N/ghidra/s2/euterpe/verify/standalone/nb

Modified Files:

Makefile nb drive.V

Log Message:

0 0

A couple of changes:

- 1) sendNBdR3 timing -- this signal is active on cb2 only.
- 2) tau (input to nb) is low during cb4.
- 3) added a "peripheral memory" monitor.
- 4) Makefile renames dump and premlog files to that of testname.

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 8:01 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc hc_ostate.pla

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc

In directory clytemnestra:/N/auspex2/s20/woody/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc

Modified Files:

hc ostate.pla

Log Message:

Oops don't turn on cnflctRcrvy when rates are not equal.

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 8:07 PM

To: 'Loretta Guarino'

Cc: 'guarino@microunity.com'; 'hayes@microunity.com'; 'jeffm'; 'tbr'

Subject: tcc vs diagnostics

Loretta Guarino wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

How important is it that we finish converting (most of) the acceptance tests to use tec instead of tgcc? I got them fairly far along, but there were a few build problems that we never solved, relating to the use of the math library from onchip and dram. I'd like to know whether I should abandon the effort, or whether we should push through with getting the tests through tcc. Comments?

Loretta

I think that it is extreemly important to be using tcc instead of tgcc. However, given where we are with repect to tapeout. I'd like to get the tests running as they are now and then change over to use tcc.

I can't emphasis enough how important I think that this is.

Lisa R.

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 8:27 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb nb.V

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb In directory ghidra:/s2/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb

Modified Files: nb.V Log Message:

OK, this really and truly passes nb_pri_13!

```
pmayer (Patricia Mayer)
  From:
  Sent:
            Friday, March 24, 1995 8:30 PM
  To:
            'pmayer@microunity.com'; 'albers'
            'woody': 'howard': 'tbe': 'tbr'; 'pmayer'
  Cc:
  Subject: Re: Things to do list
> From albers Thu Mar 23 08:14:03 1995
> From; albers (Daniel Albers)
> Subject: Re: Things to do list
> To: pmayer@microunity.com (Patricia Mayer)
> Date: Thu, 23 Mar 95 8:14:00 PST
> Cc: woody (Jay Tomlinson), howard (Howard Cowles), the (Tom Eich),
      tbr (Tim B. Robinson), pmayer (Patricia Mayer)
> X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.3 PL11]
> Content-Length: 820
>> the words of Patricia Mayer:
>> Just a list of things to do for both Pandora-Euterpe and Hestia-Main:
>> *Check the electrical/gyg conversions and edits to specifications.
      If we had a list of new and changed files, Howard could work on
>>
      this while his database is being fixed.
>>
>> *Pinout for p150 00002 is switched.
   I fixed this last night.
>
>>
>> *Need Pro-E to Allegro mechanical working. License?
   We have a temparary licenses which Tom and I have been using.
>
>>
>> *Reorder the 160pin connector.
>>
>> *Need global nets connected.
   Trying to work on it...
>
>>
>> Anything else?
>> -Pattie
>>
>
>
> --
> Daniel Albers albers@microunity.com MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc.
> 255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100
```

It can be made into a monster if we all pull together as a team...

>

>

>

Wow, Thanks so much for the help on these items.

Had 2 more things to add to the list.

No daughter card parts showed up on the board.

The part p370_00009 The phone jack connector wasn't liked on the board because it didn't have a pin 1. I changed the part and gyg files so this should update on the board on your next package?

Thanks again -Pattie

Sent:

Friday, March 24, 1995 9:32 PM

To:

'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verify Makefile

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify In directory polyhymnia:/N/auspex2/s46/doi/chip/euterpe/verify

Modified Files: Makefile

Log Message:

add rules to build nullTest in toplevel

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 9:35 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verify Makefile.defs Makefile.rules Makerules.local

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify In directory polyhymnia:/N/auspex2/s46/doi/chip/euterpe/verify

Modified Files:

Makefile.defs Makefile.rules Makerules.local

Log Message:

support for building .rom files and ukernel builds (that have problems if Makerules.local is used)

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 9:50 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verify/ukernel - New directory

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify/ukernel In directory polyhymnia:/N/auspex2/s46/doi/chip/euterpe/verify/ukernel

Log Message:

Directory /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify/ukernel added to the repository

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 9:54 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tori'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verify/ukernel Makefile

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify/ukernel In directory polyhymnia:/N/auspex2/s46/doi/chip/euterpe/verify/ukernel

Added Files:
Makefile
Log Message:
first addition of this makefile

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 10:06 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verify/ukernel Makefile

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify/ukernel In directory polyhymnia:/N/auspex2/s46/doi/chip/euterpe/verify/ukernel

Modified Files:

Makefile

Log Message:

add more files to the list for the clean target

Sent: Friday, March 24, 1995 10:07 PM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verify Makefile

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verify In directory polyhymnia:/N/auspex2/s46/doi/chip/euterpe/verify

Modified Files:

Makefile

Log Message:

break out ukernel_tests into a seperate target

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 12:48 AM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb genpim.pl nb_mid.pim nb_top.pim

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb
In directory melpomene:/N/ghidra/s2/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb

Modified Files:

genpim.pl nb_mid.pim nb_top.pim

Log Message:

A completed placement, finally, for no-reject SN64Wibuf changes.

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 12:50 AM

To: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'

Subject: euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc hc_ostate.pla

Update of /p/cvsroot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc

In directory demeter:/N/auspex1/s20/woody/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc

Modified Files:

hc_ostate.pla

Log Message:

For conflict cases, don't turn on fmclr if !req or it will hang.

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 12:52 AM

To: 'doi'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'chip'

Cc: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'

Subject: Release of BOMs by billz (euterpe)

BOM Update in euterpe BOM 3.513 BOM Update in euterpe/verilog BOM 3.417 BOM Update in euterpe/verilog/bsrc BOM 264.1 BOM Release in euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb BOM 118.0 From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 1:14 AM

To: 'doi'; 'lisar'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'chip'

Cc: 'euterpe-checkins-dist'

Subject: Release of BOMs by billz (euterpe)

BOM Update in euterpe BOM 3.514 BOM Update in euterpe/verilog BOM 3.418 BOM Release in euterpe/verilog/bsrc BOM 265.0

woody (Jay Tomlinson) From:

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 1:35 AM

To: 'tbr': 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'

Subject: A questions from craig

>From an implementation point of view I don't see a problem assuming that mws can take ltlbMiss in R5 (or lt receives privLevelR1). I think it is more of a test/place/route issue. I assumed that the 'control bits' are from cerberus. Otherwise, they would be needed in R4. woody

Bill Zurayleff wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

Jay,

Re: adding LTLB bypass control bits. Looks like you're the expert here; doable?

Return-Path: <craig>

Received: from mnemosyne.microunity.com by gaea.microunity.com (4.1/muse1.3)

id AA24836; Tue, 21 Mar 95 16:45:30 PST

Received: by mnemosyne.microunity.com (8.6.10/muse-sw.3)

id OAA09866; Tue, 21 Mar 1995 16:45:29 -0800

Date: Tue, 21 Mar 1995 16:45:29 -0800

From: craig (Craig Hansen)

Message-Id: <199503220045.QAA09866@mnemosyne.microunity.com>

Subject: unpriv access to global virtual address

Cc: billz Status: R

I'm developing x86 emulation software that in order to access memory, needs a 48-bit address space. Bit 47's special meaning confounds the problem, and my current plan is to use bits 63..48 and 31..0 for x86 segment and offset. The current cut-down LTLB only let's be use bits 63..48 when at priviledge level 2 & 3, which makes protecting other tasks from the emulation task difficult. I'd like to get the emulation task to run at priviledge level 0, native software to run at priviledge level 1, emulation system software at level 2.

This requires giving priv level 0 the ability to "bypass" the LTLB. A general capability for controlling this might involve 4 control bits (or perhaps 3, given that priv level 3 should always permit "bypass"), one for each priv level, controlling Itlb bypass for all threads (we don't need individual control per thread).

Do we have the prospect of inserting such control into the Euterpe design?

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Saturday, March 25, 1995 4:37 AM

To:

'Kurt Wampler'

Cc:

'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'ong (Warren R. Ong)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)';

tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'woody

(Jav Tomlinson)

Subject:

Re: Standalone 509 route

Kurt Wampler writes:

wampler wrote:

- It looks like my rip-up pass has completed this morning, and amazingly
- enough, there are 145 disconnects! This number is very similar to the
- 146 disconnects reported above where I tried to route just the 509
- > disconnects on a "clean slate" placement. Could be that it's the same
- > group of recalcitrant nets in both cases. I'll try to confirm that and
- analyze why they're not routing.

Well...the majority of nets are in common, but not all of them.

Here's

the result of an sdiff between the two lists of sorted netnames.

The results of both routes can be found in:

/n/godzilla/s2/wampler/eurip /n/godzilla/s2/wampler/eu509

The ones in common between the two lists probably need to each be looked at to determine the cause of failure to route. One way to do this would be to make a copy of the eu509/geert_euterpe-iter.dff and call it up in REDIT for editing and try to manually route each of the disconnects.

That

usually reveals fairly quickly where the problem lies. I probably won't get to this exercise until Monday, but if someone else wants to get a head start; if some of these nets look familiar; feel free to start looking and publish the results.

- Kurt

[list deleted]

Thanks, Kurt.

This looks like good news. If we can figure out the cause for these failures then your runs suggest we may be on the home stretch- certainly as far as getting a 100% route. To meet timing we may hvae a little more homework.

Good work, Kurt!

-hopper

tbe (Tom Eich)

Sent:

Saturday, March 25, 1995 9:41 AM

To: Cc: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Subject:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'pandora'

Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

Tim Robinson wrote:

```
> Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):
     Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine
> the
clamp
     area to place the caps. On all future boards we will place the
> caps,
say
     30-40 mils from the clamp? and on the secondary side.
>
>
     Any other ideas, please let us know.
> Im concerned that tom said the distance would be greater than we had
> on hestia, and we should review this carefully once you have a
> tentative placement. I think tom is also looking at future changes in
> the clamping arrangement which might let us do much better on future
> versions.
> Tim
```

To be clear, it is the TAB OLB tooling that requires that the caps be further out from the OLB pads than in the rev 2 Hestia pcb. I hope to redesign the clamp to eliminate most of the keep out that is at the four corners, where the current "x" clamp design's arms are positioned, extending out to the four mounting holes. By freeing those spaces, I hope we can pull some parts back in at the corners, but I'm afraid that the TAB tooling requirement we violated in Hestia will mitigate much benefit.

There are cost and size benefits to re-designing the clamp, however. The redesign of the clamp will not be done concurrently with the first Euterpe pcb because of the need to verify the design and the likelyhood of multiple iterations. The heat sink design will also need to be modified slightly, so for the first pcbs, we need to accomodate the X clamp.

-Tom

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Saturday, March 25, 1995 11:18 AM Sent:

To:

'agc'; 'biilz'; 'brianl'; 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'ong'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'wingard';

Subject:

Re: Standalone 509 route

wampler wrote:

- > It looks like my rip-up pass has completed this morning, and
- > amazingly enough, there are 145 disconnects! This number is very
- > similar to the 146 disconnects reported above where I tried to route just the 509
- > disconnects on a "clean slate" placement. Could be that it's the same
- > group of recalcitrant nets in both cases. I'll try to confirm that
- > and analyze why they're not routing.

Well...the majority of nets are in common, but not all of them. the result of an sdiff between the two lists of sorted netnames.

The results of both routes can be found in:

/n/godzilla/s2/wampler/eurip /n/godzilla/s2/wampler/eu509

The ones in common between the two lists probably need to each be looked at to determine the cause of failure to route. One way to do this would be to make a copy of the eu509/geert_euterpe-iter.dff and call it up in REDIT for editing and try to manually route each of the disconnects.

That

usually reveals fairly quickly where the problem lies. I probably won't get to this exercise until Monday, but if someone else wants to get a head start; if some of these nets look familiar; feel free to start looking and publish the results.

- Kurt

Ripper failures Standalone failures

=====

CERB/C05/CNT03 BM CERB/C05/D2<3>

CERB/C06/REDD AM<62> CERB/C09/EN ANM<3> CERB/C10/SCRCERRO ABNM CERB/CERBREQ ABM CERB/KYBDVECT ABM<6> CERB/OADDRESS_ABM<31>

CERB/OADDRESS_ABM<32> CERB/OADDRESS_ABM<34> CERB/OADDRESS_ABM<40> CERB/OADDRESS_ABM<41>

CERB/OWDATA ABM<3> CERB/OWDATA ABM<35> CERB/OWDATA ABM<43>

CERB/OWDATA ABM<47> CERB/OWDATA ABM<48>

CERB/OWDATA_ABM<49> CERB/OWDATA_ABM<55>

CERB/SG7<16> CERB/SG7<20> CERB/C05/D2<3>

> CERB/C06/REDD AM<0>

> CERB/C06/REDD AM<16> > CERB/C06/REDD AM<22>

CERB/C06/REDD AM<62> CERB/C09/EN ANM<3> CERB/C10/SCRCERRO ABNM

CERB/CERBREQ ABM CERB/KYBDVECT_ABM<6> CERB/OADDRESS ABM<31>

CERB/OADDRESS_ABM<32> CERB/OADDRESS_ABM<34>

CERB/OADDRESS ABM<40> CERB/OADDRESS ABM<41> CERB/OWDATA_ABM<3>

CERB/OWDATA ABM<35> CERB/OWDATA ABM<43> CERB/OWDATA ABM<47>

CERB/OWDATA ABM<48> CERB/OWDATA_ABM<49> CERB/OWDATA ABM<55>

CERB/SG7<16> CERB/SG7<20>

CERB/SG7<21>		CERB/SG7<21>
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CERB/SG7<39>		CERB/SG7<39>
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CERB/U00/B1XFER N<5>	<	
CERB/U02/U08/AA7130		CERB/U02/U08/AA7130
CERB/U02/U08/AA8110		CERB/U02/U08/AA8110
CERB/U03/U07/S16		CERB/U03/U07/S16
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CERB/U04/U1010/U1120/LSC0		CERB/U04/U1010/U1120/LSC0
CERB/U04/U1010/U1120/LSC1		CERB/U04/U1010/U1120/LSC1
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CERB/U04/U1010/U1200/LSC1		CERB/U04/U1010/U1200/LSC1
CERB/U04/U1010/U1220/LSC0		CERB/U04/U1010/U1220/LSC0
CERB/U04/U1010/U1220/LSC1		CERB/U04/U1010/U1220/LSC1
CERB/U04/U1010/U1260/LSC1	- 1	CERB/U09/U12/LOADSRH
ES/U02/U301/Z N	έ.	,,,
GT/UGTSNAKE/ADDR<22>	<	
GT/UGTSNAKE/RQCTL1 N	<	
HC1/DATAHI<14>	<	
HC1/PRBD00<16>	<	
HC1/PRBD10_N<16>	<	
HC1/PRBD11 N<13>	<	
MC/U02/SR FIELDTOP1 N<1>	<	
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XLU/SR RC3_6A<15>	<	
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CCNBCOUTR13 N<7>	~	
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GTXRD<68>	~	
ISW1 V	<	
LTCTPAR12 N<12>	<	
LTNBCINR12<15>	~	
LTPAR12<6>	<	
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NBLDDATL5L6<18>		NBLDDATL5L6<19>
112222113110/13/		**************************************

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VRRSKEWB6<2> VRRSKEWB7<1>

VRRSKEWB6<2>

VRRSKEWB7<1>

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 25, 1995 11:22 AM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'albers'; 'dbulfer'; 'howard'; 'philip'; 'tbe'; 'woody'

Subject:

PCB Schedule

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

I dropped off a current schedule for PCB layout on Hestia and Pandora.

Several questions came up;

1) What about the Expanded Euterpe SDRAM Module?

It's lower priority than the other boards which are essential for the base pandora system. However, if it looks like we would be stalled for any reason on any of the others we should be able to get a netlist together quickly.

2) Will we need edits to the Front panel and/or the Power Supply?

I'm not aware of anything on the front panel. I think there is a minor issue with the power module, but wayne was not planning to rev that in this turn of hestia. I'll double check that with him.

Also, Woody suggested a schematic review for the Euterpe module.

We had a preliminary one, but there were several changes. I think we should not do this until after making any edits needed to untangle the SDRAM interface in the new layout.

Any other questions or comments?

tbr

Sent:

Saturday, March 25, 1995 12:44 PM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'pandora'; 'tbe@microunity.com'

Subject:

Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine the clamp area to place the caps. On all future boards we will place the caps, say 30-40 mils from the clamp? and on the secondary side.

Any other ideas, please let us know.

Im concerned that tom said the distance would be greater than we had on hestia, and we should review this carefully once you have a tentative placement. I think tom is also looking at future changes in the clamping arrangement which might let us do much better on future versions.

From: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 12:44 PM

To: 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc: 'pandora'; 'tbe@microunity.com'

Subject: Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

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Any other ideas, please let us know.

Im concerned that tom said the distance would be greater than we had on hestia, and we should review this carefully once you have a tentative placement. I think tom is also looking at future changes in the clamping arrangement which might let us do much better on future versions.

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Saturday, March 25, 1995 2:20 PM

To:

'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: Subject: 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'pandora'; 'tbe@microunity.com' Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

Tim B. Robinson writes: Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

> Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine the clamp area to place the caps....

[snip]

Just to make sure everyone knows: the ProE/Allegro software is installed and ready for use.

thanks.

-hopper

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Saturday, March 25, 1995 3:56 PM

To:

'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'hopper

(Mark Hofmann)

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject:

fullchip mnemo shorts check

The fullchip mnemo shorts check finished this morning. I decided to let it run even though the short had been found to test the multi-disk option in dracula. The good news is that it worked just fine and only found a vss/vdd short. Yhe other shorts from a previous run must have been false from the multiple times the disk filled and the jpb died.

The run time was not that much longer than a shorts check on euterpe which is also good.

Tom, page me whwn a new baseplate is available and I'll start up another round of checks.

Thanks,

Dave

Daye Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089

1 408 734-8100 vanthof@microunity.com "Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 7:37 PM

To: 'billz'

Cc: 'dickson'; 'jeffm'; 'mws'; 'tbr'; 'woody'

Subject: nbfulltest

Failed going to X on BOM 265. A couple of other tests failed too (hermes_lateturnon and dcacheannoying). I have a dump on staypuft /s3/tbr/euterpe/verilog/bsrc.

Lisa R.

From: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Sent: Saturday, March 25, 1995 11:38 PM

To: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Cc: 'albers'; 'dbulfer'; 'howard'; 'philip'; 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'tbe'

Subject: PCB Schedule

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Sat Mar 25):

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

Also, Woody suggested a schematic review for the Euterpe module.

Actually this should read: Woody suggested a schematic review for the Hestia Main board.

We had a preliminary one, but there were several changes. I think we should not do this until after making any edits needed to untangle the SDRAM interface in the new layout.

Any other questions or comments?

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent: St

To

Sunday, March 26, 1995 2:34 AM

'agc'; 'billz'; 'brianl'; 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'ong'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'wingard';

'woodv'

Subject: Re: Standalone 509 route

I had a chance to examine the 146 or so persistent disconnects in the latest euterpe route. I see what's happening. Some of our non-leafmold-generated cells have targets that are clashing with the Metal2 "comb" obstructions that we activate during maze & ripup routing to limit the amount of Metal2 used in 3-layer routing. The following cells have Metal1 targets that fall across the routing grid line at the cell edge boundary:

scsof1(dio_ad0ph)
xcdecsw(in_x)
xcecl2cmos(cout_ab0pm)
xcmux2(d0_am)
xcmux3(q_am,d0_am)
xcnand4c(nq_am)
xcnrlatbc(q_bm)
xcvffsw(out_v)
xcvrrsw(out_v)
xvinvc(nq_am)

Any of these targets which fail to route during linesearch routing are prevented from routing during maze & rip-up because they're buried under the comb obstructions at the left & right cell edges.

The preferred fix would be to move these targets one track inside the cell wherever possible. I'll volunteer to make the edits, but before I make a wholesale change to all of these cells, I'll solicit comments & objections. It's not easy to disable the comb obstructions in these cells because the obstructions at present are built into the "celltype" model which is shared by all cells with the same atom footprint. It's also not desirable to eliminate the comb obstructions for these cells, because I observe many instances where long rows of these cells are placed end-toend; this would leave large horizontal runs where lengthy M2 wires could arise.

Does anyone object to 1-track target fixes in the above cells?

- Kurt

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 3:53 AM

To:

'Kurt Wampler'

'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'geert

Cc:

(Geert Rosseel)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'ong (Warren R. Ong)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)';

'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'woody

(Jav Tomlinson)

Subject:

Re: Standalone 509 route

Kurt Wampler writes:

I had a chance to examine the 146 or so persistent disconnects in the latest euterpe route. I see what's happening. Some of our non-leafmold-generated cells have targets that are clashing with the Metal2 "comb" obstructions that

we activate during maze & rip-up routing to limit the amount of Metal2 used in 3-layer routing. The following cells have Metall targets that fall across the routing grid line at the cell edge boundary:

scsof1(dio ad0ph) xcdecsw(in x) xcecl2cmos(cout ab0pm) xcmux2 (d0 am) xcmux3 (q_am,d0_am) xcnand4c(ng am) xcnrlatbc(q bm) xcvffsw(out_v) xcvrrsw(out_v) xvinvc(ng am)

Any of these targets which fail to route during linesearch routing are prevented from routing during maze & rip-up because they're buried under the comb obstructions at the left & right cell edges.

The preferred fix would be to move these targets one track inside the cell wherever possible. I'll volunteer to make the edits, but before I make a wholesale change to all of these cells, I'll solicit comments & objections. It's not easy to disable the comb obstructions in these cells because the obstructions at present are built into the "celltype" model which is shared by all cells with the same atom footprint. It's also not desirable to eliminate the comb obstructions for these cells, because I observe many instances where long rows of these cells are placed end-to-end; this would leave large horizontal runs where lengthy M2 wires could arise.

Does anyone object to 1-track target fixes in the above cells?

Good sleuthing, Kurt. >From your description of the problem, I would say the one track >interior move

sounds like a reasonable solution. I agree that we do not want to dispense with the m2 comb obstructions. I belive we saw a noticeable improvement in routing denisty and quality when we created thme. Is there a way to make a local modification of some cells and verify that a different sort of clash is not introduced?

-hopper

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 2:40 PM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

Subject:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'tbe@microunity.com'

Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Sat Mar 25):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

Also, we will wait for the ProE to Allegro interface to determine the clamp area to place the caps....

[snip]

Just to make sure everyone knows: the ProE/Allegro software is installed and ready for use.

Thanks mark. I thought the problem was that dan had not yet been able to make it work. I know he was planning to spend time on it monday.

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 2:41 PM

To:

'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Cc:

'albers'; 'howard'; 'philip'; 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'tbe'

Subject:

PCB Schedule

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Jay Tomlinson wrote (on Sat Mar 25):

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Sat Mar 25):

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Fri Mar 24):

Also, Woody suggested a schematic review for the Euterpe module.

Actually this should read: Woody suggested a schematic review for the Hestia Main board.

We definitely need that. Can you schedule it please?

thr

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 2:49 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

'agc': 'billz': 'brianl': 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'ong'; 'torn'; 'vo': 'wampler': 'wingard':

'woody'

Subject:

Re: Standalone 509 route Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Sat Mar 25):

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Great news. This is just the kind of thing we were hoping for!

Does anyone object to 1-track target fixes in the above cells?

I'd say do it if we can. Presumably, since we don't have any problems with xb cells, there must be some rule in their generation preventing targets on the edge.

It's a shame we have to make edits for the xc cells though, since they are all CMOS cell where to first order we are not concerned about performance. However, can we solve this another way? Are not the CMOS cells likely to have a footprint different from any ECL SOFA cells (beacuse of the smaller CMOS atoms)? If so. is it possible to eliminate the combs on these footprints without affecting anything in the ECL sofa? Only the scsof1 is an ECL SOFA cell.

Once we have scsof1 fixed, it may make sense to remove some stuff from the early routing list which I think was only there to try to get some XLU stuff to route.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 2:49 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

'agc': 'billz': 'brianl'; 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'ong'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'wingard';

'woody'

Subject:

Re: Standalone 509 route

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Sat Mar 25):

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Once we have scsofl fixed, it may make sense to remove some stuff from the early routing list which I think was only there to try to get some XLU stuff to route.

From: Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Sunday, March 26, 1995 2:55 PM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc BOM 94.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Sun Mar 26
11:54:02 PST 1995 with exit status 1.. chip

tbr

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 3:04 PM

To:

'doi'

Cc:

'dickson'; 'agc'

Subject:

chipq

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

chipq

Flag Status:

Red

A process on staypuft had gone wild and had been running for a couple of days (it should have been a 15 min run of the router). I killed that process, but the .checkoutrc apparantly did not exit as a result. I then did a

chipq -k 4069

to take the whole job off the Q because it has been holding off a bunch of other stuff. However, though that entry became marked 'term', it still does not seem to have gone away, though I can't find process 3074 on staypuft.

Seq# Target Directory	Machine(pid)	Who S	Stat
1 4069 euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc 2 4075 euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cp 3 4081 euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb 5 4092 euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb 5 4093 euterpe/verilog/bsrc 6 4103 mnemo/verilog/src/dramctrl	staypuft(3074) staypuft(15343) gamorra(8306) melpomene(229 melpomene(4090) godzilla(1430	billz	0:03 wait

It has however allowed the nect thing in line to get started. Can you check out the Q please?

thr

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 3:23 PM

To:

'lisar': 'dickson'

Subject:

forwarded message from Craig Hansen

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Do we now have this fully released? Has any testing been done?

----- Start of forwarded message -----

Status: RO

X-VM-v5-Data: ([nil nil nil nil nil nil nil nil]

"1114" "Wed" "1" "March" "1995" "15:54:40" "-0800" "Craig Hansen" "craig " nil "26" "Re: Cerberus Node Number available in Exception Status Register" "^From:" nil nil "3"])

Return-Path: <craig>

Received: from mnemosyne.microunity.com by gaea.microunity.com (4.1/muse1.3)

id AA15709; Wed, 1 Mar 95 15:54:42 PST

Received: by mnemosyne.microunity.com (8.6.10/muse-sw.3)

id PAA11209; Wed, 1 Mar 1995 15:54:40 -0800

Message-Id: <199503012354.PAA11209@mnemosyne.microunity.com>

From: craig (Craig Hansen)

To: dickson, doi, tbr

Cc: euterpe

Subject: Re: Cerberus Node Number available in Exception Status Register

Date: Wed, 1 Mar 1995 15:54:40 -0800

My earlier elaboration didn't provide for desired security features of the Euterpe chip. In an earlier meeting I verbally describe a change, which may not have seen written form.

The rule should be:

if the node number is 0 or 1, boot from the flash ROM. if the node number is 2-255, boot from Cerberus node 0.

The flash ROM needs to be accessable via Cerberus when node==0. When node==1, Euterpe should be "secure," in that the contents of the flash ROM is not accessable via the Cerberus port. For 2<=node<=255, it doesn't matter whether the flash ROM is accessable (it likely wouldn't be present anyway).

Additional security would result if other Cerberus registers are made unwritable except by Euterpe itself; this is a less direct method of potential attack, as all one can do via the Cerberus registers is set the analog levels in parts of Euterpe and Hermes to something marginal, and hope that some resulting undetected error causes a security violation. However, given the level of effort which has been used to thwart cable boxes in the past, making this impossible is probably worthwhile.

Craig

----- End of forwarded message -----

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Sent:

Sunday, March 26, 1995 5:48 PM

To:

'geert'

Subject:

output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cp/.checkoutrc

The output from euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cp/.checkoutrc is 416k, so it is not included in this mail message. Instead, check the file

/n/tmp/chiplog/geert.staypuft.9864.euterpe-verilog-bsrc-cp

(which is accessible from all machines). This file will disappear in about 5 days.

By the way, the exit status returned by .checkoutrc was 0.

From: pma

pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 12:52 AM

To:

'albers'

Cc:

'arya'; 'rich'; 'tbr'; 'pmayer'

Subject: Hestia Main

Hi Dan!

Hey, I think I've gone about as far as I can upgrading Hestia Main without assistance.

I guess I'd like to see backannotated schematics... uh so I can place the caps around Euterpe. Also we need the p150_00002 part updated. you mentioned this was done. Oh, and the daughther card "Parts", thier new and I'm sure will need re-packaging...

Will you please let us know when you have preformed your magic? I'm ready to tackle the major rev 3 edits.

I've commited "main7" as the allegro upgraded, but still version 2 of the Hestia Main.

If I can be of any help or assitance, please let me know.

Thanks

-Pattie

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Monday, March 27, 1995 1:33 AM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Subject: Re: IMMINENT DECISION: SDRAMs on Euterpe side of PCB

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Thanks mark. I thought the problem was that dan had not yet been able to make it work. I know he was planning to spend time on it monday.

Okay. I guess I may not know the latest. I'll check with Dan.

-hopper

Curtis Abbott [abbott@microunity.com]

Sent: Monday, March 27, 1995 1:46 AM

To:

'tony@microunity.com'; John Moussouris; Craig Hansen; 'graham@microunity.com';

'h@microunity.com'

Subject:

notes on TW RF MIB

This is intended as fodder for a meeting Tony proposes to hash out responses to the TW and TCI material we received last week. Since I deleted Tony's original message, I'm not sure I got all the recipients -- please forward to any I missed.

I'm writing responsory material to the TCI spec as well, but that's more complex and so isn't as far along.

- Curtis

Response to TW RF MIB: (intended as feedback we could send them.
"we're sure you've already gotten all these comments, but we just wanted to make sure...")

- p 22. csmiModulationTypes. Missing codes 9 and 10 and nothing for straight QPSK. Inadvertant omission?
- p 27. svcRFChannelUseIndex. Shouldn't there be an option for channels that contain both control and user information?
- pp 30-38. We have a number of concerns about the components of rfChannelDescriptorEntry, detailed below:
- p 32. rfChannelFEC. What is the utility of knowing whether or not a channel uses FEC? Wouldn't it be more useful to the SMA to have some estimate of the resilience of a particular channel in the face of various impairments, so that it could assign frequencies allocations of varying quality to more resilient channels? For example, the statistics table lists C/N; perhaps the channel descriptor table should list required C/N. Another potentially useful declaration, related to FEC, would be what length noise impulses can be handled error-free; still another might attempt to describe what kind of degradation is associated with a given gaussian and/or impulse noise level (relevant, e.g., to a link level error retransmit protocol).
- p 33. We're not sure the modulation order and symbol rate parameters can be made to adequately describe a multi-carrier scheme like OFDM. Probably it can be made to work if you use a fixed modulation scheme about each carrier, but it seems a bit forced.
- p 33. rfChannelDataRate. The description says this is the raw data rate computed from symbol rate times spectral efficiency. How about a parameter for payload rate?
- p 35. rfChannelModulationOrderResolution. The meaning and examples are unclear. One normally thinks of 4QAM (sic), 16QAM, 64QAM, and 256QAM as being obtained by multiplying by 4 (i.e. by 2 in each of 2 dimensions). The example says 16 for this case. We cannot extrapolate, for example, how to describe a system that can use constellations of 32 or 128 points in addition to the above.
- p 38. rfChannelPowerLevelResolution. What does "in absolute value" mean? What are the units for this number? Is there a provision for systems that set power level linearly as well as logarithmically?
- p 49. In regards to the comments requesting suggestions, upstream channels would likely benefit from counters for protocol errors, collisions, other measures of contention, etc.
- p 51. rfChannelCorrectedBitErrors, etc. These are specified as counters, which will wrap only occasionally. It seems that they would be more useful for network management if a couple of time resolutions were specified: bit errors in the last minute, hour, day, etc.
- p 51. rfChannelSymbolErrors. There are many possible communications systems designs for

which this value cannot be reliably counted, nor is it clear to us how it adds value to the network manager.

p 52. rfChannelBlockErrors, rfChannelCarrierToNoiseRatio.
Multiple time resolutions might be a good idea for these too.

A general comment: the MIB as specified allows for certain dynamic flexibility -- mainly in going between 16QAM, 64QAM, and 256QAM. But if a channel modulator was agile between 64QAM, OFDM, and DSSS, there is no provision for describing that or dynamically changing between them. Extending the MIB to provide for this would be quite hard. The real question seems to be this: what is the advantage of having any flexibility within the "language" defined by the MIB versus using teardown and setup of channels at the channel configuration level?

The latter can handle systems as flexible as you can describe, and even going between different QAM constellations will clearly require something like connection teardown and re-establishment at the receivers. To couch this comment as a suggestion: why not simplify the MIB by removing the modulation order change stuff? (The power level part is not subject to the same comment, and should stay.)

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 10:18 AM

To:

'vant'

Cc:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't

Hof)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'

Subject:

Re: notch filling in mnemo and euterpe

vant writes:

Hello,

The remaining notch drc errors in the mnemo and euterpe databases are from autogenerated tools. All custom notches have been filled. Thus I'd like to propose the following:

- add notch filling on a per chunk basis. This reduces the number of notch errors and in fact, for both mnemo and euterpe, this should eliminate all notches.

By running the notch filler on each chunk, vlsimm runs on a much

smaller dataset, and for chunks which have no violations, it runs very quick. In addition, since we know the data coming out of gards is 'on-grid', the step size for notch filling can be increased from 1 to 10 udrs, decreasing runtime by 10x.

- add notch filling before fracturing to catch any notchs created at chunk boundaries. I have not noticed any of these, so for mnemo and euterpe, I believe this will run in the time it takes to do the notch check, which is only a fwe hours.

We are very close to finished up both chips and if we could remove the notch false errors from the metals drc, I'd be very happy.

Good. I think this is reasonable proposal. We'll still run DRC's at the back-end (after fracture) to make sure we flag any notches that slip through.

(But what you are porposing should be the fastest way of fillingnotches and has the benefit that the first pass DRC will be almost, if not fully, notch-DRC clean.)

-hopper

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 10:25 AM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'bpw (B. P. Wong)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'vant' phi a/b flipped identified on Euterpe

Subject:

Kurt and I had another look at the phi a/b flip this afternoon in the gtlb area. The problem turns out to be in the hookup of the gtlb to the phi a/b clock spars inside the cell crclkint11.ly- which is only used by the gtlb.

Kurt has just completed the edits to this cell. It has been locked down and released. Tim, could you do a getbom in the Euterpe snapshot area? Then Dave can launch another LVS and, if we're lucky and we haven't introduced a metal 4 short, we'll be able to re-verify without a new Gards re-route.

If this is clean, then when Kurt's patches to the XC cells are checked in we'll soon be in good shape to run a full chip Euterpe LVS (after we get a completed route that is).

-thanks, hopper

vanthof (vant)

mudae)'

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 12:40 PM

To:

'fwo (Fred Obermeier)'; 'rich (Rich McCauley)'

Cc:

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'mudge (john

Subject:

VPP power pads in euterpe

Hello,

I'm trying to generate a special layout cell for mudge which extracts out all the Metal 5 pads and node names associated with them. I'm almost done and am a bit confused about some signals from the pll section. In particular, the VPP pads. These are labeled at the top level of the pll blocks as VPP. The layout cells are 'custom vdda pads' and at one point they were treated special in the space transformer generation. These pads are _not_

labeled at the top level of euterpe which means that fullchip netlists don't see these as anything special. I was also under the impression that

only vdd and vss pads were allowed to be internal to the pad ring.

Are these VPP pads wired up special? and if so, how are they handled in the netlist and also how are they handled with the space transformer?

Any clarification would help tremendously as I'm also going to be running fullchip lvs on euterpe soon.

Thanks,

Dave

--

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100 "Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

rich (Rich McCauley)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 1:44 PM

To:

'fwo': 'vanthof'

Cc:

'hopper'; 'geert'; 'mudge'

Subject:

Re: VPP power pads in euterpe

The requirement for these pads is that they share no common current with the rest of the chip until tying into the PCB power plane. There is one pad for each of the two PLLs which are to be separately bypassed with beads/ inductor/capacitors on the board before being tied into the 3.3v power plane. Currently they are called out as 'vddep0 and vddep1' in the verilog for euterpe. They should be named in the verilog and texted in the layout with something consistent with verifying them as separate pads not connected to vdde on the chip. If the name 'vddep*' doesn't permit this due to some global combining of all signals starting with 'vdde', then this need to be changed. I believe that the analog pads on calliope were all labeled 'vpp*' at the top level.

rich

```
> From vanthof Mon Mar 27 09:39:35 1995
> From: vanthof (vant)
> Subject: VPP power pads in euterpe
> To: fwo (Fred Obermeier), rich (Rich McCauley)
> Date: Mon, 27 Mar 95 9:39:32 PST
> Cc: vanthof (Dave Van't Hof), hopper (Mark Hofmann), geert (Geert
Rosseel),
          mudge (john mudge)
> X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.3 PL11]
> Content-Length: 1102
> Hello,
> I'm trying to generate a special layout cell for mudge which extracts
out all
> the Metal 5 pads and node names associated with them. I'm almost done
> am a bit confused about some signals from the pll section.
particular,
> the VPP pads. These are labeled at the top level of the pll blocks as
> VPP. The layout cells are 'custom vdda pads' and at one point they
> were
> treated special in the space transformer generation. These pads are
not
> labeled at the top level of euterpe which means that fullchip netlists
> don't see these as anything special. I was also under the impression
> only vdd and vss pads were allowed to be internal to the pad ring.
> Are these VPP pads wired up special? and if so, how are they handled
> in
> netlist and also how are they handled with the space transformer?
> Any clarification would help tremendously as I'm also going to be
running
> fullchip lvs on euterpe soon.
> Thanks,
> Dave
> Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale,
```

CA 94089

> vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100
> "Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: Sent: Gregg Kellogg [gregg@hts.microunity.com]

Monday, March 27, 1995 1:53 PM

To:

'richard@bluestar.com'

Subject: (Fwd) (Fwd) Disk A

(Fwd) (Fwd) Disk Arrays for Digital Video

I finally dug up the message that I tried to send to you before.

How are things going? I finally got my system set up, although it's not on the net yet. I went ahead and followed the flow to get a high-end Pentium system.

With Fast/Wide SCSI systems becoming more available, this might make a nice system for doing video work in the future. It's also nice to be able to run Linux on the box. It gives me the illusion have having a bit more control.

I hope this information (as out of date as it is) might be of some interest to you.

Grega

--- Forwarded mail from <gregg@hts.microunity.com> ("Gregg Kellogg")

To: rnewton@ic.eecs.berkeley.edu

--- Forwarded mail from <gregg@hts.microunity.com> ("Gregg Kellogg")

To: newton@eecs.berkelev.edu

Richard,

I thought you would find this interesting as I recall you describing your experiences trying to get your PowerMac to do video well.

Gregg

Date: Thu, 12 Jan 1995 15:48:19 -0500 From: boykin@gte.com (Joseph Boykin)

To: digvid-l@ucdavis.edu

Subject: Experiences building a Disk Array for Digital Video

Message-ID: <ab3b44d60c0210047f97@[132.197.14.175] >

I have been asked by a number of people to summarize my experiences putting together a RAID subsystem for use with digital video. This is a report on those experiences. It is longer than expected, but I have tried to write down a lot of what I have uncovered over the past six months. It also tries to explain some of the matters that must be considered when putting such a system together. For example, *why* were the sustained data rates of 3.5MB/s, 5.5MB/s and 6.5MB/s of interest to me? Read on and find out.

First, let me give some background. I do not do digital video professionally, it is purely a hobby, but I'm what you would call a "serious hobbyist". I have been doing video for a number of years, with my primary material source being underwater video (I'm a PADI & SSI instructor and teach courses in U/W video if anyone is interested!) I did my editing on a SONY EVO-9700, but there aren't any whiz-bang features in that deck, e.g. no transitions, and I prefer playing with digital over analog technology anyway.

My end-goal is full-frame, full-motion NTSC video on the order of 5-15 minutes. I'd love S-VHS/Hi8 quality, but I don't want anything less than VHS quality. Even if my final work will be output to VHS quality tape, I want to keep my edits in as high a quality as possible. In other words, I want to be able to hand a tape to someone and have them see it on a TV and not just produce little 160x120 clips for CD-ROMs.

Being a "do it yourselfer" at heart, I put together a system with a Quadra 840AV, Radius VideoVision Studio, and a RAID array. This document talks about my experiences getting that RAID array going and the ancillary things that went along with it..

Looking at the prices for pre-configured arrays, I decided to put one together myself. After all, how hard could it be? To answer that question in advance: I started this in June and I finished in January.

I started with two Micropolis 2236AVs (3GB each). These drives had reasonable capacity, reasonable speed and boasted dealing with Thermal Recalibration (TCal) well. Other than the fact that these drives a) consume a lot of power and b) run pretty hot, they are probably excellent for many applications. However, I ran into a serious problem; they don't stripe well. I put the drives on the same SCSI chain and was surprised to find that I only achieved about a 5% performance increase when striped.

About 25% is more typical for RAID level 0. I eventually learned that these drives do not handle SCSI-2 disconnect/reconnect well (or maybe at all). If the drives were on separate SCSI chains, this wouldn't be a problem. Given that they were on a single chain, the ability to do disconnect/reconnect is required. OK, back to the drawing board.

While Micropolis makes a big deal of their AV drives, in reality, many new drives handle TCal fairly well. The manufacturers know that the newest large capacity and fast drives are going to be used in digital video, so they are trying to ensure their drives work well for this demanding

environment. They do TCal less often and postpone TCal if a read or

operation is pended. What that means is that a new non-AV drive may do just fine for you (especially if your disk housing has good cooling).

Drives from both Micropolis and Seagate are the top picks in this category.

Fujitsu and Conner also have mechanisms.that work well, but you need to be sure about a *particular* mechanism before you buy it. You can guarantee yourself that any old drives or new drives that aren't at the top of the curve will not handle TCal well. Based on that, I chose four Seagate Barracuda 4's as my disks. The drives are big (4GB each) and fast (7200 RPM, 8ms seek, 1MB cache) and yes, they do postpone TCal. More on the drives later.

Next: the hunt for a SCSI accelerator. There are several out on the market, but based on other people's experience in terms of both performance and reliability I narrowed down my choice to the ATTO and FWB cards. ATTO has a Silicon Express II Fast SCSI-2 card and a Silicon Express IV Fast/Wide card. Street prices are \$725 and \$990 respectively. FWB has their SCSI JackHammer card which supports Fast/Wide transfers at a street price of about \$700. Rumor had it that the ATTO card was a bit faster, so I chose the ATTO SE II (I had bought "narrow" drives). My logic was simple: with a RAID array and an accelerator, I probably would have enough performance for what I want. You'll see shortly that I was wrong.

The card arrived long before the disks, so I couldn't test things out immediately. By the time I did, the card was about 2 months old and turned out to be flaky (the system would hang when I tried to do any significant amount of I/O to drives attached to the card). I contacted ProDirect, who I purchased the card from, and their Tech support folks told me they didn't even have a system they could test it out on and, since the card was two months old, they wouldn't swap it for a new one anyway. I turned to ATTO, who preferred that I deal with ProDirect, since that is who sold it to me, but after telling them what PD said, they relented. I sent them my card and was pretty quickly told that "It worked for them" and it was returned to me. I was pissed. I tried the card in three systems (2 840s and an

800) again, with the same results. I returned the card to ATTO who still couldn't find anything wrong with it, but agreed to swap it for a new one. The new card arrived and works well (at least, it didn't crash my system).

At this point, I started running a bunch of performance tests. I have three formatting utilities: FWB HDT V1.6, Transoft's SCSI Director Pro V3.07, and CharisMac's Anubis utility V2.52s (I've recently upgraded this to version 2.53 with PowerControl (lets you control mode page settings) and RAID software, but I have not used those features yet. NOTE: I have been told that the CharisMac RAID software is *not* very good in its current release). I reformatted one drive with each of these and ran FWB's BenchTest and ATTOS performance utilities to see what I got. A short version of my results: Partition size doesn't matter (except that the FWB benchmark test thinks smaller partitions are faster), under System 7.5 cache size doesn't matter, and the FWB driver did pretty poorly.

Test configuration: Q840AV w/80MB memory; System 7.5. Partition size was 2GB. Using the internal SCSI Bus I achieved:

Driver Sustained Read Sustained Write

 FWB
 2.8MB/s
 3.2MB/s

 CharisMac
 3.0MB/s
 3.6MB/s

 Transoft
 3.0MB/s
 3.6MB/s

As you can see, if you are using the internal SCSI bus the CharisMac and Transoft drivers were about the same with the FWB driver falling significantly behind. I don't know why; perhaps it is the driver itself, perhaps it was some mode page (the disk drive's firmware parameters) settings that the formatter set. My belief is that it is a combination of the two as an e.g. Transoft driver on an FWB formatted drive is faster than an FWB formatted drive with the FWB driver. I never looked into it enough to narrow down the cause any further. (It takes a *LONG* time to run these tests and since I didn't have to know why one was faster than another, I just cared which was faster -- there's a point where this being a hobby is an advantage!)

While these are interesting numbers (and caused me to reformat and initialize all the other drives I had access to at home and at work with the Transoft driver!), for eventual use on an accelerator card it didn't matter. When a drive attached to the ATTO card is mounted you use a driver that is in the ATTO firmware. The same is true for the FWB card and any of the current crop of SCSI accelerator cards. The performance data was obtained, and were of interest, because they provide a baseline of comparison.

I moved the drives back to the ATTO card and went to install the RAID software. I have both the ATTO ExpressStripe software and Trillium Research's Remus Limited. I started with the ATTO software (version 2.00) but the system crashed as the INIT was being loaded. ATTO gave me a free upgrade to 2.01 (tech support created an account on their system and let me dial-in via ARA to download the file, very nice of them), but that didn't work either. ATTO then gave me a Beta copy of their 3.0 software and that did work (and is much nicer to use). ATTO Tech support didn't know why 2.0X didn't work, but at that point, I didn't really care.

Reliability of the 3.00 software wasn't very good (what do you want from Beta software?!?) Occasionally, the drives would become inaccessible. While ATTO was figuring this out, I switched to the Remus software which has an even nicer interface.

Using the Remus software, I tried various configurations. I tried:

striping across two, three and four drives

changing the allocation unit anywhere between 16K per drive to 64K

varied the logical file system size between 256MB and 4GB

varied the size of the system buffer cache.

My peak performance was approximately 5.2MB/s sustained read and 4.5MB/s sustained write. This surprises me. I would have expected writes to be faster (you can do "blind writes" and return control to the application before the actual write completes). The VVS software that "find"s throughput reports about 2.8MB/s from within Premiere V4.0 using QT 2.0.

These results were achieved using a 64K chunk across either 3 or 4 drives (the numbers were close enough the difference doesn't matter), with a 1GB file system. I have heard that striping across three drives is faster than across four, but I didn't see that. Note: The FWB benchmark tests generally show smaller partitions as having better performance. The reason for this (I think) is that their random write tests have to move the disk heads less, thus reducing seek times. Sustained transfer rate, the number of interest in digital video capture, was the same regardless of partition size. I consider the effect of partition size to be an artifact of the benchmark and not a real factor in performance.

I was disappointed with the results as my "dream" was to get about 6.5MB/s through to the application. To do full-frame (640x480) full-motion (60 fields/sec) VHS quality video takes somewhere around 3MB/s if you have a reasonably clean signal. With a "great" signal, this could drop even further. Both my Sony EVO 9700 and camcorder have S-video in/out (S-video has the video signal split into two separate

signals "luminance" and "chrominance", plus separate lines for audio), so the signal is pretty good. (RGBS (Separate Red/Blue/Green/Sync) signals would be cleaner, but no consumer, and few "pro-sumer" equipment has them. RF connections (all audio and video signals combined onto one cable-typical for consumer gear) would be the worst and hence require more bandwidth for the same level of quality.

If I want S-VHS quality I'd need about 5.5MB/s. My goal of 6.5MB/s gives me a little extra so that if a random TCal hits, or the drive needs to retry an I/O, I should be able to survive it. I doubt if I will actually capture at 6.5--the difference between 5.5 and 6.5 is generally not visible, even to an experienced eye. Of course, if I'm digitizing images with a lot of detail, and hence do not compress well, that extra throughput would come in handy.

So, my 2.8MB/s was disappointing. I would have been satisfied if I had 3.5MB/s as then I could have done VHS+ quality and been happy enough, but with 2.5 that was not possible, and S-VHS quality was totally out of the question.

Now what? If you missed it, I chose the ATTO Silicon Express II card and Fast SCSI-2 drives. That was the mistake. Thinking that those drives could do 10MB/s I figured that, when striped and with an accelerator card, I wouldn't have too much problem meeting my 3.5MB/s minimums. I was wrong.

I went back to the folks I bought the drives from, Direct Connections, and they agreed to take back the drives and sell me four Fast/Wide Barracuda 4's. They gave me a 100% credit on everything I bought! It wound up costing a "few bucks" to make the switch (wide drives are more expensive), but it wasn't that bad. I had to do a little arm twisting there, but DC was *superb* when it came to handling this problem. Without any question, I can endorse people buying from them. (Tell Dave I said Hi).

Now for the accelerator card. I needed to swap the SE II for an SE IV. I went back to ProDirect, told them my sob story, etc. and they basically hung up on me. Even though they sold me a flaky card, they couldn't/wouldn't even attempt to deal with the problem, and most importantly, ATTO was willing to do just about anything to convince them they should do this (e.g. provide new packaging, certify the card was OK, etc) they wanted to have nothing to do with me. From a pure business standpoint I can't really blame them. After all, the card was five months old at this point (even though I only had a working system for about two weeks), from a customer satisfaction stand point, and from the standpoint of having nothing to lose (ATTO was willing to stand behind the

card), and I was going to buy the more expensive SE-IV, they didn't even want to consider it. More than the fact that they wouldn't help, it was their attitude that was bad, and for that reason, I have no intentions of going back to ProDirect again.

When Direct Connections shipped the four fast/wide Barracuda 4's, I also bought a Silicon Express IV card from them. That leaves me with a Silicon Express II to sell, so if anyone wants it, I currently have an SE-II that I'm looking to sell. A good card, just not what I needed.

Anyway, I put the system together and began running some tests.

Performance was *significantly* better (I should hope so!). Using Remus Limited RAID level 0 software and FWB BenchTest to measure performance, I achieve the following:

Configuration	Sustained Read	(MB/s) Sustained Write	(MB/s)
Single drive:	5.4	9.3	
Two drives:	8.4	13.3	
Three drives:	8.9	13.3	
Four drives:	9.4	13.2	
FWB (2 drives):	8.2	9.2	

All tests were done on a Q840AV running System 7.5, numerous INITs (I fill the bottom of the screen on startup), and four fast/wide Barracuda 4s (ST15150W). I chose to benchmarks with all INITs enabled as that would be my execution environment, rather than a minimal system (although I turn AppleTalk off, don't use a screensaver, etc). I prefer "real world"

scenarios. However, I ran a subset of the benchmarks with most INITs disabled (I still needed QuickTime, VVS, Remus and the like) and found that there was no significant difference in performance results (it was slightly faster without the INITs, but not by

enough to mean anything). This surprised me, but I'm not complaining. I haven't tested the performance with and without INITs with the VVS "find" command, but I would expect that there would be a slight hit.

Except for the last test, all drives were connected to an ATTO SiliconExpress IV card with V9 PAL and Version 1.4 firmware. The partitions were all 2GB logical partition and were the first partition on the disk (additional partitions are generally slower). The final number was using an FWB SCSI JackHammer card and FWBs RAID Toolkit software. Remus is supposed to work with the FWB card, but I could not get it to do so. As the FWB card was borrowed from a friend, I did not have the time to diagnose the problem. This test was done using two drives (the most the FWB software supports). Note: One strange problem was found with the FWB card: when that card was installed, my system would not boot from my standard startup disk. Instead, it always went to a backup system folder I keep on a different drive. Once the system was up I could manually mount the other partition. Strange.

Why is read performance so much less than write? I believe the answer has to do with both the ATTO hardware and Remus software, although I haven't looked into it enough to find out. My guess is that, between the two, they are simply buffering write requests and immediately returning control to the application prior to the write taking place, never mind actually completing. The result Is high (and fairly constant) write throughput).

The configuration I am using has four 4GB partitions striped across four drives. Using four drives has several advantages and disadvantages. As each drive has a 1MB cache, if I only access one partition at a time, I effectively quadruple my on-board disk cache. How much that is also helping read performance I cannot estimate, but the end result is the same. In addition, the large per-drive cache also helps in dealing with TCal--the drive controller can buffer data while the mechanism is unavailable during TCal. The downside is that with more drives there is a higher probability of failure. In addition, if I lose one drive I lose 16GB of data. For many, that could be enough reason to stay away from this configuration! On the other hand, for myself, I am not concerned about the loss. First, as I've said before, this is a hobby; the world will not end for me if I get set back a little. Second, I have two 8mm Exabyte tape drives on my system and do automated nightly backups with Retrospect. Even with a catastrophic failure, I won't lose much. I'm

a big believer in backups!

The Radius VideoVision Studio "find" command reports about 5.8MB/s (5.9 without audio) through to Premiere. Slightly less than my optimal 6.5, but more than the 5.5 I really needed for S-VHS quality. At this point, I'm happy and am capturing and editing full-motion, full-frame video and the fish are gorgeous!

Effect of partition size: as in the past, I see a significant difference in FWB's overall index of performance based on partition size. The larger the partition, the worse the rated performance. Again, I consider this to be an artifact of the benchmark test, not a true measure. Regardless, for digital video my interest is in sustained transfer rate. Even if the performance is worse with larger partitions, my measurements show no difference in sustained transfer rate as a function of partition size.

Effect of buffer cache: I am currently using System 7.5. Apple made some significant changes to their disk buffer cache algorithms in this release.

Previously, a larger buffer cache would not help performance and, especially for digital video, could hurt performance. I ran the same tests using buffer cache sizes of 32KB, 192KB, 1MB and 2MB and found no significant difference between them.

I've seen 17MB/s in ads, why aren't these numbers even close?: Several RAID vendors advertise about 17MB/s in their ads. They do so by using *two* SCSI accelerator cards. For most systems, using two SCSI channels doesn't buy you much. I've traded benchmark numbers with several people using Seagate Barracuda drives on 8100/80's (which has two SCSI

busses) and their performance is about the same as mine using a single bus. However, when using an 840AV (which has a very fast NuBus), dual SCSI channels can help-in fact, if the numbers are accurate, it looks like it helps to the tune of about 30% (and about \$1,0001).

That's the good news. The bad news is that these are not real-world benchmark numbers. My bet is that the NuBus and CPU are saturated at that point and not much else is going to

go on. Given that the goal of all that throughput is to capture and play back video, when another NuBus card like the VVS is also sitting on the bus, your actual throughput may go

This is because there is too much bus contention, and limited bus perormance. I recently had the opportunity to demonstrate this to an acquintance who had such a setup--to say the least, he was surprised that his very expensive RAID array was hurting rather than helping him! He pulled the second NuBus card and we started capturing video with fewer dropped frames and more throughput. This may be counter-intuitive until you realize that you these cards are using "more than their fair share" of a very limited resource. Note that using multiple SCSI accelerators will work a lot better when we have faster busses (e.g. PCI) and faster CPUs.

Acknowledgements and comments about vendors:

ATTO: ATTO was pretty amazing. I think those guys are triple jointed because they bent over backwards for me in more ways than I could count. They were there at every step of the way, doing everything possible to both make my system work and, more importantly, their attitude was right. When my SE-IV had some funny symptoms, they volunteered to have me just ship the entire system, on their nickel, to them and they would take a look at it from there. The comment from ATTO was "you've been at this too long with too many problems, let's fix it." These guys, and in particular, Mike Woltz in tech support, are champs.

Radius: Mike Jennings of Radius's digital video team, and one of the people who has been pulling *his* hair out over at Radius to make disk arrays work well in the digital video world and I have had numerous email exchanges on this topic. While I may be the owner of a VVS, his advice and comments on my efforts have gone well beyond what one would expect from an engineer at such a company. His comments on this document (he proofread several pre-releases) have also been invaluable. Indeed, the notes on throughput requirements for various video quality and signal conditions are mostly his.

Direct Connections: As I said previously, these folks have been very cooperative and willing to help. I haven't received, and didn't]the type of technical support I received from ATTO and Radius, but they have been great to work with. If you need peripherals, I heartily recommend them.

ProDirect: A good place to avoid. I'm sure many will reply saying how they had great experiences with ProDirect--that is always true, some people have good and some have bad experiences with vendors. My experiences were uniformly bad. When ATTO tried to help, they didn't return ATTOs phone calls. It seems to me this is a place to avoid.

Final note: What is described in this document is based on my own experiences. While I have received help from many corners, I have not stated anything that I have not directy experimented with and discovered myself. The errors are therefore exclusively my own. As I have done this work on my own time, with my own (or borrowed) hardware and software, this document does not represent opinions of, and is not endorsed by, my employer. I do not guarantee that you will have the same, or even similar results.

This has been an interesting exercise. I hope to expand upon it if and when additional hardware and software become available to me. If so, I will announce the results and, eventually, make this information available electronically.

Joseph Boykin
Principal Investigator
Distributed Computing Systems
GTE Laboratories, Inc.

First Vice-President IEEE Computer Society

Email: j.boykin@computer.org

--- End of forwarded mail from <gregg@hts.microunity.com> ("Gregg Kellogg")

Gregg Kellogg MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Drive, Sunnyvale, Ca 94089-1015 gregg@microunity.com

--- End of forwarded mail from <gregg@hts.microunity.com> ("Gregg Kellogg")

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 1:56 PM

To: Cc: 'Rich McCauley'
'fwo (Fred Obermeier)': 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)': 'geert (Geert Rosseel)': 'mudge (john

Subject:

mudge)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)' Re: VPP power pads in euterpe

Rich McCauley writes:

The requirement for these pads is that they share no common current with

the

>rest of the chip until tying into the PCB power plane. There is one >pad for each of the two PLLs which are to be separately bypassed with >beads/ inductor/capacitors on the board before being tied into the 3.3v >power

plane.

>Currently they are called out as 'vddep0 and vddep1' in the verilog for euterpe.

>They should be named in the verilog and texted in the layout with

something >consistent with verifying them as separate pads not connected to vdde >on

the

>chip. If the name 'vddep*' doesn't permit this due to some global combining

>of all signals starting with 'vdde', then this need to be changed. I believe

>that the analog pads on calliope were all labeled 'vpp*' at the top level.

>rich

Thanks Rich,

I've have run into vddep* for lvsing the 'small' euterpe and have a fix for that. Thanks for stopping by and helping out with the vpp pads.

Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100

"Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: Sent: Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com] Monday, March 27, 1995 4:29 PM

To: Cc: Subject: 'craig (Craig Hansen)'
'abbott'; 'graham'; 'h'; 'tbr'
Re: Latest TCI spec

>The "fan ban" in the specification is disturbing, but I don't think it >takes us out of the picture. There are at least three >mutually-inclusive ways to respond to the fan-ban in the TCI Digital >Terminal preliminary specification:

>1) [meet the stated intent of the specification]

> The fan-ban appears in a section which is concerned with the safety of heated surfaces in the physical packaging. Our chips have temperature sensing mechanisms that detect overtemperature and permit shutdown of the system, and which force shutdown at a certain point. This shutdown

> mechanism could be used to demonstrate that fan failure doesn't cause

any surface to get hotter than the specification.

>

The specification clearly states that the surface temperature limits of UL 1409, para 46 must be met with the "converter "on" and after temperature is stabilized". Thermal runaway, which would ensue after fan failure, is hardly a stable condition. Anyway, given the surface temperatures we measured with the fan operating, there is insufficient margin to maintain the UL limits during a fan failure prior to overtemperature shut-down.

How do you read that the stated intent of the specification is to meet UL safety limits, including the post-fan failure case, with the result of that failure being a unit shutdown?. The inference I drew from this spec is that in either normal or at worst sleep mode, the surface temperature limits must be met without a fan. We do not comply for either case with the current design, and I'd bet lots that TCI means functioning when they say "on" in this spec.

>2) [get the specification changed]

> In addition to the fan-ban, there are many other aspects of the >specification

> that depend upon GI specifications for functionality. This clearly suggests that GI has been exerting control on the specification, and to the extent possible, we should attempt to do so as well. Getting the

> fan-ban removed should be one of those attempts.

It does not address the cost of delivering and taking away the 220+ Watts. It looks like GI's design is about 4 times lower in power, from what I hear.

>3) [improve our design]

Our current design is only our first attempt, one for which the
 demonstation of functionality is paramount over issues of cooling,
 size, weight, appearance and cost. In all likelyhood, this box

> would be used in trial quantities, and volume shipments will

> employ improved designs. Future chip designs will provide

> for the lowering of power and cooling requirements.

> >Regards,

>Regards,

If size, weight, appearance and cost had been given a lower priority over demonstration of functionality, then we might have had a Hestia that had sufficient thermal margin to deal with the ~50% unit power increase we eventually experienced, as well as easier access to debug the circuits and lower acoustic noise. What we have now, I regret to say, is really the design for Euterpe at knob setting 4, which makes no sense given the mission of the unit.

I can not imagine demo'ing the unit to customers and not getting a lot of questions about noise, reliability, and how we plan to cost-reduce. I doubt that the small size will mitigate these concerns. Pandora seems to me a better demonstrator anyway, in that is is configurable and expandable.

The current Hestia product design, when it eventually functions, will really be more of a functional appearance model, and at the projected power levels, not suitable for any deployment, even trials (I keep hearing the word trials with respect to the current design). I'm repeating myself here, but it seems to be necessary.

-Tom

Tom Eich MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax tbe@microunity.com

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 5:49 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark

Hofmann)

Cc: Subject: 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'

notch filling in mnemo and euterpe

Hello.

The remaining notch drc errors in the mnemo and euterpe databases are from autogenerated tools. All custom notches have been filled. Thus I'd like to propose the following:

 add notch filling on a per chunk basis. This reduces the number of notch errors and in fact, for both mnemo and euterpe, this should eliminate all notches.

By running the notch filler on each chunk, vlsimm runs on a much

smaller dataset, and for chunks which have no violations, it runs very quick. In addition, since we know the data coming out of gards is 'on-grid', the step size for notch filling can be increased from 1 to 10 udrs, decreasing runtime by 10x.

- add notch filling before fracturing to catch any notchs created at chunk boundaries. I have not noticed any of these, so for mnemo and euterpe, I believe this will run in the time it takes to do the notch check, which is only a fwe hours.

We are very close to finished up both chips and if we could remove the notch false errors from the metals drc, I'd be very happy.

Thanks,

Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100 "Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 8:53 PM

To:

'agc'; 'billz'; 'brianl'; 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'ong'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler'; 'wingard';

'woody'

Cc: Subject: 'solo'; 'vanthof' Target edits

Hi.

I've edited the following 16 hand-generated leaf cells to move M1 targets which were falling under our M2 "comb" obstructions used to limit M2 length generated by the maze & rip-up routers during final routing. All 16 cells passed LVS after the changes were made.

```
ealnf36s9x4a.ly
scsof1.ly
serbiflop.ly
xcdecsw.ly
xcecl2cmos.ly
xcinvc.lv
xclatbc.ly
xcmux2.ly
xcmux3.ly
xcnand2c.ly
xcnand3c.ly
xcnand4c.lv
xcnrlatbc.lv
xcvffsw.ly
xcvrrsw.ly
xcweakc.ly
```

The cells have been checked in, locked down, and releasebom'ed. I will submit an update-chip to re-make /u/chip's version of the GARDS PDL files for these cells.

For the snapshot version, we'll need a getbom in proteus/compass/layouts, and a make in proteus/gards. I'll assume thr will take care of the snapshot updates. (Tim, you might want to check with Dave to make sure that picking up these changes doesn't invalidate currently-running LVS jobs -- if any of these cells are used in the "small" euterpe design currently undergoing LVS, the new layouts might cause shorts or opens with the original GARDS routing.)

If I've broken anything, please page me and I'll try to put things aright.

- Kurt

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Monday, March 27, 1995 11:54 PM

To: Cc: 'Kurt Wampler'

10; Kuit Wampie

'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'ong (Warren R

Ong)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'; 'solo (John Campbell)'

Subject:

Re: Target edits

Kurt Wampler writes:

```
> For the snapshot version, we'll need a getbom in 
>proteus/compass/layouts, and a make in proteus/gards. I'll assume tbr 
>will take care of the snapshot updates. (Tim, you might want to check 
>with Dave to make sure that picking up these changes doesn't invalidate 
>currently-running LVS jobs -- if any of these cells are used in the 
>"small" euterpe design currently undergoing LVS, the new layouts might 
>cause shorts or opens 
with 
>the original GARDS routing.) 
>
If I've broken anything, please page me and I'll try to put things 
aright. 
>
- Kurt
```

I have no current euterpe lvs/drc stuff running, only mnemo and the checks are beyond the point of interacting with the new cells in /u/chip.

thanks, Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100 "Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: Sent: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Monday, March 27, 1995 11:56 PM

To: 'To

'Tom Eich'

'abbott'; 'craig (Craig Hansen)'; 'graham'; 'h'

Subject: Re: Latest TCl spec

Tom Eich wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

I can not imagine demo'ing the unit to customers and not getting a lot of questions about noise, reliability, and how we plan to cost-reduce. I doubt that the small size will mitigate these concerns. Pandora seems to me a better demonstrator anyway, in that is is configurable and expandable. The current Hestia product design, when it eventually functions, will really be more of a functional appearance model, and at the projected power levels, not suitable for any deployment, even trials (I keep hearing the word trials with respect to the current design). I'm repeating myself here, but it seems to be necessary.

I think we have to consider the current point of comparison, at least in the minds of some of the people who have seen Hestia at board meetings, is the current Orlando trial, where I gather it was even necessary to design and deploy special furniture to accomodate the many components necessary to get demo functionality. Bear in mind among this was an SGI workstation, certainly something containing a fan. If we feel in bad shape with the degree of work we will need to do to get to a low cost fanless design, we're a lot further along than that system.

I think the reality is that real deployment of this kind of technology (from anyone) is a lot further out than the optimistic predictions of a year ago suggested. Mouss has made it clear that in the short term he's looking for opportunities which can make use of our existing chipset, either at the nominal power levels for products where fan cooling is acceptable, or at lower power levels where reduced performance is acceptable. Accordingly we have had most of our effort focussed on the final stages of completing these implementations. I for one feel it's vitally important we finish what we have and get real hardware into the hands of our applications developers as soon as possible. A serious power reduction redisign will be a major undertaking and while we have done enough to believe there is scope to find order a factor of 2 (and I realize this may not be enough), it would have been a mistake to have taken a reset and increased risk to attempt this before we have got out of the starting block.

To get more than the factor of 2, will I think involve rethinking the whole system not just employing circuit tricks. Curtis has already alluded to the possibility of employing more dedicated hardware (but which would still be integrated) to reduce the processing burden in Euterpe. This possibility should be on the table, as should a possible repartitioning of the analog and digital functions in Calliope once we have hard data on the performance of the analog and RF funtions in our process. We should combine this analysis with a serious analysis of cost reduction options, since clearly the two are very closely intertwined.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 12:23 AM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'bpw (B. P. Wong)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'vant'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Subject:

phi a/b flipped identified on Euterpe

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

Kurt and I had another look at the phi a/b flip this afternoon in the gtlb area. The problem turns out to be in the hookup of the gtlb to the phi a/b clock spars inside the cell crclkintll.ly- which is only used by the gtlb.

Kurt has just completed the edits to this cell. It has been locked down and released. Tim, could you do a getbom in the Euterpe snapshot area? Then Dave can launch another LVS and, if we're lucky and we haven't introduced a metal 4 short, we'll be able to re-verify without a new Gards re-route.

I assume what we need here is an update to the euterpe/proteus snapshot to get this layout, rather than the euterpe area itself. I'll fire it up now.

If this is clean, then when Kurt's patches to the XC cells are checked in we'll soon be in good shape to run a full chip Euterpe LVS (after we get a completed route that is).

What's the eta on release of these edits? It may be expedient to pick these up in the same build.

From: Sent: To: Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]
Tuesday, March 28, 1995 12:35 AM

Cc: Subject: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'
'abbott'; 'craig'; 'graham'; 'h'
Re: Latest TCI spec

Tim wrote:

>snip<

>I think we have to consider the current point of comparison, at least >in the minds of some of the people who have seen Hestia at board >meetings, is the current Orlando trial, where I gather it was even >necessary to design and deploy special furniture to accomodate the many >components necessary to get demo functionality. Bear in mind among >this was an SGI workstation, certainly something containing a fan. If >we feel in bad shape with the degree of work we will need to do to get >to a low cost fanless design, we're a lot further along than that >system.

That may not be the case for the product design. From my perspective, the issue boils down to dealing with a concentrated heat load vs. a distributed and lower heat load. Even the Indys that are the basis for the Orlando trial unit are ~100W, with the MIPs processor an order of magnitude lower than our current power dissipation. Assuming that the competitors keep using low power&density twisty little processors, they have a mechanical product design and probably a total cost advantage. Not to deny that we may have other unique advantages, but we must be clear on this disadvantage and its cost.

>snip<
I
>for one feel it's vitally important we finish what we have and get real
hardware into the hands of our applications developers as soon as
>possible. A serious power reduction redisign will be a major
>undertaking and while we have done enough to believe there is scope to
>find order a factor of 2 (and I realize this may not be enough), it
>would have been a mistake to have taken a reset and increased risk to
>attempt this before we have got out of the starting block.

Agreed, but don't we need to have a better defined plan for getting to the high volume solution that these applications would run on? Also, I still have doubts about whether we shouldn't have taken a reset on the thermal design, given where we are today. We could still reset, but only if the return is there to justify it. That is one issue we need to resolve when we consider producing any more Hestias beyond what we've purchased parts for at this time. Another is how much effort to put into stretching the RO's specs to meet the increased requirements.

>To get more than the factor of 2, will I think involve rethinking the >whole system not just employing circuit tricks. Curtis has already >alluded to the possibility of employing more dedicated hardware (but >which would still be integrated) to reduce the processing burden in >Euterpe. This possibility should be on the table, as should a possible >repartitioning of the analog and digital functions in Calliope once we >have hard data on the performance of the analog and RF funtions in our >process. We should combine this analysis with a serious analysis of >cost reduction options, since clearly the two are very closely >intertwined.

>Tim

Typically, along as some flexibility is maintained, the earlier these analyses and tradeoffs are made, the lower the cost of development and the shorter the time to market. Do you think that with Euterpe design almost completed we are close to the right time to begin work on this, or must we wait until Calliope and/or Euterpe are brought up to begin such tasks?

One

one example of an issue that hinges on the answer to this question is whether simply using lab supplies with Hestia may save some misplaced effort, if the final product uses a synchronous rectifier instead of a switcher.

-Tom

Tom Eich MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 (408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax tbe@microunity.com

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 12:42 AM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

'agc'; 'billz'; 'brianl'; 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'mws'; 'ong'; 'solo'; 'tom'; 'vanthof; 'vo';

'wampler': 'wingard': 'woody'

Subject: Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Target edits

Flag Status:

Red

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

Hi.

I've edited the following 16 hand-generated leaf cells to move M1 targets which were falling under our M2 "comb" obstructions used to limit M2 length generated by the maze & rip-up routers during final routing. All 16 cells passed LVS after the changes were made.

ealnf36s9x4a.ly scsof1.ly serbiflop.ly xcdecsw.ly xcecl2cmos.ly xcinvc.ly xclatbc.lv xcmux2.ly xcmux3.ly xcnand2c.ly xcnand3c.ly xcnand4c.ly xcnrlatbc.ly xcvffsw.ly xcvrrsw.ly xcweakc.ly

The cells have been checked in, locked down, and releasebom'ed. I will submit an update-chip to re-make /u/chip's version of the GARDS PDL files for these cells.

For the snapshot version, we'll need a getbom in proteus/compass/layouts, and a make in proteus/gards. I'll assume thr will take care of the snapshot updates. (Tim, you might want to check with Dave to make sure that picking up these changes doesn't invalidate currently-running LVS jobs -- if any of these cells are used in the "small" euterpe design currently undergoing LVS, the new layouts might cause shorts or opens with the original GARDS routing.)

Good point, but too late! The getbom has been running for some time now and has picked up these layouts. I was under the impression that we needed the update asap to correct another layout edit to correct the massive clock hook up mismatch.

If I've broken anything, please page me and I'll try to put things aright.

Will do!

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 12:42 AM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

'agc'; 'billz'; 'brianl'; 'dickson'; 'geert'; 'hopper', 'mws'; 'ong'; 'solo'; 'tom'; 'vanthof'; 'vo';

'wampler'; 'wingard'; 'woody'

Subject:

Target edits

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Will do!

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 12:47 AM

To:

'vanthof (vant)'

Cc:

'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'ong (Warren R.

Ong)'; 'solo (John Campbell)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)';

'Kurt Wampler': 'wingard (Drew Wingard)': 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject:

Re: Target edits

vant wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

I have no current euterpe lvs/drc stuff running, only mnemo and the checks are beyond the point of interacting with the new cells in /u/chip.

OK. I'll start the make as soon as the getbom completes. Hopefully it will be fast running. I'm not sure what needs to be remade in the euterpe area after the proteus update is done to pick up the clock fix. I think Tom will need to handle that.

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 1:15 AM

To:

'Tom Eich'

Cc:

'abbott': 'craig': 'graham': 'h'

Subject:

Re: Latest TCI spec

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Tom Eich wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

Agreed, but don't we need to have a better defined plan for getting to the high volume solution that these applications would run on? Also, I still have doubts about whether we shouldn't have taken a reset on the thermal design, given where we are today. We could still reset, but only if the return is there to justify it. That is one issue we need to resolve when we consider producing any more Hestias beyond what we've purchased parts for at this time. Another is how much effort to put into stretching the RO's specs to meet the increased requirements.

Agreed, but my reading of the current situation is that from Mouss's perspective, it's much more important we find a second channel for our technology (at current performance/power) than getting further into a single customer situation which is itself clouded with regulatory imponderables at this time. I think it's partly for this reason that mouss has backed off the urgency of the major redesign we clearly need.

As regards the RO, I was under the impression from noel, that we have mainly been investing time, not cash S in the RO improvements, since the arrangement with RO allows them to sell the module as a generic design to anyone, not just MU. This could be wrong information. If so, we should certainly be reconsidering if we should spend any more there.

- >To get more than the factor of 2, will I think involve rethinking the >whole system not just employing circuit tricks. Curtis has already
- >alluded to the possibility of employing more dedicated hardware (but
- >which would still be integrated) to reduce the processing burden in
- >Euterpe. This possibility should be on the table, as should a
- >possible repartitioning of the analog and digital functions in
- >Calliope once we have hard data on the performance of the analog and
- >RF funtions in our process. We should combine this analysis with
- >a serious analysis of cost reduction options, since clearly the two
- >are very closely intertwined.
- >Tim

Typically, along as some flexibility is maintained, the earlier these analyses and trade-offs are made, the lower the cost of development and the shorter the time to market. Do you think that with Euterpe design almost completed we are close to the right time to begin work on this, or must we wait until Calliope and/or Euterpe are brought up to begin such tasks? One example of an issue that hinges on the answer to this question is whether

simply using lab supplies with Hestia may save some misplaced effort, if

the final product uses a synchronous rectifier instead of a switcher.

We are close, and in fact I owe curtis some discussions on exactly this wrt Euterpe. However, I think for Calliope we have to have some real characterisation data on the process before we can determine if other analog/digital partitioning might make sense.

As far as synchronous recifiaction goes, would we expect this to materially affect the switching noise? As I understand it, this techique is really just a way of simulating rectifier diodes with essentially zero forward bias voltage. Doesn't the same basic switching still take place?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 1:16 AM

To: Cc: 'Tom Eich'

'abbott'; 'craig'; 'graham'; 'h'

Subject: Re: Latest TCI spec

Tom Eich wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

Agreed, but don't we need to have a better defined plan for getting to the high volume solution that these applications would run on? Also, I still have doubts about whether we shouldn't have taken a reset on the thermal design, given where we are today. We could still reset, but only if the return is there to justify it. That is one issue we need to resolve when we consider producing any more Hestias beyond what we've purchased parts for at this time. Another is how much effort to put into stretching the RO's specs to meet the increased requirements.

Agreed, but my reading of the current situation is that from Mouss's perspective, it's much more important we find a second channel for our technology (at current performance/power) than getting further into a single customer situation which is itself clouded with regulatory imponderables at this time. I think it's partly for this reason that mouss has backed off the urgency of the major redesign we clearly need.

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Tim

>Tim

thr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 1:33 AM

To:

'Tom Eich'

Subject:

Re: Latest TCI spec

Flag Status:

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Red

Tom Eich wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

Tim, one thing I wanted to mention that I've not discussed with you is that the lack of planning and product management wrt Hestia and its implications for ultimate success are not lost on the product-oriented engineers (hw or sw). To paraphrase an engineer (since departed) who has been exposed to the quite large and now solo SGI set-top effort, "they have better odds of having deployable hardware in 1 1/2 years than microunity, based on technical risk and total product design capability". This problem cannot be blamed on poor internal communications at MicroUnity, as some would have it.

I have to admit that I am probably as guilty as mouss in not taking into consideration the true scale of the work involved in getting something such as Hestia to real high volume. Mouss tends to oversimplify and consider the box as "just a package", which certainly does not do justice to the quality of the work you have done. My system level experience has all been with relatively modest volumes where it has been possible to wing it all too often.

One of the reasons I'm pushing (and I don't mean to push you, as you're understandably too busy and it's not your responsibility anyway -- Jack and ultimately Mouss is my target here) for a more fully realized plan of attack is for the sake of the product oriented engineers like you and me.

I feel I have not done as much as I should have, but I'm much happier dealing with the technical issues, and not good at the kind of wheeling and dealing that seems to be an essential part of getting a revolutionary product like this into a brand new market. As a result I have had almost no involvement in such discussions as there have been with the potential customers.

Until that goal is realized, I personally can't muster the motivation to spend the excessive effort that I did during the last 6 months of '94 on Hestia. Also, I know my limitations, being an ME, and can't honestly assume responsibility for this management requirement. So I guess there is a selfish motive at work here also, but I believe it coincides with several practical reasons for better planning and product management.

I understand.

Btw, any word on the Steve Manser offer status?

As far as I know an offer has been extended. I have no idea about how it was received.

ps: Craig really dismayed me with his lawyerly but illogical response on

the TCI fan ban issue. I thought he was historically unenthusiastic about the set-top box as an application for our technology(?) I suspect he's upset with me, as he brushed past me in the hall this afternoon, but I can't abide such nonsense.

Craig has always I think wanted to build mainstream "computer" type systems. I know he was one of the main opponents to cutting the FP functionality which was so necessary in my mind to have any shot at the set top application with Euterpe. However, that said, in some presentations I've participated in he has done a good job of rationalizing most of the decisions we did take. He has never been a believer in the ECL circuit technology we have been using.

I think in all this we should not lose sight of the fact that even if we had the perfoect product (per the TCI spec), it's far from clear if there is a real prospect of them being bought in volume in the near future. As I understand it, the big interest in the cable modem and the InterNet access services is happening for two reasons. First it's just not clear if the FCC will allow enough freedom for the cable companies to be able to raise the capital needed to deploy the technology. Second, it's not clear that the kinds of services previously envisions (eg near video on demand) will ever result in enough revenue to justify the enormous investment. In contrast at present the InterNet is completely unregulated, and growing at a CAGR that no-one can ignore (eg WWW activity increasing at > 25%/month (yes, per month!).

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 11:46 AM

To:

'vanthof (vant)'

Cc:

'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'Richard Dickson'; 'Geert Rosseel'; 'Mark Hofmann'; 'Mark Semmelmeyer'; 'Warren R. Ong'; 'John Campbell'; 'Tom

Laidig'; 'Tom Vo'; 'Kurt Wampler'; 'Kurt Wampler'; 'Drew Wingard'; 'Jay Tomlinson'

Subject:

Re: Target edits

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

vant wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

Kurt Wampler writes:

(

>For the snapshot version, we'll need a getbom in proteus/compass/layouts,

>and a make in proteus/gards. I'll assume thr will take care of the

>snapshot updates. (Tim, you might want to check with Dave to make sure

>that picking up these changes doesn't invalidate currently-running LVS

>jobs -- if any of these cells are used in the "small" euterpe design

>currently undergoing LVS, the new layouts might cause shorts or opens with

>the original GARDS routing.)

>

>If I've broken anything, please page me and I'll try to put things aright.

>

>- Kurt

>

I have no current euterpe lvs/drc stuff running, only mnemo and the checks are beyond the point of interacting with the new cells in /u/chip.

The snapshot update completed.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

'vanthof (vant)'

To: Cc: Tuesday, March 28, 1995 11:46 AM

'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'. 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'ong (Warren R. Ong)'; 'solo (John Campbell)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)';

'Kurt Wampler'; 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

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>- Kurt

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The snapshot update completed.

thr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 12:15 PM

To:

'tbe (Tom Eich)'

Subject:

Re: Latest TCI spec

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Tom Eich wrote (on Tue Mar 28):

Thanks for your reply. I hope Jack can wade through this thread and still be willing to pick up the product definition mantle.

Thing about cable modems that worries me is that historically modems have always quickly become commodities with each successive technology step (V34 is now <\$80!). The market seems like it would be even less tolerant of the competitive disadvantage of our approach than the set-top, but as you point out, it is growing like a weed, and 64QAM is a more rarified level than what's come before. If it does become commoditized, we won't likely find much profit there.

I absolutely share these concerns, and I think I am actually in mouss's bad books right now for vociferously stating that position at a recent meeting!

The other complaint I've heard from mainly sw types is with respect to adopting our current architecture to cable modems by spreading the QAM sw over the 5 threads, with each thread perhaps at 40-some MHz. Probably do-able (per Larry Yamano), but extremely suboptimal. If this product really gathers steam, can the architecture be modified to tailor it to the specific requirements?

I think we'd have to and I think the action is with us hardware folks and tony right now to figure out what the right combination of microarchitecture and technology is for various possible product points. Ther is a lot of flexibility at the micro-architecture level with very little impact at the architectural level. For exmple, I know tony thinks there would be real potential in a single threaded 100MHz design for embedded applications. We need to get the current Euterpe off our backs so we can put serious thought into this!

vo (Tom Vo)

Sent:

To: Cc:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 12:47 PM

'Tim B. Robinson'

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'ong (Warren R. Ong)'; 'solo (John Campbell)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'wampler@microunity.com'; 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'woody (Jay

Tomlinson)'

Re: Target edits Subject:

```
Tim B. Robinson wrote ....
```

>vant wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

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I know of no clock fix in the euterpe area . The VDD/VSS short found several days ago by the mnemo SHORT test was due to operator's error -- the build was not done in the correct sequence .

tvo

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 2:38 PM

To: Cc: 'geert'

Subject:

'brianl'; 'hopper'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler'

Pin permutation of XBOR & XCNAND D-inputs

Ηi,

Under the category "pulling out all the stops" we would like to incorporate the following extras into the general place/route strategy:

 Add permutability properties to the D-inputs of all XBOR and XCNAND family gates. This can be done in topt or emerge by inserting the following code into the "emerge.tab" or "power.tab" files.

Add permutability attributes to XBOR... and XCNAND... D-input pins addportproperty xbor.* d.* EQ_CLASS PERMUTE addportproperty xcnand.* d.* EQ_CLASS PERMUTE

Is /u/chip/proteus/misc/emerge.tab the right place to insert this code?

2) Ask GPLACE to try harder with its component flipping optimization, and ask it to perform pin permutation at exit time. This would change our standard gplace.nic incantation to: (" | " indicates changed lines)

readpif {design}.pif; ok
makeauto use; ok
iparam sweeps 0;
| iparam iterations 5;
iparam algorithm hper_netlength;
improve use; ok
writenof {design}.nof; use; ok
exitswapsave
exitnosave

Is it appropriate to make this change in both of these places? /u/chip/proteus/Makefile.rules /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/Makefile.vo

Kurt

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 2:41 PM

To:

'vo (Tom Vo)'

Cc:

'agc (Alan Corry)'; 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'; 'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'geert

(Geert Rosseel)': 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'mws (Mark Semmelmeyer)'; 'ong (Warren R. Ong); 'solo (John Campbell)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'wampler@microunity.com'; 'wingard (Drew Wingard)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Re: Target edits Subject:

Tom Vo wrote (on Tue Mar 28):

Tim B. Robinson wrote

>vant wrote (on Mon Mar 27):

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I think that was fully understood. Some cell inthe gtlb was getting hooked to the SOFA clock backwards.

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Tuesday, March 28, 1995 2:51 PM

To: 'vo (Tom Vo)'

Cc: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: Re: Target edits

Tim B. Robinson writes:

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I think that was fully understood. Some cell inthe gtlb was getting hooked to the SOFA clock backwards.

Hi Tom.

Oops. Sorry I left you off the mail on this one. Here's what we found:

>From hopper Mon Mar 27 15:24:39 1995 Subject: phi a/b flipped identified on Euterpe To: geert (Geert Rosseel) Date: Mon, 27 Mar 95 15:24:39 GMT Cc: bpw (B. P. Wong), wampler (Kurt Wampler), tbr (Tim B. Robinson), vant X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.3 PL11]

Kurt and I had another look at the phi a/b flip this afternoon in the gtlb area. The problem turns out to be in the hookup of the gtlb to the phi a/b clock spars inside the cell crclkint I l.ly- which is only used by the gtlb.

Kurt has just completed the edits to this cell. It has been locked down and released. Tim, could you do a getbom in the Euterpe snapshot area? Then Dave can launch another LVS and, if we're lucky and we haven't introduced a metal 4 short, we'll be able to re-verify without a new Gards re-route.

If this is clean, then when Kurt's patches to the XC cells are checked in we'll soon be in good shape to run a full chip Euterpe LVS (after we get a completed route that is).

-thanks,

thr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 3:13 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

Cc:

'brianl'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler'

Subject:

Pin permutation of XBOR & XCNAND D-inputs

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Completed

Kurt Wampler wrote (on Tue Mar 28):

Hi.

Under the category "pulling out all the stops" we would like to incorporate the following extras into the general place/route strategy:

1) Add permutability properties to the D-inputs of all XBOR and XCNAND family gates. This can be done in topt or emerge by inserting the following code into the "emerge.tab" or "power.tab" files.

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Is /u/chip/proteus/misc/emerge,tab the right place to insert this code?

As far as I am aware all the relevant rules int he standard flow ultimately derive their emerg tab files from this one. So, I'd say yes this is the right place.

2) Ask GPLACE to try harder with its component flipping optimization, and ask it to perform pin permutation at exit time. This would change our standard gplace.nic incantation to: ("|" indicates changed lines)

readpif {design}.pif; ok makeauto use; ok iparam sweeps 0: | iparam iterations 5; iparam algorithm hper netlength: improve use; ok writenof {design}.nof; use; ok | exitswapsave exitnosave

Is it appropriate to make this change in both of these places? /u/chip/proteus/Makefile.rules /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/Makefile.vo

If we are going to make these changes as standard in proteus (and we probably should), then you should also check the mnemo Makefiles for additional places.

From: Sent:

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

To:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 3:13 PM

Cc: Subject: 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'

'brianl'; 'geert'; 'hopper'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler' Pin permutation of XBOR & XCNAND D-inputs

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vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 4:25 PM

To:

'wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Cc:

'brianl (Brian Lee)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'vo

(Tom Vo)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject:

Pin permutation of XBOR & XCNAND D-inputs

Нi,

This was forwarded on to me and I hope I understand what is going to tried, and if I don't then, please ignore me. There is a nasty problem which will occur if permutability is implemented:

LVS won't work.

The first thing dracula does is flatten the netlist into discrete transistors and then use that to verify against the layout. If pins are permuted, the netlist no longer matches the layout.

ISS does handle permutability, but ISS does not like the baseplate methodology and we have not built up the necessary hierarchy information for ISS on any of the chips. To use ISS requires changes to the existing hierarchy.

We could 'in theory' extract what has been permuted and feed that back into the netlist, however, we are now changing the original input netlist to match the layout and that could hide potential problems. The VII/VRR lines are currently done in this fashion, but those connection changes don't directly impact logical connectivity.

We must really really really want to do this, and if we do, we must have an workable solution to the netlist munging.

Thanks,

```
Dave
```

```
>Kurt Wampler writes:
   Hi.
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pins
                                d.* EQ CLASS PERMUTE
       addportproperty xbor.*
>
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```
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         /u/chip/proteus/Makefile.rules
         /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/Makefile.vo
       - Kurt
Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA
vanthof@microunity.com
                          1 408 734-8100
"Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"
```

tbr

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 4:28 PM

To:

'geert'

Cc:

'tom'

Subject:

obsolete repository

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Completed

ghidra:/s3/euterpe/verilog/bsrc

had pointers to the obsolete repository name. I ran toms fix-rep script to update it for /p/cvsroot.

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Tuesday, March 28, 1995 8:01 PM

To:

'geert'

Cc:

'brianl'; 'hopper'; 'tbr'; 'tom'; 'vo'; 'wampler'

Subject:

Re: Pin permutation of XBOR & XCNAND D-inputs

For the 5PM disturbance, I've releasedbom'ed the following files to implement pin permutation on xbor & xcnand gates, and to increase the iteration count for component flip optimization to a maximum of 5 passes:

proteus/misc/emerge.tab
proteus/Makefile.rules
euterpe/verilog/bsrc/Makefile.vo
mnemo/verilog/src/Makefile.vo

If I made any fatal typo's or otherwise broke things please let me know & I'll attempt to correct.

- Kurt

thr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 12:06 AM

To:

'Tom Laidig (tau)'

Cc:

'tau@rhea'

Subject:

Re: pager log message

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

tau wrote (on Tue Mar 28):

Tim B. Robinson writes:

page from thr to tom: |Help! /u/chip 100% full, thr

Sorry, I was at a restaurant. I'm now moving /u/chip/hephaestus and /u/chip/orchis to /n/rama/s10 to clear some space for the immediate term

Do you know what was building when the disk filled? I've been watching the free space on that disk for a while, and although it was low, there had been a pretty steady 35Meg free... obviously not a big enough margin.

No. I have stuff running in the euterpe snapshot, but that should not be putting anything /u/chip. I discovered it really 100% full when I could not write out the .cshrc.interactive from the editor! I found an 8MB core file to remove, which let me write it out, but it filled up again pretty quickly.

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 1:18 AM

To:

'wampler'

Subject:

another gplace funny

I Ollow op 1 ie

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

I just had this happen (nosferatu):

GPLACE Version 7.1.26 of September 9, 1994

No component hierarchy found; select by hierarchy disabled.

Loading components...

Loading nets...

Loading logical types...

Processing physical types...

Loading cell_types...
Creating net-comp xref table...

Ran out of memory.gmake[2]: *** [gards/es-pass2.gplace.lis] Error 1

gmake[2]: Leaving directory 'N/auspex3/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es'

gmake[1]: *** [es-base.short.nets] Error 1

gmake[1]: Leaving directory '/N/auspex3/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es'

gmake: *** [esgards] Error 1

^C[1] + Exit 1 gmake esgards >> & makerrs

chip@nosferatu /N/auspex3/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es 27 % pstat -s 123988k allocated + 10600k reserved = 134588k used, 1570328k available

Doesn't look like a swap space problem. I'll restart it and see if it repeats.

From: wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 1:44 AM Sent:

To: 'tbr'

Subject: Re: another gplace funny

>I just had this happen (nosferatu):

> GPLACE Version 7.1.26 of September 9, 1994

>Ran out of memory.gmake[2]: *** [gards/es-pass2.gplace.lis] Error 1

>chip@nosferatu /N/auspex3/s41/euterpe-snapshot/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es 27 % pstat -s >123988k allocated + 10600k reserved = 134588k used, 1570328k available

>Doesn't look like a swap space problem. I'll restart it and see if it >repeats.

Looks like it got past gplace this time. Very strange. Surveying the gplace binary, I find dozens of "Ran out of memory" strings in it; apparently there are many ways it can run out of memory(!) Was the failure earlier today also on nosferatu? I suppose there could have been a transient process (or some big job that was just finishing up) that had most of memory & swapspace tied up, and then relinquished it just after gplace crashed.

Anyway, I don't see any other obvious clues upon first examination. Perhaps rebooting nosferatu would be worth a try.

- Kurt

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 7:10 AM

To: 'vant'

Cc: 'hopper@microunity.com'; 'ken@microunity.com'; 'tom (Tom Laidig)'; 'Kurt Wampler'; 'sysadm';

'Guillermo A. Loyola'

Subject: Re: trex status

vant writes:

I'm sort of waiting for trex to become stable, as I have jobs which take multiple days. Is it possible to move that upgrade for trex to today so trex can be used?

Ken,

As Gmo suggests, perhaps we ought to hold off on the 5.3 upgrade on Trex. So, let's apply the patches as you propose.

Since this is a critical tapeout machine, can you coordinate with Dave on the scheduled downtime?

-thanks, hopper From: tom (Tom Laidig (tau))

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 8:58 AM

To: 'Tom Laidig (tau)'

Cc: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject: Re: pager log message

Tom Laidig (tau) writes:

Do you know what was building when the disk filled? I've been watching the free space on that disk for a while, and although it was low, there had been a pretty steady 35Meg free... obviously not a big enough margin.

I found it:

-clio:tom-> ll /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core 32224 -rw-r--r- l chip cad 32980992 Mar 28 16:46 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core -clio:tom-> file /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core: core file from 'topt'

Dave, is there any useful info to be gleaned from the core file (which may be an incomplete file, for that matter), or should we just nuke it?

,_

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 9:42 AM

To:

'tom (Tom Laidig (tau)'

Cc:

'vanthof

Subject:

Re: pager log message

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

tau wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

Tom Laidig (tau) writes:

Do you know what was building when the disk filled? I've been watching the free space on that disk for a while, and although it was low, there had been a pretty steady 35Meg free... obviously not a big enough margin.

I found it:

-clio:tom-> ll /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core 32224 -rw-r--r- 1 chip cad 32280992 Mar 28 16:46 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core -clio:tom-> file /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core: core file from 'topt'

Dave, is there any useful info to be gleaned from the core file (which may be an incomplete file, for that matter), or should we just nuke it?

Interesting, because overnight I have built nb in the snapshot area from this same BOM with no prroblem.

BTW, there is something about the mail header (I think the doubly nested parens) which means that when I try to reply wit 'F' in VM, the cc list gets dropped. I only ever seem to have this problem with mail from you, and then only sometimes!

From: vanthof (vant)

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 9:44 AM

To: 'Tom Laidig (tau)'

'tom@microunity.com'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)' Cc:

Subject: Re: pager log message

Tom Laidig (tau) writes:

>Tom Laidig (tau) writes:

> Do you know what was building when the disk filled? I've been watching > the free space on that disk for a while, and although it was low, there

>|had been a pretty steady 35Meg free... obviously not a big enough margin.

>I found it:

> -clio:tom-> Il /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core

32224 -rw-r--r-- 1 chip cad 32980992 Mar 28 16:46 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core

-clio:tom-> file /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core

/u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core: core file from 'topt'

>Dave, is there any useful info to be gleaned from the core file (which >may be an incomplete file, for that matter), or should we just nuke it?

Well, I tried to gdb the core file with the topt binary and it apparently died when trying to flatten the netlist. I've gotten enough information to run some tests and sure enough, it is getting a segv in the flatten routine of nb.edif. Something has changed somewhere in the edif netlist format and topt doesn't like it.

So, sure go ahead and blow it away.

Thanks. Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100 "Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: vanthof (vant)

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 9:46 AM

To: 'Tom Laidig (tau)'

Cc: 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject: Re: pager log message

```
Tom Laidig (tau) writes:

>Tom Laidig (tau) writes:

| Do you know what was building when the disk filled? I've been watching
| the free space on that disk for a while, and although it was low, there
| had been a pretty steady 35Meg free... obviously not a big enough margin.

> I found it:
> -clio:tom-> || /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core
> 32224 -rw-r--- 1 chip cad 32980992 Mar 28 16:46 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core
```

> -clio:tom-> file /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core

/u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/nb/core: core file from 'topt'

>Dave, is there any useful info to be gleaned from the core file (which >may be an incomplete file, for that matter), or should we just nuke it?

Sheesh, This day is starting out crazy for me already... The gdb died alright, but because of a silly mistake on my part. The flattening works, so I'm confused about this one... rerunning the job with enough space might fix it?

Thanks

Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100

"Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 10:20 AM

To: 'tbr' Subject: Re: dr

I have BOM 67.0 (from top level 266.0), and it ran for 10 iterations without converging, and then gave up. Are you expecting it to converge?

Well, let's see. *My* dr gards run converged in 7 iterations. However, I don't believe I've gotten it to converge in /u/chip using the .checkoutre script recently. Metal 3 routing is very tight, and I've noticed great variations in the number of iterations to converge and the number of unrouted nets due to perhaps small cell changes (I alternately point my euterpe/proteus at /u/chip/proteus or the snapshot, at the moment /u/chip/proteus) or routing order of the nets.

So, yes I expect it to converge; but, no, I'm not surprised it doesn't. Let me know how I can be of assistance. Regards, billz

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 10:28 AM

To:

'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'

Subject:

Re: dr

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Bill Zuravleff wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

I have BOM 67.0 (from top level 266.0), and it ran for 10 iterations without converging, and then gave up. Are you expecting it to converge?

Well, let's see. *My* dr gards run converged in 7 iterations. However, I don't believe I've gotten it to converge in /u/chip using the .checkoutrc script recently. Metal 3 routing is very tight, and I've noticed great variations in the number of iterations to converge and the number of unrouted nets due to perhaps small cell changes (I alternately point my euterpe/proteus at /u/chip/proteus or the snapshot, at the moment /u/chip/proteus) or routing order of the nets.

So, yes I expect it to converge; but, no, I'm not surprised it doesn't. Let me know how I can be of assistance.

Please look at the -iter results in the s41 snapshot area and see how it looks, and how many paths have failed to make it. As it was iterating I noticed is started out very ragged at the top and there has obviously been a lot of pifpacking going on which I would expect to slow down the convergence.

woody (Jay Tomlinson) From: Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 11:01 AM To: 'svsadm' 'tom' Cc: Subject: /u/chip space problem? Any idea what happened here? This was running on gamorra. woody ----- Start of forwarded message -----<snip snip> /n/auspex/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin: 12 [opCmpltn] /n/auspex/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 5 pim rows produced gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass1.strength] Bus error (core dumped) gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass1.strength] Deleting file 'gards/lt-pass1.topt.log' gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass1.strength] Deleting file 'gards/lt-pass1.stat' gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass1.strength] Deleting file 'gards/lt-pass1.sdl' gmake[1]: *** [lt-base.short.nets] Error 1 gmake: *** [ltgards] Error 1

<snip snip>

----- End of forwarded message -----

From: tom (Tom Laidig [tau])

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 11:08 AM

To:

'Jay Tomlinson'

Cc:

'sysadm'; 'tau'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject: Re: /u/chip space problem?

```
Jay Tomlinson writes:
```

Any idea what happened here? This was running on gamorra.

woody

I----- Start of forwarded message -----

<snip snip>

/n/auspex/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: Maximum output plane fanin: 12 [opCmpltn]

/n/auspex/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/bin/planet: 5 pim rows produced

|gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass | strength] Bus error (core dumped)

|gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass1.strength] Deleting file 'gards/lt-pass1.topt.log'

|gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass1.strength] Deleting file 'gards/lt-pass1.stat'

|gmake[2]: *** [gards/lt-pass1.strength] Deleting file 'gards/lt-pass1.sdl'

|gmake[1]: *** [lt-base.short.nets] Error 1

gmake: *** [Itgards] Error 1

<snip snip> ----- End of forwarded message -----

Well, I think this is pretty much what caused yesterday's space crunch, but your error wasn't caused by running out of disk space I think.

-clio:tom-> ll /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core

34861488 Mar 29 07:55 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core 26064 -rw-r--r-- 1 chip cad

-clio:tom-> file /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core

/u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core: core file from 'topt'

-clio:tom->

There's still 28Meg left on that device (enough for one more core file, perhaps :-).

Dave, do you want to delete the core file as soon as there's no useful info to be gleaned (which is maybe now)?

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 11:19 AM

To:

'Tom Laidig [tau]'

Cc:

'woody@microunity.com'; 'sysadm'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject: Re: /u/chip space problem?

Tom Laidig [tau] writes:

```
>
Well, I think this is pretty much what caused yesterday's space crunch,
>but your error wasn't caused by running out of disk space I think.
>
-clio:tom-> 11 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core
> 26064 -rw-r--r- 1 chip cad 34861488 Mar 29 07:55 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core
```

-clio:tom-> file /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core
 /u/chip/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/lt/core: core file from 'topt'

> -clio:tom->

>

>There's still 28Meg left on that device (enough for one more core file, >perhaps :-).

This core file can be deleted.

I'm very confused. We had several jobs die last night from 'bus errors' in topt. The binary hasn't changed, and when I run them this morning, I'm not seeing the errors.

This will take some more debugging work...

Thanks.

Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100

"Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: vanthof (vant)

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 12:23 PM

To: 'Tom Laidig [tau]'

Cc: 'dickson (Richard Dickson)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'Kurt Wampler'; 'tau';

'Mark Hofmann'

Subject: Re: releases in euterpe/verilog/bsrc...

Tom Laidig [tau] writes:

>I strongly doubt that the releases of ctioi, ctiod, hc, and es now in >the chipq will work. It seems that, since yesterday afternoon (since >the addition of some stuff in proteus/misc/emerge.tab to enable pin >permuating?), topt is reliably core-dumping in /u/chip. This is >unfortunate, since the second such core dump fills the disk to 100%. >I've been trying to keep up with deleting the core files, but that's >not very reliable.

>I recommend killing the released jobs (chipq -k 414[6789]) before this >happens.

>And we gotta get this to stop core-dumping...

I'm actively working on it...

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089 vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100 "Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Wednesday, March 29, 1995 12:25 PM 'Potatoe Chip'

To:

Subject: pager log message

page from chip to geert:

Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es BOM 82.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Wed Mar 29 09:25:22 PST 1995 with exit status 1.. chip

vo (Tom Vo) From:

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 12:57 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: 'ken (Ken Hsieh)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Subject: Re: need more space on auspex

Tim B. Robinson wrote

>

>Tom, how much more would you like? I see 194MB there now, and about

>110MB taken up by two packages (tma and tma.old) which should not be >sharing the same partition as users. Ken, can you check if one of

>these is obsolete and move what's not to a packages only partition?

Yesterday, that disk got full a couple of times. I think whoever did it cleared enough to free 194MB. Usually there isn't much space availble. I must have gotten 100+ messages from ericm asking me to clean up even though I use only 80MB of space.

According to agc, who kept his sources on the auspex, and GARDS results on the scratch disk, 400MB is about the minimum he can tolerate for the 3 designs that he checked out (mnemo, calliope, mnemosyne).

If I extrapolate to the 4 designs I have (mnemo, calliope, euterpe, cronus) I would say at 600M is about the minimum for me. I don't keep as many verilog dump files around but I do have all the baseplate/layout stuffs

tvo

From: billz (Bill Zuravleff)

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 1:25 PM

To: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Subject: Re: dr doesn't converge

Tim,

Re: dr doesn't converge

I can't account for the differences in my run versus the run in .../s41/euterpe-snapshot/... but for that run, there are several nets in the lowest quadrant which don't route because all of the veritical routing resources have been used up. A way to fix this might be to introduce a column of spacer cells which keep the real cells further apart and create more, local veritical routing resources. Do you suggest I try this?

billz

dickson (Richard Dickson)

Sent:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 3:03 PM

To: Subject: 'geert'

rich_euterpe

geert,

i was just looking at my toplevel route and still see a couple of problems. i moved the sumation logic to the lower side of es whwere there was some extra space. it caused a couple of unroutes in that area. does my makefile target wire the longest nets first as in your jobs ???

also i noticed mc data path is not pitched matched exactly. for a while we were pifpacking this one alot and gates have wandered out of the bit pitch.

dickson

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 5:01 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'

Subject: Re: verilog?- last chance...

Tim B. Robinson writes:

Sorry, mark, kept meaning to respond on this one. We are going through a peak right now, which I think will drop off shortly once Euterpe is finally behind us. Is there a logfile anywhere that shows the usage? I know lisar has failed to get a license a few times, but usage is peaky. If we are near the limint much of the time during the day, we should do it, if we typically have a couple of spares and only hit the limit occasionally I'd hold off. \$35K is a lot, and the downside is really only the delta discount.

```
Okav.
Here's what I come up with from the log file:
3/24 17:16:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:31:05 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:33:49 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:33:53 (cdslmd) DENIED; VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:33:58 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:34:07 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:34:25 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:34:58 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:37:52 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:37:55 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:38:00 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:38:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:38:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ares(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:38:11 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:38:18 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:38:28 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:38:39 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@narcissus(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:39:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:39:05 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v2.000 by veena@godzilla(192.216.192.204:0.0)
3/24 17:42:07 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v2.000 by deepak@nosferatu(hard034:0.0)
3/24 17:42:18 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:42:36 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:43:47 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v2.000 by deepak@nosferatu(hard034:0.0)
3/24 17:45:08 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:45:11 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:45:16 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:45:26 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:45:43 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:46:11 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:49:20 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:49:24 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:49:30 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:49:33 (cdslmd) DENIED; VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:49:40 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:49:57 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
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3/24 17:53:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)

```
3/24 17:53:03 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ares(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:53:25 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:53:28 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:53:34 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:53:41 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@narcissus(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:53:43 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:53:48 (cdsimd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:53:54 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:54:00 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:54:09 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v2.000 by veena@godzilla(192.216.192.204:0.0)
3/24 17:54:34 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 17:55:12 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 18:06:12 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 18:06:42 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 18:07:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 18:07:04 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/24 18:07:10 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:05:59 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:15:39 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:15:41 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@narcissus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:15:57 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:16:30 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ares(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:16:45 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:16:46 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:18:31 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:18:34 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:18:40 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:18:49 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:18:57 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@merope(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:19:06 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:19:37 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:19:40 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:19:41 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:19:46 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:19:56 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:20:13 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:20:45 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:20:47 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:21:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:21:01 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:21:03 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 10:21:52 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 13:00:22 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@frodo(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 13:02:59 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 13:06:15 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 13:06:33 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@kephalos(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 13:06:34 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 13:06:44 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@mercury(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 13:07:21 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@ambiorix(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 15:03:49 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 15:34:03 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/27 15:51:50 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
3/28 10:43:10 (cdslmd) DENIED; VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pelorus(pelagon:0.0)
3/28 13:35:25 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/28 15:05:42 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@polyhymnia(pelagon:0.0)
3/28 15:05:42 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@hera(pelagon:0.0)
3/28 15:11:13 (cdslmd) DENIED: VERILOG-XL v1.700 by fwo@pegasus(pelagon:0.0)
```

This was in the last 5 days.

Mostly this was Fred trying to run Celltest.

I would say it's peaky. and we're talking about <\$2000 (5% of \$35k)

-hopper

Page 571 of 643

From: Sent: Curtis Abbott [abbott@microunity.com] Wednesday, March 29, 1995 5:04 PM

To: Cc: 'tony'

Craig Hansen: 'Graham Y. Mostvn': John Moussouris

Subject: FW: Thanks and Questions

"tony" wrote (on Mar 29):

>>>>CURTIS

I understand you are developing an OS and a compiler for your media processor (MP). What is your OS like? You also said that you have developed a microkernel OS to run UNIX on your MP. You also mentioned that Windows NT is being ported on to MP. In these cases, what kind of performance do you expect to get out of your MP running UNIX or NT?

We are currently working on 2 separate OS's for our mediaprocessor: a real-time microkernel intended to support certain kinds of small-memory applications, and an OSF port intended to support applications with larger memory, less cost sensitivity, and more reliance on traditional and/or pre-existing software. In understanding these, it is important to know that our mediaprocessor implementation is a 5-way multiprocessor sharing a memory system -- a single datapath in which 5 instruction streams execute in round robin, each with separate registers, and communicating through the memory system and with the support of multiprocessor synchronization instructions.

The OSF port will be most appropriate for products containing Mnemosyne DRAM and PCI controllers. We plan to modify the existing multiprocessor support in OSF to work with the shared memory model of our chip implementation.

The microkernel is best suited to running a single application at a time, though it is capable of running more than one. It is designed to provide i/o support through device drivers, support for organizing computation through software threads of control, and support for minimally trusted applications through its use of the TLB and protected gateway features of the architecture. (Note that trust in this sense applies to potential maliciousness but perhaps even more importantly to poorly debugged code. The ability to develop code in a controlled, protected environment is a time-to-market enhancer that has been little appreciated in embedded systems, or even PC/Mac software.)

Generally speaking, the microkernel is designed to provide the kinds of support enumerated above but to stay out of the way as much as possible while doing so. For example, memory protection is arranged so that page mappings need never be changed (for to do so would decrease predictability and make real-time programming harder). Also, the user-level interface to device drivers is through shared buffers; Unix-style i/o requires either an extra memory-to-memory copy or else page mapping.

As to Windows NT, no port is currently underway, though negotiations are in progress.

Performance under Unix or NT will be a fairly sensitive function of the kind of applications run under them and their disposition in the physical memory space. One interesting scenario would be to run Unix or NT applications in a single one of the multiprocessors and to run specialized, real-time media code in the others. The Euterpe design allows this to be done for many applications without memory system interference.

I assume MPEG1 and MPEG2 decoding can be done realtime on your MP. Thus,

this MP can be used for the ATV (U.S. all digfgital version of HDTV) set? Can MPEG1 and MPEG2 encoding also be done realtime?

We have focused intensely on MPEG2 MPML decoding. MPEG1 CIF decoding is a subset, which we can do easily. HDTV decoding is probably within our grasp, but we need to investigate memory bandwidths, worst-case use of B frames by the encoder, etc. We have not actually reduced MPEG encoding to practice. We have developed and evaluated a surprisingly fast

motion estimation algorithm, equivalent to exhaustive search. This makes us think broadcast quality MPEG2 encoding is an objective worth trying for.

Is your MP also suited for 3D CG rendering, etc? Can it be used as a virtual reality engine?

The microkernel incorporates a 2D 24-bit color graphics package with anti-aliased text and various other features. We have not seriously investigated 3D algorithms yet. Based on preliminary studies, the instruction set appears very suitable for rendering algorithms. Given that there is no floating point, it is somewhat less suitable for the geometry calculations that preface the rendering operations, but these are usually fewer in number anyway.

doi (Derek Iverson)

Sent: To:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 6:53 PM 'iimura'; 'gmo'; 'guarino'; 'jeffm'; 'gregg'

Cc:

'hestia'

Subject:

Software Bringup Meeting Minutes - March 29, 1995

Software Bringup Meeting March 29, 1995

Next Meeting:

April 5 at 10:00 am.

Attendees: guarino, gmo, jeffm, doi, gregg

New Action Items

Item: Is smux aliased to smas?

Who: jeffm

Status: New

Item: Modify tests in diag tree to use tcc instead of tgcc

Who: guarino, jeffm, doi

Status: New

03/29 Loretta has changed the diag tests to use tcc instead of tgcc but has not checked in the changes.

Lisar wants these changes to be made after we are able to

run the tests successfully using tgcc.

Review of Action Items

Item: Can a single cylinder (in an exception `loop') lock out other

cylinders? Wĥo: jeffm

Status: Done.

03/08 Jeff needs to talk with mws.

03/18 No progress.

03/22 Jeff is going to add a note to verify.html mentioning that we need to investigate the behaviour of a bback/exception to see if can cause other cylinders to be locked out.

03/29 No progress.

Item: Tests need to be written to verify performance issues

Who: lisar, claseman Status: In progress.

02/22 We need to flag performance problems as errors. Tests could be identified (and perhaps written) to measure and verify performance of the hardware for things like cache

misses, tlb initialization, exceptions, etc. 03/01 Lisar has started writing these tests.

03/08 Work continues.

03/15 Tim Claseman is assisting.

03/22 We need to generate a list of tests that we think should be written

first. Jeff suggested dcache fills, icache fills, dram and hermes

accesses.

03/29 Tim has come a long way up the learning curve and is now focused on producing the first 4 tests that were requested.

Item: Terp Feature Status

Who: gmo

Status: New

03/29 Gmo reviewed the updated list. Here it is.

Simulator to-do List 3-29-95

o Holes in address spaces => machine checks

- mostly done.

o Address interleave

- mostly done.

- o Reflect "forward progress" change in the hardware
 - complete and being tested.
- Ifetch protection granulatiry
 performance vrs accuracy tradeoff
- o Fetch intructions as octlets
- o Simulate Ifetch queue
- o Accuray wrt HW simulator(s?)
- Better latency model for Calliope accesses
- o Implement hardware configuration through Cerberus regs (SDRAM paramters?)
- o Checkpoints/Snapshots
- o Model PCI
- o hermes and cerberus timeout machine checks
 - question of whether they are supported
- o ability for terp to load hermes sections
 - not needed yet by verification group

Suspended Items

Item: Unsnap code Who: sandeep, guarino Status: Suspended.

02/15 The issue of restarting the hardware from an IKOS dump was discussed and the need for an architectural snap/unsnap facility was questioned.

Since the meeting it has been re-discovered (jeffm wasn't there to remind us of an earlier decision) that we are planning on loading architectural state into an IKOS simulation and not from a total IKOS logic dump.

We also determined that when it came time to run some of the larger tests (real-time benchmark) we would need

the capability to start an IKOS simulation from an architectural dump anyhow.

03/01 For the short term we are going to focus on a simpler approach for loading and running DVTs, the kernel, and

kernel tests. This item will likely come back in April.

Item: Refine remote debugging environment

Who: sandeep

Status: Suspended

02/08 We have to decide how control (and state) is to be returned to the debug stub after a test runs.
02/15 Sandeep is not going to have time to start on this for a while.

Item: Create performance test plan

Who: jeffm, quarino

[11/30] No progress as focus is on functionality. Status:

We continue to run tests to help us compare terp vs hardware

We still need to put together the actual performance tests that need to be run on the hardware.

Completed Items

Item: Terp needs to model `guaranteed forward progress for cache miss' in the same fashion as the hardware does.

Who: lisa

Status: Done.

03/01 Lisa has contacted mws and is implementing the same scheme used by the hardware.

03/08 Still in progress.

03/15 Progress continues.

03/22 Ditto. Jeffm mentioned that cachenasty2 doesn't work with terp.

03/29 Lisa has implemented fixes but is unable to get cachenasty2 to fail with the old simulator. Jeff and I were unable to reproduce the failure either. Lisa is going to check in the fixes and we are going to call this one done.

Item: Determine what additional terp features are required (formally 'Status of Euterpe/Mnemo simulation')

Who: gmo, jeffm

Status: Replaced with new item (Terp Features Status).

02/08 Jeffm figured that in 2 - 3 weeks time there would be a need for terp/mnemo capability to support the verification effort. An issue was raised that this may not be enought time for the required additions to terp to be made.

02/15 Gmo is to create a list of requested features for terp and then he and jeffm (and others?) are to review the list and determine what will be implemented by terp.

02/22 Gmo is ready to circulate the list.

03/01 Nothing new.

03/08 Gmo has shown a group of people the list but will post it.

03/15 Still pending.

03/22 Ditto.

03/29 Replaced with item "Terp Features Status'

Item: Is unix test modified to work around the ltlb/gtlb enable stuff?

Who: iimura, doi

New/Done Status:

03/29 doi talked to iimura before the minutes were complete. This modification has been made (and will be removed when the hardware fix is implemented).

Test Status and General Discussion

More of the acceptance tests ran successfully on the latest BOM.

From: Sent: Loretta Guarino [guarino@microunity.com] Wednesday, March 29, 1995 9:34 PM 'mediacom-software@microunity.com'

To: Cc: Subject:

'compiler@microunity.com'
March 27 Benchmark Meeting

We considered hardware configurations that we might have to work with in the coming months.

Cronus only (August or September) Euterpe only (September?) Euterpe + Mnemo(??) Euterpe + Calliope(September?)

It seems likely that our initial system will be either a Cronus or Euterpe. The major differences between these two systems would be speed. Most likely Euterpe won't be airbridged, so it won't run at 1GHz. Bill H. says at current power a non-air-bridged Euterpe should run at 400MHz.

Rev 0 Calliope will be processed before either Euterpe or Mnemo, so based on current progress it looks like a non-air-bridged Calliope with some functionality might be available as soon as Euterpe.

For a Cronus or Euterpe system, we'll develop versions of the Digital TV and maybe the Analog TV applications that don't use calliope. They would load initial data into DRAM and write a few frames worth of output into DRAM. This will let us test Euterpe first, before we take on the added complexity of Calliope.

For a Euterpe+Mnemo system, we'll modify this basic Digital TV application to write video output to a VGA buffer; this would require adding support for the PCI graphics card to the Microkernel.

For a Euterpe+Calliope system, we would focus on testing Calliope. In addition to the existing calliope diagnostics and Microkernel tests, we'll write simple tests to drive audio-out and video-out and expand the IR tests. We can also look into bypassing part of Calliope and receiving baseband QAM, so we can start testing our QAM code even if the RF portion of Calliope isn't working. We should be able to run the UI benchmark on this system, and the RF QAM receiver. For bring-up, we are assuming the availability of accurate clock sources.

We need to look at all our tests with an eye on how to make them work on a system with a much slower clock than we have been planning for. As much as possible, we'd like to avoid having to completely restructure code just for testing in this environment.

The non-calliope tests can probably just run more slowly. It may be possible to develop tests that use a slower Euterpe+Calliope to demod a lower baud-rate signal. Curtis has talked with Graham who is investigating the technical issues. Curtis will organize a separate meeting to investigate QAM.

Some general decisions:

- 1) We'll remove DLWS from the Digital and Analog TV benchmarks for now; we aren't using much of its functionality, and it should be easier to fit the TV benchmarks without it. This should permit Tom to focus on support for the UI benchmark. The video-out code will probably have to be restructured to permit us to remove DLWS.
- 2) We will need differently configured Microkernels for each of the benchmarks (with and without calliope support, with varying sets of devices, etc.). We need to look at what Makefile changes are needed to make this is easy as possible.

We'd like to minimize the number of modules that have to be compiled separately for different configurations; how will trim stack affect this?

Gregg Kellogg [gregg@hts.microunity.com] Wednesday, March 29, 1995 10:04 PM

Sent:

To:

'fur'

Subject: terp changes

I tried the modifications you suggested. It initially seemed to work, but now I'm still in the situation where the trace buffer overflows.

Gregg Kellogg MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Drive, Sunnyvale, Ca 94089-1015 gregg@microunity.com

tbr

Sent:

Wednesday, March 29, 1995 11:05 PM

To:

'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Subject:

Re: dr doesn't converge

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Bill Zuravleff wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

Tim.

Re: dr doesn't converge

I can't account for the differences in my run versus the run in .../s41/euterpe-snapshot/... but for that run, there are several nets in the lowest quadrant which don't route because all of the veritical routing resources have been used up. A way to fix this might be to introduce a column of spacer cells which keep the real cells further apart and create more, local veritical routing resources. Do you suggest I try this?

I think what surprised me most was just how ragged the right side was at the top in the early passes, and it seemed to me like many passes were needed before pifpack stopped moving things around. I don't know what's different in the snapshot from /u/chip, since the snapshot was updated from the BOM at the weekend. I think we need to understand it in the /s41 version. Do you have your local proteus pointing at the snapshot, or /u/chip?

From: Sent: tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent: To: Wednesday, March 29, 1995 11:05 PM

Cc: Subject: 'billz (Bill Zuravleff)'
'geert (Geert Rosseel)'
Re: dr doesn't converge

Bill Zuravleff wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

Tim,

Re: dr doesn't converge

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From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 12:24 AM

To: 'cadettes'; 'sysadm'

Subject: /bin/hostname?

What does this mean?

lisar@trex /n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe/stb/stand/diag 419 % gmake HWSIM=1 CHIPROOT=/n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe gmake: execve: /bin/hostname: No such file or directory
VVpWW(WHWWXW0WHYX0XHY Y8YPY`YY(YHY`YxZZ0Z@ZPZZZ8Zh[gmake: execve: /usr/local/bin/hostid: No such file or directory W/n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe/tools/vendor/soft/stb/bin/tgcc -DDEBUG_LEVEL_1 -DNO_CALLIOPE -DSHORT -MDupdate .depend -I../lib -g -O2 -c instr main.c -o instr main 1.0

Lisa R.

wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 12:28 AM

To:

'cadettes'; 'lisar'; 'sysadm'

Subject: Re: /bin/hostname?

lisar writes:

>What does this mean?

>

>gmake: execve: /bin/hostname: No such file or directory

>W/n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe/tools/vendor/soft/stb/bin/tgcc -DDEBUG_LEVEL_1 -DNO_CALLIOPE -DSHORT -

MDupdate .depend -I../lib -g -O2 -c instr_main.c -o instr_main_1.o

At first glance it looks like the Makefile you're running is designed to work only on the SUN platform. I believe this is true of most of our Makefiles.

It seems to be trying to run "hostname" from /bin, and "hostid" from /usr/local/bin. On trex, these programs are found under:

/usr/ucb/hostname /usr/ucb/hostid

The simple thing is probably to go back to a SPARC-10 machine and run it there.

- Kurt

Exhibit C12

>lisar@trex /n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe/stb/stand/diag 419 % gmake HWSIM=1 CHIPROOT=/n/nosferatu/s2/euterpe

>VVpWW(WHWWXW0WHYX0XHY Y8YPY`YY(YHY`YxZZ0Z@ZPZZZ8Zh[gmake: execve: /usr/local/bin/hostid: No such file or directory

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 12:55 AM

To:

'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'

Cc:

'lisar'

Subject:

verilog?- last chance...

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

Mark Hofmann wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

tim,

should we purchase another copy of verilog at the 15% discount? we probably need to act this week. if i don't hear from you i asusme the asnwer is no.

Sorry, mark, kept meaning to respond on this one. We are going through a peak right now, which I think will drop off shortly once Euterpe is finally behind us. Is there a logfile anywhere that shows the usage? I know lisar has failed to get a license a few times, but usage is peaky. If we are near the limint much of the time during the day, we should do it, if we typically have a couple of spares and only hit the limit occasionally I'd hold off. \$35K is a lot, and the downside is really only the delta discount.

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Thursday, March 30, 1995 1:10 AM

To: 'dickson'; 'tbr'

Subject: New Euterpe top-level

Hi,

I am a bit confused with the latest Euterpe top-level, I am doing the placement now but things are a bit messed up around the rg-gf-es interface. I am kind of stuck here, gf sticks out quite a bit to the left of the clock spar to the left of rg and clashes in a major way with es.

Geert

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 1:14 AM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'dickson'

Subject:

New Euterpe top-level

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

Hi,

I am a bit confused with the latest Euterpe top-level. I am doing the placement now but things are a bit messed up around the rg-gf-es interface. I am kind of stuck here. gf sticks out quite a bit to the left of the clock spar to the left of rg and clashes in a major way with es.

Rich just mentioned he had some more changes in es placement, and I see the BOM has been updated to 82 since I built it. Could this be the problem?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 1:14 AM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'dickson'

Subject:

New Euterpe top-level

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

Нi,

I am a bit confused with the latest Euterpe top-level. I am doing the placement now but things are a bit messed up around the rg-gf-es interface. I am kind of stuck here. gf sticks out quite a bit to the left of the clock spar to the left of rg and clashes in a major way with es.

Rich just mentioned he had some more changes in es placement, and I see the BOM has been updated to 82 since I built it. Could this be the problem?

From: geert (Geert Rosseel)

Sent: Thursday, March 30, 1995 1:17 AM

To: 'tbr'

Cc: 'dickson'

Subject: Re: New Euterpe top-level

Well, gf seems to have grown substantially. was there some logic added there or something. It is quite big now.

Geert

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 1:21 AM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

. . .

300.1 (000.17.100.

Cc:

'dickson'

Subject:

Re: New Euterpe top-level

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

Well, gf seems to have grown substantially. was there some logic added there or something. It is quite big now.

No change that I'm aware of. Rich, do you know what changed?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 1:21 AM

To:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'

Cc:

'dickson'

Subject:

Re: New Euterpe top-level

Geert Rosseel wrote (on Wed Mar 29):

Well, gf seems to have grown substantially. was there some logic added there or something. It is quite big now.

No change that I'm aware of. Rich, do you know what changed?

dickson (Richard Dickson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 2:06 AM

To: Subject: 'geert'; 'tbr' datat path

tim and geert

i'm confused also. i'm not sure what versions you have.
i fired off my last releasebom an hour ago. since all my releaseboms failed this mornong i cant be sure that you got all my latest pim files.

could my top level level example not be powering up as geerts is. i'm running my top level route now. its past the gplace step. you can look at the rich_euterpe-iter placement in my bsrc/gards dir.

dickson

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 4:45 PM

To:

'dbulfer'

Cc:

'woody'

Subject:

Euterpe module power connector

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

It appears the 6 pin power connector on the Euterpe module has 3 pins assigned to each of gnd and 3.3V. Since we need the option of plugging a 5V cronus module into the the same backplane slot we need 5V assigned on this connector even though it will not be hooked up on this module. Can we reassign to 2 pins each on gnd, 3.3V, and 5V?

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 30, 1995 4:52 AM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert: Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/mc BOM 65.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 30 01:51:43 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

From: Sent:

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Thursday, March 30, 1995 7:11 AM

To: Subject: 'Geert Rosseel'

Re: spacerin.awk parse error

Geert Rosseel writes:

I am running cc and I get this :

gawk: /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/tools/src/pim2pof/spacerIn.awk:106: printf("Can't find an anchor for :\n", name[i]) >> spacers.funny gawk: /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/tools/src/pim2pof/spacerIn.awk:106: parse error

The data is in /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cc makefile output is in make.out *pif and *pim files are in gards directory

Yes. I just checked in a fix. Please try again. (We installed a new verison of gawk)

-mark

Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 30, 1995 9:19 AM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert:

Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/rg BOM 108.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 30 06:18:52 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

Kevin Peterson [khp@microunity.com]

Sent: To: Thursday, March 30, 1995 1:15 PM

'yam@microunity.com'; 'puri@microunity.com'; 'rhunt@microunity.com'; 'abbott@microunity.com'

Subject:

forwarded message from Mail Delivery Subsystem

Sorry, I screwed up the CC line.

-Kevin

From: khp (Kevin Peterson)

Message-Id: <199503301812.SAA12296@spirot.microunity.com.>

To: agc (Alan Corry)

Cc: yam.rhunt.puri.abbott

Subject: what's the equalizer used for ?

In-Reply-To: <199503301802.KAA07732@narcissus.microunity.com>
References: <199503301802.KAA07732@narcissus.microunity.com>

- > I noticed that only 32 taps of the equalizer are being used. Does NTSC
- > use the full 64 taps ? On the next rev it might be possible to get a
- > considerable power reduction if we only need a 32-tap FIR by sharing
- > computes between the equalizer and resampler.

I'm pretty sure Ron is using all 64 taps to implement his VSB filter but I don't know if it's a requirement. We're only using 32 for QAM because we don't have enough cycles on euterpe to update 64 in real-time at the decimated rates we've chosen. Anyway, using only 32 is definitely a possibility but the performance we've measured is marginal, especially for longer echoes. This is a design choice that deserves a lot of discussion - we understand all of the tradeoffs so it really depends on what performance we need for the target application.

-Kevin

From: Sent:

Potatoe Chip [chip@rhea] Thursday, March 30, 1995 2:12 PM 'Potatoe Chip'

To: Subject:

pager log message

page from chip to geert:
Release euterpe/verilog/bsrc/es BOM 83.0 initiated by dickson completed @ Thu Mar 30
11:11:26 PST 1995 with exit status 0.. chip

Exhibit C12

wingard (Drew Wingard) From: Thursday, March 30, 1995 3:11 PM Sent: 'bill': 'lisar' To: 'geert': 'tbr' Cc: Re: CMOS activity Subject: Lisa wrote: > William Herndon wrote (on Thu Mar 30): The idea of events divided by the number of cycles of simulation sounds like the right metric. Is there an official name for this?? I think having this number is essential. It is key to being able to predict our actual power dissipation. I am also trying to predict the actual power supply noise, so I > need to be able to make some sort of a model of the circuit that is driving the transients. . Hot spots: right now we assume 1u gate width for 10u2 of layout > area, and from that we get the total gate width possible in some layout area. We also assume 1/4 of that gate width is switching output load at any one > time and use the peak current for that gate width to predict the peak current in any area. At 150 watts, this gives us a peak current for any given area that is 80 times the average current. > I've looked at 7 tests covering 3 types and it looks like a good > number is 42000. (Now I am running cerberus artificially fast.) Given approx. 80000 Gards-visible nets, that's amazingly close to a switching probability of one-half. This is a *scary* microarchitecture for CMOS. I wonder what fraction of those events are "useful"... (i.e. convey data that is used) So here's a back-of-the-envelope calculation for the switching power: Power = (Total Wire Cap.)*(Supply Voltage ^ 2)*(Switching Frequency) Total Wire Cap: (from Euterpe...) Average net length: .6mm Number of nets: 80K Capacitance/mm: 130fF (we use *some* M2) (Cronus changes) Average net length: .6mm * 1.5 I consider 1.5 to be a lower bound: while the wire pitch is 2.4x worse, the number of wires is less and the CMOS gates take relatively less space than their BiCMOS counterparts Number of nets: 80K * .6 Again, .6 is probably a lower bound. Converting all differential signals to single-ended at the top (hierarchical) level of euterpe.v gives about .55, and these wires are most likely to be differential, due to their length. Capacitance/mm: 300fF Supply Voltage: 5V Switching Frequency: 400MHz * .25 .5 transition probability is one signal cycle every four clock cycles Switching Power: 32.4 Watts

This is in addition to the clock power, which we've estimated at: $(50K \text{ flops})*(100FP/\text{flop})*(25V^2)*(400MHz) = 50 \text{ Watts but the clock driver has substantially higher power due to its low skew and fast edge requirements. I think Bill's latest estimate was that to deliver 18A into the load required 28A total current, so I'll call 28/18 a 1.5x hit in power.$

That would make our latest Cronus power estimate: 32.4 + (50)*(1.5) = 107W

not including custom blocks or the I/O.

So maybe we can hit our 150W target after all...

Drew

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 5:31 PM

To:

'geert'

Subject:

output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cc/.checkoutrc

The output from euterpe/verilog/bsrc/cc/.checkoutrc is 216k, so it is not included in this mail message. Instead, check the file

/n/tmp/chiplog/geert.tomato.3583.euterpe-verilog-bsrc-cc

(which is accessible from all machines). This file will disappear in about 5 days.

By the way, the exit status returned by .checkoutrc was 0.

From: dbulfer (David Bulfer)

Sent: Thursday, March 30, 1995 6:16 PM

To: 'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc: 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject: Re: Euterpe module power connector

> > It appears the 6 pin power connector on the Euterpe module > has 3 pins assigned to each of gnd and 3.3V. Since we need the option > of plugging a 5V cronus module into the the same backplane slot > we need 5V assigned on this connector even though it will not be > hooked up on this module. Can we reassign to 2 pins each on gnd, > 3.3V, and 5V?

> Tim

We are looking into it. Specifically, we are looking at 2 pins for common 3V/5V gnd, 2 pins for 5V and 2 pins for 3V. A single contact is rated for 30A, but that is not the same as working well at 30A. Vijay has been assigned the task of analyzing how well 2 pins will work. He has promised me that he will hav an answer today.

David

Page 600 of 643

dbulfer (David Bulfer)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 6:19 PM

To:

'Patricía Mayer'

Cc:

'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'; 'howard (Howard Cowles)'; 'tbe (Tom Eich)'; 'Philip Wong'; 'Tim B.

Robinson'; 'Patricia Mayer'; 'pandora'

Subject: Re: Euterpe Module Review

>

> There will be a Euterpe-Pandora Module design review tomorrow, Thursday

> March 31 at 3:00 in the Engineering conference room.

> Please plan to attend

> Thanks

> -Pattie

I realize that it's daylight saving time this weekend, but it's only one hour ahead, not one day ;=) ...

I assume you mean Friday? If so, 3pm is the scheduled Pandora meeting (that many of your invitees will be at.)

David

Exhibit C12

pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 6:42 PM

To:

'yves'; 'dane'; 'rmm'; 'rich'; 'arya'; 'noel'; 'woody'; 'tbr'; 'wayne'

Cc:

'dan'; 'graham'; 'hestia'

Subject:

hestia review meeting notes

This was a review meeting primarily of the 4 new schematic sheets for the digital Euterpe area, named mainbdl.

page 2 *There are 2 power_group statements on T34U2, T32U2. Woody

page 3 *Lots of question marks on this page??? Arya
 *General practice to show pin numbers on transistors/pnp. All

Reviewed and identified PR's to be closed:

1771 - Woody please verify

1772

1777

1792 1809

1861 - Woody please verify

1901 1909

1934

1945

1946

2001

2007

2009

2010

2012

2031

2035

2036

Also PR's 1914 and 1950 are being closed for some unknown reason...

Something about they are closed for reworking the last rev (2) and assumed it will be fixed (by way of the new tool) on the new board. An ECO will flag for this to still be checked on the new board.

Please let me know if you have additional comments.

Thanks

-Pattie

albers (Daniel Albers)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 6:45 PM

To:

'Patricia Mayer'

Cc:

'yves (Jean-Yves Michel)'; 'dane (Dane Snow)'; 'rmm (Richard Meller)'; 'rich (Rich McCauley)'; 'arya (Arya Behzad)'; 'noel (Noel Verbiest)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)';

'wayne (Wayne Freitas)'; 'dan'; 'graham (Graham Y. Mostyn)'; 'hestia'

Subject: Re: hestia review meeting notes

> the words of Patricia Mayer:

> This was a review meeting primarily of the 4 new schematic sheets for the

> digital Euterpe area, named mainbdl.

[snip]

> page 3 *Lots of question marks on this page??? Arya

There appears to be something in the plot script which is causing this. The values are fine in the actual schematics. I am looking into fixing the plotting.

MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Daniel Albers albers@microunity.com Inc.

255 Caspian Way, Sunnyvale, CA (408) 734-8100

It can be made into a monster if we all pull together as a team...

Sent:

pmayer (Patricia Mayer) Thursday, March 30, 1995 7:01 PM

To:

'dbulfer'; 'woody'; 'howard'; 'tbe'; 'philip'; 'tbr' 'pmayer'; 'pandora'

Cc:

Subject:

New Euterpe PCB Review

Sorry, I didn't mean to extend everyones week by re-living Thursday. Ha!?

Thanks David for informing me of the meeting conflict. I've rescheduled the Engineering conference room for Monday April 3rd at 10:00AM for the Pandora Euterpe PCB design review. Please let me know if there is another conflict.

New edits have come up:

- 1) Tooling holes are to be added.
- 2) New circuit for PLL pins.

The vias for diferential pairs have been moved. (possible .5 max length difference)

Thanks

-Pattie

Tom Eich [tbe@microunity.com]

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 7:09 PM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'dbulfer'; 'woody'; 'howard'; 'philip'; 'tbr'

Subject: Re: New Euterpe PCB Review

>Sorry, I didn't mean to extend everyones week by re-living Thursday. Ha!?

>

>Thanks David for informing me of the meeting conflict. I've rescheduled >the Engineering conference room for Monday April 3rd at 10:00AM for the >Pandora Euterpe PCB design review. Please let me know if there is another >conflict.

>New edits have come up:

- >1) Tooling holes are to be added.
- >2) New circuit for PLL pins.

- >The vias for differential pairs have been moved. (possible .5 max length
- >difference)
- >Thanks
- >-Pattie

Just to clarify, I have only supplied outline criteria and that having to do with the Euterpe and SDRAM areas. There are still features such as slots and hole to be placed outside the trace and component areas, and I am working on completing that design for early next week, but the layout we review Monday won't yet have those features in it. Does anyone have a problem with reviewing what we will have done by Monday (traces and components and pcb outline)?

-Tom

Tom Eich

tbe@microunity.com

MicroUnity Systems Engineering, Inc. 255 Caspian Dr. Sunnyvale, CA 94089 |

(408)734-8100, (408)734-8136 fax |

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 7:25 PM

To:

'aeert'

Subject:

output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at/.checkoutrc

The output from euterpe/verilog/bsrc/at/.checkoutrc is 200k, so it is not included in this mail message. Instead, check the file

/n/tmp/chiplog/geert.nosferatu.19945.euterpe-verilog-bsrc-at

(which is accessible from all machines). This file will disappear in about 5 days.

By the way, the exit status returned by .checkoutrc was 1.

thr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 10:36 PM

To:

'wingard (Drew Wingard)'

Cc:

'bill': 'geert': 'lisar'

Subject:

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Re: CMOS activity

Flag Status:

Red

Drew Wingard wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

Wow. Given approx. 80000 Gards-visible nets, that's amazingly close to a switching probability of one-half. This is a *scary* microarchitecture for CMOS.

Let's not get too scared just yet. There are far more "primitive" gates on the simulator than real gates, so we need to factor that in. Id guess 2:1 for that.

I wonder what fraction of those events are "useful"... (i.e. convey data that is used)

At a wild guess, 20%.

So here's a back-of-the-envelope calculation for the switching power: Power = (Total Wire Cap.)*(Supply Voltage ^ 2)*(Switching Frequency)

Total Wire Cap:

(from Euterpe...)

Average net length: .6mm

Number of nets: 80K

Capacitance/mm: 130fF (we use *some* M2)

(Cronus changes)

Average net length: .6mm * 1.5

I consider 1.5 to be a lower bound: while the wire pitch is 2.4x worse, the number of wires is less and the CMOS gates take relatively less space than their BiCMOS counterparts

Number of nets: 80K * .6

Again, .6 is probably a lower bound. Converting all differential signals to single-ended at the top (hierarchical) level of euterpe.v gives about .55, and these wires are most likely to be differential, due to their length.

Capacitance/mm: 300fF

Supply Voltage: 5V

Switching Frequency: 400MHz * .25

.5 transition probability is one signal cycle every four clock cycles Switching Power:

32.4 Watts

This is in addition to the clock power, which we've estimated at: $(50K flops)*(100fF/flop)*(25V^2)*(400MHz) = 50 Watts$ but the clock driver has substantially higher power due to its low skew and fast edge requirements. I think Bill's latest estimate was that to deliver 18A into the load required 28A total current, so I'll call 28/18 a 1.5x hit in power.

That would make our latest Cronus power estimate: 32.4 + (50)*(1.5) = 107W not including custom blocks or the I/O.

So maybe we can hit our 150W target after all...

So given this data the inefficiency of having a majority of nodes switch without carrying useful data could well be elipsed by the clock overhead.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson) From: Thursday, March 30, 1995 10:36 PM Sent: 'wingard (Drew Wingard)' To: 'bill'; 'geert'; 'lisar' Cc: Re: CMOS activity Subject: Drew Wingard wrote (on Thu Mar 30): Wow. Given approx. 80000 Gards-visible nets, that's amazingly close to a switching probability of one-half. This is a *scary* microarchitecture for CMOS. Let's not get too scared just yet. There are far more "primitive" gates on the simulator than real gates, so we need to factor that in. Id guess 2:1 for that. I wonder what fraction of those events are "useful" ... (i.e. convey data that is used) At a wild quess, 20%. So here's a back-of-the-envelope calculation for the switching power: Power = (Total Wire Cap.)*(Supply Voltage ^ 2)*(Switching Frequency) Total Wire Cap: (from Euterpe...) Average net length: .6mm Number of nets: 80K Capacitance/mm: 130fF (we use *some* M2) (Cronus changes) Average net length: .6mm * 1.5 I consider 1.5 to be a lower bound: while the wire pitch is 2.4x worse, the number of wires is less and the CMOS gates take relatively less space than their BiCMOS counterparts Number of nets: 80K * .6 Again, .6 is probably a lower bound. Converting all differential signals to single-ended at the top (hierarchical) level of euterpe.v gives about .55, and these wires are most likely to be differential, due to their length. Capacitance/mm: 300fF Supply Voltage: 5V Switching Frequency: 400MHz * .25 .5 transition probability is one signal cycle every four clock cycles Switching Power: 32.4 Watts This is in addition to the clock power, which we've estimated at: $(50K flops)*(100fF/flop)*(25V^2)*(400MHz) = 50 Watts$ but the clock driver has substantially higher power due to its low skew and fast edge requirements. I think Bill's latest estimate was that to deliver 18A into the load required 28A total current, so I'll call 28/18 a 1.5x hit in power. That would make our latest Cronus power estimate: 32.4 + (50)*(1.5) = 107W

So maybe we can hit our 150W target after all...

not including custom blocks or the I/O.

So given this data the inefficiency of having a majority of nodes switch without carrying useful data could well be elipsed by the clock overhead.

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 10:40 PM

To:

'dbulfer (David Bulfer)'

Cc:

'howard (Howard Cowles)'; 'pandora'; 'philip (Philip Wong)'; 'Patricia Mayer'; 'Patricia

Mayer'; 'Tom Eich'; 'Jay Tomlinson'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe Module Review

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

David Bulfer wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

I realize that it's daylight saving time this weekend, but it's only one hour ahead, not one day ;=) ...

I assume you mean Friday? If so, 3pm is the scheduled Pandora meeting (that many of your invitees will be at.)

Yes. Can we hold this review at 2 instead?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 10:40 PM

To:

'dbulfer (David Bulfer)'

Cc:

'howard (Howard Cowles)'; 'pandora'; 'philip (Philip Wong)'; 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'Patricia Mayer'; 'tbe (Tom Eich)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'
Re: Euterpe Module Review

Subject:

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I assume you mean Friday? If so, 3pm is the scheduled Pandora meeting (that many of your invitees will be at.)

Can we hold this review at 2 instead?

thr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 11:05 PM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'dbulfer'; 'howard'; 'pandora'; 'philip'; 'pmayer'; 'tbe'; 'woody'

Subject:

New Euterpe PCB Review

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Completed

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

Sorry, I didn't mean to extend everyones week by re-living Thursday. Ha!?

Thanks David for informing me of the meeting conflict. I've rescheduled the Engineering conference room for Monday April 3rd at 10:00AM for the Pandora Euterpe PCB design review. Please let me know if there is another conflict.

New edits have come up:

- 1) Tooling holes are to be added.
- 2) New circuit for PLL pins.

The vias for differential pairs have been moved. (possible .5 max length difference)

There is also a problem with the power connector. David is driving this. The problem is the backplane also needs to provide 5V for the Cronus module, even thouth the Euterpe module would ignore it.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 11:05 PM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'dbulfer'; 'howard'; 'pandora'; 'philip'; 'pmayer'; 'tbe'; 'woody'

Subject: New Euterpe PCB Review

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

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There is also a problem with the power connector. David is driving this. The problem is the backplane also needs to provide 5V for the Cronus module, even thouth the Euterpe module would ignore it.

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 11:07 PM

To:

'Tom Eich'

Cc:

'dbulfer'; 'howard'; 'philip'; 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'; 'woody'

Subject:

Re: New Euterpe PCB Review

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Tom Eich wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

>Sorry, I didn't mean to extend everyones week by re-living Thursday. Ha!?

>

- >Thanks David for informing me of the meeting conflict. I've rescheduled
- >the Engineering conference room for Monday April 3rd at 10:00AM for the
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- >conflict.

> (

- >New edits have come up:
- >1) Tooling holes are to be added.
- >2) New circuit for PLL pins.

> >Th...

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- >difference)
- >Thanks
- >-Pattie

Just to clarify, I have only supplied outline criteria and that having to do with the Euterpe and SDRAM areas. There are still features such as slots and hole to be placed outside the trace and component areas, and I am working on completing that design for early next week, but the layout we review Monday won't yet have those features in it. Does anyone have a problem with reviewing what we will have done by Monday (traces and components and pcb outline)?

I'm sure there will be issues arising from looking at what we have (I'm aware of a couple of things already), so we should not hold off any longer.

tbr

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 11:25 PM

To:

'dbulfer (David Bulfer)'; 'howard (Howard Cowles)'; 'pandora'; 'Philip Wong'; 'Patricia Mayer';

'Patricia Mayer'; 'Tom Eich'; 'Jay Tomlinson'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe Module Review

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status: Red

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

I assume you mean Friday? If so, 3pm is the scheduled Pandora meeting (that many of your invitees will be at.)

Yes. Can we hold this review at 2 instead?

OK, forget that suggestion. I see it's been rescheduled to Monday.

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Thursday, March 30, 1995 11:25 PM

To:

'dbulfer (David Bulfer)', 'howard (Howard Cowles)'; 'pandora', 'philip (Philip Wong)'; 'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)', 'Patricia Mayer', 'tbe (Tom Eich)'; 'woody (Jay Tomlinson)'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe Module Review

Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

I assume you mean Friday? If so, 3pm is the scheduled Pandora meeting (that many of your invitees will be at.)

Yes. Can we hold this review at 2 instead?

OK, forget that suggestion. I see it's been rescheduled to Monday.

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 12:21 AM

To:

'mudge (john mudge)'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Cc:

'vo (Tom Vo)'; 'albers (Daniel Albers)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'tomho (Tom Ho)'; 'michael

(Chris Michael)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject:

Re: Corner devices

john mudge writes:

>Dave.

>I have modified the corner devices in the following manner and they

>have

been

>checked in and I have run a final DRC.

>padbr:

cbjt1 has been exchanged for acbjt1 padextndl and padextnd2 have been added.

>padtr:

cres2k2u has been exchanged for acbjt2

padextnd1 and padextnd2 have been added.

>Cells acbit1, acbit2, padextnd1 and padextnd2 have also been checked in

>proteus but not into the "pads" area which may be the more appropriate.

Ιn

>talking to Tom Vo, he said there is no need to change any labels on the

>layout as there are none to change.

Johnny,

Thanks, I've locked down the layouts and releasebom'd them.

If you could do a getbom for the proteus snapshot for euterpe, then when that's done, I can start up another round of lvs/drc checks on euterpe.

I'll start up the metals drc for mnemo and submit the lowers as well.

Thanks,

Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA

vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100

"Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: Sent: Gary A. Hoffman [gary@Skipstone.com] Friday, March 31, 1995 12:27 AM

To:

'Curtis Abbott'

Subject:

Re: problems with ftp address

Hi Curtis,

I just thought we might chat about what all is going on in the 1394 market... not looking to hook ya for a consulting contract. Below is some information we have been sending out on our development kit.

We will be an OEM supplier for TI component PCI & Cardbus adapters later this year and early next year respectively. We are continuing to work on our embedded application chip design, but we are not prepared to discuss that project in detail yet.

cheers, q

gary a hoffman Skipstone, CEO 512.502.8464 office 512.349.2139 fax gary.hoffman@skipstone.com

On Fri, 3 Mar 1995, Curtis Abbott wrote:

```
"Gary A. Hoffman" wrote (on Thu Mar 2):

Hi Curtis,

I was wondering if in addition to your getting the standard, if there was anything else I might be able to fill in on 1394?
```

regards, g

To be honest, I've been up to my neck in alligators and am still

reading through the standard. I'm definitely keeping your card in

case we decide to do something with 1394, but I don't expect any

decisions like that in less than a couple months. When you say "fill

in on" I get the impression of something like consulting on what's

"really going on" with 1394, which might be of interest at some point,

but when we spoke I got the impression you might be supplying more

material stuff (such as Verilog). If you've got an email description

of your services and/or goods, that might be helpful.

> - Curtis

Section 1: The IEEE 1394 TK-01 Developer Toolkit Section 2: About IEEE 1394 Section 3: The 1394 Trade Association Section 4: About Skipstone

Please contact us and let us know how we can assist you in developing products for the IEEE 1394 market.

Daniel Moore Director of Communications dan.moore@skipstone.com

Skipstone, Inc. 8920 Business Park Drive, Austin, Texas 78759 512-502-8464, fax 512-349-2139 sales@skipstone.com

Note: We plan an address change in about a month but we will continue to check our current address after the move. If possible, please use our Internet address. We are sorry about this inconvenience but that is the price of growth

The 1394 Developer Toolkit provides the hardware and software tools required to implement IEEE 1394 communication. And remember, it's designed by Skipstone, the IEEE 1394 serial bus experts.

The 1394 Developer Toolkit contains:

- -- 2 Skipstone PCI-01 Interface Cards
- -- 2 powerful software development tools:
 - -- 1394 Packet Injector
- -- 1394 Bus Analyzer
 -- 1394 Bus Manager software
- -- 1394 Application API, DLL and VxD
- -- 1394 cable
- -- Complete documentation

Also included are:

- -- 4 months of free technical support
- -- 6 months of free software upgrades

Note: TK-01 software may not be redistributed.

Technical Overview

Skipstone PCI-01 Interface Card

an adapter card providing the interface between your computer's internal PCI bus and the external IEEE 1394 bus.

Packet Injector

a software tool allowing you to insert IEEE 1394 packets into the bus in either isochronous or asynchronous mode. The Packet Injector is used to simulate an IEEE 1394 data source to provide a controlled test environment for evaluation of your application.

1394 Bus Analyzer

a software tool allowing you to monitor IEEE 1394 packets being carried on the bus. The Bus Analyzer provides you visibility into what type of data is being sent and its content. Filters are provided to selectively limit what type of data you want captured and this data may be displayed or saved in memory for future analysis.

1394 Bus Manager

the Bus Manager provides overall configuration control of the serial bus in the form of cycle master assignment, isochronous channel ID assignment and error recovery.

API and DLL

the Development API is the programming interface to which your application and the Developer Toolkit's tools are written. The API is a collection of programming calls providing high-level support over bus communication that frees the application from worrying about the details of programming the low level interface to the IEEE 1394 bus. The Dynamic Link Library (DLL) is Windows ring 3 code implementing the API and providing an interface to the VxD (see next).

VxD

the virtual device driver for the Skipstone PCI-01 Interface Card. Written specifically for this card, the VxD is updated to reflect new releases or different designs of the IEEE 1394 interface thus making your application immune to hardware changes.

Computer Requirements

- -- fully IBM-compatible computer
- -- 486 processor at 66 mHz (faster if maximum bus rates are to be exercised)
- -- 1 PCI bus slot
- -- 8-meg RAM (16-meg preferred)
- -- 5-meg hard disk space
- -- Windows 3.1 or Windows for Workgroups 3.11, MS-DOS 6.22 or higher

The TK-01 Developer Toolkit is being released in stages to provide you the earliest possible access to IEEE 1394 technology. Be assured that purchasers of the initial releases are provided free updates to later releases of the TK-01 toolkit.

Release 1 - Now Shipping

-- 2 Skipstone PCI-01 Interface Cards

- -- IEEE 1394 Application API and Virtual Device Driver for asynchronous data transfer
- -- File Transfer demo
- -- Source code example
- -- IEEE 1394 Cable
- -- Documentation
- -- 4 months of free technical support plus 6 months of free software upgrades

Release 2 - planned April 30, 1995

Release 1 plus

- -- IEEE 1394 Application API, Virtual Device Driver and Resource Manager for isochronous data transfer with 1394 limited bus management
- -- IEEE 1394 Packet Injector and Bus Analyzer development tools
- -- Updated documentation

Release 3 - date to be determined

Release 2 plus

- -- IEEE 1394 Full Bus Management
- -- Updated documentation

Additional 1H95 Skipstone products planned -----

PCI-10 Interface Card

a powerful upgrade of the current PCI-01 Interface Card. The PCI-10 contains a microprocessor to enhance performance.

TK-10 Developer's Toolkit

the TK-01 Developer Toolkit upgraded for use with the PCI-10 Interface Card.

TK-20 Embedded Application Toolkit

an enhanced Developer Toolkit specifically tailored for embedded applications.

Price List

Part #	Product Name	Price
TK-01	IEEE 1394 Developer Toolkit 2 PCI-01 Interface Adapter Cards IEEE 1394 Development Software IEEE 1394 Cable Toolkit Documentation 4 months Technical Support 6 months Software Upgrades	\$7500
PCI-01	Additional 1394/PCI Interface Adapter cards purchased with TK-01 Toolkit	\$ 495
PCI-01	1394/PCI Interface Adapter cards not purchased with TK-01 Toolkit (see Note 1)	\$ 695
PCI-10	Advanced 1394/PCI Interface Adapter - not yet available (see Note 2)	

- Note 1: Price of PCI-01 interface adapter cards purchased without the Toolkit may be applied against price of Toolkit if the Toolkit is later purchased.
- Note 2: PCI-10 interface adapter card is available only to purchasers of the Toolkit.
- Note 3: There will be an additional \$60 fee for overseas delivery.

Make all payments to:

Skipstone, Inc. c/o Sales 8920 Business Park Drive Austin, TX 78759

Wire transfer is the fastest method of delivery and payment. Contact us for details.

Section 2: About IEEE 1394

The IEEE 1394 high-speed serial bus promises to revolutionize the transport of digital data for computers and for professional and consumer electronics products. By providing an inexpensive non-proprietary high-speed method of interconnecting digital devices, a truly universal I/O connection has been created. Its scaleable architecture and flexible peer-to-peer topology makes IEEE 1394 ideal for connecting devices ranging from printers and hard drives to digital audio and video hardware with real time processing requirements for on-time multimedia.

IEEE 1394 is a standard, platform-independent solution. Its features represent an evolutionary improvement over current I/O interfaces and provides connectivity solutions for many markets. Legacy I/O bridges attach serial and parallel interfaces to 1394. ASCII SCSI-3 provides a migration path for parallel SCSI to move to IEEE 1394.

IEEE 1394 can interface with the higher layers of the new parallel port standard, IEEE 1284. Although IEEE 1294's 4 to 32 Mbps transfer rate is lower than that of 1394, 1284 finds application in printer connectivity since it is backward compatible with the existing Centronics parallel port.

IEEE 1394 devices of differing transport rates may be interconnected, allowing backward compatibility with devices having slower transport rates. This feature allows 100 Mbps devices purchased today to operate properly in future bus configurations involving 200 and

400 Mbps devices.

The IEEE 1394 serial bus is:

- -- a digital interface: there is no need to convert digital data into analog and tolerate a loss of data integrity
- -- physically small: the thin serial cable can replace larger and more expensive interfaces
- -- easy to use: there is no need for terminators, device IDs, or elaborate setup
- -- hot pluggable: users can add or remove 1394 devices with the bus
- -- inexpensive: priced for consumer products
- -- scalable architecture: may mix 100, 200, and 400 Mbps devices on one
- -- flexible topology: support of daisy chaining and branching for true peer-to-peer communication
- -- fast: even multimedia data can be guaranteed its bandwidth for just-in-time delivery

Broad markets for IEEE 1394 digital data transport include:

- -- computers
- -- audio, image, and video products for multimedia
- -- printer and scanner products for imaging
- -- hard disks, especially hard disk Raid arrays
- -- digital video camera, displays, and recorders

IEEE 1394 is currently defined by ANSI draft standard P1394. The IEEE Standards subgroup concerned with 1394 successfully closed its ballot on 1394 in December 1994 with formal 1394 approval anticipated in the second quarter of 1995.

The IEEE 1394 Trade Association was formed in September 1994 to accelerate the market adoption of IEEE 1394. Of special importance are the technical working groups that focus on refining the IEEE

1394 specification. The Trade Association steering committee is currently composed of representatives from Adaptec, AMD, Apple, IBM, Lexmark, Microsoft, National Semiconductor, NCR, Philips, Seagate, Skipstone, Sony, TI, and Toshiba.

If you are interested in joining the Trade Association, contact Gary Hoffman, our CEO and chairperson of the Trade Association.

You may call 512-502-8464 or contact him directly at gary.hoffman@skipstone.com.

Section 4: About Skipstone

Skipstone was established in 1994 to become the central supplier of technology and products for the IEEE 1394 serial bus architecture. Skipstone is focused totally on IEEE 1394 development and is committed to bringing IEEE 1394 to a dominant position in the computing, communications and entertainment markets.

The Fine Print

- -- Skipstone is a trademark of Skipstone, Inc.
- -- IBM is a trademark of the International Business Machines Corporation.
- -- MS-DOS, Windows and Windows for Workgroups are trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation.

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Friday, March 31, 1995 12:39 AM

To: 'tbr'

Cc: 'pmayer'

Subject: Re: Euterpe Module Review

```
> From tbr Thu Mar 30 20:25:16 1995
> To: dbulfer (David Bulfer), howard (Howard Cowles), pandora,
       philip (Philip Wong), pmayer (Patricia Mayer),
       pmayer@microunity.com (Patricia Mayer), the (Tom Eich),
       woody (Jay Tomlinson)
> Subject: Re: Euterpe Module Review
> Tim B. Robinson wrote (on Thu Mar 30):
     I assume you mean Friday? If so, 3pm is the scheduled Pandora
     meeting (that many of your invitees will be at.)
   Yes. Can we hold this review at 2 instead?
> OK, forget that suggestion. I see it's been rescheduled to Monday.
>
> Tim
>Also:
>From tbr Thu Mar 30 20:07:16 1995
>I'm sure there will be issues arising from looking at what we have
>(I'm aware of a couple of things already), so we should not hold off
>any longer.
>Tim
>
```

I'm keeping a running list, I thought the power supply had been resolved after taliking to both Woody and David... Thank you for the reminder.

I've checked the Engineering conference room and it is available tomorrow at 2:00. Let me know and this can be changed easily. We might think about having a review tomorrow 2:00 so everyone can think about it over the weekend. Then list the action items and schedule another review for say Tuesday? Even if the changes are mechanical... its worth a review.

Has David discussed holding off on the manufacturing until we are closer on Euterpe? Might be a good idea in case we discover ales and cures even on the Hestia Main board. We can have it ready for manufacturing with gerber files and all, ready to go at a momunts notice.

I think this is a good idea.

-Pattie

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 12:42 AM

To:

'vanthof (vant)'

Cc:

'albers (Daniel Albers)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'Chris Michael';

'john mudge'; 'Tom Ho'; 'Dave Van't Hof; 'Tom Vo'

Subject:

Re: Corner devices

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status:

Red

vant wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

iohn mudge writes:

>Dave, >I have modified the corner devices in the following manner and they have been

>checked in and I have run a final DRC.

>padbr: cbit1 has been exchanged for acbit1 padextnd1 and padextnd2 have been added.

>

>padtr:

cres2k2u has been exchanged for acbjt2 padextnd1 and padextnd2 have been added.

>Cells acbit1, acbit2, padextnd1 and padextnd2 have also been checked in to

>proteus but not into the "pads" area which may be the more appropriate. In >talking to Tom Vo, he said there is no need to change any labels on the

>layout as there are none to change.

Johnny,

Thanks, I've locked down the layouts and releasebom'd them.

If you could do a getbom for the proteus snapshot for euterpe, then when that's done, I can start up another round of lvs/drc checks on euterpe.

I'll start up the metals drc for mnemo and submit the lowers as well.

Geert has a euterpe build going, so I don't want to mess with it till he gives the OK. Also, this will pick up kurt's pin swap magic. Are we sure all the problems are solved with the topt dumps on that one?

tbr (Tim B. Robinson)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 12:42 AM

To:

'vanthof (vant)'

Cc:

'albers (Daniel Albers)'; 'qeert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'michael (Chris Michael)': 'mudge (iohn mudge)': 'tomho (Tom Ho)': 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'

Subject:

Re: Corner devices

vant wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

john mudge writes:

>Dave.

>I have modified the corner devices in the following manner and they have been

>checked in and I have run a final DRC.

>padbr:

cbjt1 has been exchanged for acbjt1

padextnd1 and padextnd2 have been added.

>padtr:

cres2k2u has been exchanged for acbjt2

padextnd1 and padextnd2 have been added.

>Cells acbjt1, acbjt2, padextnd1 and padextnd2 have also been checked in to >proteus but not into the "pads" area which may be the more appropriate. In >talking to Tom Vo, he said there is no need to change any labels on the

>layout as there are none to change.

Johnny, Thanks, I've locked down the layouts and releasebom'd them.

If you could do a getbom for the proteus snapshot for euterpe, then when that's done, I can start up another round of lvs/drc checks on euterpe.

I'll start up the metals drc for mnemo and submit the lowers as well.

Geert has a euterpe build going, so I don't want to mess with it till he gives the OK. Also, this will pick up kurt's pin swap magic.

Are we sure all the problems are solved with the topt dumps on that one?

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 12:47 AM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Cc:

'pmayer'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe Module Review

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

I'm keeping a running list, I thought the power supply had been resolved after taliking to both Woody and David... Thank you for the reminder.

From: dbulfer (David Bulfer) To: tbr@microunity.com (Tim B. Robinson)

Cc: woody (Jay Tomlinson)

Subject: Re: Euterpe module power connector

Date: Thu, 30 Mar 95 15:15:31 PST

> It appears the 6 pin power connector on the Euterpe module > has 3 pins assigned to each of gnd and 3.3V. Since we need the option > of plugging a 5V cronus module into the the same backplane slot > we need 5V assigned on this connector even though it will not be > hooked up on this module. Can we reassign to 2 pins each on gnd, > 3.3V, and 5V? > Tim

We are looking into it. Specifically, we are looking at 2 pins for common 3V/5V gnd, 2 pins for 5V and 2 pins for 3V. A single contact is rated for 30A, but that is not the same as working well at 30A. Vijay has been assigned the task of analyzing how well 2 pins will work. He has promised me that he will hav an answer today.

David

I've checked the Engineering conference room and it is available tomorrow at 2:00. Let me know and this can be changed easily. We might think about having a review tomorrow 2:00 so everyone can think about it over the weekend. Then list the action items and schedule another review for say Tuesday? Even if the changes are mechanical... its worth a review.

Main thing is to keep ajhead of Howard. I'd rather people had time to look at the plots/schematics before the meeting. (btw, please put lisr on the cc, she will be doing for pandora what wayne's doing for hestia). The monday morning time is fine with me.

Has David discussed holding off on the manufacturing until we are closer on Euterpe? Might be a good idea in case we discover ales and cures even on the Hestia Main board. We can have it ready for manufacturing with gerber files and all, ready to go at a momunts notice.

I have not discussed it with him, but it would make sense to hold off. We won't have Euterpe for a long time yet, and we may find changes we need to make as we complete the mechanicals and get to the backplane.

I think this is a good idea.

I will put this on the agenda for my Pandora meeting Friday and let you know what the outcome is.

vanthof (vant)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 12:49 AM

To:

'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc:

'albers (Daniel Albers)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'hopper (Mark Hofmann)'; 'michael (Chris

Michael)': 'mudge (john mudge)'; 'tomho (Tom Ho)'; 'vo (Tom Vo)'

Subject:

Re: Corner devices

Tim B. Robinson writes:

>Geert has a euterpe build going, so I don't want to mess with it till >he gives the OK. Also, this will pick up kurt's pin swap magic. >Are we sure all the problems are solved with the topt dumps on that >one?

>Tim

-17"

Oh okay. No problem. I can still run stuff on mnemo to keep the machines busy.

I've done a bit more testing and actually confirmed the change I made to topt was the correct one. I've not heard about any other core dumps from the new port properties. Two has found a bug when he tried to force an instance to a power level where topt chose a non-buffered version instead of a buffered version which only resulted in a timing violation, no core dump.

I'll fix that tomorrow.

Thanks,

Dave

Dave Van't Hof MicroUnity Systems Eng., Inc. 255 Caspian Sunnyvale, CA 94089
vanthof@microunity.com 1 408 734-8100
"Don't blame me! I didn't vote for him"

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Friday, March 31, 1995 1:27 AM Sent:

To:

Subject: Re: Euterpe Module Review

> From tbr Thu Mar 30 21:47:05 1995

> To: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

> Subject: Re: Euterpe Module Review

> Main thing is to keep ajhead of Howard. I'd rather people had time to

> look at the plots/schematics before the meeting.

Fine, I'll distribute this Friday afternoon for review and send out a notice.

>(btw, please put lisr on the cc...

What does this mean?

-Pattie

Exhibit C12

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 1:35 PM

To:

'solo (John Campbell)'

Cc:

'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'geert'; 'mudge (john mudge)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'Tom Vo'

Subject:

corner test devices

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

John Campbell wrote (on Fri Mar 31):

we are about to introduce a change to the pad corner test devices which will reflect a change at the toplevel. padtr will essentially go away as a schematic instantiation and padbr will lose one pin (bjtle_v) which will now be tied to vsse (ie remove from the verilog etc.)

how do we handle this change.

it is now ready to checkin the schematics but it will break the toplevel if we do.

Are we talking about mnemo or euterpe?

We are planning another snapshot update this weekend to pick up some routing rule changes. We should co-ordinate with that. I assume these changes will require baseplate regeneration.

tbr

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 1:46 AM

To:

'pmayer (Patricia Mayer)'

Subject:

Re: Euterpe Module Review

Follow Up Flag: Follow up

Flag Status:

Red

Patricia Mayer wrote (on Thu Mar 30):

>(btw, please put lisr on the cc...

What does this mean?

It means I'm half asleep! It's a typo. I meant 'lisar'.

chip (Potatoe Chip)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 2:31 AM

To:

'geert'

Subject:

output of euterpe/verilog/bsrc/io/.checkoutrc

The output from euterpe/verilog/bsrc/io/.checkoutrc is 520k, so it is not included in this mail message. Instead, check the file

/n/tmp/chiplog/geert.staypuft.8019.euterpe-verilog-bsrc-io

(which is accessible from all machines). This file will disappear in about 5 days.

By the way, the exit status returned by .checkoutrc was 0.

From: Sent: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 9:01 AM

To: Subject: 'Geert Rosseel' Re: pim2pif problem

Geert Rosseel writes:

I cannot figure out why it says this :

pim2pif Version 0.2.50 Thu Mar 30 10:33:34 PST 1995
/n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/tools/bin/pim2pif.ex
gards/geert_euterpe-iter.pim -ecl -logFile gards/geert_euterpe-iter.pim.warn -noHole -xoff
\set 2 -yoffset 2
FATAL: Couldn't create the .pif file
.gards/geert_euterpe-iter.pim pif 52: for writing

:gards/geert_euterpe-iter.pim.pif.52: for writing FATAL: Errors encountered in .pim section 52

FATAL: Errors occurred on some section(s) of the .pim file

This is in /n/ghidra/s3/geert/euterpe/verilog/bsrc/gards

The pim file is geert_euterpe-iter.pim

This means that fopen() returned an error code. Typically this means that there is no space left on the disk. But there seems to be room (unless pim2pif cleaned up a lot of stuff when it exited). I'll poke around, but you could run it again and keep an eye on disk space with (df.) to see if it hits 100%.

-mark

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 10:31 AM

To: 'hardheads'

Subject: pre-5pm disturbance: new pim2pif installed

A bug (too many open files) in pim2pif was causing the critical top-level Euterpe pif generation to fail. If you haven't gotten "couldn't create/write/read file ..." messages from pim2pif you probably haven't tickled this bug. A patched version has just been released.

As usual, please let me know if something else has broken.

-thanks. hopper

From: hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent: Friday, March 31, 1995 10:35 AM

To: 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Cc: 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'

Subject: long running job on aphrodite?

hi tim,

I see:

Seq# Target Directory	Machine(pid)	Who	Stat
1.4220	-114-(3131)		
1 4220 euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc	aphrodite(2131)	tbr	17:32

And aphrodite shows:

```
aphrodite/hopper45psx | g chip
```

chip 3363 0.0 0.0 840 0 ? IWN 23:11 0:03 (gmake)

chip 4070 0.0 0.0144884 0 ? D N 23:21 4:10 /n/auspex/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/gards/dir/gplace hc0-pass2

chip 3362 0.0 0.0 80 0? IWN 23;11 0:00 /bin/sh -c

chip 2131 0.0 0.0 548 0 ? IW 21:57 0:46 Processing euterpe/verilog/bsrc/hc (4220)

chip 4067 0.0 0.0 104 0 ? IWN 23:21 0:00 /bin/csh /n/auspex/s10/chip/euterpe/tools/s1/bin/invoke gplace hc0-pass2

-listing hc0-pass2.gplace.lis -cmdin hc0-pass2.gplace.nic -colorin hc0-pass2.gplace.mobi234 -inbat 1

chip 2134 0.0 0.0 540 0 ? IW 21:58 0:00 Process parent of /u/chip/tools/lib/bomutils/process-chip (2134)

chip 2237 0.0 0.0 24 0? IWN 21:58 0:00/bin/sh./.checkoutrc

chip 2302 0.0 0.0 536 0 ? IWN 21:59 0:02 gmake GARDS_DISPLAY=clio:0.0 gards/hc0-iter

chip 2301 0.0 0.0 80 0? IWN 21:59 0:00 (sh)

chip 4066 0.0 0.0 80 0 ? IWN 23:21 0:00 /bin/sh -c

chip 2259 0.0 0.0 348 0 ? IWN 21:58 0:00 gmake GARDS_DISPLAY=clio:0.0 hc0gards

hopper 5866 0.0 0.2 104 224 p5 S 15:32 0:00 egrep -i chip

chip 2148 0.0 0.0 36 0? IW 21;58 0:00 /bin/sh /u/chip/tools/lib/bomutils/process-

chip /u/chip/tools/lib/bomutils/chipQ/4220

chip 2135 0.0 0.0 36 0? IW 21:58 0:00 /bin/sh /u/chip/tools/lib/bomutils/process-

chip /u/chip/tools/lib/bomutils/chipQ/4220

Did you intend to do this build on aphrodite?

just wondering...

-hopper

From: lisar (Lisa Robinson)

Sent: Friday, March 31, 1995 12:19 PM

To: 'gmo'; 'doi'; 'guarino'; 'jeffm'

Subject: Plea for some kind of listing

Is there any way that I can get a listing for nullTest - can I run it on terp and dump out the equivalent?

Lisa R.

vo (Tom Vo) From:

Friday, March 31, 1995 1:04 PM Sent:

'John Campbell' To:

'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'mudge (john mudge)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'Dave Van't Hof'; 'Geert Cc:

Rosseel'

Subject: Re: corner test devicesh

John Campbell wrote

>we are about to introduce a change to the pad corner test devices >which will reflect a change at the toplevel. padtr will essentially >go away as a schematic instantiation and padbr will lose one pin >(bjt1e_v) which will now be tied to vsse (ie remove from the verilog >etc.)

>how do we handle this change.

>it is now ready to checkin the schematics but it will break the >toplevel if we do.

>.... >regards, >solo a.k.a. John Campbell x516

I deleted padtr from the toplevel lvs netlist make and checked in a new euterpe/verilog/bsrc/Makefile.

tvo

From: solo (John Campbell)

Sent: Friday, March 31, 1995 1:23 PM

To: 'Tom Vo'

Cc:

..>

'solo@microunity.com'; 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'; 'mudge (john mudge)'; 'Lisa Robinson'; 'Dave Van't

Hof; 'Geert Rosseel'

Subject: Re: corner test devicesh

```
as Tom Vo was saying .....
```

..John Campbell wrote

..>we are about to introduce a change to the pad corner test devices

.. > which will reflect a change at the toplevel. padtr will essentially

..>go away as a schematic instantiation and padbr will lose one pin ..>(bjt1e_v) which will now be tied to vsse (ie remove from the verilog

..>(bjtle_v) which will now be tied to vsse (ie remove from the verilog ..>etc.)

..>
..>how do we handle this change.

..>it is now ready to checkin the schematics but it will break the

..>toplevel if we do.

..>.... ..>regards,

..>solo a.k.a. John Campbell x516

... I deleted padtr from the toplevel lvs netlist make and checked in

...a new euterpe/verilog/bsrc/Makefile .

..tvo

... padbr was checked in and released. new padbr has its emitter tied to vsse and the body pin removed.

regards, EMail solo@microunity.com solo a.k.a. John Campbell phone 408 734-8100 fax 408 734-8136

vo (Tom Vo)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 1:42 PM

To:

'Tim B. Robinson'

Cc:

'solo (John Campbell)'; 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'john mudge'; 'Dave Van't

Subject: Re: corner test devices

Tim B. Robinson wrote

>

>Are we talking about mnemo or euterpe?

Both. We're using the same corner for both chips.

>We are planning another snapshot update this weekend to pick up some

>routing rule changes. We should co-ordinate with that. I assume >these changes will require baseplate regeneration.

>Tim

We should not have to regenerate the baseplate as long as the cell origin remains the same. The baseplate lower layers will be different though once that cell got updated in \$(CHIPROOT)/proteus/compass/layouts .

tvo

From: Sent:

solo (John Campbell)

Friday, March 31, 1995 2:02 PM

To:

Cc:

'tbr@microunity.com': 'lisar (Lisa Robinson)'; 'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'mudge (john mudge)';

'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'

Subject:

Re: corner test devices

as Tom Vo was saying

. . >

... Tim B. Robinson wrote

... Are we talking about mnemo or euterpe?

.. Both . We're using the same corner for both chips .

. . . . >

... We are planning another snapshot update this weekend to pick up some ... routing rule changes. We should co-ordinate with that. I assume .. > these changes will require baseplate regeneration.

..> ..>Tim

..We should not have to regenerate the baseplate as long as the cell origin ..remains the same . The baseplate lower layers will be different though once ..that cell got updated in \$(CHIPROOT)/proteus/compass/layouts

..tvo

i agree with tom. just update the spice on and .ly files and everything else should be automatic. tom has already removed the schematic instantiation from the makefile.

regards, EMail solo@microunity.com solo a.k.a. John Campbell phone 408 734-8100 fax 408 734-8136 From: wampler (Kurt Wampler)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 2:40 PM

To:

Cc: 'geert'; 'hopper'

Subject: Update snapshot proteus/misc?

Hi, Tim -

I would really like to have the pin permutation on XBOR & XCNAND gates available for this weekend's top-level route. It looks like the only missing piece that remains is to update proteus/misc/emerge.tab. In the event that we're unable to get a top-level getbom & build done in the proteus snapshot before the top-level route, would it be permissible to update that one file in the proteus snapshot?

I checked with Dave Van't Hof; he has confirmed that his topt fix related to the pin properties is reliable, and the relevant changes to the GPLACE incantation are in place in the euterpe snapshot, so I think the stage is set if we can get that one file brought up to date. Is this acceptable?

- Kurt

From: pmayer (Patricia Mayer)

Sent: Friday, March 31, 1995 5:45 PM

To: 'tbe'; 'dbulfer'; 'woody'; 'howard'; 'philip'; 'tbr'

Cc: 'albers'; 'pmayer'

Subject: Plots for Euterpe PCB Review

Copies of the current layout state are being distribued for your review. The meeting is still scheduled for Monday 10:00 in the Engineering conference Room. There are still many edits required to complete the board. Here's the list so far:

Netlist edits:

New circuit for PLL pins.

Add 5v to the Power Connector.

Add ground net to connector tabs (flange).

Verification:

The vias for diferential pairs have been moved. (possible .5 max length difference)
Do we need/want test points?
Has logo been approved?

Mechanical:

- >From tbe@microunity.com Thu Mar 30 16:08:52 1995
- > Just to clarify, I have only supplied outline criteria and that having to
- > do with the Euterpe and SDRAM areas. There are still features such as
- > slots and hole to be placed outside the trace and component areas, and I am
- > working on completing that design for early next week, but the layout we
- > review Monday won't yet have those features in it. Does anyone have a
- > problem with reviewing what we will have done by Monday (traces and
- > components and pcb outline)?

Layout issues:

Add ground plane around corner of tab.
Clear tab of solder mask.
Rename components - Back annotate.
Drawing dimensions, detail for cutout
Round up special notes for drawings, Fab and Assy
Create Gerbers, drill, ncrouter

^{**}Depending on the edits and changes listed above, Tuesday evening would be the earliest this board can be archived for manufacturing.

hopper (Mark Hofmann)

Sent:

Friday, March 31, 1995 6:06 PM

To:

Cc:

'geert (Geert Rosseel)'; 'wampler (Kurt Wampler)'; 'vanthof (Dave Van't Hof)'; 'lisar (Lisa

Robinson)': 'vo (Tom Vo)': 'tbr (Tim B. Robinson)'

Subject:

Re: euterpe lvs still failed

vant writes:

The euterpe lvs came back and there is still a cross in phi_a and phi_b in the gtlb. The cell crclkint11.ly was last updated on the 27th in the snapshot and the lvs was started on the 28th and also referenced that layout so I'm confident that those edits were picked up. If anyone would like to look at the error file it's in:

/u/vanthof/compass/mobi/euterpe/tapeout/euterpe.compare/euterpe.lvs

I'll try to take a look at it in the morning.

Well I'm confused. The edits look good. I don't understand how this layout can give the same result as the last run. Even if we did not identify the error, we surely changed something. Aaargh....

-hopper